Medsters NewYorld Dictionary

Third College Edition



THIRD COLLEGE EDITION

Websters New World Dictionary

OF AMERICAN ENGLISH

VICTORIA NEUFELDT

Editor in Chief

DAVID B. GURALNIK

Mark Barrell of the market of the server

Editor in Chief Emeritus



Prentice Halles To New York • London • Toronto • Sydney • Tokyo • Singapore



Dedicated to David B. Guralnik lexicographical mentor and friend

This edition is a major revision of Webster's New World Dictionary®, Second College Edition, copyright @ 1986, 1984, 1982, 1980, 1979, 1978, 1976, 1974, 1972, 1970 by Simon & Schuster, Inc., a Paramount Communications Company.



Prentice Hall General Reference 15 Columbus Circle New York, NY 10023

Copyright © 1994, 1991, 1988 by Simon & Schuster, Inc. All rights reserved including the right of reproduction in whole or in part in any form

A Webster's New WorldTM Book

PRENTICE HALL is a registered trademark of Prentice-Hall, Inc. WEBSTER'S NEW WORLD DICTIONARY is a registered trademark of Simon & Schuster, Inc. Colophon is a trademark of Prentice-Hall, Inc.

Dictionary Editorial Offices: New World Dictionaries, 850 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44114

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Webster's New World dictionary of American English / Victoria Neufeldt, editor in chief; David B. Guralnik, editor in chief emeritus. -3rd college ed.

p. cm.

ISBN 0-671-88243-0 (thumb-indexed).—ISBN 0-671-88289-9 (plainedged).—ISBN 0-671-88572-3 (leatherkraft).

1. English language—Dictionaries. 2. Americanisms—Dictionaries. I. Neufeldt, Victoria. II. Guralnik, David Bernard, 1920-

93-2961 PE1628.W5633 1993

423---dc20

CIP

Database service and principal typesetting by Lexi-Comp, Inc., Hudson, Ohio. The typefaces used are Century Schoolbook and Helvetica. Manufactured in the United States of America



approbatus, pp. of approbare, APPROVE] [Now Rare] to approve or

approbation, pp. of approbare, APPROVE Now Rare to approve or sanction:

ap-pro-ba-tion (apre ba-shan) n. 1 official approval, sanction, or commendation 2 (Obs.) proof ap-pro-ba-tive. (apre ba-tiv) adj. Fr approbatif < LL approbativus showing approbation or approval Also ap-pro-ba-to-ry (appropriate) (ap-pro-pri-aible (ap-pro-pri-aible)) adj. — ap-pro-pri-aible (ap-pro-pri-aible) (ap-pro-pri-aib

approprijation (aproprijation approprijation approprijation approprijation (approprijation) ap

nappurtenance

ap-purtenance
Apr'April
an appurtenance
Apr'April
an appurtenance
Apr'April
apr'axila (a prak'sē ə, ə-) m: [ModL < Gr, inaction: see A-2 & PRAXIS]
complete or partial loss of the ability to perform complex muscular
movements, resulting from damage to certain areas of the brain
without any paralysis or damage to normal motor functions—
aprax'ic (-prak'sik) or alprac'tic (-prak'tik) adj.
apr'es (apriz', Fr a pre') prep. [Fr] after: often used in hyphenated
compounds (an apr'es-ski party)
a|pr'es mol le dé-luge (à pro mwà le dà litzh') [Fr] after: me the
deluge: a saying attributed to Louis XV of France
ap-n-cot (apr'it kat', a'pri-) n. [Fr, abricot < Port albricoque < Aralbirqua < LGr prathochion < L praecoquum, early matured (fruit) \
prae-, beforehand + 'coquere, ripen, 'Cook]. 1 a 'small, yellowishorange fruit that is closely related to the peach and plum '2 any one
of certain trees (genus Prunus) of the rose family bearing this fruit
3 a yellowish-orange color
A|pril' (a'prai) n. [altered, infl. by the L, from ME Avril < O'Fr avrill
< L aprills < *apero-, latter, second (in the ancient Rom, calendar,
the year began with March); akin to Sans aparah, latter, Goth a'ar,
after || the fourth month of the year, having 30 days; abbrev. Apr or
A|pril' a feminine name: equiv. Fr. Avril

April a feminine name: equiv. Fr. April .

April fool victim of jokes played on April Fools' Day
April fools 'Day April 1; All Fools' Day, when practical jokes are
played on the unsuspecting:
a prilori (a' pri o'r'i; -o'r's; a') [L, lit., from what precedes < a, ab,
from + priori, abl. of prior; see PRIOR] I from cause to effect or
from a generalization to particular instances; deductive or deductively 2 based on theory, logic, fixed rules or forms, etc. instead of
on experience or experiment 3 before examination or analysis. Opposed to A PESTERIORI

posed to a posterior apriorilty (a priori easoning the use of a priori reasoning a|pron.(a'pren) n. [by faulty separation of a napron < ME napron < OFr napron < nape, a cloth < L mappa, napkin]. 1 a garment of cloth, leather, etc. worn over the front part of the body, usually to protect one's clothes 2 anything like an apron in appearance or use; specif., a) a covering or extending part for protecting or shielding a structure, machine, etc. b) a waterproof protecting shield in an open vehicle c) the hard-surfaced area, often paved, in front of or next to the terminal or hangars of an airport d) a broadened part of an automobile driveway, as where it joins the roadway e) the part of a proscenium stage in front of the arch f) an endless belt for carrying things g) a protective work of planking or other material along a river bank, below a dam, etc.—vt. to put an apron on provide an apron for —a'pron-like' adj.

apron string a string for tying an apron on —tied to one's mother's (or wife's, etc.) apron strings dominated by one's mother (or wife, etc.)

(or wife, etc.)

apiropos (aprə pō') adv. [Fr à propos, to the purpose < L ad, to + proposities, pp. of proponere, propose | 1 at the right time; opportunely: 2 by the way: used to introduce a remark —adj. fitting the occasion, relevant; api —SVM. RelEVANT —apropos of in connection with; with regard to A-proplo-si-tion (a'prap's zish'on)—n. Logic a universal affirmative proposition

A-proplo-sition (a prarje zish'en). n. Logic a universal affirmative proposition:

apse (aps) n. [L apsis, Apsis] 1 a semicircular or polygonal projection of a building, esp. one at the east end of a church, with a domed or vaulted roof 2 Apsis (sense 1)

apsi-dal (ap'si dol) ad/. of an apse or apsis

ap-sis (ap'sis) n. pl. -si-des' (-so-dev') [L, an arch < Gr hapsis, a fastening < haptein: see Arr [] 1 that point in the elliptical orbit of the moon, a planet, etc. nearest to (lower apsis), or that farthest from (higher apsis), the gravitational focus point 2 Apse (sense 1)—line of apsides a line joining the lower and higher apsides, forming the major axis of the orbit apt pl. apts abb': apartment apt (apt) adj. [ME & OFr apte < L aptis, pp. of apere < E base *ap-, to grasp, reach > Gr haptein, to fasten [] 1 suited to its purpose; appropriate; fitting [an apt remark] 2 tending or inclined, likely [apt to rain] 3 quick to learn or understand [an apt student], 4 [Archaic] ready; prepared —SYN. Frq., LIKELY, quick—apt["y adv.—apt'ness n. apterial (ap'far a)) adj. [Gr. apteros (see Apterous) + Al. 4 Archit, having columns at one or both ends, but not along the sides 2 Zool. Apterous

apterial (apt'sr a) n. p., pl. -te'ria (-a a) a bare area of skin

2 Zool. APTEROUS

ap-ter-film (ap tir's am) n., pl. -te'rija (-e a) a bare area of skin between feather tracts on the body of a bird

ap-ter-ous (ap'ter as) adj. [Gr apteros < a-, without + pteron, a wing, feathers [Biol. having no wings or winglike parts ap-terlygijal (ap'ter if's al) adj. [S Gr apterygos < a-, without + pteryx, wing + Al.] Zool. lacking fins, limbs, or wings.

ap-terlyx (ap'ter iks') n. [Modl. < Gr a-, without + pteryx, wing] [MW]

ap-terlyx (ap'ter iks') n. [ModL, Gr a-, without + pteryx, wing KIWI.

ap-ti-tude (ap'te tod, tyood') n. [ME < LL aptitudo < L aptus: see April 1 the quality of being apt or appropriate; fitness 2 a, natural tendency or inclination 3 a natural ability or telent 4 quickness to learn or understand.—\$FW. TALENT:

***raptitude test a, test for determining the probability of a person's success in some activity in which he is not yet trained Apu-lelius (ap'yoō le'as), Luclius fl. 2d, cent. Ap.: Rom. satirist: author of The Golden Ass

Apu-lila (a pyōo'ly') - eð) region on the SE coast of Italy, on the Adriatic Sea & the Gulf of Taranto: 7,469 sq. mi. (19,345 sq. km); pop. 3,978,001; cap. Bari: It. name Pugilia

Apu-lila (ap'or')e) river in WC Venezuela; flowing from the Andes into the Orinoco: c. 500 mi. (800 km)

Apus (a'pos): [ModL, the Old World swift (genus name) < Gr apous, lit., footless: see APODAL] a S constellation near the celestial pole alpy-retic (a'pt. ret'ik) adj. [Gr apyretos: see A-2 & PYRETIC] Med. Without fever

without fever aqua Alquae (a'ke ba'); Gulf of arm of the Red Sea between the Sinai Peninsula and Niw Saudi Arabia aqlua (ak'we, ak's, ak'-) n., pl. aq'quas or aq'quae' (-we') [L < IE *akwa: see ISLAND] water, esp., in pharmacy, a solution of a substance in water *=adj. [< AQUAMARINE] bluish-green aqua ammonia [Modl., lit., water of ammonia [a water solution of ammonia; ammonia water, ammonium.hydroxide **aqua-cade (ak'we kād', āk'-) n. [AQUA(TIC) + -CADE] an aquatic exhibition or entertainment consisting of swimming, diving, etcoften to music.

often to music

aqlua-cul-ture (-kul'chər) n. [aqua + cultrure] the regulation and cultivation of water plants and animals for human use or consumption —aq'ua-cul-turial adi, aqua for-tis (fôr'tis) [L, strong water] NITRIC ACID

Aqlua-lung (ak'wə lun', ak'-) [aqua + lung] [trademark for a type of scuba apparatus no longer much used —n. [usually a-] any type of scuba apparatus aqua-ma-rine (ak'wə mə rēn', ak'-) n. [L aqua marina, sea water] 1 a transparent, pale bluish-green variety of beryl, used in jewelly 2 its color —adj. bluish-green

*aqua-naut (ak'wə nöt', ak'-) n. [aqua + (ASTRO)NAUT] 1 a person trained to live and work in a watertight underwater chamber in and from which he can conduct oceanographic experiments 2 a skin diver; see SKIN DYING

*aqua-plane (ak'wə plān', ak'-) n. [aqua + Plane'] a board of small platform towed by a speedboat while a person stands on it

Aral Sea / arcanum

pylokairis tillikii

70

Armenia & Azerbaijan, into the Kura River and the Caspian Sea: c. 600 mi. (965 m)

Arjal Sea (ar'sl) inland body of salt water in SW Asia, east of the Caspian Sea: slowly decreasing in area, partly from overuse for irrigation: c. 15,500 sq. mi. (40,145 sq. km): formerly also called Lake Aral.

Lake Aral, Arjam (er.jam) [Heb] ancient country in SW Asia, generally identified as Syria Aram abbrev. Aramaic -ajramja (e ram'e, räm'e) combining form -ORAMA [snackarama] Also -a-ram'a

-airamia (a ram'a, räm'a) combining form -ORAMA (snackarama) Also -a-ram'ia
Aria-maelan or Aria-melan (ara me'an, er') n. 1 å member of å people that lived in ancient Syria (Aram) and Mesopotatinia 2 Ara-Maio:—adi, of the Aramaeans or their language
Aria-maio: (-ma'is) n. a Northwest Semitic language that was the lingua franca throughout the Near East from c. 300 Bc. to c. A.D. 650: it replaced Hebrew as the language of the Jews, and one of its dialects was spoken by Jesus and his disciples **aria-mid (ar'a mid') n. [aromatic) (polyamide)] any of a group of very strong, lightweight, synthetic fibers used in making radial tires, bulletproof vests, etc.

aira-nelid (a ra'm eid') n. [aromatic) (polyamide) [any of a group of very strong, bulletproof vests, etc.

aira-nelid (a ra'm eid') n. [aromatic) (polyamide) [and (ar'am'eid) and;

*Alrapia-ho (a rap's hō') n. [aromatic) (hardia (ara'm'eid) and (ara'm'eid) [aromatic) [aromatic) [aromatic) [aromatic) [aromatic) [aromatic) [aromatic) [aromatic] [aromatic) [aromatic] [arom

languages, including Arawak —adf. designating or of this family or languages Arex e8 (c rak/e8t) ancient name of Araks Arex e8 (c rak/e8t) ancient name of Araks Arex e8 (c rak/e8t) ancient name of Araks arb (sich) n. [Colloq.] short for Arbutragua arbalest (a be lest) [ME arbetaste < OFr arbaleste < LL arcuballista < L arcus, a bow (see Arc) + ballista, ballista | Larcuballista < L arcus, a bow (see Arc) + ballista, ballista | larcuballista < L arcus, a bow (see Arc) + ballista, ballista | larcuballista < larcuballista | Larcuballista |

arbitration arbitrage (arb trazh') n. LME < Fr < arbitrar; to judge < L arbitrar; see ARBITRATE; for 2, < Fr arbitrage [1 a simultaneous purchase and sale in two separate financial markets in order to profit from a price difference existing between them 2 a buying of a large number of shares in a corporation in anticipation of, and with the expectation of making a profit from, a merger or takeover: in full risk arbitrage — vi. -traged', -traging to engage in arbitrage arbitrage Also sp. arbitragier nrbitragier arbitral (âr'ba trai) adj. [Fr < L arbitralis: see ARBITER] of arbitrers or arbitration

ar-Ditral (ar be trai) aug. [FI = Union to the control of arbitrament (ar bitrament) arbitrament (arbitrament) ar

arbitrate (är'bs trät') vt. -tratied, -trating \(\bar{\cong} \le arbitratus, pp. of arbitrati, to give a decision < arbitratination to decide; settle by arbitration \(2 \) to decide (a dispute) as an arbitrator - vt. 1 to act as an arbitrator (in a dispute, between persons) \(2 \) to submit a dispute to arbitration —arbitrative adj. arbitration (arb tratian) in the act of arbitrating; specif. the settlement of a dispute by a person or persons chosen to hear both sides and come to a decision —arbitration adj. arbitrator (ar bs tratier) in 1 a person selected to judge a disputer arbitre, esp. one, as in collective bargaining negotiations, named with the consent of both sides \(2 \) a person authorized to judge or decide

а

а

-{

а

а

а

with the consent of both sides 2 a person authorized to judge or decide arbitress (ärbs tris) n. a woman arbiter: see .ESS arbor! (ärbsr) n. [ME erber < OFr erbier, herbier < LL herbarium, Herbarium [1] 1 a place shaded by trees or shrubs or, esp., by vines on a latticework; bower 2 [Obs.] a) a garden or lawn b) ah orchard arbor? (ärbər) n., pl. arbores: (bo rez') [L, a tree, beam: see Arbuous [Bot. a tree, in contrast to a shrub arbor? (ärbər) n. [Fr arbor, tree, axis < L arbor see prec.] Mech. 1 a shaft; beam 2 a spindle; axle 3 a round bar that holds a cutting tool or an article being turned on a lathe Arbor Day a tree-planting day observed individually by the States of the U.S., usually in spring arborelal (är bör'e əl) add. [L arboreus, of a tree < arbor, tree + .AL] 1 of or like a tree 2 living in trees or adapted for living in trees

trees arbored (är'bərd) adj. 1 having an arbor, or bower 2 having trees on both sides or all around arborejous (är bör'e ss) adj. 1 ARBOREAL 2 full of trees 3 ARBOREAL 3

RESCENT

arborescent (Birbs res'ent) adj. Laborescens, prp. of arborescere, to become a tree < arbor, tree: see ARBOR2 treelike in shape or growth, branching — arborescene n.

arborefum (-ret'em) n., pl. -ref'ums or ref'ta (-ret's) L < arbor, tree | a place where many kinds of trees and shrubs are grown for exhibition or study - arboricul-ture (Birbs re kul'char, Bir bôr') n. | < L arbor, tree + (AGR)(CULTURE) the scientific cultivation of trees and shrubs — arborist (Sirbar set) n. a specialist in the planting and maintenance

ar bor ist (är ber ist) n. a specialist in the planting and maintenance

of trees ar bori za'shan) n. [ARBOR2 + IZATION] 1 a tree-like formation or arrangement 2 the forming of such an arrangement

ment of matter than the property of the proper

and viral encephalitis, which are transmitted to people by certain blood-sucking arthropods, esp. mosquitoes and ticks

Ar buth not (ar buth not, ar both nat?), John 1667-1735; Scot. writer & physician ar but us (ar byoot so). It, wild strawberry tree \[\] 1 any of a genus (Arbutus) of trees or shrubs of the heath family, with dark-green leaves, clusters of white or pinkish flowers, and small strawberrylike fruit; esp., the madroño and the strawberry trees 2 a trailing plant (Epigaea repens) of the heath family, with clusters of white or pink flowers

arc (ark) n. | ME ark < OFr arc < L arcus, a bow, arch < IE bases ara (ark) n. | ME ark < OFr arc < L arcus, a bow, arch < IE bases ara (ark) n. | ME ark < OFr arc < L arcus, a bow, arch < IE bases ara (ark) n. | ME ark < OFr arc < L arcus, a bow arch < IE bath since the apparent path of a heavenly body above and below the horizon 2 a bowlike curved line or object 3 Elec. the band of sparks or incandescent light formed when an electric discharge is conducted from one electrode or conducting surface to another, characterized by relatively high current and low potential difference between electrodes: in full, electric arc 4 Geom, a) any part of a curve, esp. of a circle b) the angular measurement of this —adj. designating an inverse trigonometric function | arc sine x is an angle whose sine is x| -wi. arced or arcked, arc'ing or arck'ing 1 to move in a curved course 2 Elec. to form an arc

ARC (Birk) n. AIDS-RELATED COMPLEX
Arc, Jeanned's eep 'Aac, Jeanne

ARC abbrev. American Red Cross

arcade (Br kad') n. | Fr < Prov arcada < ML arcata < L arcus, arch, see Arc | 1 a passage having an arched roof 2 any covered passageway, esp. one with shops along the sides 3 a) penny ARCADE b) a place somewhat like a penny arcade, containing coin-operated video games 4 Archii. a) a line of arches and their supporting columns b) an arched building -Wt. -cad'feq. -cad'fing to make into or provide with an arcade

Arcad'ig Air kad' o) al 1 ancient, relatively isolated pastoral region

DOCKET

Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

