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Preface

Acknowledgements

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DICTIONARY

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- I. Countries of t
- II. Major Division
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cervelat /'sɜ:və,lɑ:, -,læt/ n. a kind of smoked pork sausage. [obs. F f. It. cervellata] cervical /sɜ:'vaɪk(ə)l, 'sɜ:vɪk(ə)l/ adj. Anat. 1 of or

relating to the neck (cervical vertebrae). 2 of or relating to the cervix. cervical screening examination of a large number of apparently healthy women for cervical cancer. cervical smear a specimen of cellular material from the neck of the womb for detection of cancer. [F cervical or mod.L cervicalis f. L cervix -icis neck]

cervine /'ss:vain/ adj. of or like a deer. [L cervinus f. cervus deerl

cervix /ss:viks/ n. (pl. cervices /-,si:z/) Anat. 1 the neck. 2 any necklike structure, esp. the neck of the womb. [L]

Cesarean (also Cesarian) US var. of CAESAREAN. cesarevitch /si'zærivitʃ/ n. (also cesarewitch /-wits/) 1 hist. the eldest son of the emperor of Russia (cf. TSAREVICH). 2 (Cesarewitch) a horse-race run annually at Newmarket. [Russ. tsesarevich]

cesium US var. of CAESIUM.

cess1 /ses/ n. (also sess) Sc., Ir., & Ind. etc. a tax, a levy. [properly sess for obs. assess n.: see ASSESS]

cess2 /ses/ n. Ir. abad cess to may evil befall (bad cess to their clan). [perh. f. cess1]

cessation /se'sei $\int (\Theta)n/n$. 1 a ceasing (cessation of the truce). 2 a pause (resumed fighting after the cessation). [ME f. L cessatio f. cessare cease]

cesser /'sesə(r)/ n. Law a coming to an end; a cessation (of a term, a liability, etc.). [AF & OF, =

cession /'se $f(\partial)n/n$. **1** (often foll. by of) the ceding or giving up (of rights, property, and esp. of territory by a State). 2 the territory etc. so ceded. [ME f. OF cession or L cessio f. cedere cess- go away]

cessionary /'sefənəri/ n. (pl. -ies) Law = Assign <math>n. cesspit /'sespit/ n. 1 a pit for the disposal of refuse. 2 = CESSPOOL. [cess in CESSPOOL + PIT¹]

cesspool /sespuil n. 1 an underground container for the temporary storage of liquid waste or sewage.

2 a centre of corruption, depravity, etc. [perh. alt., after POOL¹, f. earlier cesperalle, f. suspiral vent, water-pipe, f. OF souspirail air-hole f. L suspirare breathe up, sigh (as sub-, spirare breathe)]

cestode /'sestəud/ n. (also cestoid /'sestəid/) any flatworm of the class Cestoda, including tapeworms. L cestus f. Gk kestos girdlel

CET abbr. Central European Time.

cetacean /srte $\mathfrak{s}(\mathfrak{s})\mathfrak{n}/n$. & adj. -n. any marine mammal of the order Cetacea with streamlined hairless body and dorsal blowhole for breathing, including whales, dolphins, and porpoises. -adj. of cetaceans. Docetaceous adj. [mod.L Cetacea f. L cetus f. Gk kētos whale]

cetane /'si:teɪn/ n. Chem. a colourless liquid hydrocarbon of the alkane series used in standardizing ratings of diesel fuel. ocetane number a measure of the ignition properties of diesel fuel. [f. spermaceti after methane etc.]

ceteris paribus / seteris 'pæri,bus/ adv. other things being equal, [L]

Ceylon moss /sr'lon/ n. a red seaweed, Gracilaria lichenoides, from E. India. [Ceylon, now Sri Lanka] CF abbr. Brit. Chaplain to the Forces.

Cf symb. Chem. the element californium.

cf. abbr. compare. [L confer imper. of conferre comparel

c.f. abbr. carried forward.

CFC abbr. Chem. chloro-fluorocarbon, any of various usu. gaseous compounds of carbon, hydrogen, chlorine, and fluorine, used in refrigerants, aerosol propellants, etc., and thought to be harmful to the ozone layer in the earth's atmosphere.

CFE abbr. College of Further Education.

cg abbr. centigram(s).

CGS abbr. Chief of General Staff.

cgs abbr. centimetre-gram-second. CH abbr. (in the UK) Companion of Honour.

ch. abbr. 1 church. 2 chapter. 3 chestnut.

cha var. of CHAR3.

Chablis /'sæbli/ n. (pl. same /-liz/) a dry who burgundy wine. [Chablis in E. France]

cha-cha /ˈtʃɑːtʃɑː/ (also cha-cha-cha /ˌtʃɑːtʃɑːˈtʃɑː/) & v. -n. 1 a ballroom dance with a Latin-Americ rhythm. 2 music for or in the rhythm of a cha-ch v.intr. (cha-chas, cha-chaed /-tsa:d/ or cha-chae

cha-chaing /-tʃɑːɪn/) dance the cha-cha. [Amer. Sp] chaconne /ʃəˈkɒn/ n. Mus. 1 a a musical for consisting of variations on a ground bass. **b** a music composition in this style. 2 hist. a dance perform to this music. [F f. Sp. chacona]

chador /'tʃʌdə(r)/ n. (also chadar, chuddar) a lar piece of cloth worn in some countries by Musik women, wrapped around the body to leave only that face exposed. [Pers. chador, Hindi chador]

chaetognath /'ki:təg,næθ/ n. any dart-shaped work of the phylum Chaetognatha, usu. living amon marine plankton, and having a head with extern thorny teeth. [mod.L Chaetognatha f. Gk khaitē log hair + gnathos jaw]

chafe /tf-erf/ v. k n. — v. 1 tr. & intr. make or becomes ore damaged by rubbing. 2 tr. rub (esp. the ski to restore warmth or sensation). 3 tr. & intr. make or become annoyed; fret (was chafed by the delay -n. **1 a** an act of chaffing. **b** a sore resulting from this. 2 a state of annoyance. [ME f. OF chaufer ult.] L calefacere f. calere be hot + facere make]

chafer /'tʃeɪfə(r)/ n. any of various large slow-moving beetles of the family Scarabeidae, esp. the cock

chafer. [OE ceafor, cefer f. Gmc]

chaff $/t \int a \cdot f / n$. & v. -n. 1 the husks of corn or other seed separated by winnowing or threshing. 2 chopped hay and straw used as fodder. 3 light-hearted joking banter. 4 worthless things; rubbish. 5 strips of metal foil released in the atmosphere to obstruct radar detection. -v. 1 tr. & intr. tease; banter. 2 tr. Chop (straw etc.). chaff-cutter a machine for chopping fodder. separate the wheat from the chaff dis tinguish good from bad. Du chaffy adj. [OE ceaf, cz prob. f. Gmc: sense 3 of n. & 1 of v. perh. f. chare chafter /'tʃæfə(r)/ v. & n. —v.intr. haggle; bargain

-n. bargaining; haggling. a chafferer n. [ME f. 0)

ceapfaru f. ceap bargain + faru journey]
chaffinch /'tʃæfɪntʃ/ n. Brit. a common European finch, Fringilla coelebs, the male of which has a blue-grey head with pinkish cheeks. [OE ceaffinc: see CHAFF, FINCH]

chaing-dish /tfeifin/ n. 1 a cooking pot with an outer pan of hot water, used for keeping food warm 2 a dish with a spirit-lamp etc. for cooking at table [obs. sense of chafe = warm]

Chagas' disease /'tfq:ges/ (also Chagas's disease) n. a kind of sleeping sickness caused by a protozoan transmitted by blood-sucking bugs. [C. Chagas, Braz physician d. 19341

chagrin /'ʃægrɪn, ʃə'gri:n/ n. & v. —n. acute vexatlor or mortification. —v.tr. affect with chagrin. [F

chagrin(er), of uncert. orig.]

chain $/t \int e^{-n} n \cdot dt = n$. 1 a a connected flexible series of esp. metal links as decoration or for a practical purpose. **b** something resembling this (formed a human chain). **2** (in pl.) **a** fetters used to confine prisoners. **b** any restraining force. 3 a sequence, series, or set (chain of events; mountain chain). 4 a group of associated hotels, shops, newspapers, etc. 5 a badge of office in the form of a chain worn round the neck (mayoral chain). 6 a a jointed measuring-line consisting of linked metal rods, bits length (66 ft.). **7** Chem. a group of (esp. carbon) atoms bonded in sequence in a molecule. 8 a figure in a quadrille or similar dance. 9 (in pl.) Naut. channels (see CHANNEL2). 10 (also chain-shot) hist. two cannon-balls or half balls joined by a chain and used in sea battles for bringing down a mast etc. -v.tr.(often foll. by up) secure or confine with a chain 2 confine or restrict (a person) (is chained to the office)

chair

uchain-armour armour made of interlace chain bridge a suspension bridge on chair drive a system of transmission by endless drive a system of convicts chained togethain-gang a team of convicts chained togethain the convicts chained togethain the convicts that the convicts the convicts that the convicts the convicts that the convicts chain-gang a total of convicts chained togo forced to work and the open all. Chain-gea chain-letter one of a sequence of letters the of which is requested to send copies to a of which is requested to send copies to a number of other people, chain-link made of a diamond-shaped mesh (chain-link chain-mail = chain-armour, chain reaching a self-custaining purpless. chain-mail chair chain rea physics a self-sustaining nuclear reaction, in which a neutron from a fission reaction a series of these reactions. 2 Chem. a self-s a series of these reactions. 2 Chem. a self-simplecular reaction in which intermediate initiate further reactions. 3 a series of each caused by the previous one. chains and whiten saw with tooks. motor-driven saw with teeth on an endle chain-smoker a person who smokes con esp. one who lights a cigarette etc. from the the last one smoked. chain-stitch an or embroidery or crochet stitch resembling chain store one of a series of shops owne firm and selling the same sort of goods. ch power by a chain fitted to its edges. [N cha(e)ine f. L catena] chair /tfeə(r)/ n. & v. -n. 1 a separate sea

person, of various forms, usu. having a four legs. 2 a a professorship (offered the physics). b a seat of authority, esp. on a directors. c a mayoralty. 3 a a chairperso seat or office of a chairperson (will you chair?; I'm in the chair). 4 US = electric ch iron or steel socket holding a railway rail in hist. = sedan chair. —v.tr. 1 act as chairper preside over (a meeting). 2 Brit. carry (a aloft in a chair or in a sitting position, in tr install in a chair, esp. as a position of a ochair-bed a chair that unfolds into chair-borne colloq. (of an administrator) in chair-car a railway carriage with chairs i long seats; a parlour car. chair-lift a series on an endless cable for carrying passenger down a mountain etc. take a chair sit dow AF chaere, OF chaiere f. L cathedra f. Gk see CATHEDRAL

chairlady 'the leidi' n. (pl. -ies) = CHAIRV chairman 'themson' n. (pl. -me chairwoman, pl. -women) 1 a person of preside over a meeting. 2 the permanent of a committee, a board of directors, a fir the master of ceremonies at an entertainm hist, either of two sedan-bearers, no chair

chairperson /'tseə.ps:s(ə)n/ n. a chairman woman (used as a neutral alternative).

chaise /feɪz/ n. 1 esp. hist. a horse-drawn for one or two persons, esp. one with an and two wheels. **2** = post-chaise (see Post of chaire, formed as CHAIR]

chaise longue /feɪz 'lɒŋg/ n. a sofa with only test. [F, lit. long chair]

chalaza /kəˈleɪzə/ n. (pl. chalazae /-zi:/) ea twisted membranous strips joining the yo ends of an egg. [mod.L f. Gk, = hailstone] chalcedony /kæl'sedənı/ n. a type of q curring in several different forms, e.g. on tiger's eye, etc. ochalcedonic /,kælsı'dı [ME f. L c(h)alcedonius f. Gk khalkēdōn]

chalcolithic /kælke'lıθık/ adj. Archaeol. historic period in which both stone an implements were used. [Gk khalkos coppe

chalcopyrite /ˌkælkəˈpaɪraɪt/ *n*. a yellow ı copper-iron sulphide, which is the princip copper. [Gk khalkos copper + PYRITE] Chaldean /kæl'di:ən/ n. & adj. -n. 1 a a

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b but d dog f few g get h he j yes k cat l leg m man n no p pen r red s sit t top v voice