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Application Number: 12460139

Issue Date: 11/06/2012

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Form Revision Date: December 9, 2011

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



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| APPLICATION NO. | ISSUE DATE | PATENT NO. | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|----------------|------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 12/460,139 | 11/06/2012 | 8305840 | 038495/369324 | 9769 |
| 826 7 | 590 10/17/2012 | | | |

ALSTON & BIRD LLP BANK OF AMERICA PLAZA 101 SOUTH TRYON STREET, SUITE 4000 CHARLOTTE, NC 28280-4000

ISSUE NOTIFICATION

The projected patent number and issue date are specified above.

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment is 284 day(s). Any patent to issue from the above-identified application will include an indication of the adjustment on the front page.

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Application Assistance Unit (AAU) of the Office of Data Management (ODM) at (571)-272-4200.

APPLICANT(s) (Please see PAIR WEB site http://pair.uspto.gov for additional applicants):

Brian T. Maguire, Broken Arrow, OK;

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Appl. No.: 12/460,139

Amdt. dated: 11/30/2011

Reply to Office Action dated 09/22/2011

Change(s) applied

to document,

D.S./ <u>Amendments to the Specification</u>

5/16/2012

At page 11, please amend paragraph 0056 as follows:

[0055]

[0056] The sonar signal processor 32 may be any means such as a device or circuitry operating in accordance with software or otherwise embodied in hardware or a combination of hardware and software (e.g., a processor operating under software control or the processor embodied as an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC) or field programmable gate array (FPGA) specifically configured to perform the operations described herein, or a combination thereof) thereby configuring the device or circuitry to perform the corresponding functions of the sonar signal processor 32 as described herein. In this regard, the sonar signal processor 32 may be configured to analyze electrical signals communicated thereto by the transceiver 34 to provide sonar data indicative of the size, location, shape, etc. of objects detected by the sonar system 30. In some cases, the sonar signal processor 32 may include a processor, a processing element, a coprocessor, a controller or various other processing means or devices including integrated circuits such as, for example, an ASIC, FPGA or hardware accelerator, that is configured to execute various programmed operations or instructions stored in a memory device. The sonar signal processor may further or alternatively embody multiple compatible additional hardware or hardware and software items to implement signal processing or enhancement features to improve the display characteristics or data or images, collect or process additional data, such as time, temperature, GPS information, waypoint designations, or others, or may filter extraneous data to better analyze the collected data. It may further implement notices and alarms, such as those determined or adjusted by a user, to reflect depth, presence of fish, proximity of other watercraft, etc. Still further, the processor, in combination with suitable memory, may store incoming transducer data or screen images for future playback or transfer, or alter images with additional processing to implement zoom or lateral movement, or to correlate data, such as fish or bottom features to a GPS position or temperature. In an exemplary embodiment, the sonar signal processor 32 may execute commercially available software for controlling the transceiver 34 and/or transducer array 36 and for processing data received therefrom. Further capabilities of the sonar signal processor 32 and other aspects related to the sonar module are described in U.S.

Receipt date: 10/28/2010

12460139 - GAU: 3662

| | Substitute fo | or form 14 | 149/PTO | Complete if Known Application Number 12/460,139 | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|-------------|--|---|--|--|---------------------------------|---|---|--|
| | (Revised 07. | /2007) | | Filing Date July 14, 2009 | | | • | | | |
| | | | | First Named I | nuantan | Brian T. Maguire | | | | |
| | INFO | RMA' | ΓΙΟΝ DISCLOSURE | Art Unit | inventor | 3662 | l¢ | | | |
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| | Examiner Initials* | Cite No. | <u>Document Number</u> Number - Kind Code (if known) | Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY | | of Patentee or of Cited Document | | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages of Relevant Figur Appear | | |
| nge(s) a | liad | 1 | US-3,618,006 | 11-02-1971 | The Bo | cing Company | Wright | | | |
| ocumen | 1 · · | 2 | US-4,879,697 | 11-07-1989 | Low | rance, et al. | | | | |
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| - | Examiner Signature | | /James Hulka/ | | Date Consid | dered | 07/26/20 | 11 | | |

*Examiner: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

Submitted: October 28, 2010 RAY-1002

ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /J.H./

PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: <u>Mail</u> Mail Stop ISSUE FEE Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 (571)-273-2885

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| 12/460,139 | 07/14/2009 | | Brian T. Maguiro | е | | 0 | 38495/369324 | 9769 |
| TITLE OF INVENTION: | DOWNSCAN IMAGIN | IG SONAR | - | | | | | |
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| HULKA, J | AMES R | 3645 | 367-088000 | | | | | |
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| Please check the appropri- | ate assignee category or | categories (will not be pr | inted on the patent): | | Individual 🛛 Co | rporatio | on or other private gro | up entity Government |
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| Application Number: | 12460139 | | | | | | |
| Filing Date: | 14- | -Jul-2009 | | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR | | | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Bri | an T. Maguire | | | | | |
| Filer: | Patrick L. Kartes | | | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 038 | 8495/369324 | | | | | |
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| EFS ID: | 13847166 |
| Application Number: | 12460139 |
| International Application Number: | |
| Confirmation Number: | 9769 |
| Title of Invention: | DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Brian T. Maguire |
| Customer Number: | 826 |
| Filer: | Patrick L. Kartes |
| Filer Authorized By: | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 038495/369324 |
| Receipt Date: | 26-SEP-2012 |
| Filing Date: | 14-JUL-2009 |
| Time Stamp: | 18:14:00 |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) |

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| | Document Description Issue Fee Payment (PTO-85B) Fee Worksheet (SB06) Fee Worksheet (SB06) edgement Receipt evidences recei by the applicant, and including pa described in MPEP 503. ions Under 35 U.S.C. 111 cation is being filed and the applic d MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 C ment Receipt will establish the fili e of an International Application u mission to enter the national stag d other applicable requirements a e submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 w onal Application Filed with the US national application is being filed a al filing date (see PCT Article 11 a ernational Filing Date (Form PCT/F rity, and the date shown on this Ac | Document Description File Name Issue Fee Payment (PTO-85B) 369324_Issue_Fee_Transmittal. pdf Fee Worksheet (SB06) fee-info.pdf Fee Worksheet (SB06) fee-info.pdf Total Files Size (in bytes) edgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the US by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. described in MPEP 503. ions Under 35 U.S.C. 111 cation is being filed and the application includes the necessary of d MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due of ment Receipt will establish the filing date of the application. e of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371 mission to enter the national stage of an international application to the application is being filed and the international application to the international application to the international application to the international application is being filed and the international application to the international application is being filed and the international application to the international application is being filed and the international application is being filed and the international application to the international application is being filed and the international application to the international application is being filed and the inte | Document Description File Name File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest Issue Fee Payment (PTO-85B) 369324_Issue_Fee_Transmittal pdf 113870 Issue Fee Payment (PTO-85B) 369324_Issue_Fee_Transmittal pdf 113870 Fee Worksheet (SB06) fee-info.pdf 32172 Fee Worksheet (SB06) fee-info.pdf 32172 Fee Worksheet (SB06) fee-info.pdf 32172 For any field and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence- described in MPEP 503. 14 Insurance and the application includes the necessary components for a filin d MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date si ment Receipt will establish the filing date of the application. is compliant with file dother applicable requirements a Form PCT/D0/E0/903 indicating acceptance of the e submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due onal Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office national application is being filed and the international application includes the nece and filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International / filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International / filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International / filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International / filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International / filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International / filing date (s | Document Description File Name File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest Multi Part /.zip Issue Fee Payment (PTO-85B) 369324_Issue_Fee_Transmittal pdf 113870 no T2239011ca79dedteatransmittal pdf 113870 no Fee Worksheet (SB06) fee-info.pdf 32172 mediatransmittal no Fee Worksheet (SB06) fee-info.pdf 32172 mediatransmittal no Total Files Size (in bytes) 146042 146042 Edgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt si described in MPEP 503. 146042 Ions Under 35 U.S.C. 111 Cation is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see d MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on th ment Receipt will establish the filing date of the application is compliant with the condition o there applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application e submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course. onal Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office national application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary comp nal filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application criptions co ript, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing filed and the international app |

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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | | |
| 12/460,139 | 07/14/2009 | Brian T. Maguire | 038495/369324 | 9769 | | |
| 826 ALSTON & BI | 7590 08/14/2012 RDIIP | | EXAMINER | | | |
| BANK OF AM | ERICA PLAZA | 1000 | HULKA, | JAMES R | | |
| | RYON STREET, SUITE 4 NC 28280-4000 | ŧUUU | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | | |
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| | | | 08/14/2012 | ELECTRONIC | | |

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The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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usptomail@alston.com



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Address : COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

| APPLICATION NO./ CONTROL NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR / PATENT IN REEXAMINATION | | | |
|---|---------------|---|-------------------|----------|--|
| 12/460,139 | 14 July, 2009 | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. | ИТ. 038495/369324 | | |
| | | | E | EXAMINER | |
| ALSTON & BIRD LLP BANK OF AMERICA PI | | | JAMES HULKA | | |
| 101 SOUTH TRYON S CHARLOTTE, NC 282 | , | | ART UNIT | PAPER | |
| | | | 3645 | 20120803 | |

DATE MAILED:

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner for Patents

IDS dated 31 July 2012 has been considered, and is attached to this office action.

| /ISAM ALSOMIRI/ | /J. H./ |
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| Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3645 | Examiner, Art Unit 3645 |
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| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT | | | First Named I | nventor | Maguire | | | | |
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| | 1 | US- | 3,975,704 | | 08-17-1976 | KI | ein | | |
| | 2 | US- | 5,675,552 | | 10-07-1997 | Hicks | et al. | | |
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| Examiner Initials | Cite No. | Coun | Foreign Patent htry Code – Num (if known) | | Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY | 4-DD-YYYY Applicant of Cited Document Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Passages or Relevant 2-10-1992 Furuno Electric Co. | | Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures | English Language Translation Attache |
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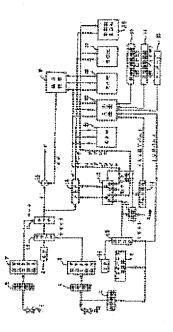
SIDE LOOKING SONAR

| Inventor(s): | MORIMATSU HIDEJI; SHIBUYA SHOZO <u>+</u> | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Applicant(s): | FURUNO ELECTRIC CO <u>+</u> | | | | | |
| Classification: | - international: G01S15/89; (IPC1-7): G01S15/89 - European: | | | | | |
| Application number: | JP19910172240 19910712 | | | | | |
| Priority number(s): | JP19910172240 19910712; JP19900212189 19900810 | | | | | |

Abstract of JP4357487 (A)

PURPOSE: To measure the position of an object under water accurately by a method wherein a phase difference is determined at input points of two receivers with respect to a measuring point by calculation and a phase difference is measured with two receivers for the same measuring point to obtain a deviation of phase so that the phase difference measured is corrected by the deviation of phase.

CONSTITUTION: When a trigger pulse from a trigger pulse generator 3 is inputted into a CPU21 through an input device 22, a measuring position of own ship and the bearing of navigation are read in form a highly accurate position measuring device 23 and a bearing measuring device 24 to determine an intersection with a contour line based on the value and a probing range inputted from a keyboard 25 beforehand. Distances are determined from the centers of receivers R1 and R2 to the sea surface below the intersection to obtain a phase difference phi^{III} corresponding thereto. A



phase difference phi' is measured between two receivers for the same measuring point to obtain phi'-phi''=dphi as deviation of phase between the two receivers. The phase difference measured actually thereafter is corrected by the deviation dphi of phase to remove the deviation of phase difference generated between two receiving systems thereby measuring the position of an object under water accurately.

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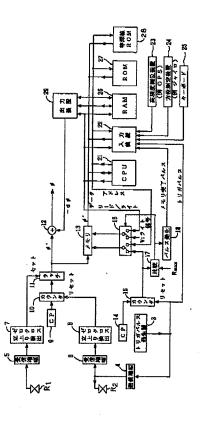
(54)【発明の名称】 サイドルツキングソナー

(57)【要約】

(19)日本国特許庁(JP)

【目的】 2つの受信系間で生じ位相のずれをなくして 正確な水中探知を可能にする。

【構成】 予め正確に測定されたある測定点に対し、計 算により、2つの受波器の入力点での位相差 ϕ "を求め ておき、そして同じ測定点に対して2つの受波器により 位相差 ϕ 'を測定し、 ϕ ' $-\phi$ " = d ϕ を2つの受信系間 での位相のずれとして、これ以降に実際に測定した位相 差をこの位相のずれd ϕ で補正することにより、2組の 受信系間で生じる位相差のずれを除去して水中物体の位 置を正確に測定する。



RAY-1002 22 of 737 【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 鉛直線に対し所定角を形成する直線上の 所定距離離れた位置に設けられた一対の第1および第2 の受波器を備え、いずれか一方の受波器より、垂直方向 に広くて水平方向に狭い送波ビームを形成し、前記ビー ムのエコーを第1及び第2の受波器で捕捉し、これら第 1および第2の受波器にそれぞれ接続される第1および 第2の受信回路より得られる両受信号間の位相差を位相 差検出手段で検出し、該位相差とエコーの帰来に要した 時間とに基づき被探知物体の深度および自船からの被探 10 知物体までの水平距離を算出表示するサイドルッキング ソナーにおいて、予め計測した海底の深度情報を記憶す る深度情報記憶手段と;海底のある測定点よりのエコー に対して上記位相差検出手段で検出された位相差φ' と、前記と同じ測定点に対して前記深度情報記憶手段よ り読み出した深度及び、測位装置で得られる前記測定点 に対する自船位置の水平距離により求められる、第1お よび第2の受波器の入力点での位相差 の"とから、第1 の受波器および受信回路と、第2の受波器および受信回 路との位相特性の差異により、両受信系を通過する信号 20 を図3を用いて説明する。 間に生じる位相のずれとしてφ'-φ"=dφを演算する 位相ずれ演算手段と:測定時に前記位相差検出手段で検 出される位相差を、前記位相ずれ演算手段で演算された 位相のずれd ゆで補正する補正手段と;を備えたことを 特徴とするサイドルッキングソナー。

【請求項2】 鉛直線に対し所定角を形成する直線上の 所定距離離れた位置に設けられた一対の第1および第2 の受波器を備え、いずれか一方の受波器より、垂直方向 に広くて水平方向に狭い送波ビームを形成し、前記ビー ムのエコーを第1及び第2の受波器で捕捉し、これら第 30 1および第2の受波器にそれぞれ接続される第1および 第2の受信回路より得られる両受信号間の位相差を位相 差検出手段で検出し、該位相差とエコーの帰来に要した 時間とに基づき被探知物体の深度および自船からの被探 知物体までの水平距離を算出表示するサイドルッキング ソナーにおいて、当該サイドルッキングソナーの送受波 ビームと一部重なる多数のペンシル形送受波ビームを自 船の下方および側方に形成し、エコーの帰来するまでに 要する時間と、各ペンシルビームの方向から被探知物体 の深度および自船からの被探知物体までの水平距離を算 40 出するスキャニングソナーで計測した前記深度および水 平距離を受ける深度情報入力部と:水中のある測定対象 よりのエコーに対して上記位相差検出手段で検出された 位相差φ'と、前記深度情報入力部に入力された、前記 同じ測定対象に対する深度および水平距離により求めら れる、第1および第2の受波器の入力点での位相差φ" とから、第1の受波器および受信回路と、第2の受波器 および受信回路との位相特性の差異により、両受信系を 通過する信号間に生じる位相のずれとしてφ'-φ"=d ●を演算する位相ずれ演算手段と;測定時に前記位相差 50 に伴う同一水中物体よりのエコーを二つの受波器R1, R

検出手段で検出される位相差を、前記位相ずれ演算手段 で演算された位相のずれ d ゆで補正する補正手段と;を 備えたことを特徴とするサイドルッキングソナー。 【発明の詳細な説明】

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[0001]

【産業上の利用分野】本発明は、自船の側方に対し広範 囲に水中を探知するサイドルッキングソナーに関する。 [0002]

【従来の技術】サイドルッキングソナーは、図1に示す ように、自船の両舷に装備した送受波器から左右に拡が る扇状の超音波ビーム(例えば扇形角60°、航行方向 の拡がり角1.6°)を送波し、そのエコーを同送受波器 にて検出することにより、海底の起伏、底質変化、魚群 等を検出レベルに応じて濃淡あるいは色別表示するもの である。

【0003】 図2は送受波器の取り付け例を示してお り、両舷にそれぞれ二つの受波器R1,R2を備え、一方の 受波器R₂は送波兼用としている。以下に、これらの送 受波器を用いた水中物体の深度および水平距離の測定法

【0004】R1およびR2は右舷側の受波器であり、S を水中物体とする。両受波器R1,R2間の距離をD、鉛 直方向に対して両受波器R1, R2を結ぶラインのなす角 度をα、両受波器R1,R2の中点Oと水中物体Sとを結 ぶ線分〇Sの長さをr、中点〇に対する水中物体Sの水 平および深度をh,d、両受波器R1,R2を結ぶラインに 垂直な方向と線分OSのなす角度をθとする。

【0005】線分R1-Sと線分R2-Sとの長さの差を ΔYとすると、

 $\Delta Y = 2 \cdot (D/2) \cdot \sin \theta$ (1)

とみなせ、用いた音波の波長をλとするとΔΥにおける 位相差のは、

 $\phi = 3 \ 6 \ 0^{\circ} \cdot \Delta Y \diagup \lambda$

 $= 360^{\circ} \cdot D \cdot \sin\theta / \lambda$ (2)

となる。(2)式より、

 $\theta = \sin^{-1} \{ \phi \cdot \lambda / (360^{\circ} \cdot D) \}$ (3)

中点Oからみた水中物体Sの方向をθhとすると、

 $\theta h = \alpha + \theta$ (4)

が得られる。

【0006】水中音速をc、線分OSを音波が往復する 時間をtとすると直線距離ェは、

 $r = t \cdot c / 2$ (5)

従って、

- $d = r \cdot \sin\theta h$ (6)
- $h = r \cdot \cos \theta h \quad (7)$
- が得られる。尚、 t は、〇-Sを往復する時間である が、R₂-S≒O-Sとみなせるので線分R₂-Sを往復 する時間とした。

【0007】このように、受波器R2で送波したビーム

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2にて受波し、このときの受波信号の位相差、つまり距離差を測定することにより、二つの受波器に対する水中物体の方向が求まる。一方、水中物体Sまでの直線距離rは、音波の要した往復時間より求まるので(6)および(7)式から水中物体の深度dおよび自船直下からの水平距離hが決定される。

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[0008]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】上記の従来の測定装置 では、各舷毎に受波器およびこれらに接続される受信回 路の2組の受信系が設けられているため、上記位相差を 10 正確に求めるためには、2組の受信系の間で位相特性が 同じになるように、つまり両受信系で生じる位相遅れが 等しくなるように調整する必要があるが、経年変化や温 度変化等により、受波器および受信回路で位相特性に差 が生じ、測定した前記位相差にこのような位相特性の差 異による位相のずれが含まれると、水中物体の正確な位 置を測定できなくなるといった課題があった。本発明 は、上述した課題を解決するためになされたものであ り、2組の受信系間で生じる位相のずれを補正すること により、水中物体の位置を正確に測定できるサイドルッ 20 キングソナーを提供することを目的とする。

[0009]

【課題を解決するための手段】 第1発明のサイドルッキ ングソナーは、鉛直線に対し所定角を形成する直線上の 所定距離離れた位置に設けられた一対の第1および第2 の受波器を備え、いずれか一方の受波器より、垂直方向 に広くて水平方向に狭い送波ビームを形成し、前記ビー ムのエコーを第1及び第2の受波器で捕捉し、これら第 1および第2の受波器にそれぞれ接続される第1および 第2の受信回路より得られる両受信号間の位相差を位相 30 差検出手段で検出し、該位相差とエコーの帰来に要した 時間とに基づき被探知物体の深度および自船からの被探 知物体までの水平距離を算出表示するサイドルッキング ソナーにおいて、予め計測した海底の深度情報を記憶す る深度情報記憶手段と;海底のある測定点よりのエコー に対して上記位相差検出手段で検出された位相差φ' と、前記と同じ測定点に対して前記深度情報記憶手段よ り読み出した深度及び、測位装置で得られる前記測定点 に対する自船位置の水平距離により求められる、第1お よび第2の受波器の入力点での位相差φ"とから、第1 の受波器および受信回路と、第2の受波器および受信回 路との位相特性の差異により、両受信系を通過する信号 間に生じる位相のずれとしてφ'-φ"=dφを演算する 位相ずれ演算手段と; 測定時に前記位相差検出手段で検 出される位相差を、前記位相ずれ演算手段で演算された 位相のずれd ゆで補正する補正手段と;を備えたことを 特徴とする。

【0010】第2発明のサイドルッキングソナーは、鉛 直線に対し所定角を形成する直線上の所定距離離れた位 置に設けられた一対の第1および第2の受波器を備え、

いずれか一方の受波器より、垂直方向に広くて水平方向 に狭い送波ビームを形成し、前記ビームのエコーを第1 及び第2の受波器で捕捉し、これら第1および第2の受 波器にそれぞれ接続される第1および第2の受信回路よ り得られる両受信号間の位相差を位相差検出手段で検出 し、該位相差とエコーの帰来に要した時間とに基づき被 探知物体の深度および自船からの被探知物体までの水平 距離を算出表示するサイドルッキングソナーにおいて、 当該サイドルッキングソナーの送受波ビームと一部重な 10 る多数のペンシル形送受波ビームを自船の下方および側 方に形成し、エコーの帰来するまでに要する時間と、各 ペンシルビームの方向から被探知物体の深度および自船 からの被探知物体までの水平距離を算出するスキャニン グソナーで計測した前記深度および水平距離を受ける深 度情報入力部と;水中のある測定対象よりのエコーに対 して上記位相差検出手段で検出された位相差φ'と、前 記深度情報入力部に入力された、前記同じ測定対象に対 する深度および水平距離により求められる、第1および 第2の受波器の入力点での位相差。から、第1の受 波器および受信回路と、第2の受波器および受信回路と の位相特性の差異により、両受信系を通過する信号間に 生じる位相のずれとしての'-の"=dのを演算する位相 ずれ演算手段と;測定時に前記位相差検出手段で検出さ れる位相差を、前記位相ずれ演算手段で演算された位相 のずれ d ゆで補正する補正手段と;を備えたことを特徴 とする。

[0011]

【作用】図4において、ある海底点からのエコーが受波 器R1およびR2に入射するときの位相差がφであって

も、受波器 R₁および受信回路 S₁で生じる位相遅れをd
 φ₁、受波器 R₂ および受信回路 S₂ で生じる位相遅れをd
 φ₂ とすると、位相差検出回路 Tより出力される位相
 差φ'は、

 $\phi' = \phi + (d \phi_1 - d \phi_2)$ (8)

となる。 d ϕ_1 - d ϕ_2 = d ϕ が二つの受信系間で生じる 位相のずれである。

【0012】一方、等深線図などから各海底点に対する 深度を記憶させた深度情報記憶手段から読み出し、この 深度と、前記測定点に対して測位装置の出力する自船位 個を用いて演算した自船からの水平距離とに基づき、第 1および第2の受波器の入力点での位相差φ"が演算に より求められる。深度情報記憶手段から読み出した深度 が正確でかつ、二つの受信系統間で位相のずれがなけれ ば、φ"=φ'となるが実際には二つの受信系統間に位相 のずれdφがあり、この位相のずれdφは、次式で求ま る。

 $\phi' - \phi'' = d\phi \quad (9)$

【0013】このようにして位相差のずれd φがわかれ ば、測定時に位相差検出手段で検出された位相差φ'に 50 対して、補正手段により位相差のずれd φで補正すれ

RAY-1002 24 of 737 ば、前記位相差 \u03c6' に含まれていた位相差のずれ d \u03c6が 除去される。

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【0014】第2発明は、上記の予め計測した海底の深 度情報に代えて、スキャニングソナーによる正確な深度 情報を用いるものであり、ここでサイドルッキングソナ ーとスキャニングソナーとの相異点について説明する。 サイドルッキングソナーは図5に示すように、船底から 船首方向には狭い角度(φL)で左舷および右舷方向には それぞれ広い角度(θ L)の送受波ビーム100を形成す ることにより、X、Yで示す領域が探査される。このソ 10 ナーは、航行方向の分解能が優れており、これにより海 底を探査すれば水中俯瞰図ともいうべきものが得られ、 例えば朝日に照らされた山々を飛行機から眺めているか のごとく、遠方まで海底の起伏が陰影でもって細かに表 示されるので海底質を的確に知ることができる。しか し、このソナーでは、上述した両受波系統における位相 差が原因で探知物体に対する深度および水平距離が不正 確であるという欠点がある。

【0015】一方、スキャニグソナーでは図6に示すように、船底より、船首方向に狭く(例えば1.6°)、両 舷側方向に扇状に広い(90°)送波ビーム101を形成し、一方、この送波ビーム101と直交するように、船 首方向に広く(20°)、側方向に狭い(2°)受波ビーム 102を形成し、かつこの受波ビーム102を側方向に 走査することにより、送波ビーム101による領域Zが 順に探査される。船の真下付近での探知物体の深度および水平距離を正確に検出できるという利点があるが、俯 角が小さくなる側方遠方で分解能が悪くなり、そのため 海底の細かな起伏がわからず、深度および水平距離も不 正確になるという欠点がある。

【0016】このようにスキャニングソナーにおいては 船の直下方向で高い分解能が得られるので、この直下方 向の正確な探査結果でもってサイドルッキングソナーに おける両送受波系統の位相差を補正しようとしたもので あり、その具体的な構成については実施例にて説明する こととする。

[0017]

【実施例】図7は、本発明のサイドルッキングソナーの 一実施例を示す制御プロック図であり、この図7では、 右舷側の2つの受波器R1、R2の受信系における位相差 40 を検出する部分のみを示しており、左舷側も同じ構成と なる。R1およびR2は既述の受波器であり、いずれも I 個の超音波振動子で構成され、一方の受波器R2は送波 兼用としている。3は、トリガパルスを発生するトリガ パルス発生器であり、4は、トリガパルス発生器3より のトリガパルスにより受波器R2に送信電力を供給する 送信増幅器である。5および6は、受波器R1およびR2 で検出されたそれぞれ I 個の受波信号を増幅する受信増 幅器である。7及び8は受信増幅器5および6よりの出 力信号が零点を負から正に横切る時点を検出してパルス 50

を出力するゼロクロス立上り検出器である。9は、クロ ックパルスを発生するクロックパルス回路であり、10 は、カウンタであり、ゼロクロス立上り検出器8よりの パルスがリセット信号として入力されると、クロックパ ルス回路9よりのクロックパルスを0からカウントす る。11は、ラッチ回路であり、ゼロクロス立上り検出 器7よりのパルスがセット信号として入力されたとき、 カウンタ10におけるカウント値をラッチし、その値 は、加算器12とメモリ13とに送出される。

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- 【0018】14は、クロックパルス回路であり、15 は、カウンタであり、前記トリガパルス発生器3より出 力されるトリガがリセット信号として入力されたときに クロックパルス14よりのクロックパルスを0からカウ ントする。そのカウント値は、切替器16に供給される と共に、Rmax値と比較する比較器17に入力され、こ の比較器17の出力信号は、切替器16の切替信号とし て送出されるとともにパルス発生器18に入力される。 【0019】21は、CPUであり、ROM27に格納 された制御プログラムに従って後で述べるような演算を 20 行う。22は入力装置であり、自船の位置を検出する高 精度測位装置23、方位を検出する方位測定装置24お よびキーボード25よりの信号が入力されるとともに、 前記トリガパルス発生器3よりのトリガパルスおよびパ ルス発生器18より出力されるメモリ完了パルスが入力 される。26は、CPU21での演算に必要となる各種 データを随時記憶するRAMである。28は、深度情報 記憶手段である等深線ROMであり、各等深線毎の位置 を緯度経度で表したものをROM化したものであり、位
- 置をアクセスすることによりその地点の海底深度が得ら
 30 れる。29は出力装置であり、CPU21で求められた
 d φの値を前記加算器12に送出する。

【0020】上記構成の制御回路の動作を説明する。図 8に示す時点T₀、T₂、T₄は受波器R₂の送信タイミン グを示しており、時点Toにて送信のためにトリガパル ス発生器3よりトリガパルスが出力されると、カウンタ 15は"0"にリセットされクロックパルス回路14よ りのクロックパルスがカウントされると共に、送信増幅 器4より送信信号が出力され、受波器R₂より図1に示 したような右舷側に扇状に拡がる超音波のビームが送波 される。この超音波ビームの送波により、最初に自船直 下の海底面よりのエコーが受波器R2で検出され、次に わずかな時間差をおいて受波器R1で検出され、受信増 幅器6,5より図9に示すような信号が出力される。受 信増幅器6の出力信号に対して、ゼロクロス立上り検出 器8により零レベルを負から正に横切ったときの時点t 1が検出されてパルスが出力される。このパルスがリセ ット信号としてカウンタ10に供給されることにより、 カウンタ10はクリアされクロックパルス回路9より出 **カされるクロックパルスがカウントされ、そのカウント** 値が逐次にラッチ回路11に入力される。

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【0021】一方、受信増幅器5の出力信号に対して は、ゼロクロス立上り検出器7により零レベルを負から 正に横切ったときの時点 t2が検出されてパルスが出力 され、このパルスがセット信号としてラッチ回路11に 供給されると、このラッチ回路11は、入力されていた カウント値をラッチする。従ってラッチ回路11は、時 点 t1から時点 t2までの間のクロックパルスの数をラッ チすることになる。このパルス数は、二つの受波器R1, R2の取り付け位置と水平物体の方向に起因する時間差 であり、クロックパルス回路9のパルスの周期を、用い 10 た音波の周期の1/360にすれば、この時間差は上記 の位相差φ'で表され、この値φ'は加算器12およびメ モリ13に入力される。続く時点 taから ta間において も同様にして位相差。が求められ、このようにして時 間が経過するにつれて自船直下より右方に次第に遠ざか る海底面よりのエコーが次々に検出されてそれらの位相 差ゆ'がメモリ13に送出される。

【0022】一方、カウンタ15のカウント値が切替器 16を介してメモリ13にアドレスとして送出されてお り、かつ、この切替器16を介してライト信号が印加さ れているので、メモリ13に入力される位相差ゆ'は所 定のアドレスに次々に格納される。又、時点To以降に おいてはCPU21にて図10のフローチャートに示し た動作が並行して行われる。

【0023】即ち、トリガパルス発生器3よりのトリガ パルスが入力装置22を介してCPU21に入力される と、ステップS1からステップS2へと進み、高精度測 位装置23および方位測定装置24よりの自船の測位置 および航行の方位を読み込み、この値と予めキーボード 25により入力されている探査範囲(本実施例では両舷 30 側方向に1000m)をもとにして、図11に示す等深 線図において右舷側の探査範囲での等深線との交点A, B, C, D, Eを求める。次のステップS3で前記の各交 点までの水平距離hを求め、このhと、このときの深度 d(等深線の値)とを(6)式及び(7)式に入力することに より、受波器R1とR2の中心から各交点下の海面までの 距離 r を求め、又、そのときの位相差 (2) 式から 求める。ステップS4では、カウンタ15のカウント値 がRmaxとなり、パルス発生回路18からメモリ完了パ ルスが出力される時点T1になるのを待つ。尚、ステッ 40 プS2およびステップS3の処理時間は短く、メモリ完 了パルスが出力される時点T1で既に終了している。

【0024】さて、時点T1になり、比較器17から切 替器16に対して切替信号が送出され、切替器16の接 点が右方に切り替わることにより、CPU21は、ステ ップS5において、この切替器16を介してメモリ13 に、リード信号を送出し、更に距離rにおける測定位相 差φ'を読み出すべく、所定のアドレス信号Rをメモリ 13に送出することにより、メモリ13に記憶されてい た交点AないしEに対する位相差φ'を順次読み出す。 10000

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【0025】図12は、各交点AないしEに対する、実 測の位相差φ'(●記号で示す)と等深線図より求めた位 相差φ"(記号で示す)とを示したものであり、ステップ S6では、これらの各交点で対応する両位相差の引き 算、φ'-φ"を行い、それらの平均値を上記の位相差の ずれdφとする。このステップS5およびステップS6 の処理時間は短く、次にトリガパルスが出力される時点 T2には終了している。

【0026】この位相差のずれ-d φが出力装置29を 介して加算器12に送出されることにより、この加算器 12において、φ'-d φの演算が行われ、両受波器 R₁、R₂の入射時の位相差φが出力される。尚、ここで

- R1、R2の人射時の位相左Φが四力される。同、ここで 補正される位相差Φ'は前回の送信で得た-dΦで補正 されることになるが、送信間隔程度の短い時間ではdΦ の値は変化しないので差し支えない。もし、今回の送信 に基づくdΦで今回の位相差Φ'を補正するには、メモ リ13を2個使用して、次回の送信時に片方のメモリに 次回の位相差Φ'を記憶させると共に今回の位相差Φ'を カウンタ15の値に従って読み出し、dΦで補正すれば よい。
- 【0027】第2発明になるサイドルッキングソナーの 一実施例を図13および図14に示している。図13に おいては図7と異なる箇所について述べる。31は、後 で述べるスキャニングソナーにおける受波ビーム数Mと 同値としたM進のHカウンタであり、トリガパルス発生 器3より出力されるトリガがリセット信号として入力さ れたときクロックパルス14よりのクロックパルスを0 からカウントする。そのカウント値は、図14の切替器 46に供給され、又、図14の切換器43の切換信号と して送出され、更にそのカウント値が(M-1)から0に なる時の桁上げパルスがRカウンタ15に送出される。
- 0 Rカウンタ15はN進カウンタであり、トリガパルス発 生器3より出力されるトリガがリセット信号として入力 されたとき、Hカウンタ31よりの桁上げパルスを0か らカウントする。そのカウント値は、切換器16および 図14の切換器46に供給されると共に、Rmax(Rmax くN)値と比較する比較器17に入力される。この比較 器17の出力は、パルス発生器18と、切換器16およ び図14の切換器46の各々の切換信号として送出され る。入力装置22にはパルス発生器18より出力される メモリ完了パルスが入力される。
 - 【0028】図14は、図13のサイドルッキングソナ

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ーに付加されるスキャニングソナー部の一実施例を示し ている。R₃およびTXは、受波器および送波器であ り、図15の展開図に示されるように、受波器R₃は、 航行方向と直角の方向にj個の超音波振動子が配列され ており、送波器TXは、航行方向にk個の超音波振動子 が配列されている。右側にあるR₁、R₂は、図13にお ける受波器であり、左側のR₁'、R₂'は左舷側の受波器 である。

【0029】40は、送信増幅器であり、41は、受波
 器Rsのj個の超音波振動子よりの受波信号をそれぞれ
 増幅する受信増幅器である。42は、位相合成回路であ
 り、j系統の各受波信号を公知の技法で位相合成するこ
 とにより、図6で示されるように、側方向に順に走査されるM個の受波ビームを形成する。切換器43は、位相合成回路42により形成されたM個の受波ビームを順に
 取り出し、A/D変換器44にてデジタル化した後にメ
 モリ45に供給する。
 ムのj個の超音波振動子よりの受波信号をそれぞれ
 は、位相合成回路42により形成されたM個の受波ビームを順に
 取り出し、A/D変換器44にてデジタル化した後にメ
 人人力の支換器44にてデジタル化した後にメ
 人人間の受波ビームの中から

【0030】上記構成の制御回路の動作を再び図8およ び図9を用いて説明する。図8に示す時点T₀、T₂、T 4 は受波器R₂および送波器TXの送信タイミングを示し 20 ており、時点T₀にて送信のためにトリガパルス発生器 3よりトリガパルスが出力されると、Rカウンタ15お よびHカウンタ31は"0"にリセットされると共に、 送信増幅器4、40より予め定められたパワー、パルス 幅および周波数の送信信号が出力され、受波器R₂によ り図5に示したように右舷側に扇状に拡がる送波ビーム 100が形成され、又、送波器TXにより、図6に示し たように両舷方向に拡がる送波ビーム101が形成され る。そして、海底から反射された探知信号は受波器 R₁、R₂、R₃で受波され、受信増幅器5、6、41に 30 て増幅される。

【0031】図13のサイドルッキングソナーにおいて は、超音波ビームの送波により、最初に自船直下の海底 面よりのエコーが受波器R2で検出され、次にわずかな 時間差をおいて受波器R1で検出され、受信増幅器6,5 より図9に示すような信号が出力される。受信増幅器6 の出力信号に対して、ゼロクロス立上り検出器8により 零レベルを負から正に横切ったときの時点t1が検出さ れてパルスが出力される。このパルスがリセット信号と してカウンタ10に供給されることにより、カウンタ1 0はクリアされクロックパルス回路9より出力されるク ロックパルスがカウントされ、そのカウント値が逐次に ラッチ回路11に入力される。

【0032】受信増幅器5の出力信号に対しては、ゼロ クロス立上り検出器7により零レベルを負から正に横切 ったときの時点t²が検出されてパルスが出力され、こ のパルスがセット信号としてラッチ回路11に供給され ると、このラッチ回路11は、入力されていたカウント 値をラッチする。従ってラッチ回路11は、時点t¹か ら時点t²までの間のクロックパルスの数をラッチする 50

ことになる。このパルス数は、二つの受波器R1, R2の 取り付け位置と水平物体の方向に起因する時間差であ り、クロックパルス回路9のパルスの周期を、用いた音 波の周期の1/360にすれば、この時間差は上記の位 相差ゆ'で表され、この値ゆ'は加算器12およびメモリ 13に入力される。続く時点t3からt4間においても同 様にして位相差ゆ'が求められ、このようにして時間が 経過するにつれて自船直下より右方に次第に遠ざかる海 底面よりのエコーが次々に検出されてそれらの位相差 ゆ'がメモリ13に送出される。

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【0033】一方、図14のスキャニングソナー部においては、送波器TXによる送波により、海底面よりのエ コーが受波器R³で受波される。このJ個の受波信号 は、位相合成回路42により位相合成され、走査角の異 なるM個の受波ビームが形成される。Hカウンタ31よ りの切換信号により切換器43が制御されることによ り、M個の受波ビームの中からHカウンタ31のカウン ト値が示す方向の受波ビームが選択され、A/D変換器 44を介してメモリ45に格納される。

【0034】ここでスキャニングソナーにおける動作を 図17を用いて更に詳しく述べる。 θ smは、m番目のビ ームの直下方向dよりの角度(右舷側を+)を示し、 θ sm = $\Delta \theta$ s { (M-1) / 2-m} 、ここでMは奇数であ り、(M-1) / 2番目のビームは直下方向である。Rm は、m番目のビーム内に存在していた海底のメモリ45 におけるR方向の位置を示す。rmは、m番目のビーム 内に存在していた海底の自船からの直線距離(単位m)を 示し、rm= Δ r×Rmである。hm、dmは、m番目のビ ーム内に存在していた海底の自船からの水平距離と進度

である。hmは右舷側を+、dmは下方を+としており、 いずれも単位はメートルである。 hm=rm×sin θ sm、dm=rm×cos θ sm の関係がある。又、 Δ rはメモリ13およびメモリ45 にデータを取り込むr方向(距離方向)の間隔でHカウン タ31の出力する桁上げパルスの周期をtpとすると、 Δ r=c・tp/2となる。

【0035】図13、図14に戻り、メモリ13および メモリ45には、それぞれサイドルッキングソナーの位 相差とスキャニングソナーの探知信号が Δr (m)ごとに rmaxまで1送信分記憶される。rmaxは、本発明装置が 使用される海域において図5におけるビーム端でも海底 に到達するのに十分な船からの直線距離である。ここで rmax=Rmax× Δr である。ラッチ回路11およびA/ D変換器44の出力ビット数を β_1 、 β_2 とすると、メモ リ13、45の記憶容量は、それぞれ β_1 ×Rmax、 β_2 ×Rmax×Mとなる。

【0036】Rカウンタ15のカウント値がRmaxにな るまでのToないしT1間は切換器16、46は図示した ように左方に切り替わっており、従って、Rカウンタ1 5のカウント値は切換器16を介してメモリ13にアド

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レスとして送出され、かつ、この切換器16を介してラ イト信号が印加されているので、メモリ13に入力され る位相差φ'は所定のRアドレスに次々に格納される。

【0037】一方、Hカウンタ31およびRカウンタ1 5のカウント値が切換器46を介してメモリ38に送出 されており、かつ、この切換器46を介してライト信号 が印加されているので、メモリ45に入力される探知信 号は所定のRとHで決まるアドレスに次々に格納され る。

【0038】さて、時点Tiになり、メモリ13、45 への信号の書込みが終了すると、比較器17から切替器 16、46に対して切替信号が送出され、切替器16、 34の接点が右方に切り替わると同時に、パルス発生器 18よりのメモリ完了パルスが入力装置22を介してC PU21に入力されると、CPU21は、図16のステ ップS11からステップS12へと進み、切換器46を 介してメモリ45にリード信号を送出し、スキャニング ソナーのm番目のビームで受信したr=0ないしrmax までの探知信号を読み出すべく、所定のアドレス信号を メモリ45に送出する。つまりHアドレスはmとし、R 20 を測定し、 φ'-φ"=d φを2つの受信系間での位相 アドレスを0から順にRmax-1とする。

【0039】次に読み出したRmax個の探知信号中、例 えば最大の探知信号が存在している位置すなわちRアド レス値Rmを海底位置とする。そしてRm、 θ smよりr n、dn、hmを求め、その時の位相差φ"を(2),(4), (6),(7)式から求める。なお、図17と図3の0点は 一致しているものとみなす。

【0040】次にCPU21は、ステップS13におい て、切替器16を介してメモリ13に、リード信号を送 出し、Rmのアドレス信号をメモリ13に送出すること 30 により、メモリ13に記憶されていたrmに対する位相 差。 を読み出す。 これをスキャニングソナーの右半分 のビームに対して、即ちm=0から(M-1)/2まで繰 り返す。

【0041】以上の説明でわかるように、時点Toない しT1の間がエコー取り込み期間であり、従って、この 期間で所望の範囲よりのエコーが検出されるよう、比較 器17に対するRmaxの設定値が決められる。

【0042】図18は、スキャニングソナーによる実測 キングソナーにより求めた位相差φ"(記号で示す)とを 示したものであり、ステップS4では、これらの各点で 両位相差の引き算、φ" - φ" を行い、それらの平均値 を上記の位相差のずれd φとする。このステップS11 およびステップS14の処理時間は短く、次にトリガパ ルスが出力される時点Tュには終了している。

【0043】この位相差のずれ-d φ が出力装置29を 介して加算器12に送出されることにより、この加算器 12において、 $\phi' - d\phi$ の演算が行われ、両受波器 R1、R2の入射時の位相差φが出力される。尚、ここで 50 の交点を示す図

補正される位相差の'は前回の送信で得た-doで補正 されることになるが、送信間隔程度の短い時間ではd φ の値は変化しないので差し支えない。もし、今回の送信 に基づくd o で今回の位相差 o'を補正するには、メモ リ13を2個使用して、次回の送信時に片方のメモリに 次回の位相差φ'を記憶させると共に今回の位相差φ'を Rカウンタ15の値に従って読み出し、d φ で補正すれ ばよい。上記の実施例においては、送波器TXと受波器 R2から送波される超音波パルスの周波数は互いに干渉 10 しないよう異なるものでなければならないが、送波器T Xと受波器R₃は同じ周波数のものであり、受波器R1と R₂とは同じものである。又、受波器R₁、R₂、R₃をす

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べて同じ周波数のものにして送波器TXを省略すること もできる。

[0044]

【発明の効果】以上説明したように、本第1発明では、 予め正確に測定されたある測定点に対し、計算により、 2つの受波器の入力点での位相差φ"を求めておき、そ して同じ測定点に対して2つの受波器により位相差φ' のずれとして、これ以降に実際に測定した位相差をこの 位相のずれd φで補正するようにしたので、2組の受信 系間で生じる位相差のずれを除去することができ、よっ て水中物体の位置を正確に測定できる。第2発明は、上 記の予め計測した海底の深度情報に代えて、スキャニン グソナーによる正確な深度情報を用いるものであり、こ

の装置によればリアルタイムで正確な水中探知を行え る。

【図面の簡単な説明】

【図1】 サイドルッキングソナーで形成されるビーム を示す斜視図

【図2】 サイドルッキングソナーにおける送受波器の 取付け例を示す図

【図3】 サイドルッキングソナーの動作原理を説明す るために用いた図

【図4】 本発明の原理を説明するために用いた図

【図5】 サイドルッキングソナーにおける送受波ビー ムを示す図

【図6】 スキャニングソナーにおける送受波ビームを

【図7】 本第1発明のサイドルッキングソナーの一実 施例を示す制御ブロック図

- 【図8】 図7の制御ブロック図の動作を示すタイムチ ャート
- 【図9】 図7の制御ブロック図の動作を示すタイムチ ャート

図7の制御ブロック図の動作を示すフロー 【図10】 チャート

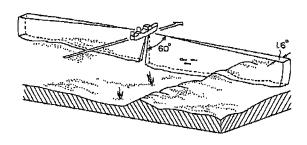
【図11】 右舷方向の探査範囲内における等深線図と

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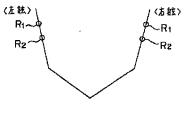
| 13 | (-) | | |
|---------------------------|-----|--------|-----------|
| 【図12】 実測により得た位相差と、等深線からのデ | | 13 | メモリ |
| ータに基づき得た位相差とを示すグラフ | | 14 | クロックパルス回路 |
| 【図13】 本第2発明のサイドルッキングソナーの一 | | 15 | カウンタ |
| 実施例を示す制御ブロック図 | | 16 | 切替器 |
| 【図14】 図13の装置に付加されるスキャニングソ | | 17 | 比較器 |
| ナー部の一実施例を示すブロック図 | | 18 | パルス発生器 |
| 【図15】 図13の装置における送受波器の取り付け | | $2\ 1$ | CPU |
| 例を示した展開図 | | $2\ 2$ | 入力装置 |
| 【図16】 図13の装置の動作を示すフローチャート | | 23 | 高精度測位装置 |
| 【図17】 図13の装置において位相差の計算を説明 | 10 | 24 | 方位測定装置 |
| するために用いた図 | | 25 | キーボード |
| 【図18】 スキャニングソナーにおけるビームの走査 | | 26 | RAM |
| を示した図 | | 27 | ROM |
| 【符号の説明】 | | 28 | 等深線ROM |
| R 受波器 | | 29 | 出力装置 |
| 3 トリガパルス発生器 | | 31 | カウンタ |
| 4 送信増幅器 | | ТХ | 送波器 |
| 5 受信増幅器 | | 40 | 送信増幅器 |
| 6 受信増幅器 | | 41 | 受信増幅器 |
| 7 ゼロクロス立上り検出器 | 20 | 42 | 位相合成回路 |
| 8 ゼロクロス立上り検出器 | | 43 | 切換器 |
| 9 クロックパルス回路 | | 44 | A/D変換器 |
| 10 カウンタ | | 45 | メモリ |
| 11 ラッチ回路 | | 46 | 切換器 |
| 12 加算器 | | | |
| | | | |

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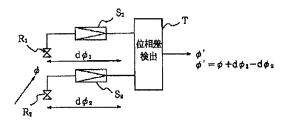
【図2】



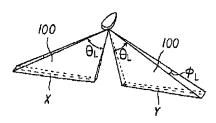
【図1】



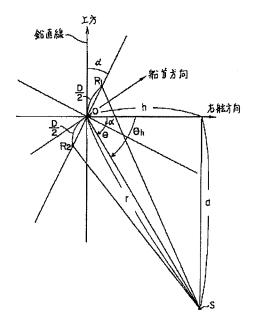
【図4】

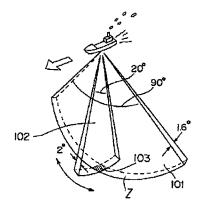


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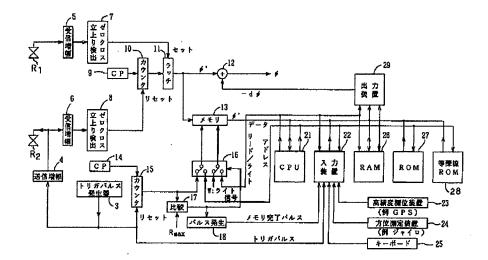






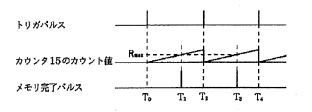


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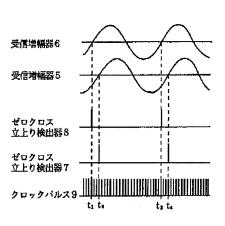


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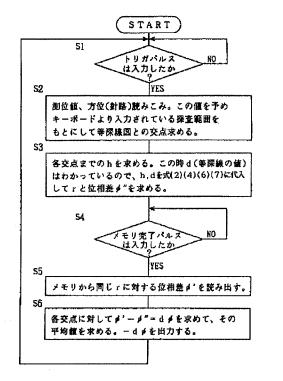


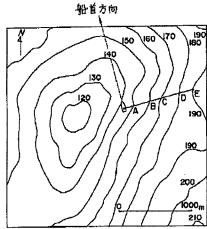
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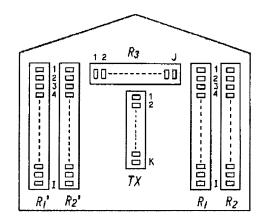
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【図11】

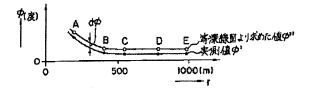




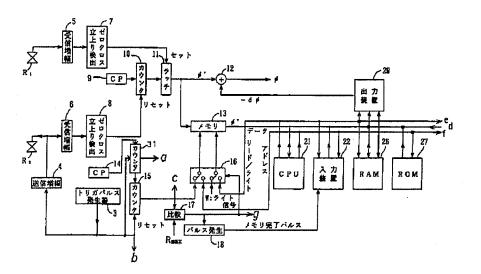




【図12】



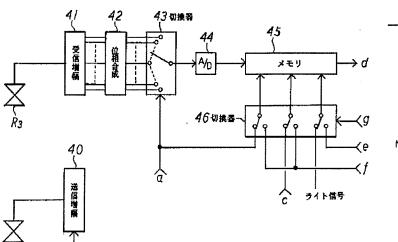


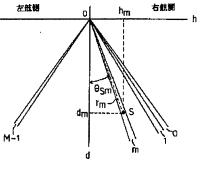


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【図17】

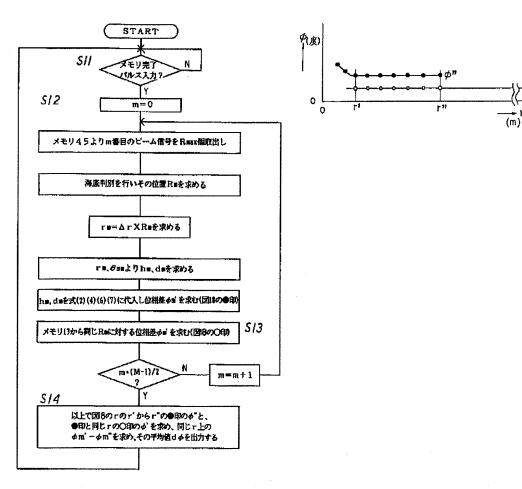




【図16】

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【図18】







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| | | |
| (54) Title: SONAR SYSTEM | | |
| | | |
| (57) Abstract | | |

A sonar system suitable for small and medium sized boats which scans ahead, to port and to starboard, preferably at a distance related to depth below. The system includes a display (40) using series of LCD segments orientated in directions representative of the directions of scanning so that the displayed information can be instantly interpreted. Signals are dis-33 of 737 played continuously until updated. The system also includes a transducer assembly for scanning in a plurality of discrete

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"SONAR SYSTEM"

The present invention relates to a sonar system which is particularly, but not solely, suited for small and medium sized vessels such as private pleasure yachts and small commercial vessels. The invention is particularly useful when cruising near coral reefs and navigating narrow channels through mud and sand banks since the invention not only measures depth, but also scans ahead and to port and starboard.

BACKGROUND ART

Although lateral scanning radar and sonar systems are known, such systems are complex and expensive, and as such, are only suitable for large scale vessels such as navy craft.

In known lateral scanning radars and sonar, rotating cathode ray tube displays are used. In such displays, the 15 old signals fade as new signals on the rotating arm are displayed. Moreover, the cathode ray tube is difficult to read in bright sunlight as it does not provide a high contrast display.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the present invention to overcome, or substantially ameliorate, at least one of the above described disadvantages by providing an economical sonar system suitable for small and medium sized boats which provides forward, port and starboard scanning as well as depth scanning.

According to the present invention, there is provided a sonar system for a boat for scanning ahead, to port and to starboard, said system comprising transducer means for transmitting scanning signals in a plurality of discreet scanning directions including ahead of the boat, to port and to starboard; electronic control means for activating said transducer means to transmit said scanning signals sequentially in said plurality of directions; receiving means for receiving the transmitted signal after reflection from objects; signal processing means connected to the output of said receiving means for determining distances of said objects from the received signals; and display means

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connected to said signal processing means for displaying the determined distances in their respective directions.

Preferably, the sonar system has a display which utilises liquid crystal display (LCD) segments which display a measured value continuously until superceded by a newly measured signal.

Preferably, the sonar system monitors depth ahead at a distance related to the depth below. The depth ahead range can be set manually, or calculated automatically from the depth below. Typically, depth ahead (as well as depth to port and depth to starboard) are measured at a distance approximately six times the depth below. If desired, the sonar system can incorporate transducer means and associated display means for measuring and displaying depth abeam, or even depth aft.

Since the measured signals representing depth to port, ahead, starboard and below, are displayed continuously until updated, a simultaneous display of all signals is obtained. Moreover, by arranging the LCD segments in a suitable pattern, a quasi-analog display can be obtained.

Preferably, the sonar system incorporates an alarm which is activated when the depth ahead varies more than a selected amount. This amount may be related to the depth below. Typically, the alarm volume increases and/or its pitch increases as the vessel approaches an obstacle such as a reef. In further preferred embodiments, different alarm tones are provided so that the operator is immediately able to distinguish audibly between obstacles to port, starboard and ahead.

Typically, the display means is capable of displaying a number of depth ranges. If the measured signal falls outside the selected range, an alarm is activated to indicate that the range selection requires changing or the gain requires adjustment.

The sonar system incorporates a transducer arrangement for transmitting and receiving signals in the required directions. In one embodiment, a transducer is provided for each scanning direction. Each transducer is connected

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sequentially for a period of time sufficient to transmit and receive an echo from the maximum range selected. In another embodiment, a single transducer is physically orientated to the required scanning direction. The received echo is quantised to a number of time levels, and stored and displayed until the next echo is received for that particular scanning direction. The number of time levels is related to the number of display segments selected for the display means.

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The transducer arrangement is preferably mounted on a single gimballed assembly mounted inside the hull of a glass reinforced plastic vessel, or mounted externally and protected by a glass reinforced plastic or ABS plastic hydrofoil protective cover.

Notwithstanding any other forms of the present invention, preferred embodiments thereof will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a schematic plan view of a scanning pattern of a sonar system according to one embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a side elevational view of the scanning pattern of Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is a plan view of the scanning pattern of one beam of Fig. 1;

Fig. 4 illustrates one display layout for the sonar system;

Fig. 5 is a schematic block circuit diagram of the sonar system according to another embodiment of the present 30 invention;

Fig. 6 is a schematic block circuit diagram of the signal processing circuit of Fig. 5;

Fig. 7 is a schematic block circuit diagram of part of the circuit of Fig. 6; 35

Fig. 8 is a schematic block circuit diagram of a clock circuit for use with the embodiment of Fig. 5;

Fig. 9 illustrates timing pulses for the circuit of

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Figs. 5 to 8;

Fig. 10 is a cross-sectional plan view of a transducer arrangement of one embodiment;

Fig. 11 is a cross-sectional plan view of a transducer arrangement of another embodiment;

Fig. 12 is a side elevational view of part of the transducer arrangement of Fig. 11; and

Fig. 13 is a cross-sectional side elevational view of the transducer arrangement of Fig. 11.

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DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

As shown in Figs. 1 to 3, the sonar system of one embodiment of the present invention is designed to scan ahead and to port and starboard, as well as measuring depth (not shown). The beams typically have a horizontal beamwidth between 15° and 30° , and a vertical beamwidth of 7 to 10° . The transducer assembly is gimballed so that the beams are tilted almost straight ahead to provide maximum range in shallow water. Although five scanning

- directions are shown in Fig. 1, any reasonable number of scanning directions can be obtained by suitable design of the transducer means. The design of the transducer means will be described below. For the sake of simplicity, the following description relates to a scanning pattern having three beams: port (P), ahead (A) and starboard (S) as well as depth measurement.
 - The circuit diagram for the sonar system is shown in

Figs. 5 to 8. A first clock 50 generates a pulse train as shown in Fig. 9. The period of the first clock is greater than the maximum time required for a signal to be

- 30 transmitted and received from the maximum desired range. An output of the clock 50 drives a 1 to 5 and restart decade counter 53 which provides sequential outputs MD, P, A, S and D as shown in Fig. 9. The output of the counter 53 is connected to a transducer multiplexer/driver 55 which
- 35 sequentially activates the respective transducer for the port, ahead, starboard and depth beams, or orientates a single transducer in either the port, ahead, starboard or depth direction. The latter system will be described in

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more detail below.

Each pulse from the first clock 50 also passes to a delay circuit 51 where it is delayed, typically by 10ms. A narrow pulse (typically 2ms) is generated for every pulse 5 from the clock pulse 50 as shown in wave form T in Fig. 9. The narrow pulses T activate a transmitter 52 having an oscillator therein, and also reset a counter 61 in a signal processing circuit 60. The 10ms delay is provided in order to allow reed switches which connect the transducers to This

operate before the transmitter pulse is fired. prevents sparking across the contacts and radio frequency interference. On receipt of each narrow pulse, the transmitter 52 will transmit a signal through the transducer 54 selected by the transducer multiplexer/driver 55. The

- signal is of suitable frequency e.g. 160KHz. The signal is 15 transmitted in the direction in which the transducer 54 is orientated, and received by receiver 56 after reflection from obstacles such as reefs, sandbanks, etc. The received signal is amplified in a tuned amplifier stage 57 with
- manual gain control and/or automatic gain compensation in 20 which the signal level is multiplied by a ramp voltage proportional to the time delay between the transmitted and received pulse. This time varying gain (TVG) compensates for normal attenuation of the signal through the water. An
- additional gain control stage can be included to reduce the 25 gain for distances between zero and five times the depth This gain stage would be controlled by the period of below. the received echo from the bottom. Such gain controllers can be provided on the front panel of the sonar display 40
- (Fig. 4) to enable the operator to adjust the gain of 30 signals close to the vessel, and those further away from the vessel which in turn, permits the operator to choose between the detection of fish nearby or the distant detection of reefs and other obstacles. The amplified received pulse is
- then envelope detected in detector stage 58 and thereafter 35 passed through a filter stage 59 to remove short radio frequency interference spikes. The signal output from the filter stage 59 is then input to a signal processing stage

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60 shown in more detail in Fig. 6.

As shown in Fig. 6, the signal is passed through circuit 62 if it represents a longer, higher level echo or through circuit 63 if it represents a shorter, small echo such as would be caused by fish. A discriminator circuit can be used to distinguish between the two types of echoes. A three position switch 65 allows the operator to choose whether to display long or short echoes, or both. An external control (not shown) can be provided on the front panel of the display so that it is possible to adjust the threshold level of the small echoes. An additional "white line" stage as used in chart recorders can be included to display fish close to the bottom which would not normally be displayed separately from the bottom signal.

Signals which have been recognised by circuit 62 as 15 being long echoes are used to trigger monostable 64 which has sufficient pulse length to trip all levels of the display. If both short and long echoes are chosen by switch 65, the short echoes (e.g. fish echoes) are displayed by the illumination of extra LCD bars above the depth reading. 20

The signal processing circuit 60 comprises a cyclic counter 61 which provides 21 sequential pulse outputs and then resets. The counter 61 is reset by every narrow pulse derived from the clock 50 and is used to measure the time

25 difference between the transmitted and received pulses. Connected to outputs 5 to 21 of the counter 61 are 16 sub-circuits A1, A2 A16. The number of sub-circuits corresponds to the number of LCD segments in each beam display (see Fig. 4); this number can be varied as desired by appropriate modification of the counter 61. 30

One sub-circuit is illustrated in more detail in Fig. 7. The echo signal selected by switch 65, the (reset) narrow pulses from clock 50 and an output (timing) pulse from the appropriate output of counter 61 are input to an AND gate 71, the output of which is connected to monostable Hence, the monostable which is tripped corresponds to 70. the elapsed time of the received echo. The time period of the monostables 70 is greater than the period of the first

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clock 50. The output of each monostable 70 is switched by switch/multiplexer 72 to one of four flip-flops (FFP, FFA, FFS, FFD) according to the signal from a corresponding output (P, A, S, D) from counter 53.

The control signals P_R , A_R , S_R , D_R which operate the flip-flops are derived from the output 21 of counter 61 via circuit 69. The outputs of the flip-flops FFP, FFA, FFS, FFD for sub-circuit A(N) are connected to the Nth segments of the port, ahead, starboard, depth displays respectively.

Changing the range of the display can be accomplished by changing the frequency of the "range clock" input of counter 61. The range clock frequency can be set manually to a predetermined fraction of the clock 50 frequency, or it may be set automatically by using an automatic range

selection circuit such as that shown in Fig. 8. In the automatic range selection circuit, the full scale range of the port, ahead and starboard channels is made nominally ten times the distance of the depth below.

In the automatic range selection circuit, a second clock 80 drives a decade counter 82 via a divider (20) stage 81. The decade counter 19 is reset by each MD pulse generated by the counter 53. In addition the counter 19 is stopped by the echo signal at the output of monostable 64. The value of the counter (between 1 to 200) at the time when

25 the "stop" signal is received is stored by the counter 82 until the next MD pulse from counter 53. This value represents the depth of water below the boat and is used to set the divider stage 83 so that the output of the divider stage 83 is the frequency of the clock 80 divided by the currently stored count in counter 82.

An additional divider (10) stage 84 is switched in on the P, A, S cycles of counter 53. The stored count of the counter 82 is displayed in a digital display 85 on the display panel 40.

Alarm circuits are provided to warn of any decrease in depth to port, ahead or starboard in advance without travelling directly over that spot. In addition, the alarm

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circuits perform this function without requiring constant manual adjustment of the minimum depth to be alarmed as in conventional depth founders. The use of an automatic range selection circuit, as illustrated in Fig. 8, allows the

5 alarm circuit to be simplified. As shown in Fig. 7, the output of each flip-flop (FFP, FFA, FFS) on the port, ahead and starboard display outputs is taken to a resistor adder circuit 68 so that the more display levels illuminated, the greater the alarm volume and/or the higher the alarm pitch. 10 In the long echo pulse threshold mode, the closer the boat gets to an obstacle such as a reef, the more flip-flops are

switched on and hence, the louder the alarm and/or the higher its pitch. An additional alarm circuit can be included to warn of

15 minimum depth below. This can be adjustable to select a depth, typically between one and twenty metres. Furthermore, another alarm can be added to the depth below circuit to alarm if the depth exceeds a selected value, thereby acting as an anchor watch alarm.

A typical display panel 40 is illustrated in Fig. 4. Five scanning directions are illustrated on the panel: two to port, two to starboard and one ahead, as well as a digital depth measurement. Each LCD segment of the display forms an arcuate band of the displayed scanning beam. Such 25 an arrangement of the LCD segments creates a quasi-analog display thereby allowing the operator to tell at a glance whether any obstacles lie ahead, to port, or to starboard.

The flip-flops driving the LCD segments are held on or off during each cycle, rather than flashed on and off rapidly as in multiplex display systems which appear 30 constant due to the persistence of vision but which do not provide maximum contrast in bright sunlight. Moreover, the operator is able to tell immediately whether objects detected by the sonar are obstacles such as reefs, sandbanks or merely reflections due to fish.

Other suitable display means such as cathode ray tubes, multi-pen chart recorders or digital printers, can be fitted to the apparatus of the present invention to suit particular RAY-1002

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applications such as the charting of channels. Such display means operate on each cycle of the first clock 50.

It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that much of the hardware in the abovedescribed circuits can be replaced by a programmed microprocessor. For example, the microprocessor can be programmed to determine the interval between transmission and reception of a signal, and to display the measured interval on the appropriate beam on the display 40.

A transducer assembly is shown in Fig. 10. Separate transducers T_p , T_A , T_S and provided to scan port, ahead and starboard. The transducers are embedded in a casting 101 made from epoxy and granulated cork. A lead balance weight 100 is provided to balance the casting 101

15 about the shaft 102. When the shaft 102 is mounted on suitable bearings (not shown), the angle of scan of the transducers can be varied quite simply. The casting 101 can also be mounted in a special frame (described below) in order to stabilise the transducer assembly against pitch and 20 roll. Another transducer T_D (not shown) is provided in a downward orientation for depth measurement.

The abovedescribed transducer arrangement can be replaced by a single pivotable transducer as shown in Figs. 11 to 13. In this embodiment, a single transducer T_1 is

- 25 used to scan port, ahead and starboard. The transducer T₁ is set in a casting 110 made from a mix of epoxy and granulated cork in order to reduce the effect of signals from the back face of the transducer. The casting 110 also contains an iron bar or permanent magnet 118, and lead
- 30 balance weights 115 which balance the casting 110 about a shaft 111. The casting 110 is pivotable about its shaft 111 on bearings 112 set in a gunmetal housing 116. Electromagnets E_p , E_A , E_S are also mounted on housing 116. Each electromagnet E_p , E_A , E_S corresponds to a 35 respective scanning direction port, ahead, starboard. In
 - order to scan in the different directions, the electromagnets are energised sequentially to cause the casting 110 to rotate until the iron member 118 in the

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casting 110 is opposite the energised electromagnet. Each electromagnet is energised for a sufficient period of time to allow a signal to be transmitted and received from the maximum range selected. Means are also provided to switch the output of the transducer T_1 to the display beam corresponding to the energised electromagnet. Although only three electromagnets are shown, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that any suitable number of electromagnets at spaced intervals can be provided in order to scan in a plurality of directions.

The housing 116 is pivoted about spindles 117 in frame 120 so that the housing 116 remains level as the vessel pitches up and down. In addition, the frame 120 is pivoted about bearings 113 so that the frame 120 and casing 116 remain level as the vessel rolls from side to side. The bearings 113 are mounted in a gunmetal casting (not shown) fixed to the bottom of the hull of the vessel.

A second transducer T_2 is provided to measure the depth below. The transducer T_2 is pivoted about an axis 114 on frame 120 and is stabilised against pitch.

Instead of providing a separate transducer T_2 for measuring depth below, the transducer T_1 can be pivoted at point 119 so that it can be tilted to scan downwardly. An additional set of electromagnets 121 are installed along arc 122 and an additional iron bar is set above T_1 in order to

- 25 122 and an additional iron bar is set above T_1 in order to implement the downward tilting of T_1 . The additional electromagnets 121 become part of casting 110 and T_1 rotates within casting 110. The casting 110 would also need to be re-balanced about shaft 111.
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The iron bar 118 in casting 110 can be replaced by a permanent magnet or an electromagnet energised at the same time as E_p , E_A , E_S . In addition, opposing magnetic fields can be generated by reversing the current direction through the electromagnets not being scanned, i.e. E_p and E_S would have opposing fields to the iron bar 118 while E_A and iron bar 118 are energised by attracting fields. On a cruising yacht where only limited electric power is available, the iron member 118 is preferably a permanent

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magnet. A reverse field applied to each electromagnet E_p , $E_A E_S$ for a short instant when the energising electric field is turned off leaves a weak opposing field on each unenergised electromagnet due to the magnetic hysteresis of its iron core. Thus, only the energised electromagnet would be attracting the iron bar or magnet 118 while the unenergised electromagnets would be repelling the iron bar or magnet 118.

The foregoing describes only some embodiments of the present invention, and modifications which are obvious to those skilled in the art may be made thereto without departing from the scope of the invention as defined in the following claims.

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<u>CLAIMS</u>

1. A sonar system for a boat for scanning ahead, to port and to starboard, said system comprising transducer means for transmitting scanning signals in a plurality of discreet scanning directions including ahead of the boat, to port and to starboard; electronic control means for activating said transducer means to transmit said scanning signals sequentially in said plurality of directions; receiving means for receiving the transmitted signal after reflection from objects; signal processing means connected to the output of said receiving means for determining distances of said objects from the received signals; and display means connected to said signal processing means for displaying the determined distances in their respective directions.

2. A sonar system as claimed in claim 1 wherein said display means comprises a plurality of series of liquid crystal display segments, each orientated in a direction representative of a respective one of said scanning directions, the distance of an object detected in a particular direction being indicated by the number of LCD segements illuminated in the corresponding series.

3. A sonar system as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein said transducer means comprises a plurality of transducer elements each orientated in a respective one of said scanning directions.

4. A sonar system as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein said transducer means comprises a transducer element pivotable for orientation in any one of said scanning directions.

5. A sonar system as claimed in claim 4, wherein said transducer is pivotable in a casing comprising a plurality of electromagnets orientated in directions corresponding to said scanning directions, whereby said transducer element is orientated sequentially in said scanning directions by sequential energisation of said electromagnets.

6. A sonar system as claimed in any preceding claim, RAY-1002

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further comprising depth measurement and display means.

7. A sonar system as claimed in claim 6, wherein said transducer means scans at a distance related to depth of water below said boat.

8. A sonar system as claimed in any preceding claim, further comprising alarm means connected to the output of said signal processing means for providing an alarm upon detection of objects within a predetermined distance.

9. A sonar system as claimed in claim 8 wherein said alarm provides an audio signal whose volume is indicative of the distance of a detected object.

10. A sonar system as claimed in claim 8 wherein said alarm provides an audio signal whose tone is indicative of the distance of a detected object.

11. A sonar system as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein said signal processing means comprises a microprocessor.

AMENDED CLAIMS

(received by the International Bureau on 14 February 1984 (14.02.84))

1. (Amended) A sonar system for a boat for scanning ahead, to port and to starboard, said system comprised transducer means for transmitting scanning signals in a plurality of discreet scanning directions including ahead of the boat, to port and to starboard; electronic control means for activating said transducer means to transmit said scanning signals sequentially in said plurality of directions; receiving means for receiving the transmitted signals after reflection from objects in said directions; signal processing means connected to the output of said receiving means for determining the distances of said objects and their respective directions from the received signals; and solid state electronic display means connected to said signal processing means [for displaying the determined distances in their respective directions], said display means having a display panel comprising a plurality of electro-optical elements arranged in arrays corresponding to the orientation of said scanning directions, both the distance and direction of objects detected by said sonar system being indicated by the operational state of said electro-optical elements.

2. (Amended) A sonar system as claimed in claim 1 wherein said <u>electro-optical elements are</u> [display means comprises a plurality of series of] liquid crystal display segments. [each orientated in a direction representative of a respective one of said scanning directions, the distance of an object detected in a particular direction being indicated by the number of LCD segments illuminated in the corresponding series].

3. A sonar system as claimed in claim 2, wherein the distance and direction of an object detected by said sonar system are displayed by activation of a corresponding LCD segment, and activation of the further LCD segments in that array indicates that object to be the bottom or a bank.

[3] <u>4</u>. A sonar system as claimed in claim [1 or 2,] <u>3</u> wherein said transducer means comprises a plurality of transducer elements each orientated in a respective one of

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said scanning directions.

[4] <u>5</u>. A sonar system as claimed in claim 1 [or 2], wherein said transducer means comprises a transducer element [pivotable for orientation in any one of said scanning directions.

5. A sonar system as claimed in claim 4, wherein said transducer is] pivotable [in] within a casing [comprising] having a plurality of electromagnets orientated in directions corresponding to said scanning directions, whereby said transducer element is orientated sequentially in said scanning directions by sequential energisation of said electromagnets.

6. A sonar system as claimed in claim 4 or 5 wherein said transducer means is located in a housing on the hull of the boat, and gimballed with respect to the hull.

[6.] 7. A sonar system as claimed in [any preceding] claim <u>4 or 5</u>, further comprising depth measurement and display means.

[7.] 8. A sonar system as claimed in claim [6] $\underline{7}$, wherein said transducer means scans at a distance related to depth of water below said boat.

[8.] 9. A sonar system as claimed in [any preceding] claim 7, further comprising alarm means connected to the output of said signal processing means for providing an alarm upon detection of objects within a predetermined distance.

[9.] <u>10</u>. A sonar system as claimed in claim [8] <u>9</u> wherein said alarm provides an audio signal whose volume <u>and/or tone</u> is indicative of the distance of a detected object.

[10. A sonar system as claimed in claim 8 wherein said alarm provides an audio signal whose tone is indicative of the distance of a detected object.]

11. A sonar system as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein said signal processing means comprises a microprocessor.

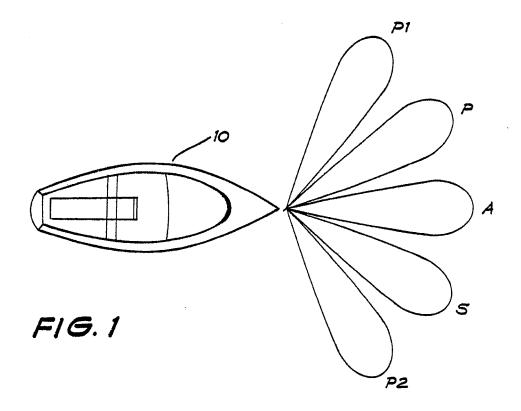
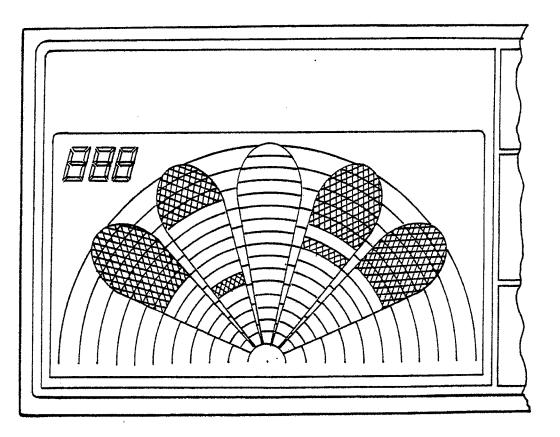
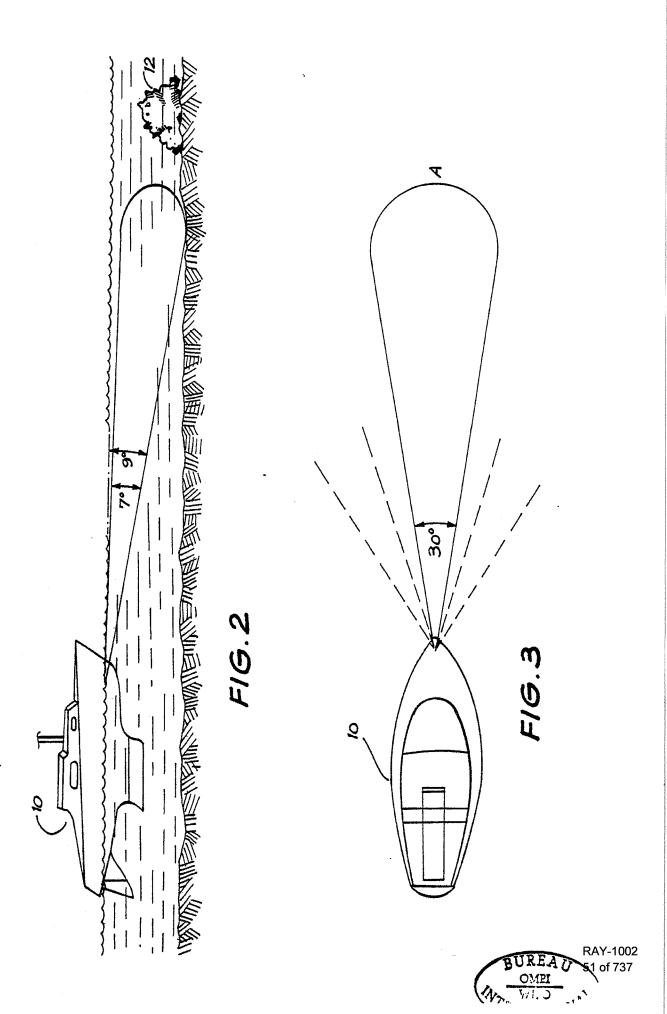


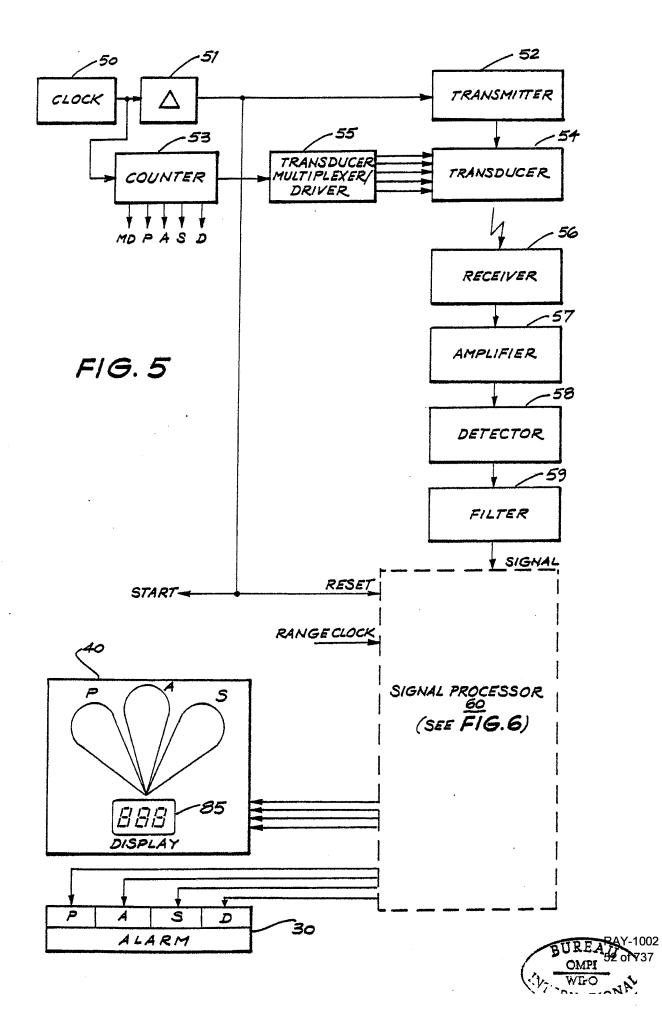
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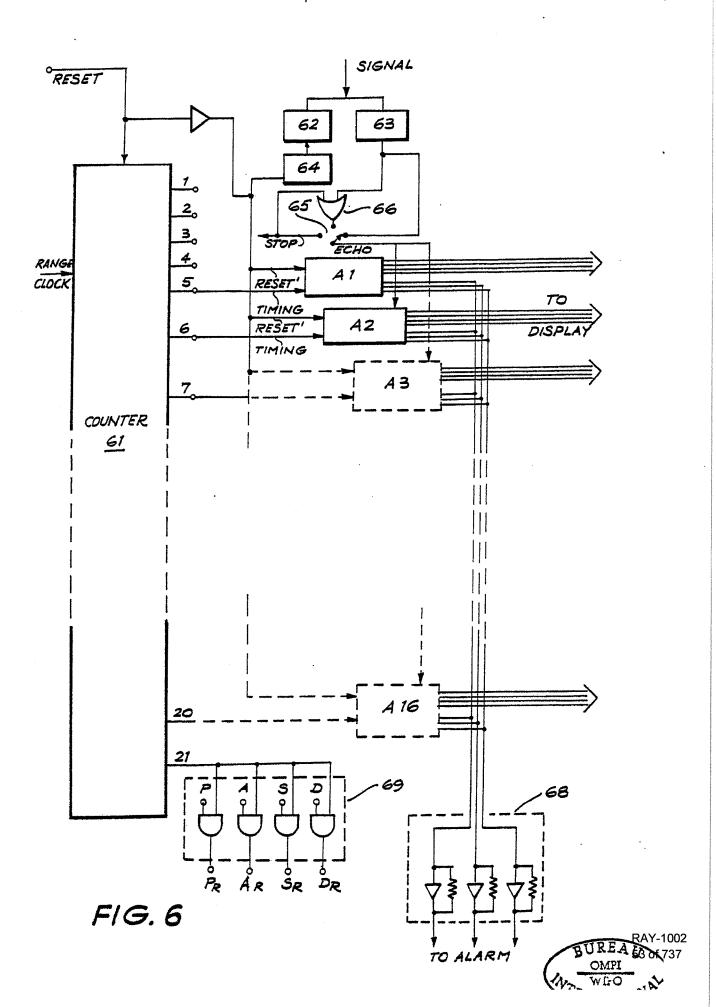


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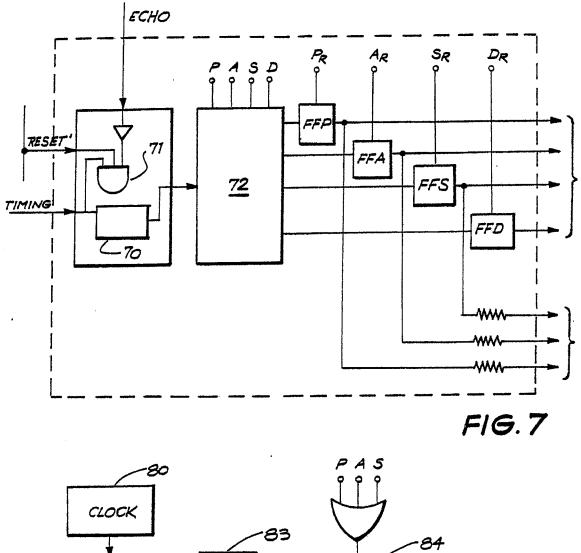
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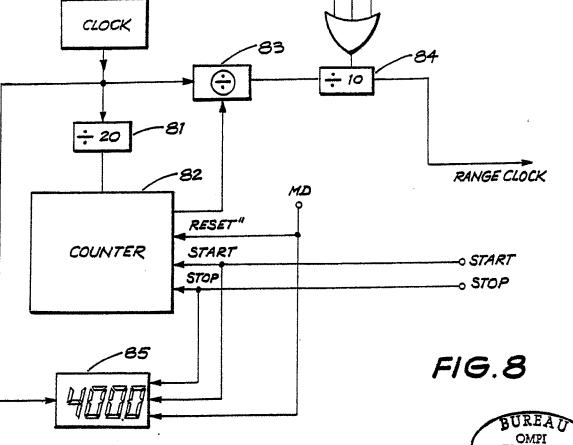


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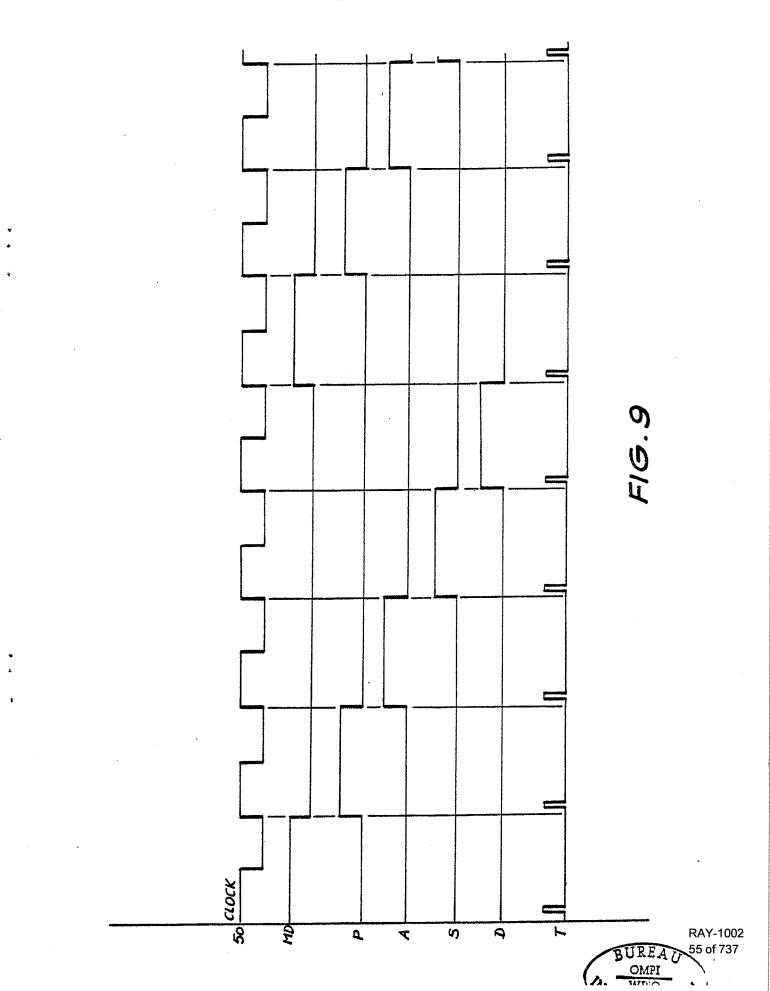
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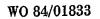


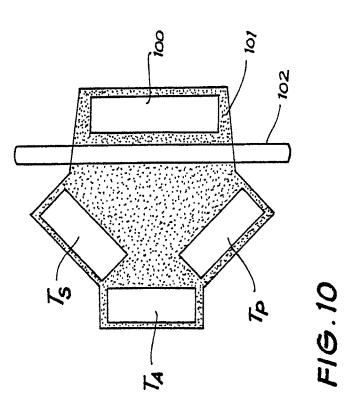
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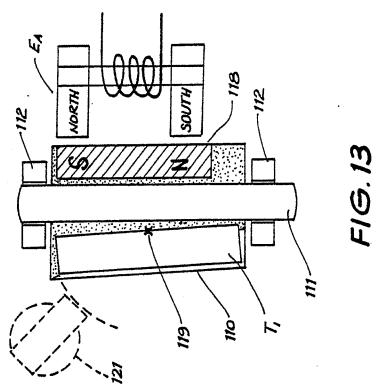
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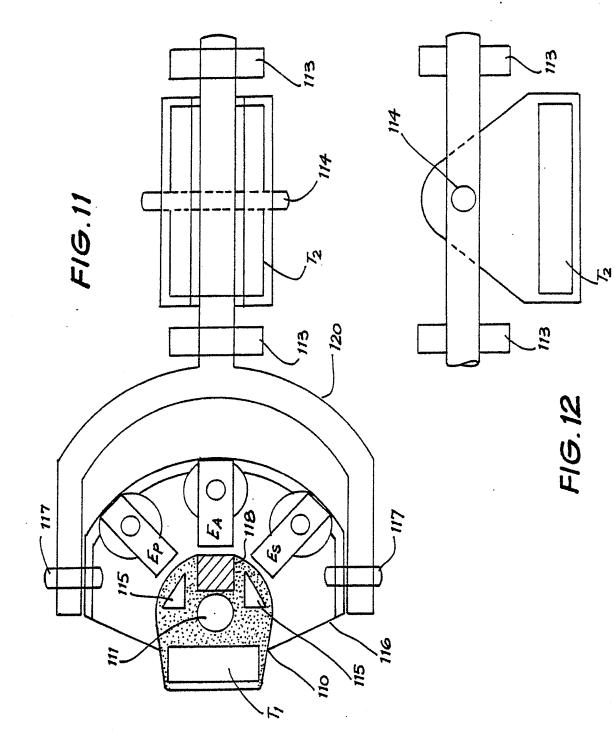






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| V.[] (| OBSERVATIONS WHERE CERTAIN CLAIMS WERE FOUND UNSEARCHABLE 10 | | |
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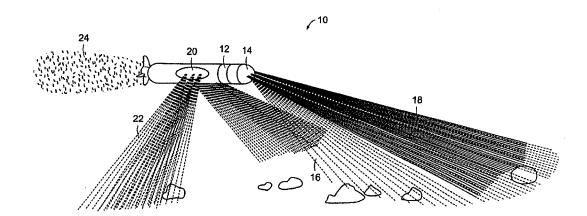
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(54) Title: SONAR BEAMFORMING SYSTEM



(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to sonar beamforming systems and methods, using a forward-looking sonar having transmit and receive transducer arrays with a beamforming device and at least one side-looking sonar having dynamically range-focused beams. The forward-looking sonar provides for obstacle avoidance and undersea survey. The systems include one-dimensional transmit and receive transducer arrays with beamforming electronics, a computing controller such as, for example, a personal computer host controller. The arrays and beamforming electronics can be packaged in a hermetically sealed housing unit and mounted in Unmanned Underwater Vehicles (UUV). The side-looking sonar system includes for example, 32-element, one- dimensional arrays that are mounted on either side of the UUVs. Further, a downward looking Bathymetric sonar may be mounted on the underside of RAY-1002 the vehicle for high-resolution mapping.

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CROSS REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

The present application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application 09/909,141 filed on July 19, 2001 which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application No. 09/828,266 filed on April 6, 2001 which claims priority to U.S.

5 Patent Application No. 60/195,587 filed on April 6, 2000 and U.S. Patent Application No. 09/842,311 filed on April 25, 2001, and a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application No. 08/965,663 filed November 6, 1997 which claims benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/036,837 filed on February 3, 1997, the contents of these applications being incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

10 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

In numerous applications there is a need to perform sonar beamforming operations to acquire spatial information regarding a particular area of interest. Sonar systems make use of sensor arrays to process underwater acoustic signals to determine the location of a noise source. Array processing techniques for isolating received

15 signals are known as beamforming and when the same or analogous principles are applied to focus the transmission of signals, the techniques are referred to as beamsteering. Various systems have been developed to perform such beamforming operations that frequently depend upon the particular applications.

One such application involves undersea search and survey that has various uses such as, but not limited to, terrain mapping and dredging operations. Further, undersea acoustic mine-field reconnaissance and mine hunting applications benefit from high-resolution imaging sonars for clutter rejection, obstacle avoidance, and identification of foreign objects. Currently, the discovery of underwater mines and obstructions is performed by touch in cold, murky water, often at night, under low-

- 25 light conditions. Navy salvage, explosive ordinance disposal, and other military and civilian applications operate in zero-visibility water where "seeing with sound" using unmanned vehicles would make their jobs significantly more efficient and safer. Commercial applications which include, for example, commercial navigation or aiding search and rescue dive teams would benefit from an improvement in imaging
- 30 systems.

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There is still a need for a light-weight, low-power, low-cost, unmanned selfpropelled sonar system for remote undersea imaging or surface imaging.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

- The system and method of the present invention is directed to a sonar imaging system. The system and method of the present invention can be used, for example, in a self-propelled vehicle using a compact, light- weight system with an internal power supply such as batteries supplying power to the system for the duration of a particular imaging operation. One application of the sonar beamforming system is for underwater detection and reconnaissance. In waters up to 150 meters deep it is often
- 10 the most difficult for military and commercial applications, as personnel need to traverse water containing underwater mines and obstructions.

In accordance with a preferred embodiment, the sonar beamforming system and method of the present invention includes, for example, a first beamforming device connected to a first transducer array that transmits and receives signals in a first

- 15 direction and a second beamforming device connected to a second transducer array that transmits and receives signals in a second direction. This system can be used in a forward-looking sonar for obstacle avoidance and undersea survey. The system can include one-dimensional transmit and receive transducer arrays with beamforming electronics, a computing controller such as, for example, a personal computer host
- 20 controller. The arrays and beamforming electronics are packaged in an environmentally or hermetically sealed housing unit and mounted in at least the nose of an Unmanned Underwater Vehicle (UUV) for scanning of underwater objects or surfaces. The system and method of the present invention further includes at least one side-looking sonar, and preferably two side-looking sonars. The side-looking sonar
- 25 system may include 32-element, one-dimensional arrays that are mounted on either side of the UUVs. Further, a downward-looking Bathymetric sonar may be mounted on the underside of the vehicle for high-resolution mapping.

In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the sonar imaging systems such as, for example, the forward-looking scan, the side-looking sonar and downward-looking sonar use charge-domain-processing (CDP) such as charge coupled device (CCD/CMOS) integrated circuits that allow electronic lenses to

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focus reflected energy following detection by a one-dimensional array. The low power attributes of CCD/CMOS technology in beamformers facilitate the use of batteries to provide the life span of missions. Further, beamformers are used to emulate an acoustic lens for the sonar and are made smaller with fewer mechanical

5 parts that are susceptible to failure. Electronic beamformers provide better imaging with minimal or no reflection artifacts.

The foregoing and other features and advantages of the sonar beamforming system and method will be apparent from the following more particular description of preferred embodiments of the system and method as illustrated in the accompanying drawings in which like reference characters refer to the same parts throughout the different views.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Preferred embodiments of the present invention are described with reference to the following drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 is a diagram illustrating a preferred embodiment of a sonar beamforming system in accordance with the present invention;

Figure 2 is a diagram illustrating another preferred embodiment of a sonar beamforming system in accordance with the present invention;

Figure 3 is a block diagram illustrating an electronic focusing sonar imaging system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 4 is a block diagram illustrating a sonar imaging system in accordance with another preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 5 is a block diagram illustrating a flow chart of the image fusion process of the sonar imaging system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 6 is a schematic illustration of transmit and receive beam configurations of the sonar imaging system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention; and

Figure 7 is a graphical illustration of a curvilinear array of a sonar imaging 30 system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. WO 03/009276

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Under water research scientists continue to seek small, low power acoustic sensor technology for transition to an Autonomous Unmanned Vehicle (AUV) or an Unmanned Underwater Vehicle (UUV) such as the Semi-Autonomous Hydrographic
Reconnaissance Vehicle (SAHRV). High resolution is desired for undersea search and survey and to maximize the vehicle's ability to perform target detection and classification. Existing multi-beam forward-looking sonars (FLS) with nominally half-degree resolution and greater than thirty degree field of view need to be improved to provide adequate imaging performance. The present invention is directed to a

- 10 system and method for a sonar beamforming systems such as, for example, AUV's with FLS requiring substantially less power and volume than existing systems. This is accomplished by using programmable, low-power, high-throughput charge-domain-processing technology such as charge coupled devices (CCD/CMOS) integrated circuit technologies for electronic beamforming in conjunction with sonar arrays
- 15 fabricated by, for example, Material Systems Technology (MSI). For example, at a 40 MHz clock rate, the beamformer provides a continuous computation throughput of approximately 10 billion operations per second and a delay update rate of approximately 22 billion bits per second and dissipates less than about 1 Watt of electric power.
- 20 The forward-looking sonar provides the vehicle's operational requirement for obstacle avoidance and search of the bottom area beneath the vehicle that is not covered by an additional side-scan sonar or side-looking sonar (gap-filler sonar). A high frequency multi-element curvilinear receive array is used in conjunction with separate acoustic projectors, one aimed straight ahead for obstacle avoidance and a separate projector aimed at a depression angle suitable for the gap-filler application.

In a preferred embodiment, the existing unfocused side-looking sonar (SLS) in underwater vehicles is replaced with a low power focused sonar. In a second preferred embodiment, a downward-looking sonar (DLS) capable of providing realtime Bathymetric surveys suitable for military and commercial ships to negotiate

30 navigable routes into port is additionally provided. Each of the preferred embodiments of the beamforming systems is based on the CCD/CMOS integrated circuit technologies for electronic beamforming. Card assemblies are designed to

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maximize commonality among the subsystems. Replacing the existing SLS minimizes the power requirements of the suite of sonar sensors and minimizes the impact of the additional sonar sensors on the total vehicle cost.

An example of a low-cost autonomous underwater vehicle (AUV) for coastal 5 monitoring and multiple vehicle survey operations is the Remote Environmental Monitoring UnitS (REMUS). In a preferred embodiment the vehicle is approximately 53 inches long with a body diameter of about 7.5 inches, although the length may be increased to support any reasonable payload. The AUV is neutrally buoyant, preferably weighing, without limitation, only 68 pounds in air, and is powered by

10 sealed lead acid batteries. The vehicle can be operated in fresh or salt water. Because the preferred embodiment of the AUV is so small, it can be easily transported, launched and recovered from a small vessel and special handling equipment is not required.

Although small in size, the AUV vehicle is configured to support a variety of sensor packages. The vehicle has a conductivity/temperature/depth (CTD) sensor system and an optical backscatter sensor on board. Telemetry data provides time of day, depth, heading, and a geographic fix for the data.

Another preferred embodiment of the AUV includes a longer version of REMUS with an acoustic Doppler current profiler and Global Positioning System
(GPS). Additional personal computer slots such as, for example, PC-104 slots and RS-232 ports are available for user-designed payloads.

In a preferred embodiment, the AUV has three motors forward of the propeller. The propulsion assembly is optimized to provide 1.5 pounds of thrust at a forward speed of four knots. At this speed a 40-nautical-mile track can be completed

25 in 10 hours. A preferred embodiment of the AUV runs from a 24-volt power supply and draws approximately 32 watts while maneuvering through the ocean, enabling the vehicle to operate at four knots for 14 hours.

In a preferred embodiment the AUV control computer is based on PC-104 technology, a small form factor version of the common IBM-PC hardware. The

30 Central Processing Unit (CPU) is housed in a custom motherboard, and has eight 12bit analog to digital channels, input/output ports, power supplies, and other interface circuitry. Internally, the AUV runs at least one operating system program such as, for WO 03/009276

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example, a DOS program written in C++ language that executes out of an autoexec.bat file. The vehicle user interface may run on a laptop computer.

A preferred embodiment of the AUV possesses an acoustical system with a digital signal processor. A receiving array of four hydrophones is located in the nose,

5 and on the bottom is a hydrophone sensor that can both transmit and receive. To determine its position, the AUV transmits a coded ping to a transponder and listens for a reply. The range and bearing of the reply allows the AUV to determine its location. The AUV can be programmed to interrogate a plurality of transponders, approaching each transponder by minimizing the range. When the range to a

10 transponder is below a predetermined threshold, the vehicle then listens on a different channel for the next transponder and approaches it using the same technique. By setting the transponders once using GPS, a known track line may be followed on subsequent imaging operations. This system be used to autonomously dock the vehicle.

In a preferred embodiment, the specifications of the AUV are described in Table 1 as follows:

| Parameter | Approximate Dimensions |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Length | 53 inches (1.3) |
| Beam | 5.5 feet |
| Diameter | 7.5 inches (19.1cm) |
| Maximum Operating Depth | 492 feet (150m) |
| Gross Weight | 68 lbs. in the air, neutrally |
| | buoyant in water |
| Dive Duration | 14 hours at 4 knots |
| Propulsion | Three motors; one direct drive |
| | thruster and sprocket driven |
| | rudder, two pitch motors, and |
| | one stem propeller |
| Power requirements | 24-volt supply, 32 watts while |
| - | maneuvering at 4 knots |
| Power Source | Rechargeable lead acid |
| | batteries |

Table 1

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Figure 1 is a diagram illustrating a preferred embodiment of a sonar beamforming system 10 as implemented in an AUV in accordance with the present invention. The system 10 includes a forward-looking sonar (FLS) 14 having forwardlooking sonar transmit beams 16 and forward-looking sonar receive beams 18. The following are exemplary values for the forward-looking sonar:

| Table | 2 |
|-------|---|
|-------|---|

| Parameter | Approximate Dimensions | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Operating frequency | 500KHz – 1.2MHz | |
| Beam resolution | < 1 degree | |
| Field of view | > 30 degrees | |
| Number of elements | Minimum of 128, preferably 128 or 192 | |
| Aperture | >14 cm | |
| Element pitch | (0.5 lambda) | |
| Image ranges | 3 to 5, 10, 20, 40 or 60 m | |
| Independent beams | 64 | |
| Range resolution | < 1 cm | |

The forward-looking sonar has a capability of at least 0.5° azimuth resolution, 30° Field of View (FOV); and reducing volume and power requirements by about one third such as, for example, 700 cubic inches and a range of 25 to 100 watts.

In a preferred embodiment, the forward-looking sonar comprises bistatic transducer arrays, preamplification and beamforming electronics and a commercially available computer. Further, an industry-standard personal computer such as PC-104 computer and a high speed serial bus such as, for example, without limitation,

Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (IEEE) 1394 or Universal Serial Bus (USB) 2.0 peripheral interface provide for data collection and archiving of the data generated by the front-end beamforming electronics. The IEEE 1394 data transport bus supports both asynchronous and isochronous data. In another preferred embodiment, a parallel interface such as a peripheral component interconnect (PCI)
may be used.

The system further includes at least one side-looking sonar (SLS) 20, and preferably two side scan or SLS sonars. Exemplary values of the side-looking sonar are as follows:

15

| Parameter | Approximate Dimensions |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| Range | 2 m – 50 m |
| Aperture | > 40 cm |
| Frequency | 500 KHz – 1 MHz |
| Beam width | < 1 degree |
| Cross-range resolution | < 0.2 m |

Table 3

In a preferred embodiment, the side-looking scan or sonar consists of two multi-element receive arrays, preamplification and a single beamforming integrated circuit to realize a dynamically range-focused side-looking sonar system. The arrays, in a preferred embodiment, have 32 elements and are sized to have a vertical beamwidth of +/-30 degrees. A common aperture may be used for both the transmitter and receiver.

Another preferred embodiment includes multi-mode arrays such as, for example a first search and detection mode and a second high resolution target 10 recognition mode. The beamformer is integrated with onboard processing which enables automatic obstacle detection and target recognition.

The beamforming system focuses signals received from an image point onto a transducer array. By inserting proper delays in a beamformer to align wavefronts that are propagating in a particular direction, signals arriving from the direction of interest are added coherently, while those from other directions do not add coherently or cancel. However, as the array is scanning

through the imaging plane, there are three difficult implementation issues: first, each delay line has to be long enough to compensate for the path differences of a large linear array; second, the delay value has to be adjusted

20 periodically for proper beam steering; and finally, the long round-trip delays when performing long-range imaging must be processed in parallel to provide reasonable display update rates. Ideally, the time-of-flight from the radiation source to the focal point can be calculated at every clock cycle for every channel from multiple directions of arrival in parallel. In a conventional implementation, separate electronic circuitry is necessary for each beam; for a multi-beam system, the resulting electronics rapidly become both bulky and

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costly as the number of beams increases. A single-chip multiple beamforming processor based on a time-multiplexed delay generation architecture is used in a preferred embodiment of the present invention. The integrated circuit combines programmable delays with a sequentially addressable digital delay selection resulting in a compact, low-power implementation of a multiple beamforming processor.

A delay-and-sum beamformer allows a transducer array to "look" for signals propagating in a particular direction. By adjusting the delays associated with each element of the array, the array's look direction can be electronically steered toward the source of radiation. The multi-beamforming chip consists of N parallel beamforming modules, a summing circuit and a Finite-Impulse-Response (FIR) filter. Within each module, there is a sampling circuit, a programmable delay line, an apodization multiplier and a bank of delay controls that are addressable sequentially. The delay control can be a real-time "time-of-flight" (TOF) computing circuit. Further, the

15 can be a real-time "time-of-flight" (TOF) computing circuit. Further, the arrays may be built directly on the hulls of the vehicles and then encapsulated as a single unit. This simplifies the fabrication process and minimizes, and preferably eliminates the need for expensive electrical feed through. Preamplifiers may optionally be incorporated in the encapsulation.

20 Acoustic communication devices 24 which are preferably steerable are also included in the system 10. These arrays may be fabricated by, for example, Material Systems Technology (MSI). Thus, the system 10 includes the integrated arrays – forward-looking sonar (FLS), side-looking sonar (SLS), and acoustic communication devices.

Figure 2 is a diagram illustrating another preferred embodiment of a sonar beamforming system 40 in accordance with the present invention. This system 40 includes a forward-looking sonar 44 having forward-looking sonar transmit beams 48 and forward-looking sonar receive beams 50. In addition, the system 40 has two side scan sonars 46. Further acoustic communication devices 54 which are preferably

30 steerable are also present in this preferred embodiment of the system. At least one identification sonar 60 or a downward-looking Bathymetric Sonar is also mounted on the underside of the vehicle that transmits beam 58 and receives beams 56. This

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Bathymetric sonar 60 is a downward-looking sonar (DLS) for high-resolution terrain mapping and object identification. In a preferred embodiment, the sonar 60 can include bistatic or alternatively monostatic transducer arrays.

In a preferred embodiment, the downward-looking sonar 60 is made with a similar construction as the forward-looking sonar and is housed in its own replaceable hull section. This allows the UUV to adapt to imaging operation requirements by adding payload sections as needed. The downward-looking sonar is cylindrically shaped and is conformed to the vehicle hull. As it is preferably, but without limitation, housed in its own section, the surfaces of the arrays are flush with the hull

as there is no mechanical interference with the on-board systems. The arrays thus are conformal and are not appendages protruding from the vehicle that can be damaged during deployment, operation or retrieval. The downward-looking sonar array preferably includes, but is not limited to, a single element projector to provide the illumination for a 128-element receiver array 58. The 128 elements may be each
 spaced a distance of 0.5λ apart to minimize grating lobes.

In a preferred embodiment, the FLS is housed in a replaceable nose cone, the SLS is conformed on a hull section of the vehicle and the DLS is fabricated in its own hull section.

Figure 3 is a block diagram illustrating an electronic focusing sonar imaging system 70 in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. Signals such as transducer signal 74 and output signals 76 form the input to a low noise preamplifier 72 having time-gain control. The output of the preamplifier 72 forms the input into a sampling subsystem 80. The output of the sampler forms the input to programmable delays 82 associated with beamsteering and focusing

- 25 functions, the output of which forms an input into a weighting subsystem 84. The outputs of the weighting function are then summed in a summer 86. In a preferred embodiment the sampler 80, the programmable delays 82, the weighting function 84 and summer 86 functions are integrated on a single chip which accomplishes beamforming, preferably using a charge-domain-processing (CDP) structure. A
- 30 preferred implementation of a beamforming device using CDP technology, including a programmable tapped delay line structure, is described in a co-pending PCT International Application Number PCT/US98/02291, filed on 3 February 1998, by

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Jeffrey Gilbert, Alice Chiang, and Steven Broadstone, the entire contents of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

In a CDP circuit, sampled information is represented by analog charge packets. If the information is accurate to 10-bit words, instead of representing it by 10 separate

- 5 digital bits, each charge packet represents a 10-bit value and these charge packets can be manipulated at a high speed with a high level of accuracy, for example, approximately 10-bit, in a very small chip area. The CCDs of the present invention have a charge sensing method that eliminates clock feed-through. Furthermore, a charge domain multiplier that maintains the output accuracy to more than 8-bits is
- 10 also included. The CCD signal processors have an output dynamic range of at least 60 dB. The CDP technology used in the systems of the present invention combine high speed, low-power charge-domain units with conventional CMOS digital control and memory circuits.

The output of the summer 86 forms the input to a demodulator 88, whose output is manipulated in a square law function 90. The output of the square law function 90 forms the input of a display 92 such as a monitor. Post processing reformats data to then be displayed on a monitor.

Figure 4 is a block diagram illustrating a sonar imaging system 100 in
accordance with another preferred embodiment of the present invention. The imaging
system 100 includes a front-end 102 which interfaces with a back-end host computer
104. The front-end electronics including the beamformer is mounted on small-sized
printed circuit boards that can be completely housed in the nose of the UUV, for
example. The output of the back-end provides the input to a display system 108 or is
downloaded via ethernet to a display platform.

25 The front-end 102 of the system 100 is an integration of many subsystems. A waveform transmit function 112 forms an input to a transmitter 114 which in turn transmits waveforms to a target image 106. An array 116 is received at the front-end 102 from the target image and is then processed in the front-end. The array in a preferred embodiment is a one-dimensional array. The processing signals of the

30 received array begins with preamplification in a low noise preamplifier 118 having time-gain control. The output of the preamplifier 118 forms the input into a beamforming function 124, preferably using CDP. A memory device 122 interfaces

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with the preamplifier 118 and the beamformer 124. The memory device 122 may be a single memory device or plurality of memory devices. Such a memory device may be, but is not limited to, a random access memory, read-only memory, floppy disk memory, hard drive memory, extended memory, magnetic tape memory, zip drive

- 5 memory and/or any device that stores digital information. A front-end host interface processing module or controller 120 interfaces with the memory 122. The controller 120 may be a single processing device or a plurality of processing devices. Such a processing device may be a microprocessor, microcomputer, digital signal processor, central processing unit of a computer or work station, digital circuitry, state machine,
- 10 and/or any device that manipulates signals, for example, analog and/or digital, based on operational instructions. It should be noted that when the processing module implements one or more functions, via a state machine or logic circuitry, the memory storing the corresponding operational instructions is embedded within the circuitry comprising the state machine or logic circuitry. A standard interface such as, for
- 15 example, a high-speed serial bus IEEE 1394/Firewire chip set 126 interfaces with both the host interface controller 120 and the memory 122.

Thus, in a preferred embodiment, the forward-looking sonar is comprised of bistatic transducer arrays, preamplification and beamforming electronics and a commercially available computer. An industry-standard personal computer such as

20 PC-104 computer and a high-speed serial bus such as IEEE 1394 peripheral interface provide for data collection and archiving of the data generated by the front-end beamforming electronics. The PC-104 computer and its disc driver, memories, input/output, the high-speed serial bus (IEEE 1394) interface are integrated into a hermetically sealed portion of the AUV or UUV. Data is retrieved by connecting

through a standard Ethernet interface mounted on the body of the vehicle.

The back-end 104 includes a microprocessor 130 that sends inputs to an Interface chip (IEEE 1394) 134 and then to a buffer 128 and a post signal processor 132. The Firewire (IEEE 1394) chip set 126 in the front-end 102 interfaces with the interface chip set 134 in the back-end through an interface 110. The back-end

30 preferably includes a receiving parallel data bus interface, for example, PCI or a serial bus interface, for example, a Firewire chip set 134. The buffer 128 interfaces with the post signal processor 132. Further details regarding interface structure can be found

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in U.S. Application No. 09/791,491 filed on February 22, 2001, the entire contents of which is incorporated herein by reference.

The output of the back-end 104 forms the input into a display 108 such as at least, without limitation, a monitor, a video recorder and/or a digitizer. The system of the present invention permits real-time analysis of data to assess the images as well as permits data analysis via post collection.

Figure 5 is a block diagram illustrating a flow chart of the image fusion process 150 of the sonar imaging system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. Data from at least one side scan 152 are meshed with

- 10 forward scan data 156 derived from a forward-looking scan such as described with respect to Figures 1 and 2. This data from the side scan and the forward scan are first normalized or scaled in a normalizing process 158. The process of normalization addresses spatial resolution. This normalization process is preferably performed, without limitation, on a standard personal computer platform. The fan shaped data is
- 15 then meshed in an image fusion process 160. The data fusion process enables multisensor target classification and identification. The data fusion process may be accomplished, without limitation, using commercial products which provide threedimensional rendering of data that is stacked such as, for example, 3D EchoTech that is provided commercially by EchoTech.
- Figure 6 is a schematic illustration of transmit and receive beam configurations of the sonar imaging system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. The forward-looking sonar scan 172 includes at least one transmit beam 174, and preferably multiple receive beams. The receive beams are discrete beams such as, for example, beam 176.
 - Figure 7 is a graphical illustration 190 of a curvilinear array of a sonar imaging system in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. The FLS curvilinear receive array has a center frequency between 500 Hz to 1 MHz with 192 elements.

The performance of the FLS is a function of the array's design frequency and aperture. The aperture is limited by the diameter of the vehicle, which may be 7.5 inches. In a preferred embodiment, a curvilinear array with approximately a 3.125inch radius is recommended. This radius allows the array to be encapsulated in a

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protective cover to protect against damage if the vehicle impacts an obstacle during an imaging operation. For this radius of curvature, the 3dB beam width, or azimuth resolution in degrees, is determined by the arrays center frequency (Fo) and number of elements spaced at one-half wavelength spacing ($\lambda/2$).

5 In another preferred embodiment of the system of the present invention, the FLS curve linear receive array has a center frequency of 750 KHz with 128 elements, and a 3 inch radius of curvature. The transmit projector consists of a single element looking ahead for obstacle avoidance and a three element transmit array looking forward and downward for gap filling and navigation. The three-element projector 10 array may be three discrete wide beam elements or a three element curved array.

The arrays consist of full-scale receiver and projector arrays mounted on a pressure plate and encapsulated in ρ -c polyurethane. A simple hemispherical shape is used in a preferred embodiment for the outer shape of the array. In yet preferred another embodiment of the present invention, the sonars are mounted on a pivotable mechanism to provide a sonar that provides for forward scan and side scans.

The system of the present invention is contemplated to have at least two modes of operation– an identification mode which provides a zoom capability and a detection mode which allows for a survey with a large range for scanning. The detection mode operates at a lower frequency as compared with the identification

20 mode such as, for example, but not limited to, 500 KHz. This provides a longer range for scanning in the detection mode. The frequency is at least doubled for the identification mode and allows a zoom function. Thus a frequency shift allows for the two modes or operation.

The following table details an exemplary power estimate (Wattage/size) in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the system of the present invention:

Table 5

PC HOST CONTROLLER SUBSYSTEM Processor: P133 with up to 128MB Memory and Mass Storage Power requirements: 10W (effective), estimated size: 3.5 x 2 x 6 inch

BEAMFORMING ELECTRONICS SUBSYSTEM

FLS power requirements (192 channels): 11 W (effective), estimated size: 9 x 6 x 1 inch

SLS power requirement (32 channels): 4 W (effective), estimated size: 3 x 6 x 1 inch

TRANSMITTER SUBSYSTEM FLS power requirements: 2.5 W (effective)

SLS power requirements: ~5 W (effective)

A preferred embodiment of the system includes the following design criteria:

SLS gap = +/-6m

Typical mission duration 8 to 10 hours

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For range resolution = 5.25 in. (match SLS); 64 x 256 class image covers 10m.

Frame rate = 1 image/second (AUV speed = 2 m/second)

-44m. (16 Kbyte file); Azimuth resolution = 0.7° range/64; 9hr mission raw data file

= 531 Mbytes.

Further preferred embodiments of the present invention provide mean and long range forward-looking sonar performance, short range focusing of the forwardlooking sonar for high resolution classification, three-dimensional imaging with the forward-looking sonar, side-looking sonar with emphasis on short range focusing to minimize gap width, downward-looking sonar to define resolution and corridor width limitations for bathymetric surveys and downward-looking sonar three-dimensional

15 imaging capabilities to evaluate image skew, and near field focusing update rate requirements.

It should be understood that the programs, processes, methods and systems described herein are not related or limited to any particular type of computer or network system (hardware or software), unless indicated otherwise. Various types of general purpose or specialized computer systems may be used with or perform

operations in accordance with the teachings described herein.

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In view of the wide variety of embodiments to which the principles of the present invention can be applied, it should be understood that the illustrated embodiments are exemplary only, and should not be taken as limiting the scope of the present invention. For example, the steps of the flow diagrams may be taken in

5 sequences other than those described, and more or fewer elements may be used in the block diagrams. While various elements of the preferred embodiments have been described as being implemented in software, other embodiments in hardware or firmware implementations may alternatively be used, and vice-versa.

It will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that methods involved in the sonar beamforming system and method may be embodied in a computer program product that includes a computer usable medium. For example, such a computer usable medium can include a readable memory device, such as, a hard drive device, a CD-ROM, a DVD-ROM, or a computer diskette, having computer readable program code segments stored thereon. The computer readable medium can also include a

15 communications or transmission medium, such as, a bus or a communications link, either optical, wired, or wireless having program code segments carried thereon as digital or analog data signals.

The claims should not be read as limited to the described order or elements unless stated to that effect. Therefore, all embodiments that come within the scope

20 and spirit of the following claims and equivalents thereto are claimed as the invention.

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CLAIMS

What is claimed:

- A sonar beamforming system, comprising in combination:
 a first sonar directed in a first direction, the first sonar having transmit and receive transducer arrays and a first beamforming device; and
- at least one sonar directed in a second direction, the at least one sonar having multi-element arrays and a second beamforming device.
- 2. The system of claim 1, wherein the first sonar is a forward-looking sonar which scans in a direction forward of a vehicle.
- 3. The system of claim 1, wherein the at least one sonar is a side-looking sonar which scans in a direction that is orthogonal to the first sonar.
 - 4. The system of claim 1, further comprising a third sonar which is a downwardlooking sonar for high-resolution terrain mapping and object identification, the third sonar scans in a direction orthogonal to both the first and the at least one sonar.
- 15 5. The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the first sonar and at least one sonar are mounted on a pivotable motorized array.
 - 6. The system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the first sonar and the at least one sonar include multi-mode arrays for at least a detection mode and an identification mode.
- 20 7. The system of claim 1, wherein the system further comprises multi-element acoustic communication receive arrays.
 - 8. The system of claim 1, further comprising at least one processor in communication with the first and second beamforming device.

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- 9. The system of claim 1, wherein the first sonar comprises a plurality of bistatic transducer arrays.
- 10. The system of claim 1, wherein the first and the second beamforming device comprises a plurality of charge coupled device delay lines.
- 5 11. The system of claim 1, further comprising a memory circuit connected to the first and the second beamforming device.
 - 12. The system of claim 1, further comprising a Firewire interface connected to an interface controller and the processor.
 - The system of claim 12, wherein the interface controller is in communication with a memory circuit.

14. A water craft, comprising in combination at least one of:

a first sonar directed in a first direction that is forward-looking, the first sonar having a transmit and receive transducer array and a beamforming device; and

a second sonar directed in a second direction that is orthogonal to the first sonar, the second sonar having multi-element arrays and a beamforming device.

- 15. The water craft of claim 14, further comprising a third sonar scanning in a third direction that is downward-looking for high resolution terrain mapping and object identification, the third sonar having a transmit and receive transducer array and a beamforming device.
- 16. The water craft of claim 14, wherein at least one of the first sonar and at least one second sonar are mounted on a pivotable motorized array.

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- 17. The water craft of claim 14, wherein at least one of the first sonar and the second sonar include multi-mode arrays for at least a detection mode and an identification mode.
- 18. The water craft of claim 14, wherein the system further comprises multi-element acoustic communication receive arrays.
 - The water craft of claim 14, further comprising at least one processor in communication with the beamforming device.
 - 20. The water craft of claim 14, wherein the second sonar is a side-looking sonar.

21. The water craft of claim 14, wherein the first sonar comprises a plurality ofbistatic transducer arrays.

- 22. The water craft of claim 14, wherein the beamforming device comprises a plurality of charge coupled device delay lines.
- 23. The water craft of claim 14, further comprising a memory circuit connected to the beamforming device.
- 15 24. The water craft of claim 14, further comprising a Firewire interface connected to an interface controller and the processor.
 - 25. The water craft of claim 24, wherein the interface controller is in communication with a memory circuit.
 - 26. A sonar scanning in a first direction comprising in combination:

a bistatic transducer array having a first transmit transducer array and a second receive transducer array;

- a beamforming device; and
- a processing unit.

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- 27. The sonar of claim 26, wherein the beamforming device comprises a plurality of charge coupled device delay lines.
- 28. The sonar of claim 26, wherein the beamforming device comprises a sampling circuit connected to a programmable delay circuit, a weighting circuit and a summing circuit.
- 29. The sonar of claim 26, further comprising a memory circuit connected to the beamforming device.
- 30. The sonar of claim 29, further comprising an interface controller connected to the memory circuit.
- 10 31. The sonar of claim 30, further comprising a Firewire interface connected to the interface controller and the memory circuit, the Firewire interface communicating with the processing unit.
 - 32. The sonar of claim 26, wherein the sonar scans in one of three orthogonal directions such as in a direction forward of a device.
- 15 33. A method for forming an integrated image comprising the steps of:

obtaining array signals from a first sonar directed in a first direction that is forward-looking;

obtaining array signals from at least one second sonar scanning in a second direction orthogonal to the first sonar;

normalizing the array signals from the first sonar and the at least one second sonar to generate normalized data; and

fusing the normalized data to generate an image.

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34. An underwater unmanned vehicle system comprising in combination:
 a first sonar scanning in a first direction, the first sonar having a transmit
 and receive transducer array and a beamforming device; and
 at least one sonar having a second transducer array and a beamforming
 device, the at least one sonar scanning in a second direction.

- 35. The system of claim 34, further comprising a third sonar for high-resolution terrain and object identification, the third sonar scanning in a third direction orthogonal to the first direction and the second direction.
- 36. The system of claim 34, wherein at least one of the first sonar and the at leastone sonar are mounted on a pivotable motorized array.
 - 37. The system of claim 34, wherein at least one of the first sonar and the sonar include multi-mode arrays for at least a detection mode and an identification mode.

38. The system of claim 34, wherein the system further comprises multi-elementacoustic communication receive arrays.

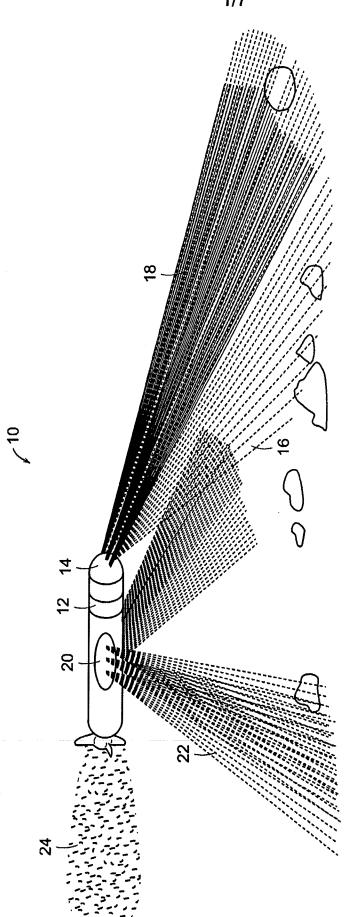
- 39. The system of claim 34, wherein the beamforming device further comprises a plurality of charge domain delay lines.
- 40. The system of claim 34, wherein the beamforming device comprises a sampling circuit connected to a programmable delay circuit, a weighting circuit, and a summing circuit.
- 41. The system of claim 34, further comprising a memory circuit connected to the beamforming device.
- 42. The system of claim 41, further comprising an interface controller connected to the memory circuit.

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43. The system of claim 42, further comprising a Firewire interface connected to the interface controller and the memory circuit, the Firewire interface communicating with a central processor.

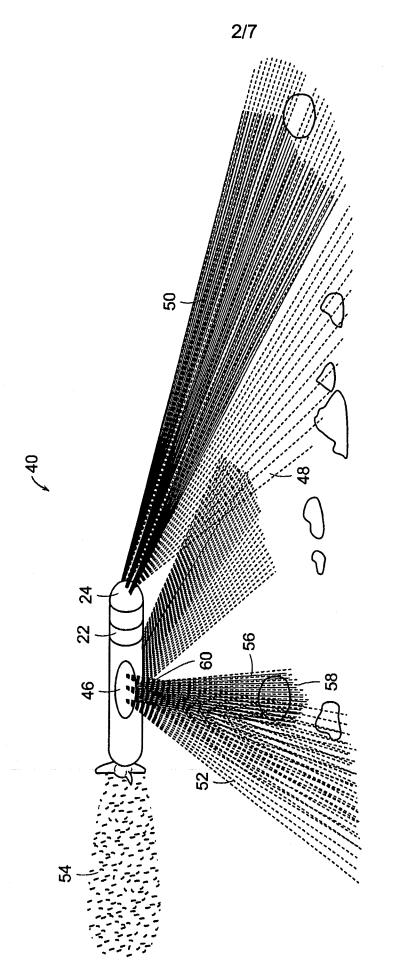
44. The system of claim 34, wherein the beamforming device comprises a charge domain delay line.

45. The system of claim 44, further comprising a plurality of charge coupled device delay lines, each delay line having a programmable tap selection circuit.



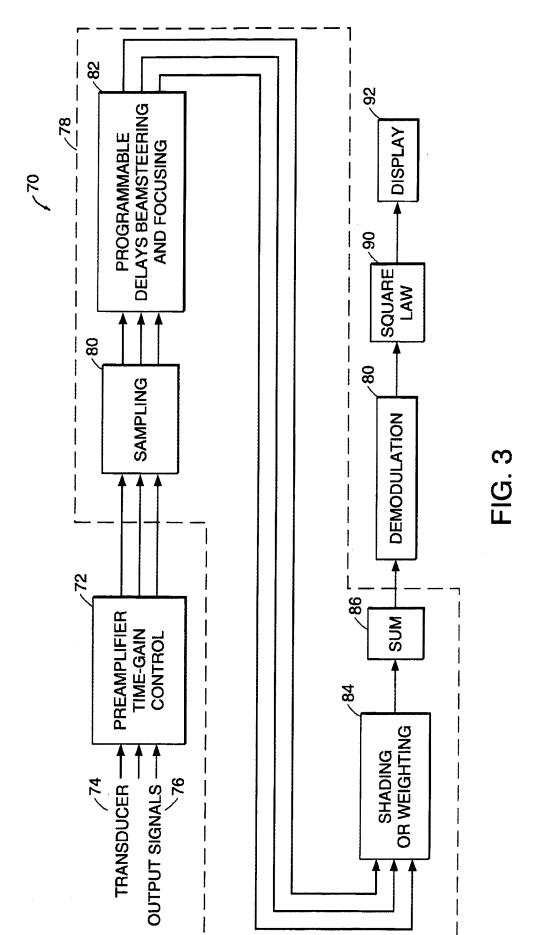


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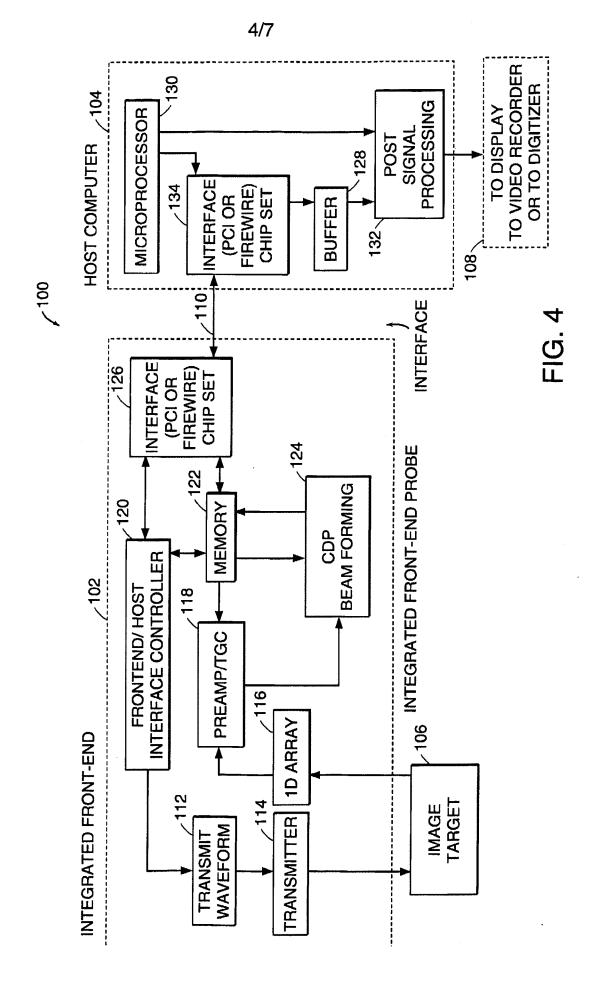




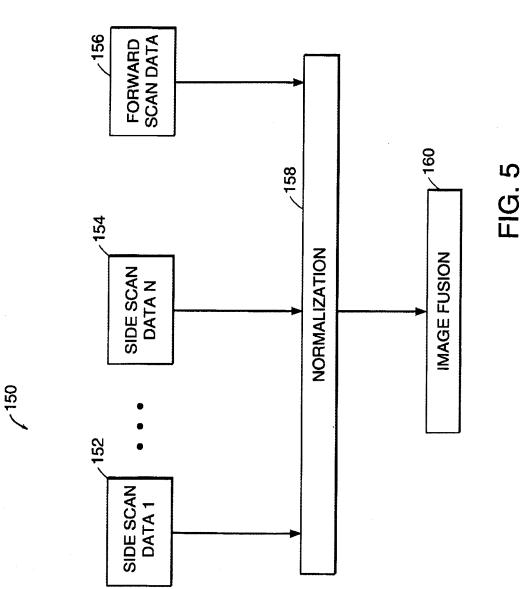
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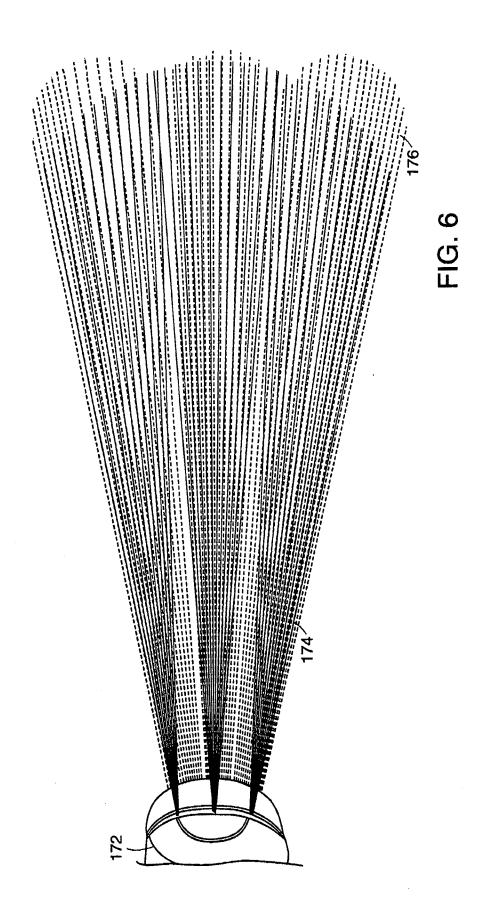
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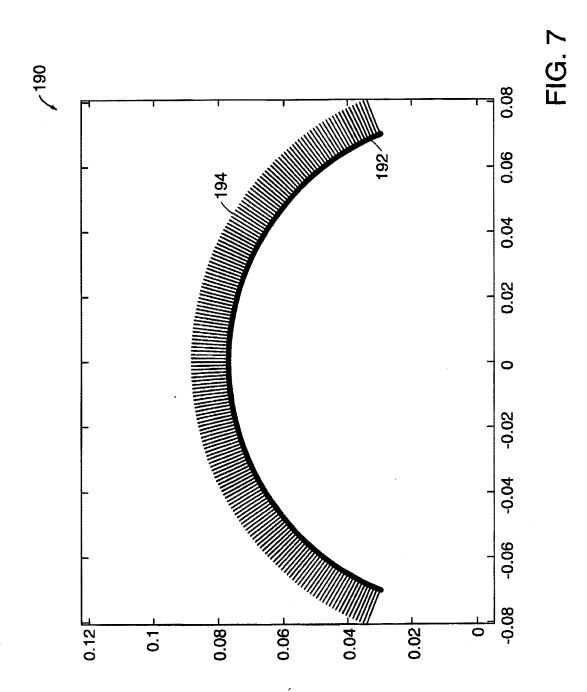


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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US05/27436

| A. CLAS IPC: | | | | | | | |
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| USPC: 367/88 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC | | | | | | | |
| rooording to | | | | | | | |
| B. FIEL | DS SEARCHED | | <u></u> | | | | |
| | cumentation searched (classification system followed b 57/88, 92, 188 | y classification symbols) | | | | | |
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| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where a | ppropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. | | | | |
| Y | US 5,390,152 A (BOUCHER et al) 14 February 199: | 5 (14.02.1995), see Fig. 2 | 1-24 | | | | |
| Y | US 4,216,537 A (DELIGNIERES) 05 August 1980 (| 05.08.1980), see Figs. 1 and 2 | 1-24 | | | | |
| Y | US 4,879,697 A (LOWRANCE et al) 07 November | 1989 (07.11.1989), see Figs. 1-4 | 1-24 | | | | |
| Y | US 4,970,700 A (GILMOUR et al) 13 November 199 | 90 (13.11.1990), see Figs. 9-11 | 1-24 | | | | |
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| Y | US 4,207,620 A (MORGERA) 10 June 1980 (10.06. | 1980), see entire document | 1-24 | | | | |
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| Further | documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. | See patent family annex. | | | | | |
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| | iling address of the ISA/US I Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US | Authorized officer | | | | | |
| Con | missioner for Patents | Ian J. Lobo VITU | | | | | |
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PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter I of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Rule 44bis)

| Applicant's or agent's file reference J285.13-3 | FOR FURTHER ACTION | See item 4 below | |
|---|--|--|--|
| International application No. PCT/US2005/027436 | International filing date (<i>day/month/year</i>) 02 August 2005 (02.08.2005) | Priority date (<i>day/month/year</i>) 02 August 2004 (02.08.2004) | |
| International Patent Classification (8t See relevant information in Form F | h edition unless older edition indicated) PCT/ISA/237 | | |
| Applicant JOHNSON OUTDOORS INC. | | | |

| 1. | This international preliminary report on patentability (Chapter I) is issued by the International Bureau on behalf of the International Searching Authority under Rule 44 <i>bis</i> .1(a). | | | | | | | | |
|----|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2. | This REPORT consists of a total of 5 sheets, including this cover sheet. | | | | | | | | |
| | | ence to the written opinion of the International Searching Authority should be read as a reference report on patentability (Chapter I) instead. | | | | | | | |
| 3. | This report contains indications | relating to the following items: | | | | | | | |
| | Box No. I | Basis of the report | | | | | | | |
| | Box No. II | Priority | | | | | | | |
| | Box No. III | Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability | | | | | | | |
| | Box No. IV | Lack of unity of invention | | | | | | | |
| | Box No. V | Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement | | | | | | | |
| | Box No. VI | Certain documents cited | | | | | | | |
| | Box No. VII | Certain defects in the international application | | | | | | | |
| | Box No. VIII | Certain observations on the international application | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

4. The International Bureau will communicate this report to designated Offices in accordance with Rules 44*bis*.3(c) and 93*bis*.1 but not, except where the applicant makes an express request under Article 23(2), before the expiration of 30 months from the priority date (Rule 44*bis*.2).

| | Date of issuance of this report 06 December 2007 (06.12.2007) | |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland | Authorized officer Nora Lindner | |
| Facsimile No. +41 22 338 82 70 | e-mail: pt02.pct@wipo.int | RAY-1002 91 of 737 |

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

| From the INTERNA | TIONAL SEARC | HING AUTHO | ORITY | | |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| To: DAVID R. FAIRBAIRN KINNEY & LANGE, P.A. KINNEY & LANGE BUILDING 312 SOUTH THIRD STREET | | PCT WRITTEN OPINION OF THE | | | |
| MINNEA | POLIS, MN 554 | 15-1002 | | INTERNATI | ONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY |
| | | | | • | (PCT Rule 43bis.1) |
| | | | | Date of mailing (day/month/year) | 2 0 NOV 2007 |
| | t's or agent's file r | eference | | FOR FURTHER | ACTION See paragraph 2 below |
| J285.13-3 | | | | <u> </u> | |
| | nal application No |). | International filing date | | Priority date (day/month/year) |
| PCT/US0 | | | 02 August 2005 (02.08.2 r both national classificat | | 02 August 2004 (02.08.2004) |
| | | • • | | ion and IPC | |
| | G01S 15/89(200) 367/88 | 6.01) G01S 15/ | /00(2006.01) | | |
| Applicant | | | . | | |
| 1 | N OUTDOORS, I | NC. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 1. This e | opinion contains i | ndications relat | ting to the following item | 15: | |
| | Box No. I | Basis of the | opinion | | |
| | Box No. II | Priority | | | |
| | Box No. III | | - | gard to novelty, inve | ntive step and industrial applicability |
| | Box No. IV | Lack of unity | of invention | | |
| | Box No. V | | tement under Rule 43 <i>bis</i> citations and explanatio | | o novelty, inventive step or industrial tatement |
| | Box No. VI | Certain docu | ments cited | | |
| | Box No. VII | Certain defec | ets in the international ap | plication | |
| \square | Box No. VIII | | rvations on the internatio | | |
| | THER ACTIO | N | | | |
| If a d Intern Autho | lemand for international Preliminational Prelimination | ational prelimin ry Examining is one to be th | Authority ("IPEA") ex | cept that this does IPEA has notified th | be considered to be a written opinion of the not apply where the applicant chooses an the International Bureau under Rule $66.1bis(b)$ ered. |
| IPEA of For | a written reply to rm PCT/ISA/220 | gether, where or before the ex | appropriate, with amend piration of 22 months from the second se | ments, before the ex | PEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the piration of 3 months from the date of mailing whichever expires later. |
| For fu | irther options, see | Form PUT/ISA | V220. | | |
| 3. For fu | urther details, see 1 | notes to Form I | PCT/ISA/220. | | |
| Name and | mailing address | of the ISA/US | Date of comple | tion of this opinion | Authorized officer |
| N C | Mail Stop PCT, Attn Commissioner for Pa P.O. Box 1450 | : ISA/US | | 007 (07.11.2007) | Ian J. Lobo |
| ŀ | Alexandria, Virginia | | | | Telephone No. (571) 272-6974 |

Facsimile No. (571) 273-3201 Form PCT/ISA/237 (cover sheet) (April 2005)

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

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International application No.

PCT/US05/27436

| Box N | lo. I Basis of this opinion |
|----------|--|
| | |
| | regard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of: |
| | the international application in the language in which it was filed |
| | a translation of the international application into, which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (Rules 12.3(a) and 23.1(b)). |
| | regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claimed ntion, this opinion has been established on the basis of: |
| a. | type of material |
| | a sequence listing |
| | table(s) related to the sequence listing |
| b. | format of material |
| | on paper |
| | in electronic form |
| c. | time of filing/furnishing |
| | contained in the international application as filed. |
| | filed together with the international application in electronic form. |
| | furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search. |
| | |
| 3. 🗌 | In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table(s) relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished. |
| 4. Addit | ional comments: |
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Form PCT/ISA/237(Box No. I) (April 2005)

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WRITTEN ODINION OF THE

International application No.

| INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING | | PCT/US05/27436 | | | | |
|---|--|--|-----------|--|--|--|
| Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule applicability; citations and expla | 43 bis.1(a)(i) with regard anations supporting such s | to novelty, inventive step or industria statement | l | | | |
| 1. Statement | | | | | | |
| Novelty (N) | Claims <u>1-24</u> | | YES | | | |
| | Claims NONE | | NO | | | |
| Inventive step (IS) | Claims NONE | | YES | | | |
| | Claims <u>1-24</u> | | NO | | | |
| Industrial applicability (IA) | Claims 1-24 | | YES | | | |
| | Claims <u>NONE</u> | | NO | | | |
| 2. Citations and explanations: | 1997 - Jan - Jan - Jan - Sala - Sa | <mark>na yana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana </mark> | | | | |
| Claims 1-24 lack an inventive step under P Gilmour et al ('700), Kosalos et al, ('599) Delignieres | CT Article 33(3) as being obv s, ('537) or Lowrance et al ('69 | ious over Boucher et al ('152) in view of an 7) and Morgera ('620). | y one of | | | |
| The patent to Boucher et al discloses a tran housing (34) having mounting members (30), a forwar a down scan acoustic element (14) and an electronica | ard scan acoustic element (15) | and | | | | |
| The difference between claims 1,21 and 25 specifies "at least one side scan acoustic element" or elements.", respectively. As aforementioned, Bouche acoustic element". | "a pair of side scan acoustic | | | | | |
| Morgera teaches that it is advantageous to a sonar imaging to provide greater coverage along the minimize the number of passes that the ship must ma | sides of a ship or vessel to the | nning reby | | | | |
| Side scan acoustic elements in sonar imagin evidenced by figures 9-11 of Gilmour et al, figures 2- of Deligneres and figures 1-4 of Lowrance et al. | ng systems are well known as 4 of Kosalos et al, figures 1 a | nd 2 | | | | |
| Therefore, in view of Mogera, to modify Be evidenced by the well-known examples shown in Gilt coverage of the mapping at a minimum of passes wou | mour et al, Kosalos etal, Delig | one or a pair of side scan acoustic elements, meres or Lowrance et al, so as to increase th ep. Claims 1, 21 and 25 are so rejected. | , as e | | | |
| Dependent claims 2-20 and 22-24 are furthe combination of prior art. | er provided by the above noted | 1 | | | | |
| Claims 1-24 meet the criteria set out in PCT Article 33(4), and thus have industrial applicability because the subject matter claimed can be made or used in industry. | | | | | | |
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Form PCT/ISA/237 (Box No. V) (April 2005)

International application No.

PCT/US05/27436

Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

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The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the questions whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

Claims 23-24 are objected to under PCT Rule 66.2(a)(v) as lacking clarity under PCT Article 6 because claims 23 is indefinite for the following reason(s): There are two claims numbered 23.

Form PCT/ISA/237 (Box No. VIII) (April 2005)

| Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| EFS ID: | 13387214 | | | |
| Application Number: | 12460139 | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 9769 | | | |
| Title of Invention: | DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Brian T. Maguire | | | |
| Customer Number: | 826 | | | |
| Filer: | Donald Merton Hill/Joyce Smith | | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Donald Merton Hill | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 038495/369324 | | | |
| Receipt Date: | 31-JUL-2012 | | | |
| Filing Date: | 14-JUL-2009 | | | |
| Time Stamp: | 18:27:53 | | | |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | | |

Payment information:

| Submitted wit | th Payment | no | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--|-----|---|--|--|
| File Listing: | | | | | | | |
| Document Number | Document Description | File Name | File Name File Size(Bytes)/ Multi Message Digest Part /.zip (| | | | |
| 1 | | | 397553 | Nor | 6 | | |
| | | IDS369324.PDF | 6fd7ce8b8847cf35f701251a0690f206e198 1cc2 | yes | 6 | | |

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| | Document Des | scription | Start | End | |
| | Transmittal I | 1 | 2 | | |
| | Information Disclosure Stater | 3 | 6 | | |
| Warnings: | | | | | |
| Information: | | | | | |
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| | | | 80ac7d8307fec0d48866bdb94879e87a46f dfffa | | |
| | Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description | | | | |
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| | Foreign Refe | 41 | | 0 | |
| | Non Patent Lit | 71 | 71 | | |
| | Non Patent Lit | 72 | 76 | | |
| | Non Patent Lit | 77 | 8 | 0 | |
| | Non Patent Lit | erature | 81 | 81 92 | |
| | Non Patent Lit | erature | 93 | 93 101 | |
| | Non Patent Lit | erature | 102 | 104 | |
| Warnings: | | | | | |
| Information: | | I | | | |
| 3 | Non Patent Literature | Blondel.pdf | 18656393 | no | 108 |
| | | | 733513546a19969469ebb6312d9a894f16d dbbb7 | 16d | |
| Warnings: | | | | | |
| Information: | | | 10000000 | | |
| 4 | Non Patent Literature | 2Blondel.pdf | 18282209 9958a79b8c2865459c1030b0c31c9fcf5db6 | no | 70 |
| Warnings: | | | b4b3 | | RAY- |
| Information: | | | | | <u>97 of</u> |

| 5 | Non Patent Literature | 3Blondel.pdf | 15861586 | no | 53 | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------|-----|--|--|--|--|
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| 6 | Non Patent Literature | 4Blondel.pdf | 23584038 | no | 117 | | | | |
| | | | cc3fde31dd596fc7f3c111e2ad162c86d111 9bfc | | | | | | |
| Warnings: | | | | | | | | | |
| Information | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Non Patent Literature | Calcutt.pdf | 25376754 | no | 122 | | | | |
| | Non Fatent Literature | curcumpur | a3984aa6b3218ac08e31c1b2886838aa244 e4320 | | 122 | | | | |
| Warnings: | | | | | | | | | |
| Information: | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Total Files Size (in bytes) | 108 | 8119518 | | | | | |
| This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503. <u>New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u> If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application. <u>National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course. | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office</u> If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application. | | | | | | | | | |

PATENT

Attorney Docket No. 038495/369324

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re: Maguire Appl. No.: 12/460,139 Filed: July 14, 2009 For: DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR Confirmation No.: 9769 Group Art Unit: 3645 Examiner: J. R. Hulka

Mail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(d)

This Information Disclosure Statement is being filed after a Notice of Allowance under 37 C.F.R. § 1.311, but before payment of the Issue Fee. The Notice of Allowance was mailed on July 23, 2012.

Attached is a list of documents on form PTO-1449 along with any cited foreign patent documents and non-patent literature documents in accordance with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2). Also enclosed is a translation or a concise explanation of each non-English language document.

By identifying the listed documents, Applicant in no way makes any admission as to the prior art status of the listed documents, but is instead identifying the listed documents for the sake of full disclosure.

In accordance with the requirements of 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(d)(2), the following statement as specified in 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(e) is made:

No item of information contained in this statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge the person signing this document after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in this statement was known to any individual designated in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56(c) more than three (3) months prior to the filing of this statement.

In re: Maguire Appl. No.: 12/460,139 Filed: July 14, 2009 Page 2

The \$180.00 fee specified in 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(p) is being paid at the time of e-filing. The Commissioner is authorized to charge any additional fee, or credit any refund, to our Deposit Account No. 16-0605.

Respectfully submitted,

Patrick L. Kartes

Registration No. 64,678

CUSTOMER NO. 00826 ALSTON & BIRD LLP Bank of America Plaza 101 South Tryon Street, Suite 4000 Charlotte, NC 28280-4000 Tel Charlotte Office (704) 444-1000 Fax Charlotte Office (704) 444-1111

ELECTRONICALLY FILED USING THE EFS-WEB ELECTRONIC FILING SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE ON July 31, 2012. #33544993v1

| Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------|-------------------------|--|
| Application Number: | 12460139 | | | | | |
| Filing Date: | 14 | -Jul-2009 | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR | | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Brian T. Maguire | | | | | |
| Filer: | Do | nald Merton Hill/Jo | yce Smith | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 03 | 8495/369324 | | | | |
| Filed as Large Entity | | | | | | |
| Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees | | | | | | |
| Description | | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) | |
| Basic Filing: | | | | | | |
| Pages: | | | | | | |
| Claims: | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous-Filing: | | | | | | |
| Petition: | | | | | | |
| Patent-Appeals-and-Interference: | Patent-Appeals-and-Interference: | | | | | |
| Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance: | Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance: | | | | | |
| Extension-of-Time: RAY-10 | | | | | | |

| Description | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) |
|---|----------|-----------|--------|-------------------------|
| Miscellaneous: | | | | |
| Submission- Information Disclosure Stmt | 1806 | 1 | 180 | 180 |
| | Tot | al in USD | (\$) | 180 |

| Electronic Ac | knowledgement Receipt |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| EFS ID: | 13387261 |
| Application Number: | 12460139 |
| International Application Number: | |
| Confirmation Number: | 9769 |
| Title of Invention: | DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Brian T. Maguire |
| Customer Number: | 826 |
| Filer: | Donald Merton Hill/Joyce Smith |
| Filer Authorized By: | Donald Merton Hill |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 038495/369324 |
| Receipt Date: | 31-JUL-2012 |
| Filing Date: | 14-JUL-2009 |
| Time Stamp: | 18:32:14 |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) |

Payment information:

| Submitted with Payment | yes | |
|---|--|-----------|
| Payment Type | Deposit Account | |
| Payment was successfully received in RAM | \$180 | |
| RAM confirmation Number | 7685 | |
| Deposit Account | 160605 | |
| Authorized User | | |
| The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to cha | arge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows: | |
| Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R | . Section 1.16 (National application filing, search, and examination fees) | RAY-100 |
| Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R | . Section 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees) | 103 of 73 |

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.19 (Document supply fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.20 (Post Issuance fees)

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)

| Document Number | Document Description | File Name | File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | | 2ART038495.PDF | 11009849 | Nos | 128 |
| | | 2AN1030495.FDF | 8addd69b23bfd02d74415541f42759591a3 9642e | yes | 120 |
| | Multip | oart Description/PDF files i | n .zip description | | |
| | Document De | Start | E | nd | |
| | Non Patent Lit | Non Patent Literature | | 34 | |
| | Non Patent Lit | terature | 35 | 37 | |
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| | Non Patent Literature | | 62 | 65 | |
| | Non Patent Lit | 66 | 67 | | |
| | Non Patent Literature | | 68 | 76 | |
| | Non Patent Literature | | 77 | 92 | |
| | Non Patent Literature | | 93 | 102 | |
| | Non Patent Lit | Non Patent Literature | | 106 | |
| | Non Patent Literature | | 107 | 114 | |
| | Non Patent Literature | | 115 | 128 | |
| Warnings: | | | | | |
| Information: | | | | | |
| 2 | Non Patent Literature | KvitekFinalReport.pdf | 18957903 | no | 92 |
| | | | 807b8311ac8a6a30438506f1a8e679f20e87 c988 | | |
| Warnings: Information: | | | | | |
| mormation: | | | | | |
| 3 | | 3ART038495.PDF | 12355023 6368d061120a47f3a6cf5942b56acd258dc2 | yes | 로 104 of |

| | Multip | oart Description/PDF file | s in .zip description | | | |
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| | Non Patent Lit | 6 | 11 | | | |
| | Non Patent Lit | terature | 12 | 29 | | |
| | Non Patent Lit | terature | 30 | 31 | | |
| | Non Patent Lit | terature | 32 | 35 | | |
| | Non Patent Lit | 36 | 37 | | | |
| | Non Patent Lit | 38 | 59 | | | |
| | Non Patent Literature | | 60 | 61 | | |
| | Non Patent Literature | | 62 | 71 | | |
| | Non Patent Lit | terature | 72 | 73 | | |
| | Non Patent Lit | terature | 74 | | | |
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| 4 | Fee Worksheet (SB06) | fee-info.pdf | 30357 | no 2 | | |
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| Information: | | | | | | |
| | | Total Files Size (in by | /tes): 423 | 53132 | | |

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

| Electronic A | Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| EFS ID: | 13387312 | | | | | |
| Application Number: | 12460139 | | | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 9769 | | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR | | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Brian T. Maguire | | | | | |
| Customer Number: | 826 | | | | | |
| Filer: | Donald Merton Hill/Joyce Smith | | | | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Donald Merton Hill | | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 038495/369324 | | | | | |
| Receipt Date: | 31-JUL-2012 | | | | | |
| Filing Date: | 14-JUL-2009 | | | | | |
| Time Stamp: | 18:36:41 | | | | | |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | | | | |

Payment information:

| Submitted with Payment no | | | | | |
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| File Listing: | | | | | |
| Document Number | Document Description | File Nar | ne File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) |
| 1 Non Patent Literature | Non Patent literature | Raymarine | .pdf | no | 93 |
| | | | 0546da9adb63f5e63bc426887431d08f438 731c1 | | |
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| Information: | | | | | 107 of |

| 2 | | 4ART038495.PDF | 20962400 | | 78 |
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| 2 | | | 9f5373348e0b0c9d9f3debaefd9e583634d7 de3d | yes | |
| | Multip | art Description/PDF files i | n .zip description | I | |
| | Document Des | scription | Start | Er | nd |
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| | Non Patent Lit | terature | 7 | 8 | |
| | Non Patent Lit | terature | 9 | 9 | |
| | Non Patent Lit | terature | 10 | 1 | 1 |
| | Non Patent Lit | terature | 12 | 1 | 2 |
| | Non Patent Lit | terature | 13 | 16 | |
| | Non Patent Literature | | 17 | 26 | |
| | Non Patent Literature | | 27 | 50 | |
| | Non Patent Literature | | 51 | 70 | |
| | Non Patent Lit | Non Patent Literature | | 72 | |
| | Non Patent Lit | terature | 73 | 74 | |
| | Non Patent Literature | | 75 | 78 | |
| Warnings: | | | | | |
| Information: | | | 24890715 | | |
| 3 | Non Patent Literature | RussellCargill.pdf | 69f2390c36b7af4a628c471ce5e930ca0469 78e1 | no | 142 |
| Warnings: | | ı | · · · · · | I | |
| Information: | | | | | |
| 4 | Non Patent Literature | Trabant.pdf | 16815143 | no | 92 |
| | | | 5c325a4e6e7c001c70388b75aab110e6bcb c07f3 | | |

| | | | 21721740 | | |
|--------------|--|--------------|--|-----|----|
| 5 | Non Patent Literature | 2Trabant.pdf | 63eb08393edfcdcac44690b476246f150324 550a | no | 98 |
| Warnings: | | · | | | |
| Information | | | | | |
| 6 | Non Patent Literature | 3Trabant.pdf | 13988256 | no | 86 |
| Ŭ | | Sinabantipar | ec75852d378ef49dd7cc3edfa3a401146950 efdd | 110 | |
| Warnings: | | | | | |
| Information | | | | | |
| | |): 99524423 | | | |
| characterize | ledgement Receipt evidences receip d by the applicant, and including pa described in MPEP 503. | • | | | |

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application. UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE AND FEE(S) DUE

826 7590 07/23/2012 ALSTON & BIRD LLP BANK OF AMERICA PLAZA 101 SOUTH TRYON STREET, SUITE 4000 CHARLOTTE, NC 28280-4000 EXAMINER

HULKA, JAMES R

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

DATE MAILED: 07/23/2012

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 12/460,139 | 07/14/2009 | Brian T. Maguire | 038495/369324 | 9769 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

TITLE OF INVENTION: DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR

| APPLN. TYPE | SMALL ENTITY | ISSUE FEE DUE | PUBLICATION FEE DUE | PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE | TOTAL FEE(S) DUE | DATE DUE |
|----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|
| nonprovisional | NO | \$1740 | \$300 | \$0 | \$2040 | 10/23/2012 |

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. <u>PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED</u>. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE AT THE INITIATIVE OF THE OFFICE OR UPON PETITION BY THE APPLICANT. SEE 37 CFR 1.313 AND MPEP 1308.

THE ISSUE FEE AND PUBLICATION FEE (IF REQUIRED) MUST BE PAID WITHIN <u>THREE MONTHS</u> FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. <u>THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED</u>. SEE 35 U.S.C. 151. THE ISSUE FEE DUE INDICATED ABOVE DOES NOT REFLECT A CREDIT FOR ANY PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE IN THIS APPLICATION. IF AN ISSUE FEE HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN PAID IN THIS APPLICATION (AS SHOWN ABOVE), THE RETURN OF PART B OF THIS FORM WILL BE CONSIDERED A REQUEST TO REAPPLY THE PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE TOWARD THE ISSUE FEE NOW DUE.

HOW TO REPLY TO THIS NOTICE:

I. Review the SMALL ENTITY status shown above.

| If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as YES, verify your current SMALL ENTITY status: | If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as NO: |
|--|--|
| A. If the status is the same, pay the TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above. | A. Pay TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above, or |
| B. If the status above is to be removed, check box 5b on Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal and pay the PUBLICATION FEE (if required) and twice the amount of the ISSUE FEE shown above, or | B. If applicant claimed SMALL ENTITY status before, or is now claiming SMALL ENTITY status, check box 5a on Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal and pay the PUBLICATION FEE (if required) and 1/2 the ISSUE FEE shown above. |

II. PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, or its equivalent, must be completed and returned to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) with your ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). If you are charging the fee(s) to your deposit account, section "4b" of Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal should be completed and an extra copy of the form should be submitted. If an equivalent of Part B is filed, a request to reapply a previously paid issue fee must be clearly made, and delays in processing may occur due to the difficulty in recognizing the paper as an equivalent of Part B.

III. All communications regarding this application must give the application number. Please direct all communications prior to issuance to Mail Stop ISSUE FEE unless advised to the contrary.

IMPORTANT REMINDER: Utility patents issuing on applications filed on or after Dec. 12, 1980 may require payment of maintenance fees. It is patentee's responsibility to ensure timely payment of maintenance fees when due.

PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: <u>Mail</u> Mail Stop ISSUE FEE Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 or <u>Fax</u> (571)-273-2885

| INSTRUCTIONS: This appropriate. All further c indicated unless corrected maintenance fee notificati | correspondence includin d below or directed oth | or transmitting the ISSU g the Patent, advance o erwise in Block 1, by (a | UE FEE and PUBLICAT rders and notification of r a) specifying a new corres | ON FEE (if require naintenance fees wil pondence address; a | d). Blocks 1 through 5 s l be mailed to the current nd/or (b) indicating a sep | should be completed where correspondence address as arate "FEE ADDRESS" for |
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| 826 | NCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Blo 7590 07/23/ | | Nota Fee(pap | e: A certificate of m s) Transmittal. This ers. Each additional p e its own certificate o | ailing can only be used for certificate cannot be used is paper, such as an assignme f mailing or transmission. | or domestic mailings of the for any other accompanying ent or formal drawing, must |
| ALSTON & BI BANK OF AME 101 SOUTH TRY CHARLOTTE, N | RICA PLAZA YON STREET, SUI | TE 4000 | I he Stati addr trans | Certif reby certify that this es Postal Service wit essed to the Mail S smitted to the USPTC | ficate of Mailing or Trans Fee(s) Transmittal is bein h sufficient postage for fir Stop ISSUE FEE address D (571) 273-2885, on the d | smission g deposited with the United st class mail in an envelope above, or being facsimile ate indicated below. |
| | 10 20200 4000 | | | | | (Depositor's name) |
| | | | | | | (Signature) |
| | | | | | | (Date) |
| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | F | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
| 12/460,139 | 07/14/2009 | | Brian T. Maguire | | 038495/369324 | 9769 |
| TITLE OF INVENTION: | DOWNSCAN IMAGIN | IG SONAR | | | | |
| APPLN. TYPE | SMALL ENTITY | ISSUE FEE DUE | PUBLICATION FEE DUE | PREV. PAID ISSUE I | FEE TOTAL FEE(S) DUE | DATE DUE |
| nonprovisional | NO | \$1740 | \$300 | \$0 | \$2040 | 10/23/2012 |
| EXAMI | NER | ART UNIT | CLASS-SUBCLASS | | | |
| HULKA, J | AMES R | 3645 | 367-088000 | - | | |
| "Fee Address" india PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 Number is required. 3. ASSIGNEE NAME AN PLEASE NOTE: Unle | ess an assignee is identi | Indication form d. Use of a Customer . TO BE PRINTED ON 7 fied below, no assignee | (1) the names of up to or agents OR, alternative (2) the name of a single registered attorney or a 2 registered patent attorney in listed, no name will be THE PATENT (print or type data will appear on the patent of the patent of | vely, e firm (having as a n igent) and the names rneys or agents. If no printed. be) atent. If an assignee | nember a 2 of up to name is 3 | locument has been filed for |
| recordation as set forth (A) NAME OF ASSIG | in 37 CFR 3.11. Comp NEE | letion of this form is NO | T a substitute for filing an (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY | assignment. and STATE OR CO | UNTRY) | oup entity 📮 Government |
| | re submitted: o small entity discount p of Copies | ermitted) | b. Payment of Fee(s): (Plea A check is enclosed. Payment by credit car The Director is hereby overpayment, to Deponent | d. Form PTO-2038 is authorized to charge | s attached. | · |
| | SMALL ENTITY statu | s. See 37 CFR 1.27. | | | ENTITY status. See 37 C | FR 1.27(g)(2). he assignee or other party in |
| interest as shown by the re | ecords of the United Stat | es Patent and Trademark | Coffice. | ac appream, a regist | ered autorney of agent, of t | the assignce of outer party III |
| Authorized Signature _ | | | | Date | | |
| Typed or printed name | | | | Registration No. | | |
| Alexandria, Virginia 2231 | .3-1450. | | on is required to obtain or r 1.14. This collection is est / depending upon the indiv ue Chief Information Office COMPLETED FORMS TO spond to a collection of inf | | | d by the USPTO to process) ng gathering, preparing, and me you require to complete artment of Commerce, P.O. for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, l number. RAY-1002 |

| | ted States Pate | NT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE | UNITED STATES DEPAR United States Patent and Address: COMMISSIONER F P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 223 www.uspto.gov | Trademark Office OR PATENTS | | |
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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | | |
| 12/460,139 | 07/14/2009 | Brian T. Maguire | 038495/369324 9769 | | | |
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| CHARLOTTE, NO | 28280-4000 | | 3645 | | | |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 07/23/201 | 2 | | |

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment to date is 299 day(s). If the issue fee is paid on the date that is three months after the mailing date of this notice and the patent issues on the Tuesday before the date that is 28 weeks (six and a half months) after the mailing date of this notice, the Patent Term Adjustment will be 299 day(s).

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at 1-(888)-786-0101 or (571)-272-4200.

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The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

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- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

| | Applicat | ion No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
|--|---|---|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| | 12/460,13 | 39 | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. | | | |
| Notice of Allowability | Examine | | Art Unit | • | | |
| | JAMES H | | 3645 | | | |
| | | IULKA | 3045 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication ap All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-8 NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.3 | IS (OR REMA 35) or other ap RIGHTS. Th | AINS) CLOSED in this a opropriate communication is application is subject | pplication. If not include on will be mailed in due c | d ourse. THIS | | |
| 1. 🛛 This communication is responsive to <u>22 June 2012</u> . | | | | | | |
| An election was made by the applicant in response to a return the restriction requirement and election have been incorporation. | | | g the interview on; | | | |
| 3. 🔀 The allowed claim(s) is/are <u>57-84,86,88-125,127-131 and</u> | <u>d 134</u> . | | | | | |
| 4. ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority ur a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some* c) ☐ None of the: | nder 35 U.S.C | c. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documents ha | ave been rece | eived. | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents ha | | | : | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority | documents ha | ave been received in thi | s national stage applicati | on from the | | |
| International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | | | |
| * Certified copies not received: | | | | | | |
| Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATI noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDON THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE. | | | y complying with the req | uirements | | |
| 5. 🗌 A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be sub INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which g | | | | TICE OF | | |
| 6. 	☐ CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") m | ust be submit | ted. | | | | |
| (a) 🔲 including changes required by the Notice of Draftspe | erson's Paten | t Drawing Review(PTC | O-948) attached | | | |
| 1) 🔲 hereto or 2) 🔲 to Paper No./Mail Date | <u> </u> . | | | | | |
| (b) including changes required by the attached Examine Paper No./Mail Date | er's Amendm | ent / Comment or in the | Office action of | | | |
| Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFF each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such i | | | | back) of | | |
| 7. DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit o attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1. | | 5. 🗌 Notice of Informal | Patent Application | | | |
| 2. ☐ Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 | | 6. 🔲 Interview Summai | | | | |
| 3. ☑ Information Disclosure Statements (PTO/SB/08), | | Paper No./Mail D 7. 🔲 Examiner's Amen | ate | | | |
| Paper No./Mail Date <u>20120622</u> | | | | | | |
| Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposi of Biological Material | it | 8. 🔲 Examiner's Stater | nent of Reasons for Allov | vance | | |
| | | 9. 🔲 Other | | | | |
| | 1 | | | | | |
| /J. H./ Examiner, Art Unit 3645 //SAM ALSOMIRI/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3645 | | | | | | |
| | | | | RAY-100 | | |

| | Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Issue Classification | 12460139 | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. | | | | |
| | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | JAMES HULKA | 3645 | | | | |

| | ORIGINAL | | | | | | | | | INTERNATIONAL | CLA | SSI | IFIC | ATI | ON |
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| CROSS REFERENCE(S) | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | Claims re | Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applican | | | | | | | СР | A [|] T.D. | [| R.1 . | 47 | |
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| Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original |
| 1 | 57 | 17 | 73 | 34 | 89 | 47 | 105 | 61 | 121 | | 137 | | | | |
| 2 | 58 | 18 | 74 | 35 | 90 | 48 | 106 | 62 | 122 | | | | | | |
| 3 | 59 | 19 | 75 | 36 | 91 | 49 | 107 | 63 | 123 | | | | | | |
| 4 | 60 | 23 | 76 | 37 | 92 | 50 | 108 | 66 | 124 | | | | | | |
| 5 | 61 | 24 | 77 | 38 | 93 | 51 | 109 | 67 | 125 | | | | | | |
| 6 | 62 | 25 | 78 | 39 | 94 | 52 | 110 | | 126 | | | | | | |
| 7 | 63 | 26 | 79 | 42 | 95 | 64 | 111 | 68 | 127 | | | | | | |
| 8 | 64 | 27 | 80 | 40 | 96 | 65 | 112 | 69 | 128 | | | | | | |
| 9 | 65 | 28 | 81 | 41 | 97 | 53 | 113 | 70 | 129 | | | | | | |
| 10 | 66 | 29 | 82 | 43 | 98 | 54 | 114 | 71 | 130 | | | | | | |
| 11 | 67 | 30 | 83 | 44 | 99 | 55 | 115 | 72 | 131 | | | | | | |
| 12 | 68 | 31 | 84 | 20 | 100 | 56 | 116 | | 132 | | | | | | |
| 13 | 69 | | 85 | 45 | 101 | 57 | 117 | | 133 | | | | | | |
| 14 | 70 | 32 | 86 | 21 | 102 | 58 | 118 | 73 | 134 | | | | | | |
| 15 | 71 | | 87 | 22 | 103 | 59 | 119 | | 135 | | | | | | |
| 16 | 72 | 33 | 88 | 46 | 104 | 60 | 120 | | 136 | | | | | | |

| /J.H./ Examiner.Art Unit 3645 | 06/25/2012 | | ns Allowed: | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| (Assistant Examiner) | (Date) | 73 | | | | | |
| /ISAM ALSOMIRI/ Supervisory Patent Examiner.Art Unit 3645 | 07/14/2012 | O.G. Print Claim(s) | O.G. Print Figure | | | | |
| (Primary Examiner) | (Date) | 76 | 5 | | | | |
| RAY | | | | | | | |

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Receipt dataie 106/22/920012

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|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| (Revised 07/2007) | | | | Application Number | 12/460,139 |
| INFOR | MATION | DISCLO | SUDE | Filing Date | July 14, 2009 |
| | | | | First Named Inventor | Brian T. Maguire |
| 1 | EMENT B | | | Art Unit | 3645 |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | | Examiner Name | HULKA, James R. | | |
| Sheet | 1 | of | 1 | Attorney Docket Number | 038495/369324 |

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| | | | U. S. | PATENT I | DOC | UMENTS | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|---|------------|---------------------------|------|---|--|--|--|
| Examiner Initials* | Cite No. | Document Number Number - Kind Code (if known) | | lication Date | | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Relevant Passages o Appe | Relevant Figures | |
| | 278 | US-4,935,906 | 06 | -19-1990 | | Baker, et al. | | | |
| | 279 | US 2001/0026499 A1 | 10 | -04-2001 | | Inouchi | | | |
| | 280 | US 2012/0106300 A1 | 05 | -03-2012 | | Maguire | | | |
| | | FC | REI | GN PATEN | T D | OCUMENTS | | | |
| Examiner Initials* | Cite No. | Foreign Patent Documen Country Code - Number Kind Co (if known) | | Publication I MM-DD-YY | | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear | English Language Translation Attached | |
| <u></u> | 281 | JP 50-109389 (U) | | 09-06-197 | 5 | | | | |
| | 282 | JP 54-054365 (U) | 04-14-1979 | | 9 | Furuno Denki, Co. Ltd. | | YES | |
| | 283 | JP 62-099877 (U) | | 06-25-1987 | | | | YES | |
| | 284 | JP 62-190480 (A) | 08-20-198 | | 7 | Japan Tech Rex & Dev Inst, et al. | | Abstract | |
| | 285 | JP 62-134084 (U) | 08-24-1987 | | 7 | | | - | |
| | 286 | JP 63-261181 (A) | | 10-27-1988 | 8 | NEC Corp | | Abstract | |
| | 287 | JP 7-031042 (A) | | 01-31-199 | 5 | Fujikura Ltd | | YES | |
| | 288 | JP 10-186030 (A) | | 07-14-199 | 8 | Koden Electronics Co Ltd | | Abstract | |
| | 289 | JP 2001-074840 (A) | | 03-23-200 | 1 | Achilles Corp | | Abstract | |
| | 290 | JP 2004-020276 (A) | | 01-22-2004 | 4 | Honda Electronic | | Abstract | |
| | | | 0 | THER DOG | CUM | IENTS | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | |
| Examiner Initials* | Cite No. | Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published. English Language Translation Attached | | | | | | | |
| | 291 | MARINE ACOUSTICS SC Acoustics"; April 28, 2004; | | | N (E | ditor); "Basics and Appl | ication of Marine | | |

| Examiner | / James Hulks/ | Date | 06/25/2012 |
|-----------|----------------|------------|------------|
| Signature | /James Hulka/ | Considered | |
| | | | |

*Examiner: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THE 22

RAY-1002 116 of 737 CUIGH. /J.H./ 2012

| | | | | | Αμ | oplication/ | Cont | rol N | 0. | Applic Reexa | cant(s imina | s)/Pat ition | ent Unde | r | |
|---|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------|--------|-------|---------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------|---------|--|
| | Ina | lex of C | Claim | S | 12 | 12460139 | | | | | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. | | | | |
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| | Claims r | enumbered | in the sa | ame or | rder as pr | esented by a | pplica | nt | |] CPA | |] T.D | . 🗆 | R.1.47 | |
| | CLA | IM | | | | | | | DATE | | | | | | |
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| | | | | Ar | plication/ | Cont | rol N | 0. | Applic Reexa | ant(s mina | s)/Pat tion | ent Unde | r |
|----------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------------|-----------------------|--------|-------|----------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|----------|--------|
| Ind | lex of C | Claim | S | 12 | 460139 | | | | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. | | | | |
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| | | | | JA | MES HUL | KA | | | 3645 | | | | |
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| = A | llowed | | ÷ | Res | tricted | | Ι | Interfer | ence | | 0 | Obje | ected |
| Claims r | enumbered | in the sa | me or | der as pr | esented by a | pplica | int | | СРА | C |] T.D | . 🗆 | R.1.47 |
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| Final | Original | 07/26/20 | 011 09 | 9/13/2011 | 12/08/2011 | 03/07/ | 2012 | | | | | | |
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| Inde | x of C | Claim | IS | 1 | 12460139 | | | | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. | | | | |
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| Claims ren | umbered | in the sa | ame o | rder as p | resented by a | pplica | nt | | СРА | |] T.D. | . 🗆 | R.1.47 |
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

| | | | | | Ar | oplication | /Cont | trol N | 0. | Applie Reexa | cant(s aminat |)/Pat tion | tent Unde | r |
|----------|----------|------------|-----------|-----|-------------|------------|---------|--------|---------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|-----------|--------|
| | Ina | lex of (| Claim | S | 12 | 460139 | | | | MAGL | JIRE, I | BRIA | N T. | |
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| | | | | | JA | MES HUL | KA | | | 3645 | | | | |
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| | Claims r | enumbered | in the sa | me | order as pr | esented by | applica | ant | [| СРА | | т.с |). 🗆 | R.1.47 |
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| | Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
|--------------|-------------------------|--|
| Search Notes | 12460139 | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. |
| | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | JAMES HULKA | 3645 |

| | SEARCHED | | |
|-------|----------|-----------|----------|
| Class | Subclass | Date | Examiner |
| 367 | 88 | 9/13/2011 | JH |

| SEARCH NOTES | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Search Notes | Date | Examiner | | | | |
| EAST (Keyword and Class Limited) | 6/25/2012 | JH | | | | |
| PALM (Inventor Name) | 9/13/2011 | JH | | | | |
| Google (Keyword) | 9/13/2011 | JH | | | | |
| Consulted Primary Examiner (D. Pihulic) | 4/2/2012 | JH | | | | |

| | INTERFERENCE SEARCH | | |
|-------|-------------------------|----------|----------|
| Class | Subclass | Date | Examiner |
| 367 | Searched Claim Language | 3/7/2012 | JH |

| /J.H./ Examiner.Art Unit 3645 | | |
|----------------------------------|--|------|
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| REQUEST For | Application Number: 12/460,139 | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| CONTINUED EXAMINATION (RCE) TRANSMITTAL | Filing Date July 14, 2009 | | | | |
| | First Named Inventor: Brian T. Maguire | | | | |
| Address to: MAIL STOP RCE | Art Unit: 3645 | | | | |
| COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS | Examiner Name: HULKA, James R. | | | | |
| P.O. BOX 1450 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1450 | Confirmation No.: 9769 | | | | |
| (Revised 04/2005) | Attorney Docket No. 038495/369324 | | | | |

This is a request for <u>Continued Examination (RCE)</u> under 37 C.F.R. § 1.114 of the above-identified application. Request for Continued Examination (RCE) practice under 37 CFR 1.114 does not apply to any utility or plant application filed prior to June 8, 1995, or to any design application.

- 1. <u>Submission required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.114</u> Note: if the RCE is proper, any previously filed unentered amendments and amendments enclosed with the RCE will be entered in the order in which they were filed unless applicant instructs otherwise. If applicant does not wish to have any previously filed unentered amendment(s) entered, applicant must request non-entry of such amendment(s).
 - a. Previously submitted. If a final Office action is outstanding, any amendments filed after the final Office action may be considered as a submission even if this box is not checked.
 - i. Consider the arguments in the Appeal Brief or Reply Brief previously filed on
 - ii. 🗌 Other
 - b. 🛛 Enclosed
 - i. Amendment/Reply
 - ii. Affidavits(s)/Declarations(s)
 - iii. X Information Disclosure Statement (IDS); fourteen (14) cites listed on PTO Form 1449
 - iv. 🗌 Other

2. <u>Miscellaneous</u>

- a. Suspension of action on the above-identified application is requested under 37 C.F.R. §1.103(c) for a period of _____ months. (Period of suspension shall not exceed 3 months; Fee under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(g) required)
- b. 🗌 Other

In re: Brian T. Maguire Appl. No.: 12/460,139 Filed: July 14, 2009 Page 2

ii.

- 3. <u>Fees</u> The RCE fee under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(e) is required by 37 C.F.R. § 1.114 when the RCE is filed.
 - a. The Director is hereby authorized to charge any fee deficiencies, or credit any overpayments to Deposit Account No. 16-0605.
 - i. RCE fee required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(e) (\$930.00 large entity; \$465.00 small entity)
 - Extension of Time Fee (37 C.F. R. §§ 1.136 and 1.17)
 - iii. 🗌 Other
 - b. Check in the amount of \$___enclosed

Respectfully submitted,

Patrick L. Kartes Registration No. 64,678

Customer No. 00826 ALSTON & BIRD LLP Bank of America Plaza 101 South Tryon Street, Suite 4000 Charlotte, NC 28280-4000 Tel Charlotte Office (704) 444-1000 Fax Charlotte Office (704) 444-1111

ELECTRONICALLY FILED USING THE EFS-WEB ELECTRONIC FILING SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE ON JUNE 22, 2012.

Attorney's Docket No. 038495/369324

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re:Brian T. MaguireAppl. No.:12/460,139Filed:July 14, 2009For:DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR

Confirmation No.:9769Art Unit:3645Examiner:HULKA, James R.

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CITATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.97

Attached is a list of documents on form PTO-1449 along with a copy of any cited foreign patent documents and non-patent literature documents in accordance with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2).

It is requested that the Examiner consider these documents and officially make them of record in accordance with the provisions of 37 C.F.R. § 1.97 and Section 609 of the MPEP. By identifying the listed documents, Applicant in no way makes any admission as to the prior art status of the listed documents, but is instead identifying the listed documents for the sake of full disclosure.

Respectfully submitted,

Patrick L. Kartes Registration No. 64,678

Customer No. 00826 ALSTON & BIRD LLP Bank of America Plaza 101 South Tryon Street, Suite 4000 Charlotte, NC 28280-4000 Tel Charlotte Office (704) 444-1000 Fax Charlotte Office (704) 444-1111

ELECTRONICALLY FILED USING THE EFS-WEB ELECTRONIC FILING SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE ON JUNE 22, 2012.

RAY-1002 124 of 737

PATENT

| Substitute for form 1449/PTO | | | | Complete if Known | | | |
|---|--|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|--|--|
| (Revised 07/2007) | | | | Application Number | 12/460,139 | | |
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Use as many sheets as necessary) | | | CUDE | Filing Date | July 14, 2009 | | |
| | | | | First Named Inventor | Brian T. Maguire | | |
| | | | | Art Unit | 3645 | | |
| | | | | Examiner Name | HULKA, James R. | | |
| Sheet 1 of 1 | | 1 | Attorney Docket Number | 038495/369324 | | | |

| | | | U. S. | PATENT I | DOC | UMENTS | | |
|--|------------------------|---|------------|--------------------------------|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Examiner Initials* | Cite No. | | | Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY | | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Relevant Passages of Appe | Relevant Figures |
| 278 | | US-4,935,906 | | 06-19-1990 | | Baker, et al. | | |
| | 279 | US 2001/0026499 A1 | 10 | -04-2001 | | Inouchi | | |
| | 280 | US 2012/0106300 A1 | 05 | -03-2012 | Maguire | | | |
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| | | Foreign Patent Documen | t | l | | | Pages, Columns, Lines, | English |
| Examiner Initials* | Cite No. | Country Code - Number Kind Co (if known) | - | Publication I MM-DD-YY | | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear | Language Translation Attached |
| | 281 | JP 50-109389 (U) | | 09-06-1975 | | | | |
| | 282 | JP 54-054365 (U) | 04-14-1979 | | 9 | Furuno Denki, Co. Ltd. | | YES |
| | 283 | JP 62-099877 (U) | | 06-25-1987 | | | | YES |
| | 284 | JP 62-190480 (A) | _ | 08-20-1987 | | Japan Tech Rex & Dev Inst, et al. | | Abstract |
| | 285 | JP 62-134084 (U) | | 08-24-198 | 7 | | | |
| | 286 | JP 63-261181 (A) | | 10-27-198 | 8 | NEC Corp | | Abstract |
| | 287 | JP 7-031042 (A) | | 01-31-199: | 5 | Fujikura Ltd | | YES |
| | 288 | JP 10-186030 (A) | | 07-14-199 | 8 | Koden Electronics Co Ltd | | Abstract |
| | 289 | JP 2001-074840 (A) | | 03-23-200 | 1 | Achilles Corp | | Abstract |
| | 290 JP 2004-020276 (A) | | 01-22-2004 | | Honda Electronic | | Abstract | |
| | | | 0 | THER DOO | CUM | IENTS | | <u> </u> |
| Examiner Initials* Cite No. Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published. | | | | | English Language Translation Attached | | | |
| | 291 | 291 MARINE ACOUSTICS SOCIETY OF JAPAN (Editor); "Basics and Application of Marine Acoustics"; April 28, 2004; pp. 152-172 | | | | | | |

| Examiner | Date |
|-----------|------------|
| Signature | Considered |

*Examiner: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

RAY-1002 125 of 737

SUBMITTED: JUNE 22, 2012



Espacenet

Bibliographic data: JP50109389 (U) — 1975-09-06

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No title available

Inventor(s): Applicant(s):

| Classification: | - international: - European: | E04H6/18; E04H6/28; (IPC1- 7): E04H6/28 |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Application number: | JP19740018291U 1 | 9740215 |
| Priority number(s): | JP19740018291U 1 | 9740215 |

Abstract not available for JP50109389 (U)

Last updated: 14.03.2012 Worldwide Database 5.7.38; 92p

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(200019) (劉 特許庁長官 発明の名称

氏名 3. 特許出題人

代表者 4. 代理人

(C)艏

19 日本国特許庁

公開特許公報

| | ①特開昭 50-109389 |
|---|--------------------------------|
| | ④公開日 昭 50. (1975) 8,28 |
| 許庁長官 殿 スイチュひョウチョウオンパソウジュハソウ チ | ②特願昭 49 - 16239 |
| 発明の名称 水中用超音波送受波装置 | 22出願日 昭 49. (1979) 2. 12 |
| 発明者 | 審查請求 未請求 (全4頁) |
| London of L 2 de L / 2 / 2 de L / 2 de | 庁内整理番号 |
| 居所 東京都港区芝蓉平町10番地 沖電気工業株式会社内 | 7336 58 |
| | 6749 59 7367 31 |
| 特許出願人 一口 网 版 中 (181年) | |
| 住 所(〒-105) 東京都港区芝罘平町10番地 | 52日本分類 51 Int. Cl ² |
| 名称(029) 冲雷负工業株式合社 特許 | 548H11 G05D 3/04 |
| 代表者 取締役社長山本正明4927 | 107 D21 543K0 G01S 9/66 |
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| 沖電気工業株式会社内 | |
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| 12(1 | · _] |

1. 発明の名称

水中用超音波送受波装置

2.特許請求の範囲

水中用超音波送受波器と、本水中用超音波送 受波器の俯角を設定する修正俯角信号を発生す る手段と、海水を取り入れて前記修正俯角信号 に応じた流量の海水を噴出する電気 - 海水流量 変換器と、本電気~海水流量変換器の海水噴流 を受けて複数の出力ポートから海水を流出させ、 かつある出力ボートからの噴出流量と他の出力 ポートの噴出流量との比を、前記電気 - 海水流 量変換器の噴出流量に対応して変化させる流体 制御素子と、本流体制御素子と前記水中用超音 波送受波器とを一体として回動自在に船底で保 持する手段とを備え、前記出力ポートもしくは 出力ポートに取り付けられた噴出ノスルから海 中へ海水を噴出させることによつて水中用超音 波送受波器の俯角を制御することを特徴とした 水中用超音波送受波装置。

8.発明の詳細な説明

との発明は、水中用超音波送受波装置に関し、 特に船舶の動揺に対して、船底部に装着した超 音波送受波器指向方向を安定化させるための俯 角の制御に関するものである。

従来この種の装置は船舶の動揺を検出し、そ の信号により電動機、油圧等を駆動源とした機 城的方法により行なつていた。 しかし従来のも のの欠点として複雑な機構を必要とし装置規模 が大きくなり、経済的に又保守上の問題があつ ħ.

この発明は、そのような欠点を取り除くため、 施体制御素子を使用して超音波送受波器を船舶 の動揺に対して安定に保つようにしたものであ る。以下この発明を図について説明する。

なお超音波送受波器は超音波送波器、超音波 受波器、または超音波送波兼受波器を意味し以 下単に送受波器という。

以下本発明の一実施例として、船のビッチ方 向の動揺に対して船底に装置した超音波送受波

器を水平位置に保持するシステムについて説明 する。第1図は本実施例の超音波送受波器及び 純焼体素子部等が入つている船底機器部の装着 状態を示している。第1図の1は船底、2は船 底機器部で支点3で保持されビッチ方向に最大 + 80°乃至-80°回転できる構造になつている。 なお第1図において3aは軸、3bは軸3aと 一体となつた支持腕であり、軸3aおよび支持 腕3bは中空になつている。第2図は本実施例 のプロックダイヤグラムを示している。

第2図において、4は送受波器の希望俯角を 設定する俯角設定器、5は振り子型の動揺検出 器、6は加算器、7と8は制御増幅器、9は電 磁弁で疏体管路の断面積を変化させ、入力とし て与えられた信号5に応じて噴出流量を変化さ せる電気 - 海水流量変換器、10は一定圧従つ て一定流量の海水を取り入れて供給する海水供 給装置、14は分流器であり、これら4~10, 14は船体内に設置される。同じく第2図にお いて、11は、純流体素子部であり、第3図に

ブルチュープや管を用いることによつて船底機 器部度から導入することもできる。

動作について述べる。先ず送受波器 4 により 俯角 0₁ が与えられる。動揺検出器 5 から船の動 揺に応じてその時のビッチ角 0_p が得られる。一 方領度検出器 1 2 から制御増編器 8 を経て鉛底 機器部 2 の船底 1 に対するビッチ方向の領度 0₀ が得られる。従つて 0₁, 0_p 及び 0₀ の 8 信 号が加算器 6 に加えられ、修正角度信号 ε = (0₁ - 0_p) - 0₀ を演算し出力する。この信号 ε は制御増幅器 7 により増幅し、電磁弁 9 に加 える。電磁弁 9 には海水供給装置 1 0 及び分流 器 1 4 により一定圧の海水が加えられており、 制御増幅器 7 の出力信号に比例した制御流量信 号 Q₆ をつくつている。即ちこの信号 ε の大きさ と方向により或る範囲の大きさで Q₆ の流量が変 化するものである。

比例増幅型純洗体素子の制御ボートの一方に は前述のQ_cを加え、他方の制御ボートには分流 器Ⅰ4からの海水を分岐して一定流量の海水Q₈

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示す如く分流器 1 1 a、 制御流 Q。が与えられる。 制御ポート 1 1 b と一定の制御流 Q。が与えられ る制御ポート 1 1 a と一定の主流が与えられる。 主流ポート 1 1 d と 2 個の出力ポート 1 1 e, 1 1 1 を有する比例増幅型純流体素子 1 1 g み よび 2 個の噴出ノズル 1 1 h, 1 1 i を備え、 制御流 Q_c の流量に応じて 2 個の出力ポート 1 I d, 1 1 o 従つて噴出ノズル 1 1 h, 1 1 i から噴 出する流量の比を変化させるものである。

同じく第2図において、12は、軸3。をロ ータとしかつステータを船底機器部2に固定し たシンクロ発電機型の傾度検出器であり、船底 1に対する船底機器部2寸なわち送受波器13 の傾きを検出するものである。

第2図において流体制御素子部 I 小類斜検出 器^(第2)2、および送受波器 I 3 は船底機器部 2 に 収容され、また信号伝送線 I 2 a、流体移送管 9 a,9 b は軸 3 a および支持腕 3 b の中を通 つて船底機器部 2 に導入される。

なお伝送線12aや管9a,9bはフレキシ

を加えておく、主嘆荒は分洗器 1 4 から分散し て一定流量の溶水を供給する。例えば Q_c == Q_á の時、純蔗体素子部 1 1 の二つの噴出ノメルか ら等流量の海水が噴洗し船底機器部 2 は船底 1 に対して傾度 0°に保持される。又 Q_c > Q_s の場 合、 Q_c - Q_s の差のモーメンタムに比例して主 噴流が偏向し、その結果純洗体素子部 1 1 の二 つの噴出ノメルから噴出する洗量は変化する。 即ちー方は従来より流量が増大し、他方は減少 する。その結果二つの噴洗によるスラストも同 様に変化し船底機器部 2 を修正角度信号に見合 つた角度だけ上向の傾度位置に保持することに なる。

従つてシステム全体として、超音波送受波器 の俯角値が設定されると船のビッチ方向の動揺 に対して自動的に修正動作を行なわせその結果 超音波送受波器を基準水平面に対して規定の俯 角値に保持させることができる。更に俯角値を 変更する場合は、電気信号で入力すればよいの で複雑な機構を必要としない利点がある。 なお第2図における傾斜検出器としては、抵抗摺動型その他のタイプを使用することができ、 ・また船底機器部2外に設置しておくこともでき る。

また、船底機器部2が受ける流体抵抗に抗し て軸3 = を支点として船底機器部2を可動させ るために必要なスラストを得るために複数個の 比例増幅型純流体素子を用いることもあるし、 噴出ノズルも必要数だけ装着することもあり、 又特殊な比例増幅型純流体素子により出力ポー トがそのまま噴出ノズルとなるように製作する ことも可能である。

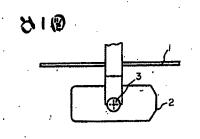
また焼体制御業子部11は制御ボートから咳 出する歳体の運動流を変えるととにより、入力 ボートから噴出する疣体の方向を変えるもので あるから第4図Aに示すように一つの制御ボー トと二つの出力ボートを有するもの第4図Bに 示すように二つの制御ボートと三つの出力ボー トを有するものその他の疣体素子を用いること もできる。 **特期** 昭50—109389 (3)

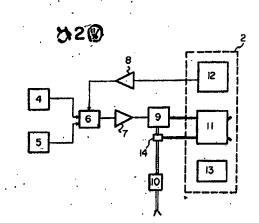
以上脱明したように、この発明は純流体制御 素子を使用した単純な機構により構成されてお り、可動部分がないことによる耐久性、 長寿命 及び耐環境特性を有する利点がある。又以上の 利点から主として小型船舶に容易に装備するこ とが可能になつた。

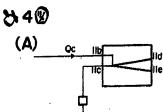
4.図面の簡単な説明

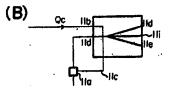
第1 図は本発明に係る一実施例の断面図で、 船底に超音波送受波器部が装置している状況を 示す図、第2 図は、本発明による一実施例のブ ロックダイヤグラムを示す図、第8 図と第4 図 は本発明に用いる流体制御素子部の具体例を示 す図である。

I … 船底、 2 … 船底機器部、 3 … 支点、 3 a … 軸、 3 b … 支持腕、 4 … 俯角股定器、 5 … 動 摇検出器、 6 … 加算器、 7 , 8 … 制御増編器、 9 … 電磁弁、 1 0 … 海水供給装置、 1 1 … 純洗 体素子部、 1 2 … 傾度検出器、 1 3 … 送受波器、 1 4 … 分流器。









5. 旅付書類の自録 (1)明細書 1 通 (2)図 面 1 通 (3)委任状 1 通 (4)顯書副本 1 通

6、前記以外の発明者

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Espacenet

No title available

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JAPANESE UTILITY MODEL REGISTRATION APPLICATION

Date: September 22, 1977

Attn: Director General of the Patent Office

1. Title of the Idea

MOUNTING DEVICE OF UNDERWATER SEARCH ECHO SOUNDER TRANSDUCER TO NONMETAL VESSEL HULL

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- 4. List of Attached Documents
 - (1) Specification 1
 - (2) Figures
 - (3) Copy of Application 1

[Stamp: Patent Office September 24, 1977 Sec. 2 Applications

Tsunoda]

54-54365

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Japanese Unexamined Utility Model Registration No. 54-54365

Specification

1. Title of the Idea

MOUNTING DEVICE OF ECHO SOUNDER TRANSDUCER FOR HYDROSPACE SENSOR TO NON-METALLIC SHIP

2. Scope of Registered Utility Model

A mounting device of an echo sounder transducer for a hydrospace sensor to a nonmetallic ship configured with an echo sounder transducer case that is held so that a radiation surface of the ultrasonic transducer appears on the lower end surface with a flange in the periphery of the upper end surface, a frame in the form of rectangular parallelepiped shape having a hitch part that is embedded in advance in the bottom of the ship and formed so as to be held after at least two mutually opposing flanges of the echo sounder transducer case are slid and engaged, and a latch provided on the remaining side of the frame to latch the flanges.

3. Detailed Description of the Idea

The present idea relates to an echo sounder transducer mounting device to mount in the bottom of a ship in which an echo sounder transducer for the hydrospace sensor is projected a specified length below the bottom of the ship, and particularly relates to an echo sounder transducer mounting device in which an echo sounder transducer can be mounted extremely easily on the bottom of a non-metallic ship.

A hydrospace sensor that detects a school of fish, the bottom of the ocean, or the like to observe an underwater condition sends an ultrasonic pulse signal of a specified frequency at a constant cycle from an echo sounder transducer mounted on the undersurface of the bottom of a ship, receives a reflected wave from a school of fish or the like, and displays the received signals on a recorder to provide precise hydrospace information to a user. Because the reflected signals that come back to the echo sounder receiver are extremely weak by being faded considerably due to undersea factors, and when these are amplified in a high degree, various noises are also amplified likewise, so a clear display image is difficult to obtain. Accordingly, it is desirable to minimize to the utmost the fading of the ultrasonic reflected signal that occurs until reaching the echo sounder receiver.

Originally, the ultrasound signal has a characteristic to fade considerably due to an air bubbling layer or an eddy layer, and particularly an air bubbling layer generated when waves crash against the bow as the ship travels the water, and an eddy or the like due to a projection structure of the bottom of the ship covering the surface of the echo sounder transducer, the reception performance of the hydrospace sensor is considerably deteriorated. In order to avoid the air bubbling layer that rushes through the bottom of the ship, conventionally the echo sounder transducer have been held by projecting anywhere from 20 to 40 [cm] from the bottom surface of the ship. More specifically, The upper surface of an steel made echo sounder transducer case has been cut in conformity to an inclination of the bottom of the ship part and the cut surface was weld to the board of the bottom of the ship. This method has been a suitable installation method for a steel ship that was the mainstream in the past; however, this could not be applied to a FRP (fiberglass reinforced plastics) ship that has been popularized rapidly in recent years.

This idea is to provide a suitable echo sounder transducer mounting device to install the echo sounder transducer into FRP ships.

Descriptions of embodiments of the present idea will be given hereinafter with reference to drawings.

FIG. 1 is a conventional device in which an echo sounder transducer is mounted in the bottom of the ship of a steel ship.

In FIG. 1, ultrasonic transducers 3 and 4 are mounted on a plate 2 that configures an echo sounder transducer case 1, and the plate 2 is fixed by a bolt 5. The upper surface of the echo sounder transducer case 1 is welded and fixed continuously on the bottom sheathing 6.

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On the other hand, in the case of an FRP ship in which the body is formed by a laminating material of FRP resin, a welding method cannot be used so a fastening method that uses a bolt or the like is considered.

FIG. 2 is a conventional device where an echo sounder transducer is mounted to a wooden ship. This was widely performed in the previous stage transitioning to the steel ship.

In FIG. 2, flange 7 where an appropriate number of mounting holes are provided in the periphery is welded on the upper surface of an iron echo sounder transducer case 1, and the echo sounder transducer case 1 is fixed to the top and bottom of the bottom sheathing 8 by using a bolt 12 and a nut 13 that penetrate filler pieces 10 and 11 to compensate the inclination of the bottom part of the ship.

Although the same mounting method as the mounting method to the wood ship in FIG. 2 may be considered for use, a partial deterioration of strength is likely to occur because the mounting holes are drilled into the bottom sheathing, and this leads to deficiency requiring a preventive treatment for water leakage.

FIG. 3 illustrates an embodiment of the present idea. FIG. 4 illustrates an explanatory drawing for a mounting process of the embodiment. FIG. 5 illustrates the essential part of the embodiment. FIG. 6 is a cross-sectional view of the embodiment described above. FIG. 7 and FIG. 8 are cross-sectional views of another embodiment.

In FIG. 3, ultrasonic transducers 3 and 4 are held on the bottom surface of the echo sounder transducer case 15 so that those radiation surfaces appear from the case, and a flange 16 is provided integrally on the upper surface of the echo sounder transducer case.

A U-shaped or L-shaped hitch part 17 is provided on three sides as illustrated in FIG. 5 and a frame shape having notch 18 is formed on the remaining side in the bottom of an RFP ship. Frame 19 is embedded in advance when forming the ship body with FRP resin. The hitch part 17 may be integrally formed with the frame 19, or may be configured by welding a U-shaped or I-shaped metal fitting to the frame, and when embedding in the bottom of the ship in advance, the hitch part 17 is outside the bottom of the ship. Screw hole 20 is cut in the notch part 18 of the frame.

The echo sounder transducer case 15 is held in the bottom of the ship 14 by engaging the flange 16 into the hitch part 17 and pressure welding with an L-shaped pressure welding plate 21. Through holes for a bolt to be through are provided in the pressure welding plate 21, and the pressure welding plate 21 is fastened to the frame 19 by the bolt so these through holes are arranged opposing each other to the screw hole of the frame 19. Arrow A indicates a traveling direction of the ship.

In FIG. 4, an echo sounder transducer case 15 having ultrasonic transducers 3 and 4 and flange 16 are engaged so as to slide within a U-shaped hitch part 17 in the arrow B direction, and subsequently, L-shaped pressure welding plate 21 is pressed against one side of the flange and secured with a bolt to be fixed on the bottom of the ship.

In FIG. 6, an echo sounder transducer case 15 is held by being engaged into a hitch part 17 of a frame 19 where the flange 16 is embedded in the bottom of the ship in advance. A section 22 where the frame of the bottom of the ship 14 is embedded is formed in a convex shape in order to prevent the deterioration of strength or is formed in a streamlined shape or the like in order to reduce traveling resistance. As illustrated in FIG. 7, when the flange is doubly provided so as to be on either side of the hitch part 17, the echo sounder transducer case 15 can be held securely, and also wave receiving noise can be reduced because a lash can be suppressed.

When compensating for the inclination of the bottom of the ship 14, the height may be adjusted when molding the ship bottom convex part 22 as illustrated in FIG. 8(A), or the upper part of the echo sounder transducer case 15 may be formed to conform to an inclination of the bottom of the ship as illustrated in FIG. 8(B).

According to the idea described above, the ultrasonic echo sounder transducer can be mounted extremely easily to the bottom of the ship with no occurrence of deterioration in the strength of the bottom of the ship, and the only object penetrating the bottom of the ship is an echo sounder transducer cable, so a well commonly used marine watertight cable gland can be used without needing special preventive treatment for water leakage or the like, and thereby, an excellent effect can be achieved.

In addition, holding strength is given by using the pressure welding plate 21 after the echo sounder transducer case is engaged and held into the hitch part 17 as well as prevented from the echo sounder transducer case to be slipped out in the above embodiments; however, this should not be limited to this method, and for example the through holes may be provided in the flange itself to lock the echo sounder transducer case by utilizing these.

4. Brief Description of Drawings

FIG. 1 and FIG. 2 illustrate a conventional device;

FIG. 3 illustrates an embodiment of the present idea;

FIG. 4 is an explanatory drawing of installing process of an embodiment of the present idea;

FIG. 5 is an essential part of an embodiment;

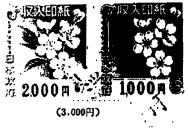
FIG. 6 is a cross-sectional view of the embodiment described above; and

FIG. 7 and FIG. 8 are cross-sectional views of another embodiment.

Numerical reference number 1 is an echo sounder transducer case, 3 and 4 are ultrasonic transducers, 6 is the bottom of the steel ship, 7 is a flange, 8 is the bottom of a wooden ship, 10 and 11 are penetrate filler pieces, 14 is the bottom of a FRP ship, 15 is an echo sounder transducer case, 16 is a flange, 17 is a hitch part, 19 is a frame, 21 is a pressure welding plate, and 22 is a convex part of the bottom of a ship.

Applicant of the JP Utility Model Registration: Furuno Electric Co., Ltd.

公開実用 昭和54-54365



実用新案登録願

昭和 52年 9月 22日

| 特許庁長官 | | | | | ļ | n. X | · radi |
|-------|-----|------|--------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------------|---|
| 1. | 考案 | ッカナ | 称 | ネイチョウ か 水中探 | 分割が知用。 | ^{办公、*} | の非金属製船体 |
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| 4. | 添付書 | 「類の目 | 録 | | • | | $\left(\begin{array}{c} \overline{H} \\ 52 \\ 0 \end{array} \right)$ |
| | (1) | 明細 | 目書 | 1 | 通 | | 111 MI WI WI WI |
| | (2) | X | 斻 | 1 | 通 | 54-50 | |
| | (3) | 願書 | 副本 | | ۹ آ | | 28135 |

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1.考案の名称

水中探知用送受波器の非金属製船体への取付装 置

2.実用新案登録請求の範囲

その下端面において超音波振動子の輻射面が現 出するように保持されその上端面の周囲にフラン ジを有する送受波器ケースと、船底に予め埋設さ れ少くともその相対する二辺に上記送受波器ケー スのフランジが摺動して嵌入された後保持され得 るよう成形される引掛部を有する直方体状の枠体 と、上記フランジを係止するために上記枠体の残 りの辺に設けられる係止具とで構成される水中探 知用送受波器の非金属製船体への取付装置。

3.考案の詳細な説明

この考案は、水中探知用送受波器を船底下に特定長さ突出させて船底に取付ける送受波器取付装 置に関し、特に送受波器を非金属製船の船底に極 めて容易に取付けることができる送受波器取付装 置に関する。

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公開実用 昭和54-54365

魚群や海底等を探知し水中状況を観測する水中 探知装置は、船底下面に取付けた送受波器から特 定周波数の超音波パルス信号を一定周期にて送出 して魚群等からの反射波を受信しこの受信々号を 記録器に表示せしめることにより利用者に的確な 水中探知情報を提供する。受波器に帰来する反射 信号は海中の諸因子により著しく滅衰されて極め て微弱なものであり、これを高度に増幅すると諸 雑音も同様に増幅されるので明瞭な表示像が得ら れにくい。従つて、受波器に到達するまでに生じ る超音波反射信号の滅衰を協力少なくすることが 望まれる。

元米、超音波信号は気泡層や渦流層で著しく滅 衰する性質をもち、特に船の走行により波が船首 で破砕される際に生じる気泡層や船底の突出構造 物による渦流などが送受波器面を覆うときは著し く水中探知装置の受信性能が低下する。旧来より 船底を流過する気泡層を避けるために、送受波器 を船底面から20~40[cm]突出させて保持するこ とが行なわれていた。具体的には、鉄製の送受波

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当ケースの上面を船底部の傾斜に合せて切断し切 断面の周囲を船底板に溶接することにより行つて いた。この方法は従来主流を占めていた鉄鋼船に 通した装備法であつたが、近年急速に普及してき た FRP (Fiberglass Reinforced Plastics,強化プラス チック)船には採用できなかつた。

この考案は、^{FRP}船に送受波器を装備するのに 好適な送受波器取付装置を提供するものである。

以下、 凶 歯 を 併 せ 用 い て こ の 考 案 の 実 施 例 を 説 明 す る 、

第1図は、送受波器が鉄鋼船の船底に取付けら れる従来装置を示す。

第1図において、送受波器ケース1を構成する 平板2には超音波振動子3及び4が取付けられて おり、平板2はボルト5により固着されている。 送受波器ケース1は船底板6にその上面が連続的 に溶接され固定される。

一方、船体を FRP 樹脂の積層材料で成形したFRP 船の場合には溶接法を採用できず、ポルト等を用いた締結法が考えられる。

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第2図は、送受波器を木造船に取付けた従来装 値を示す。これは鉄鋼船に移行する前の段階で広 く行なわれていた。

第2図において、鉄製の送受波器ケース1の上 面にその周囲に適当数の取付穴を設けたフランジ 7が溶接され、船底板8の上下に船底部の傾斜を 補正する間座10,11が当てられ貫通されるボルト 12及びナット18を用いて送受波器ケース1が固定 される。

FRP船の場合にも第2図の木造船への取付方法 と同じ取付法を採用できるとも考えられるが、船 底板を貫通して取付穴を穿つたために部分的な強 度低下を生じやすく、漏水の防止処置が必要とな るという不具合が生じる。

第3凶は、この考案の実施例を示す。第4凶は 実施例の装備過程記明凶を示す。第5凶は、実施 例の主要部を示す。第6凶上記実施例の断面凶を、 第7及び第8凶は他の実施例の断面凶を示す。

第3図において、送受波器ケース15の下面には 超音波振動子3,4がそれら輻射面をケースから現

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出する如く保持されており、送受波器ケースの上 面にはフランジ16が一体的に設けられている。

FRP船の船底14には、第5図に示すようにその 三辺にコ型义はL型の引掛部17が設けられ残りの 一辺に切欠き部18を有する枠型状に形成されてい る 枠体19が FRP樹脂で船体を成形する時に予め 埋設される。引掛部17は、枠体19と一体的に形成 しあるいは枠体にコ型又はL型の金具を溶接して 構成することができ、予め船底に埋設する際には 引掛部17は船底外にあるようになされる。枠体の 切欠き部18にはネジ穴20が切られている。

送受波器ケース15は、そのフランジ16が引掛部 17に嵌入されそしてL字型の圧接板21で圧接され ることにより船底14に保持される。圧接板21には ボルトを通す貫通穴が設けられており、圧接板21 はこれらの貫通穴が上記枠体19のねじ穴に相対す るように配置されボルトにより上記枠体19に締結 される。矢印Aは船の進行方向を示す。

第4凶において、超音波振動子 3.4及びフラン ジ16を有する送受波器ケース15は、矢印 B 方向に

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フランジ16がコ字型の引掛部17内を摺動するよう に嵌入された後、L字型の圧接板21がフランジの 一辺に押し当てられポルトを用いて固着すること により、船底に固定される。

第6凶において、送受波器ケース15は、そのフ ランジ16が予め船底に埋設される枠体19の引掛部 17に嵌入されることにより保持される。船底14の 枠体が埋設される部分22は強度低下を防ぐために 凸状に且つ走行抵抗の軽減をはかるために流線形 等に成形される。第7凶に示すように、引掛部17 を挾むようにフランジを2段設ければ送受波器ケ ース15の保持を確実にすることができしかも遊院 を抑えることができるので受波ノイズも減少させ っことができる。

船底14の傾斜を補正する場合には、第8図Aに 示すように船底凸部22成型時にその高さを調節す るか、あるいは同図Bのに示すように送受波器ケー ス15の上部を船底の傾斜に合わせて成形すればよ

上述のようにこの考案によれば、船底の強度低

「下を生ずることなく極めて容易に超音波送受波器 を船底に取付けることができ、しかも船底の貫通 物は送受波器のケーブルのみとなるので通常よく 用いられる船用電線貫通金物を用いることができ 特別な漏水防止策を施こす必要を生じない等の優 れた効果を奏する。

なお、上記実施例においては、送受波器ケース を引掛部17へ嵌入して保持した後圧接板21を用い て保持力を与え且つ送受波器ケースが抜け出るの を防止しているが、この方法に限定されることな く例えばフランジ自身に貫通穴を設けこれらを利 用して送受波器ケースを係止することも可能であ る。

1. 凶血の簡単な説明

第1 及び第2 図は、従来装置を示す。第3 図は、 この考案の実施例を、第4 図はこの考案の実施例 の装備過程説明図、第5 図は実施例の主要部を、 第6 図は上記実施例の断面図を示す。第7 及び第 8 図は他の実施例の断面図を示す。

1は送受波器ケース、3及び4は超音波振動子

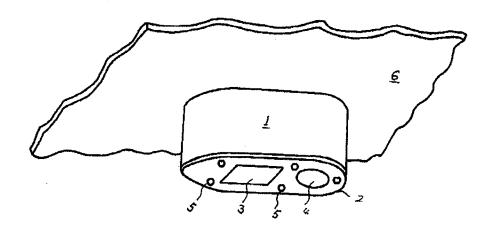
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⁸ 6 は鉄鋼船の船底、7はフランジ、8 は木造船の 船底、10 及び11 は間座、14 は FRP船の船底、15 は 送受波器ケース、16 はフランジ、17 は引掛部、19 は枠体、21 は圧接板、22 は船底の凸部を示す。

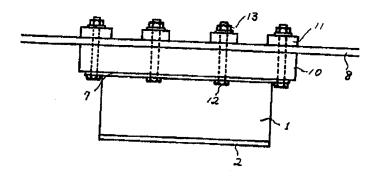
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第1国







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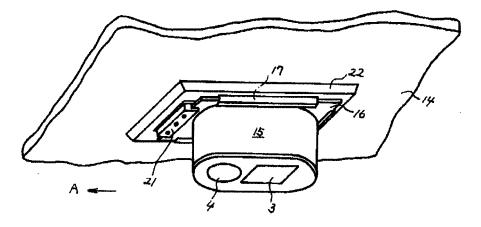
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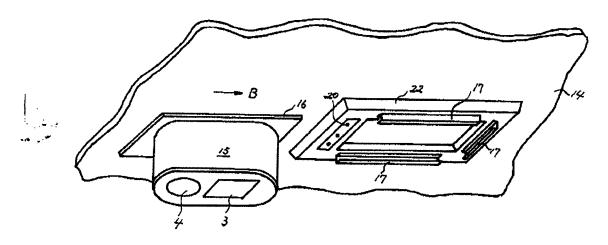
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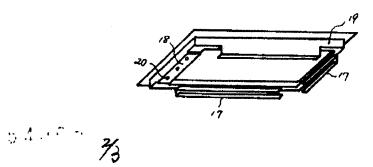
第3国



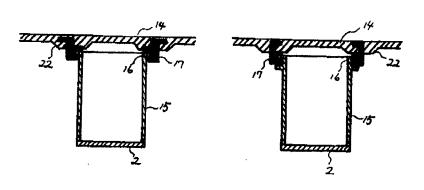
第4团



第5 团



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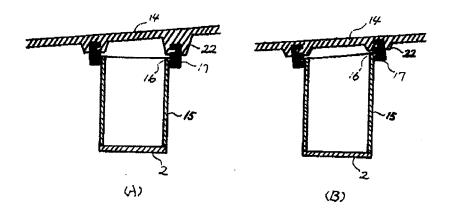


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第6国

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SPECIFICATION

1. Name of Idea

Housing Case of Acoustic Equipment

2. Scope of Utility Model Registered Claims

A housing case of hydroacoustic equipment mounted outside a vessel, comprising water conducting holes that connect inside and outside of a case body and which are mounted on the top and bottom surfaces of a hollow case body in which the bottom surface is flat and the top surface is made to have a streamlined expansion along the front to back direction of the vessel.

3. Detailed Description of the Idea

[Field of Industrial Application]

The present idea relates to a housing case of hydroacoustic equipment mounted outside a vessel. [Related Art]

Devices are available in which hydroacoustic equipment such as an acoustic current meter, echo sounding machine, fish finder, or the like, are provided in a vessel body such as an oceanographic investigation vessel, fishing vessel, or the like, and those that mount the hydroacoustic equipment outside the vessel are also available.

FIGS. 8 and 9 illustrate a mounting method of hydroacoustic equipment mounted outside a vessel, and hydroacoustic equipment A is housed within a case B so as not to receive direct water current pressure that accompanies the operation of the vessel 1. FIG. 8 illustrates the case B attached and mounted to the bottom end of a support pipe 3 vertically lowered from a boom 2 that is extended laterally of the vessel 1. FIG. 9 illustrates the case B attached and mounted to the outer surface of the side of the vessel 1.

Conventionally, a box shape having flat top and bottom surfaces has been used as a housing case of hydroacoustic equipment mounted outside a vessel, and the acoustic equipment is equipped on the bottom panel within the case with the acoustic wave transmitter and receiver facing downward.

[Problems to be Solved by the Idea]

However, the housing case of the hydroacoustic equipment generates bubbles due to the cavitation of the flow on the corner parts of the case when moving in the water in conjunction with the operation of the vessel while being supported outside the vessel as described above, and these bubbles surround the case as they travel to the rear of the case. Because these bubbles also pass by the bottom surface of the case, there is the problem that the bubbles that pass by the bottom surface of the case have a negative effect on the acoustic wave transmitting and receiving of the hydroacoustic equipment. Further, when the vessel especially operates at a high speed thereby generating a stronger cavitation, it becomes impossible for the hydroacoustic equipment to perform its proper function due to the increased amount of bubbles.

[Means for Solving the Problem]

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The present idea is configured such that a housing case of hydroacoustic equipment is provided with water conducting holes that connect inside and outside of a case body and which are mounted on the top and bottom surfaces of a hollow case body in which the bottom surface is flat and the top surface is made to have a streamlined expansion along the front to back direction of the vessel to thereby remove bubbles that pass by the bottom surface of the case so that the proper function of the hydroacoustic equipment can be sufficiently demonstrated.

[Operation]

In other words, the present invention provides an expansion in the flow line shape along the front to back direction of the vessel on the top surface of the case body that makes the current speed of the current flowing along the case top surface to be faster than the current flowing on the case bottom surface, and by this, bubbles flow more easily on the top side of the case while also utilizing the negative pressure made by the high flow rate area on the top side of the case to blow out water inside the case to the case top surface side by passing such water through water conducting holes on the case top surface thereby drawing the water that is flowing along the case bottom surface, together with the bubbles, into the case body from the water conducting holes on the case bottom surface to remove bubbles on the bottom surface side of the case.

[Embodiment of the Idea]

An embodiment of the present idea is given hereinafter with reference to FIGS. 1 to 5 of the housing case of hydroacoustic equipment vertically lowered into water.

In FIGS. 1 to 4, reference numeral 10 is a hollow case body that houses hydroacoustic equipment. This case body 10 is given a flat vessel shape having an expansion in the flow line shape on both sides. The case body 10 is formed in a dual divided shape composed of a lower case 10a and an upper case 10b made of fiber reinforced plastic (FRP) reinforced by glass fiber, and the lower case 10a and the upper case 10b are assembled by connecting flanges 11a and 11b formed on the outer periphery of the connecting area by screws 12 and 12.

The lower case 10a is made up of a bottom panel part together with perimeter wall parts that rise substantially perpendicular from the periphery thereof on which the flange 11a is formed on the outer periphery, and thus, the lower surface (bottom surface) of the lower case 10a becomes a flat surface. The corner areas of the bottom surface and the perimeter wall surfaces are curved so as to reduce the cavitation of the water flow generated in the corner areas. In addition, reinforcing walls 13 and 13 are integrally formed on the bottom panel part of the lower case 10a in a crisscross around the mountings of the hydroacoustic equipment arranged on the bottom panel part. Further, the upper case 10b provides an expansion in the flow line shape along the front to back direction of the vessel, which is to say the front to back direction of the case body, on the upper surface portion surrounded by the flange 11b of the outer periphery thereof, and reinforcing ribs 14 and 14 are integrally formed in a crisscross also on the inner surface of the upper case 10b. Additionally, a cylindrical support pipe assembly metal fitting 15 bolted to the lower end of the support pipe 3 that perpendicularly supports the case body 10 in the water is anchored by anchoring bolts 16 and 16 to the center of the top surface

of the upper case 10b, and a cable through hole 17 for passing a cable through is provided on the part opposite in the support pipe assembly metal fitting 15 of the upper case 10b.

Meanwhile, A is the hydroacoustic equipment (acoustic current meter, echo sounding machine, fish finder, or the like) housed in the case body 10, and the hydroacoustic equipment A is water proof with a water proof covering over the outside thereof. The hydroacoustic equipment A is normally housed within a 2 set case body 10, and the hydroacoustic equipment A and A is installed on the bottom panel part of the lower case 10a in an arrangement as illustrated in FIG. 4 with the acoustic wave transmitting and receiving surface on the bottom side and is fixed to the bottom panel part of the lower case 10a by press fittings not illustrated. Note that (a) and (a) are cables leading from the hydracoustic equipment A and A, and these cables (a) and (a) lead out from the cable pass through hole 17 on the top surface of the case body 10 to inside the support pipe assembly fitting 15 and pass through the inside of the support pipe 3 and are connected to a measurement device or the like within the vessel.

In addition, multiplicities of water conducting holes 18 and 18 that connect the inner part of the case body 10 to the case body exterior are provided on the bottom surface of the bottom case 10a at the front and back thereof so as to avoid the installation position of the hydroacoustic equipment A and A as illustrated in FIG. 1 and FIG. 4, and multiplicities of water conducting holes 19 and 19 that connect the inner part of the case body 10 to the case body exterior, as illustrated in FIG. 1 and FIG. 3, are also provided on the top surface of the upper case 10b that has an expansion in the flow line shape. These water conducting holes 18 and 18 and 19 and 19 are provided to draw in water from the bottom surface side of the case body 10 into the case body 10 and then expel the water inside the case body 10 to the top surface side of the case body 10 such that the inside of the case body 10 is always filled with water when the case body 10 is in a lowered state into the water.

The housing case of hydroacoustic equipment is attached to the bottom end of the support pipe 3 that is vertically lowered by being extended from a vessel body 1 as illustrated in FIG. 8, and therefore, this case is lowered into the water so that the axis line in the front to back direction thereof is parallel to the axis direction of the front to back direction of the vessel body 1.

However, because an expansion in the flow line shape along the back to front direction of the vessel is provided on the top surface of the case body 10 in the housing case of the hydroacoustic equipment, the current speed of the current flowing along the case top surface is faster than the current flowing on the case bottom surface, and bubbles flow more easily on the top side of the case while also utilizing the negative pressure made by the high flow rate area on the top side of the case thereby drawing the water that is flowing along the case bottom surface, together with the bubbles, into the case body 10 from the water conducting holes 18 and 18 on the case bottom surface and thus bubbles on the bottom surface side of the case can be removed.

In other words, FIG. 5 illustrates the water flow around the case periphery when moving in conjunction with the operation of the vessel, and because the case body 10 has an expansion in the flow line shape while having a flat bottom surface, the water flow that is divided to the top and bottom

of the case body 10 flows as illustrated by the broken line in the drawing, and thus, the flow velocity V_1 of the water flow that flows along the top surface of the case is faster than the flow velocity V_2 of the water flow that flows along the bottom surface of the case. Accordingly, even if bubbles are generated by cavitation of the water flow at the front of the case body 10, the majority of those bubbles will flow to the upper side of the case being drawn by the water flow having the faster current, and thus, the amount of bubbles around the bottom surface of the case will be fewer. In addition, when the flow velocity V1 of the water flowing along the top surface of the case is faster than the flow velocity V2 of the water flow flowing along the bottom surface of the case, the water pressure P1 of the top surface side of the case becomes negative pressure relative to the water pressure P2 of the bottom surface side of the case, and therefore, the water filled in the case body 10 on account of the water pressure difference between the top and bottom surfaces of the case passes through the water conducting holes 19 and 19 on the top surface of the case as illustrated by the arrow in FIG. 1 and is expelled at the top surface side of the case, while the water that flows along the bottom surface of the case is drawn into the case body 10 from the water conducting holes 18 and 18 of the bottom surface of the case, and accordingly, the bubbles that entered at the bottom surface side of the case and traveled along the bottom surface of the case are drawn, along with the water, into the case body 10, and thus bubbles on the bottom surface side of the case can be removed.

In other words, because the housing case of hydroacoustic equipment has a flat bottom surface and provides water conducting holes 19 and 18 that connect the inside and outside of the case body on the top and bottom surfaces of the hollow case body 10 that has an expansion in the flow line shape along the back to front direction of the vessel on the top surface, bubbles passing by on the case bottom surface can be removed and the proper function of the hydroacoustic equipment housed within the case can be sufficiently demonstrated. Further, according to the housing case of hydroacoustic equipment, because the water in the case body 10 is filled, a water temperature measuring instrument and the like may also be housed within the case body 10 in addition to the hydroacoustic equipment A and A, and measurement of the water temperature and the like can also be performed.

Note that in the embodiment given above, a description was given of a housing case of hydroacoustic equipment that is vertically dropped into the water such as that illustrated in FIG. 8, however, the present idea may also be applied to a housing case of hydroacoustic equipment attached to the vessel side such as that illustrated in FIG. 9. In other words, FIGS. 6 and 7 illustrate another embodiment of the present idea, and this embodiment provides a boat body attaching metal fitting 20 that attaches to the side of the vessel 1 on the top surface of a hollow case body 10 that is provided with a flat bottom surface and an expansion in the flow line shape along the front to back direction of the vessel on the top surface, wherein, such other configurations are similar to the embodiment given above. Note that in this embodiment protruding objects such as a flange are eliminated from the peripheral side surface of the case body 10 by aligning the lowercase 10a and the upper case 10b that configures the case body 10 by connecting with screws 21 and 21. By doing this, the water drawn

and together with the bubbles from the bottom surface side of the case due to the water pressure difference between the top and bottom surfaces of the case flows not only within the case body but also across the outer wall surface of the case body to the top surface side of the case as illustrated by the broken line arrow in FIG. 6, and thus can more favorably remove the bubbles on the bottom surface of the case.

Note that with the embodiment given above, although the case body 10 is made from FRP, this case body may be formed by metal plating, and the flat shape of the case body 10 does not need to be shaped like a hull.

[Effect of the Idea]

The present idea provides an expansion in the flow line shape along the front to back direction of the vessel on the top surface of the case body that makes the current speed of the current flowing along the case top surface to be faster than the current flowing on the case bottom surface, and by this, bubbles flow more easily on the top side of the case while also utilizing the negative pressure made by the high flow rate area on the top surface side of the case to blow out water inside the case to the case top surface side by passing such water through water conducting holes on the case top surface thereby drawing the water that is flowing along the case bottom surface, together with the bubbles, into the case body from the water conducting holes on the case bottom surface of the case can be removed, and the proper function of the hydroacoustic equipment housed in the case can be sufficiently demonstrated.

4. Brief Description of Drawings

FIGS. 1 to 5 illustrate one embodiment of the present idea. FIG. 1 and FIG. 2 are a vertical cross-sectional side view and a vertical cross-sectional front view of the housing case. FIG. 3 and FIG. 4 are plan view and a bottom view of the housing case. FIG. 5 is a side view illustrating of water flowing around the case periphery. FIG. 6 and FIG. 7 are a lateral view and a front view of the housing case illustrating another embodiment of the present idea. FIG. 8 and FIG. 9 are drawings illustrating the mounting method of the hydroacoustic equipment mounted to the outside of the vessel.

case body
 lower case
 upper case
 yater conducting holes
 hydroacoustic equipment

Applicant Agent Attorney Takehiko SUZUE

FIG. 1

18 water conducting hole

19 water conducting hole

A hydroacoustic equipment

10 case body

801

Japanese Unexamined Utility Model Application No. S62-99877 Applicant: NIPPI Corporation Agent: Takehiko SUZUE

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⑲ 日本 国 特 許 庁 (J P)

①実用新案出顧公開

@ 公開実用新案公報(U) 昭62-99877

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| G 01 S 7/52 B 63 B 49/00 | | B - 6707 - 5 J 8309 - 3D | 審査 | 請求 | 有 | (全 | 頁) |

③考案の名称 水中音響機器の収納ケース

②実 顧 昭60-191674
③出 顧 昭60(1985)12月13日

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り 細 書

1. 考案の名称

水中音響機器の収納ケース

2. 実川新案登録請求の範囲

船外に装備される水中音響機器の収納ケースで あって、下面を水平にしかつ上面に船体の前後方 向に沿う流線形の服らみをもたせた中空ケース体 の上下面に、ケース体内外を連通する通水孔を設 けたことを特徴とする水中音響機器の収納ケース。 3、考案の詳細な説明

(産業上の利用分野)

この考案は船外に装備される水中音響機器の収納ケースに関するものである。

〔従来技術〕

海洋調査船や漁船等には、音響流速計、音響測 深機、魚群探知機等の水中音響機器を船体内にも っているものと、上記水中音響機器を船外に装備 しているものとがある。

第 8 図および第 9 図は船外に装備される水中音 響機器の装備方式を示したもので、水中音響機器

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A は船体1の航行にともなう流水圧を直接受けな いようにするためにケースB内に収納されており、 第8図に示すように船体1の側方に張出したブー ム2から垂下した支持パイプ3の下端に前記ケー スBを取付けて装備されるか、あるいは第9図に 示すように前記ケースBを船体1の船側外面に取 付けて装備されている。

. . .

上記船外に装備される水中音響機器の収納ケースとしては、従来、上下面が水平な箱形のものが 使川されており、音響機器は、その音波送受信面 を下に向けてこのケース内の底板上に設置されて いる。

(考案が解決しようとする問題点)

ところで、上記水中音響機器の収納ケースは、 上記のように船外に支持されて船体の航行にとも ない水中を移動するために、ケースのコーナー部 における水流のキャビテーションにより気泡がを 発生し、この気泡がケースの周囲をケース後方に 向かって通過するが、この気泡はケースの下面も 通過するために、このケース下面を通過する気泡

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が水中音響機器の音波送受信に悪影響を及ぼすという問題があり、特に船体が高速で航行するときにはキャビテーションも強く発生して気泡量も多くなるから、水中音響機器に本来の機能を発揮させることができなくなる。

(問題点を解決する手段)

この考案は、水中音響機器の収納ケースを、下 面を水平にしかつ上面に船体の前後方向に沿う流 線形の服らみをもたせた中空ケース体の上下面に、 ケース体内外を連通する通水孔を設けた構成とす ることにより、ケース下面を通る気泡をなくして、 水中音響機器に本来の機能を十分に発揮させられ るようにしたものである。

〔作川〕

すなわち、この考案は、ケース体の上面に船体 の前後方向に沿う流線形の服らみをもたせること によってケース上面に沿って流れる水流の流速が ケース下面の流速よりも速くなるようにし、これ により気泡がケース上部側に流れやすくするとと もに、ケース上面側の高流速域が負圧となるのを

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利用してケース体内の水をケース体上面の通水孔 を通してケース上面側に吸出すことにより、ケー ス下面に沿って流れる水を気泡とともにケース体 下面の通水孔からケース体内に吸込んで、ケース 下面側の気泡を除去するようにしたものである。

〔 考 案 の 実 施 例 〕

以下、この考案の一実施例を、水中に垂下される水中音響機器の収納ケースについて第1図~第5図を参照し説明する。

第 1 図~第 4 図において、 1 0 は水中音響機器 を収納する中空のケース体であり、 このケース体 1 0 は、両側に流線形の服らみをもたせた平面船 形のものとされている。 このケース体 1 0 は、ガ ラス繊維で補強した繊維強化合成樹脂(F R P) 裂の下ケース 1 0 a および上ケース 1 0 b からな る二分割形のもので、下ケース 1 0 a と上ケース 1 0 b は、その接合部の外周に形成したフランジ 部 1 1 a, 1 1 b をビス 1 2, 1 2 により接合し て組立てられている。

前記下ケース10aは、底板部とその周囲から

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ほぼ垂直に立上がる外周に前記フランジ11aを 形成した周壁部とからなるもので、この下ケース 10 aの下面(底面)は水平面とされており、こ の下面と周壁面とのコーナー部は、このコーナー 部において発生する水流のキャビテーションを小 さくするために曲面とされている。またこの下ケ ース10 aの底板部上には、この底板部の上に配 置される水中音響機器の設置部を囲んで縦横に補 強壁13,13が一体に形成されている。また、 前記上ケース10bは、その外周の前記フランジ 11 b で 出まれた 上面部分に、ケース体前後方向 つまり船体の前後方向に沿う流線形の服らみをも たせたもので、この上ケース10bの内面にも縦 横に補強リブ14,14が一体に形成されている。 またこの上ケース10bの中央部上面には、ケー ス体10を水中に垂下支持する支持パイプ3の下 端にボルト止めされる筒状の支持パイプ取付け金 具15が固定ボルト16,16によって固定され ており、上ケース10bの支持パイプ取付け金具 15内に対向する部分には、ケーブル通し孔17

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が設けられている。

ー方、Aは前記ケース体 1 0 内に収納された水 中音響機器(音響流速計、音響測深機、魚群探知 機等)であり、この水中音響機器Aは、その外側 を防水被覆した防水型ものとされている。この水 中音響機器Aは、通常2セットケース体 1 0 内に 収納されており、この水中音響機器A, Aは、そ の音波送受信面を下側にして第4図に示すような 配置で下ケース 1 0 aの底板部上に設置され、図 示しない抑え金具により下ケース 1 0 aの底板部 に固定されている。なお、a, aは水中音響機器 A, Aから導出されたケーブルであり、このケー ブルa, aは、ケース体 1 0 上面のケーブル通し 孔 1 7 から支持パイプ取付け金具 1 5 内に導出さ れ、支持パイプ3 内を通して船体内の測定装置等 に接続されるようになっている。

また、前記下ケース10 aの下面には、水中音 響機器A, Aの設置位置を避けてその前後に、ケ ース体10の内部とケース体外を連通する多数の 通水孔18, 18が第1図および第4図に示すよ

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うに設けられており、さらに流線形の服らみをも たせた上ケース10bの上面にも、ケース体10 の内部とケース体外を連通する多数の通水孔19, 19が第1図および第3図に示すように設けられ ている。この通水孔18,18および19,19 は、ケース体10の下面側からケース体10内に 水を吸込むとともにケース体10内の水をケース 体10の上面側に流出させるために設けられたも ので、ケース体10を水中に垂下させた状態では、 ケース体10内には常に水が充満するようになっ ている。

この水中音響機器の収納ケースは、第8図に示したように船体1から張出させて垂下された支持 パイプ3の下端に取付けられるもので、このケー スは、その前後方向の軸線が船体1の前後方向の 軸線と平行になるようにして水中に垂下される。

しかして、この水中音響機器の収納ケースにお いては、ケース体 1 0 の上面に船体の前後方向に 沿う流線形の服らみをもたせているから、ケース 上面に沿って流れる水流の流速をケース下面の流

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速よりも速くして気泡がケース上部側に流れやす くするとともに、ケース上面側の高流速域が負圧 となるのを利川して、ケース下面に沿って流れる 水を気泡とともにケース体下面の通水孔18, 18からケース体10内に吸込んでケース下面側 の気泡を除去することができる。 - つまり、第5以は船体の航行にともなって移動 するケース周囲の水流を示したもので、前記ケー ス体10は、その下面が水平で、上面は流線形の 服らみをもっているから、ケース体10の上下に 分流される水流は図に破線で示すように流れるこ とになりそのためにケース上面に沿って流れる水 流の流速V」はケース下面に沿って流れる水流の 流速 V₂ よりも速くなる。従って、ケース体10 - の 前 部 に お い て 水 流 の キ ャ ビ テ ー シ ョ ン に よ り 気 泡が発生した場合でも、この気泡の大部分は、流 | 速 の 速 い 水 流 に 引 か れ て ケ ー ス 上 部 側 に 流 れ る こ とになり、そのためにケース下面に回り込む気泡 の量は少なくなる。また、ケース上面に沿って流 れる水流の流速V」がケース下面に沿って流れる

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水流の流速 V₂ よりも速くなれば、ケース上面側 の水圧 P₁ がケース下面側の水圧 P₂ に対して負 圧となるから、このケース上下面の水圧差により ケース体 1 0 内に充満している水が第 1 図に矢印 で示すようにケース体上面の通水孔 1 9, 1 9を 通してケース上面側に吸出されるとともに、ケー ス下面に沿って流れる水がケース体下面の通水孔 1 8, 1 8 からケース体 1 0 内に吸込まれること になり、従って、ケース下面側に入り込んでケー ス下面を伝って移動してくる気泡も水とともにケ ース体 1 0 内に吸込まれるから、ケース下面側の 気泡を除去することができる。

すなわち、この水中音響機器の収納ケースは、 下面を水平にしかつ上面に船体の前後方向に沿う 流線形の服らみをもたせた中空ケース体10の上 下面に、ケース体内外を連通する通水孔19, 18を設けたものであるから、ケース下面を通る 気泡をなくして、ケース内に収納した水中音響機 器A, Aに本来の機能を十分に発揮させることが できる。また、この水中音響機器の収納ケースに

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よれば、ケース体10内に水が充満するから、水 中音響機器A, Aの他にケース体10内に水温測 定器等も収納して、水温の測定等も行なうことが できる。

なお、上記実施例では、第8図に示すように水 中に垂下される水中音響機器の収納ケースについ て説明したが、この考案は、第9図に示すように 船側に取付けられる水中音響機器の収納ケースに も適用することができる。すなわち、第6図およ び第7図はこの考案の他の実施例を示したもので、 この実施例は、下面を水平にしかつ上面に船体の 前後方向に沿う流線形の服らみをもたせた中空ケ ース体10の上面に、船体1の船側に取付けられ る船体取付け金具20を設けたものであって、そ の他の構成は上記実施例と同様である。なお、こ の実施例では、ケース体10を構成する下ケース 10aと上ケース10bとを嵌め合わせてビス 21,21で接合することによってケース体10 の周側面からフランジ等の突起物をなくしており、 このようにすれば、ケース上下面の水圧差により

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ケース下面側から気泡とともに吸引される水が、 ケース体内だけでなくケース体外壁面も伝って第 6 図に破線矢印で示すようにケース上面側に流れ るから、さらに良好にケース下面の気泡を除去す ることができる。

なお、上記実施例では、ケース体10をFRP 裂としているが、このケース体は金属板で形成し てもよいし、またケース体10の平面形状は必ず しも船型でなくてもよい。

〔考案の効果〕

この考案は、ケース体の上面に船体の前後方向 に沿う流線形の服らみをもたせることによってケ ース上面に沿って流れる水流の流速がケース下面 の流速よりも速くなるようにし、これにより気泡 がケース上部側に流れやすくするとともに、ケー ス上面側の高流速域が負圧となるのを利用してケ ース上面側に吸出すことにより、ケース下面に沿 って流れる水を気泡とともにケース体下面の通水 孔からケース体内に吸込んで、ケース下面側の気

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泡を除去するようにしたものであるから、ケース 下面を通る気泡をなくして、ケース内に収納した 水中音響機器に本来の機能を十分に発揮させるこ とができる。

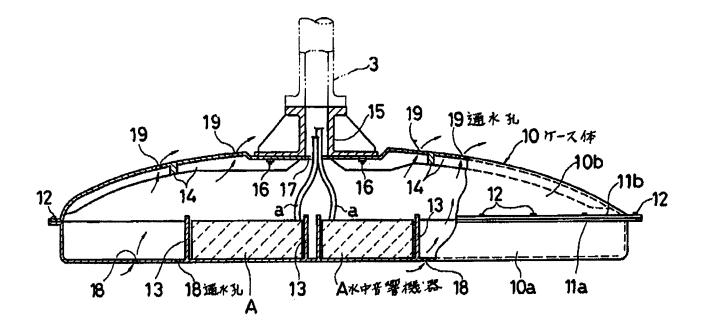
4. 図面の簡単な説明

第1図~第5図はこの考案の一実施例を示した もので、第1図および第2図は収納ケースの縦断 側面図および縦断正面図、第3図および第4図は 収納ケースの平面図および底面図、第5図はケー ス周囲を流れる水流を示す側面図である。第6図 および第7図はこの考案の他の実施例を示す収納 ケースの側面図および正面図である。第8図およ び第9図は船外に装備される水中音響機器の装備 方式を示す図である。

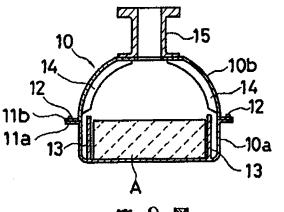
10…ケース体、10a…下ケース、10b… 上ケース、18,19…通水孔、A…水中音響機器。

出颜人代理人 弁理士 鈴江武彦

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第丨図



第2図

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影·: 実開 62-99877 〔

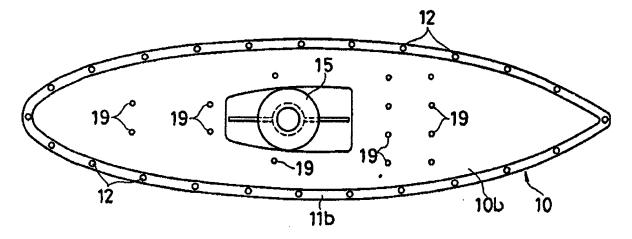
出願人日本飛行機株式会社

代理人龄汀 武

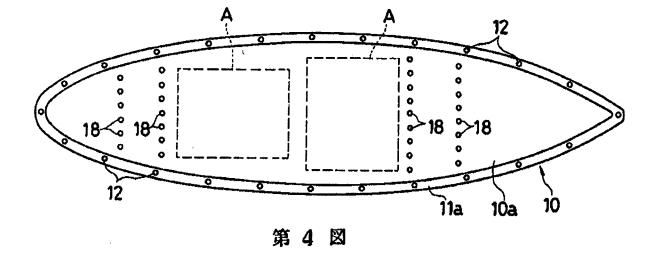
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第3図



V1 P1 10 V2 P2

第5図

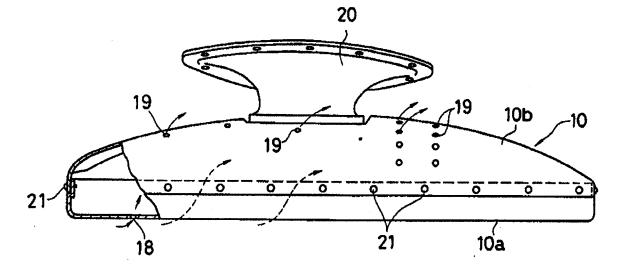
实明 62-998 77

出願人日本飛行機株式会社代理人給汗 武容

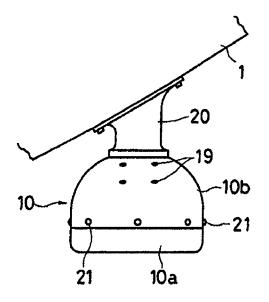
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第6図

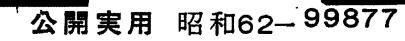


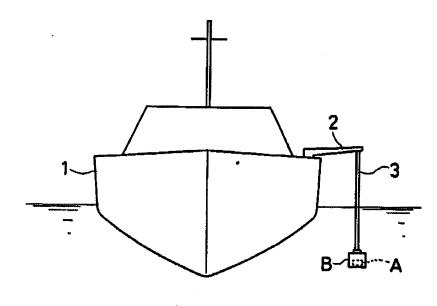
第7図

803 实開 62-99**877**

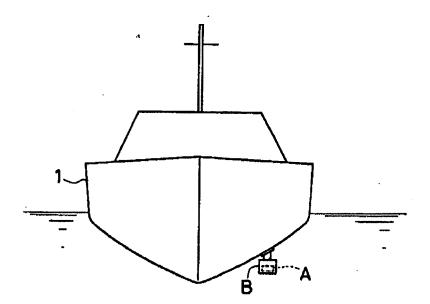
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第9図 804 実開62-99877 出願人 日本飛行機株式会社

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Espacenet

Bibliographic data: JP62190480 (A) — 1987-08-20

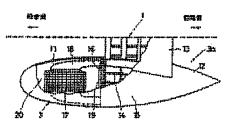
PROTECTING DEVICE FOR SONAR TRANSMITTER AND RECEIVER

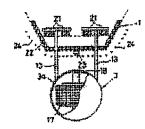
| Inventor(s): | HYODO TAKAYOSHI; KAMEI AKIHIRO <u>+</u> | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Applicant(s): | JAPAN TECH RES & DEV INST; YOKOHAMA RUBBER CO LTD \pm | | |
| Classification: | - international: - European: | G01S7/52; G01S7/521; (IPC1- 7): G01S7/52 | |
| Application number: | JP19860030682 19860217 | | |
| Priority number(s): | JP19860030682 19860217 | | |
| Also published as: | <u>JP5028792 (B)</u> <u>JP1822078 (C)</u> | | |

Abstract of JP62190480 (A)

PURPOSE: To improve prevention effect against noises from the bottom of a ship by fitting the columnar coupling material of a protecting device to the ship bottom through a rubber vibration insulator, mounting a sound shield material on the ship bottom, and covering the head part which contains a sonar transmitter and receiver with a rubber type elastic body.

CONSTITUTION: The protecting device 3 which contains the sonar transmitter and receiver 17 is separated from and coupled with the ship bottom 1 through the columnar coupling material 13 which streamlined section.; The device 3 is formed by joining the head part which contains the transmitter and receiver 17 with a tail part 12 made of a rigid body and the jacket of the head part is covered with the rubber elastic body 11 embedded in a fiber reinforcing material and isolated in a watertight state by a clamp 16 and a shield member 19. The upper end part of the coupling material 13 is fitted to the ship bottom 1 through the rubber





vibration insulator 21 and the sound shield material 22 is mounted on the ship bottom 1. Air bubbles 24 are generated from an air discharge opening 23 to cover the ship bottom 1. Consequently, the prevention effect against noises from the ship bottom is improved without increase forward projection area. ④日本国特許庁(JP) ①特許出願公開

¹⁰ 公開特許公報(A) 昭62-190480

⑤Int,Cl.⁴ 識別記号 庁内整理番号
 ⑥公開 昭和62年(1987)8月20日
 G 01 S 7/52 B-6903-5J

審査請求 有 発明の数 1 (全3頁)

回発明の名称 ソーナー送受波器用保護装置

②特 願 昭61-30682 ②出 願 昭61(1986)2月17日

| ⑦発 | 明 | 者 | 兵 藤 孝 義 横須賀市鴨居2-57-6 |
|----|---|---|------------------------------------|
| ⑦発 | 明 | 者 | 亀 井 明 弘 平塚市御殿3-16-25 |
| ⑦出 | 願 | К | 防衛庁技術研究本部長 |
| ⑦出 | 願 | 人 | 横 浜 ゴ ム 株 式 会 社 東京都港区新橋 5 丁目36番11号 |
| 团代 | 理 | 人 | 弁理士 小川 信一 |

明細響

1. 発明の名称

ソーナー送受波器用保護装置

2.特許請求の範囲

船底から流線形断面の柱状連結材を介してソ ーナー送受波器を収容した保護装置本体を分離 連結したソーナー送受波器用保護装置において、 前記柱状連結材の上端部を防張支持部材を介し て船底に支持させるとともに、船底に遮音材料 を装着し、前記柱状連結材の下端部に連結した 保護装置本体を、ソーナー送受波器を収容する 頭部と剛体製尾部とで接合させて構成すると共 に、前記ソーナー送受波器を収容する頭部の外 皮を、繊維補強材を埋設したゴム状弾性体によ り構成したことを特徴とするソーナー送受波器 用保護装置。

3.発明の詳細な説明

(産業上の利用分野)

この発明は、ソーナー送受波器用保護装置に 係わり、更に詳しくはソーナー送受波器を船底 からできるだけ離して取付けることにより騒音 防止効果を上げることが出来、しかも航走抵抗 を小さくすることが出来るソーナー送受波器用 保護装置に関するものである。

〔従来技術〕

従来、この種のソーナー送受波器用保護装置 としては、例えば第1図の投影図に示すように、 船底1から柱状連結材2を介してソーナー送受 波器を収容した保護装置3を分離連結し、その 保護装置3はゴム膜製の外皮が使用されていた。

然し乍ら、このような従来の保護装置3は、 騒音源としての船底1から出来るだけ離して取 付けられてはいるが、その場合前方投影面積S が増大し、航走抵抗の増加を招くので、僅かな 分離で済ませており、また船底1と装置との最 大面積で結合されているので、ソーナー送受波 器に対する振動エネルギーは大きく、振動伝達 量の小さいゴム膜に対しても多くの吸収材料を 必要とする等の問題があった。 〔発明の目的〕

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この発明は、かかる従来の問題点に着目して 案出されたもので、その目的とするところは騒 音源としての船底から保護装置本体を必要とす るだけ分離させても、その場合前方投影面積の 増大を招くことがなく、またソーナー送受波器 を保護装置本体の中心位置に据えることが出来 るため、ソーナー送受波器のソーナー送受波器 膜面に対する偏りが小さくでき、騒音防止効果 を著しく高めることが出来るソーナー送受波器 用保護装置を提供するものである。

(発明の構成)

この発明は上記目的を達成するため、船底か ら流線形断面の柱状連結材を介してソーナー送 受波器を収容した保護装置本体を分離連結した ソーナー送受波器用保護装置において、前記柱 状連結材の上端部を防振支持部材を介して船底 に支持させるとともに、船底に遮音材料を装着 し、前記柱状連結材の下端部に連結した保護装 置本体を、ソーナー送受波器を収容する顕部と 剛体製尾部とで接合させて構成すると共に、前 記ソーナー送受波器を収容する顕部の外皮を、 繊維補強材を埋設したゴム状弾性体により構成 したことを要旨とするものである。

(発明の実施例)

以下添付図面に基いて、この発明の実施例を 説明する。

なお以下の説明で、上記従来例と同一構成要 素は同一符号を付して説明する。

第2図は、この発明の保護装置の前方投影図 を示し、船底1から分離しても増加する面積S 1は僅んどないことを示している。

次に、第3図及び第4図はこの発明を実施し た保護装置3の側面図と、縦断正面図を示し、 3 a は保護装置本体、頭部の外皮は補強層を埋 設したゴム製膜から成るゴム状弾性体11によ り構成されている。

また12は流線形の剛体製の尾部、13は尾 部12を船底1に取付けるための流線形断面の 柱状連結材で、上端は船底1、下端は保護装置 3の尾部12に連結支持されている。14は尾

部12の骨組であり、その外部は滑かな外板1 5 で覆われており、内部に送受波器用のケープ ルや加圧用配管等が通っている。

16はゴム状弾性体11を尾部12に水密性 をもって取付けるためのクランプで、尾部12 の前縁に一周配置してあり、また17はソーナ ー送受波器であって、送受波器支持具18で尾 部12に結合されている。クランプ16の側面 の前面には、吸音材、反射材を組合せた後方か らの音響を遮断する遮断部材19が配設され、 同時にゴム状弾性体11の内側に加える水圧に 対する隔壁をなしている。20はゴム状弾性体 11の内側空間部であって、この空間部20に は水又は海水が充満され、内圧が加えられてゴ ム状弾性体11の外形を維持している。

次に、第4図に示す保護装置3を説明すると 21は柱状連結材13を船底1と結合する時に 使用する防振ゴム等の防振支持部材であって、 船底1の振動を柱状連結材13等を伝わる保護 装置3に到達することを防止するためのもので ある。また船底1には遮音材料22か取付けら れ、船底1からの音の放射を減らす効果を与え る。また23は保護装置3に対応する船底部に つけた空気放出口であって、空気を供給するこ とにより気泡24を発生させ、気泡24により 船底1を覆うことにより船底1からの音の放射 を防ぐ効果を与えるものである。

更に必要に応じて柱状連結材13の柱を昇降 させる機構を付加することも可能であり、また 保護装置3全体を船底1に収納することも付加 できる。

(発明の効果)

この発明は上記のように船底から流線形断面 の柱状連結材を介してソーナー送受波器を収容 した保護装置本体を分離連結したソーナー送受 波器用保護装置において、前記柱状連結材の上 端部を防張支持部材を介して船底に支持させる とともに、船底に遮音材料を装着し、前記柱状 連結材の下端部に連結した保護装置本体を、ソ ーナー送受波器を収容する頭部と剛体製尾部と

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で接合させて構成すると共に、前記ソーナー送 受波器を収容する顕部の外皮を、繊維補強材を 埋設したゴム状弾性体により構成したため、以 下のような優れた効果を奏するものである。 (a). ソーナー送受波器を騒音源としての船底か ら必要とするだけ分離しても前方からの投影面 積の増大を招くことがない。

· ·· · ·

(b)、ソーナー送受波器を円形断面の保護装置の 中心に据えられるため、ソーナー送受波器の保

- 護装置膜面に対する偏りが小さくできる。 (c). ゴム膜製保護装置の流れに対する騒音防止
- 効果は従来の半周から全周となるために増加 できる。
- (d). 船底との柱状連結材は断面積が小さいため 防振支持が容易となり、船内雑音の伝達を滅 らすことができる。
- (e) 船底と保護装置とが分離されているので、 船底からの放射雑音を遮音材(気泡入りゴム, 気泡の放出等)の配置により大巾に低減できる。

(f)、保護装置を船底に収納することができる。 4.図面の簡単な説明

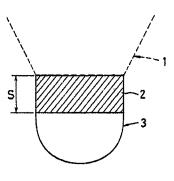
.

第1図は従来の保護装置を前方から見た投影 面図、第2図はこの発明の保護装置を前方から 見た投影面図、第3図は保護装置の縦断側面図、 第4図は保護装置の正面図である。

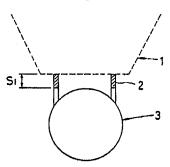
1 … 船底、3 … 保護装置、3 a … 保護装置本 体、11 … ゴム状弾性体、12 … 尾部、13 … 柱状遮結材、17 … ソーナー送受波器、21 … 防振支持部材、22 … 遮音材料。

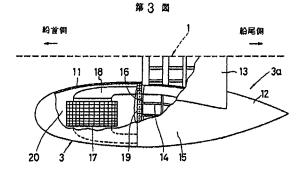
代理人 弁理士 小川 信 一

第1 図

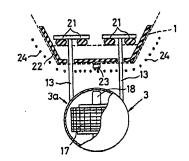


第2図





第4 図



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SONAR DOME MOUNTING STRUCTURE

(21) Application No. UMA S60-20918 (22) Date of Application Filing February 18, 1986 (Showa 61) (72) Conceiver SHIGEMATSU, Shozo c/o Tokyo Plant 1, Ishikawa Harima Heavy Industries 2-1-1 Toyosu Koto-ku, Tokyo (72) Conceiver SAITO, Junichi c/o Tokyo Plant 1, Ishikawa Harima Heavy Industries 2-1-1 Toyosu Koto-ku, Tokyo (72) Conceiver KINOSHITA, Shohei c/o Tokyo Plant 1, Ishikawa Harima Heavy Industries 2-1-1 Toyosu Koto-ku, Tokyo

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⑪実用新案出願公開

☞ **公開実用新案公報**(U) 昭62-134084

| ③Int.Cl.4 G 01 S B 63 B 4 | 7/52 19/00 | 識別記号 | B-6 | を理番号 003−5J 009−3D | ④公開 審査部 | 昭和62年(19 青水 未請求 | 87)8月24日 (全页) |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| 図考案の名称 | ソーナ | ドームの取付 | 構造 | | | | |
| | | ② 実 第 ② 出 第 | | 20918 186)2月18日 | | | |
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明 相 由

1. 考案の名称

ソーナドームの取付構造

2. 実用新案登録請求の範囲

水没される船体外板から突出させて設けられるソーナドームの取付構造において、上記ソー ナドームと上記船体外板との取付部に、周辺を 流れる水流の流線に沿ってこれら間を接続して 水流を案内する繊維強化プラスチックで形成し たフェアリングプレートを設けたことを特徴と するソーナドームの取付構造。

3. 考案の詳細な説明

[産業上の利用分野]

本考案はソーナドームの取付構造に係り、特 にソーナドームの取付部周辺における雑音(フ ローノイズ)の発生を抑制するソーナドームの 取付構造に関する。

〔従来の技術〕

一般に船舶、特に漁船等にあっては、水中へ 音波を放射するためや水中を伝播してくる音波

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等を捕えるためにソーナが設備されている。この ソーナはソーナドームに内蔵されており、このソ ーナドームaは第4図に示すように、水没される 船体外板b に、これより水中へ突出させて設けら れている。

[考案が解決しようとする問題点]

ところで従来このソーナドームa は第4 図及び 第5 図に示すように、流体力学的配慮から流線形 状で形成されているが、この形状的配慮はソーナ ドームa 単体のみについてであって、船体形状と は別個独立のものとして取り扱われていた。即ち、 ソーナドームa と、これが取り付けられる船体外 板 b との間の取付部 c については特に注意が払わ れていなかった。

ここに本顧出願人がこの様な形状のドームにつ いて検討したところによれば、その取付部 o から は水流に沿ってコーナ渦 d が、またソーナドーム a の後縁部 e から取付部 c に向かって剥離渦 f が 発生する可能性のあることが判明した。これら渦 d , f が発生すればそれがフローノイズに関係す

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ることは明らかであり、ソーナに悪影響を与える 問題があった。

殊に水中放射雑音対策がソーナの性能を充分に 発揮させるようになった今日においては、フロー ノイズ低減の観点からこれら渦d, f の発生の抑 制が望まれている。

[問題点を解決するための手段]

本考案は、水没される船体外板から突出させて 設けられるソーナドームの取付構造において、ソ ーナドームと船体外板との取付部に、周辺を流れ る水流の流線に沿ってこれら間を接続して水流を 案内する繊維強化プラスチックで形成したフェア リングプレートを設けたものである。

[作用]

フェアリングプレートは、夫々独立に流線形状 で形成された従来の船体外板とソーナドームとの 間の取付部に介在し、これら船体外板とソーナド ームとを滑かに接続して周辺を流れる水流を、そ の流線の乱れをできる限り抑制しつつ案内して整 流化するようになっている。またフェアリングプ

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レートを繊維強化プラスチックで形成することに より、フェアリングプレート自体の工作性を良好 なものとできるものである。

[実施例]

以下に本考案の好適一実施例を添付図面に従っ て詳述する。

第1図〜第3図に示すように、水没される船底 外板等の船体外板1には、これより水中へ突出さ せてソーナドーム2が設けられる。このソーナド ーム2は、ソーナが内蔵される本体部2a と、こ の本体部2a を船体外板1に支持させるためのス カート部2b とから構成される。またこのソーナ ドーム2は第2図に示すように、全体の平面断面 が流線形状で形成される。

このように構成されたソーナドーム2、具体的 にはソーナドーム2のスカート部2bと、このス カート部2bが直接取り付けられる船体外板1と の取付部4には、この部分を覆ってフェアリング プレート5が設けられる。このフェアリングプレ ート5は、取付部4の周辺を流れる水流の流線に

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沿って船体外板1とソーナドーム2との間を接続 して水流を案内するように機能する。図示例にあ ってはフェアリングプレート5は第3図に示すよ うに、横断面において、傾斜した船体外板1と、 鉛直下方に延びるスカート部20との取付部4を、 相当の傾斜で滑らかに接続して、水流をスムーズ に案内するようになっている。また、フェアリン グプレート5は第2図に示すように、平面断面に おいて、流線形状のスカート部 2 b をより大きな 曲率半径の弧で囲繞して船体外板1に接続して水 流をスムーズに案内するようになっている。この ようにフェアリングプレート5は全体として第2 図に示すように、取付部4の急峻な形状変更部や 曲率半径の小さい部分等を緩かな曲率半径で三次 元的に滑らかに接続する形状で形成される。 またここで、フェアリングプレート5は繊維強

またここで、フェアリングプレート5は職稚強 化プラスチック(以下「FRP」という)で形成 される。即ち、フェアリングプレート5を銅板製 とすると、次のような問題がある。

① 鋼板を使用する場合、その曲面形状の複雑

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さから、成型が困難である。

② 防熱塗装工程が必要となり、工数の増加や コストアップを招く。

③ 鋼板でフェアリングプレートを製造した場合、取付方法として溶接接合が考えられるが、この溶接熱で本体部内のソーナの電子部品に悪影響を及ぼす虞れがある。殊にメンテナンス時、フェアリングプレートを脱着した際に、ソーナの動作を保証するために、調整復旧工事を行なう必要が生する。

これに対し本考案にあっては、フェアリングプ レート 5 を F R P で 形成することにより、複雑な 曲面であっても、曲率半径の小さな部分が存在し ても簡単に一体成型することができる。また防蝕 塗装を施す必要もない。

他方、本実施例にあっては、フェアリングプレート5は水流の流れ方向に沿って2分割された分割片5aを組み合わせることで所定の形状となるように構成される。フェアリングプレート5について更に詳述すると、プレート5は表暦5bが強

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度の高いグラファイト繊維強化プラスチック(以 下「GFRP」という)で形成され、この表層 5 b と船体外板1及びソーナドーム2との間のコ ア郡5cは、水中での外圧によるプレート5自体 の圧潰を防止するために、ポリエステル樹脂が充 塡されて形成される。またフェアリングプレート 5 は、自重によりこれと船体外板1との取付部分 に大きな応力が生じないようにするため、没水時 みかけの比重が 1.0となるように、コア部5c に 充塡するポリエステル樹脂の比重が調整される。 このように構成されたフェアリングプレート5 は、船体外板1に対しては、外板1に予め溶接し ておいたスタッドボルト或いはプラケット(図示 せず)を利用して取り付けられる。またスタッド ボルトに 螺 合するフェアリングプレート 倒のナッ ト取付部分は、レセス構造とされ、一般的なゆる み防止対策を施した後ポリエステル樹虧を充塡し、 その上にGFRPを積層して表面を強化した後、 周辺形状に合わせて整形される。このような取付 方法を採用することにより、ソーナに対する熱的 7 ~

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公開実用昭和62-134084

悪影響を防止でき、メンテナンス作業を容易化 できる。

[考案の効果]

以上要するに本考案によれば、次のような優れた効果を発揮する。

(1) 水没される船体外板と、これより突出させ て設けられるソーナドームとの取付部に、フ ェアリングプレートを設けたので、取付部周 辺で渦が発生するのを抑制でき、フローノイ ズの低減を達成できる。

(2) フェアリングプレートをFRPで形成したので、 複雑な曲面部分や曲率半径の小さい部分が存在しても容易に一体成型でき、また塗装も不要なことから良好な工作性、 製作コストの低減を確保できる。

4.図面の簡単な説明

第1図は本考案の好適一実施例を示す側面図、 第2図はその平面断面図、第3図は第2図にお けるⅡ-Ⅱ線矢視断面図、第4図及び第5図は 従来例を示す側面図及び平面図である。

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図中、1は船体外板、2はソーナドーム、4は 取付部、5はフェアリングプレートである。

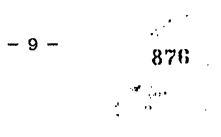
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実用新案登録出願人

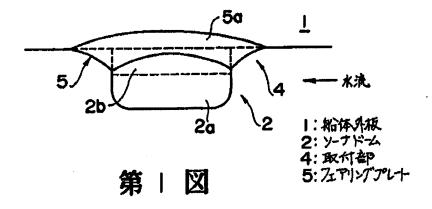
石川島播磨重工業株式会社

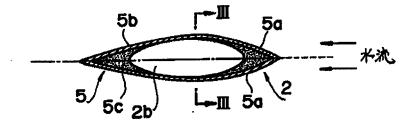
アイ・エイチ・アイ・クラフト株式会社 代理人弁理士

網 谷 信 雄

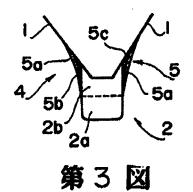


RAY-1002 191 of 737 **公開実用**昭和62-134084





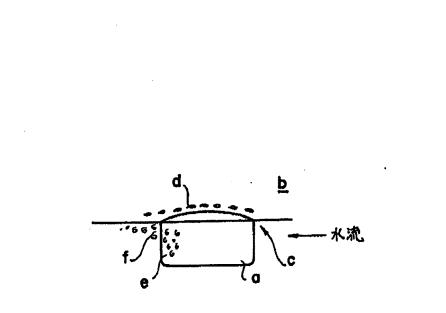
第2図



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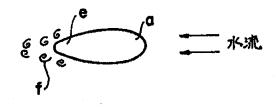
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第4 図



第5図

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Europaisches Patentamt European Patent Office Office européen des brevets

Bibliographic data: JP63261181 (A) - 1988-10-27

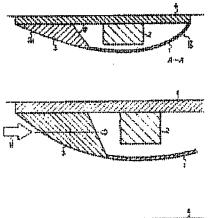
Espacenet

SONAR DOME

| IWASE KOUJI <u>+</u> | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| NEC CORP <u>+</u> | |
| - international: - European: | B63G8/39; G01S7/52; G01S7/521; (IPC1-7): G01S7/52 |
| JP19870094689 198 | 870417 |
| JP19870094689 198 | 870417 |
| | NEC CORP <u>+</u> - international: - European: JP19870094689 198 |

Abstract of JP63261181 (A)

PURPOSE: To remove an unnecessary sound wave effectively without using any baffle plate whose machining is complicated by providing a sound absorber at the rear part so that a sound wave from the rear is intercepted and setting the front surface part of the sound absorber at an acute angle to the fitting surface for a sonar dome. CONSTITUTION: The sonar dome 12 is formed in a streamline lower-half shape and the reflection of a sound at the upper part of the dome is minimized by using a sound absorber. A sound absorber 3 is charged in the dome, the rear part slants gently as shown by 3a, and the side of a transmitter and receiver 2 is at an acute angle theta to the surface of a skirt part 4. Then when a ship body radiation noise 11 arrives from the rear, the sound absorber 3 absorbs the noise 11 and a noise reaching the transmitter and receiver 2 is extremely small. Further, a sound from the front reaches the front surface of the sound absorber 3 and the majority of it is





absorbed, but the remainder is reflected. The reflected component is reflected toward the skirt part 4 because the front surface of the sound absorber 3 is at the acute angle to the skirt part 4, and absorbed by the skirt part 4. A component reflected by the skirt part 4 is extremely small and there is no influence upon the transmitter and receiver 2.

⑲ 日 本 国 特 許 庁 (J P)

⑪ 特 許 出 願 公 開

¹⁰ 公開特許公報(A) 昭63-261181

| @Int.Cl.4 G 01 S 7/52 | 識別記号 | 庁内整理番号 B-6903-5J | 國公開 | 昭和63年(1988)10月27日 |
|--------------------------|------|---------------------|-----|-------------------|
| | | | | |

審査請求 未請求 発明の数 1 (全4頁)

図発明の名称 ソーナードーム

②特 願 昭62-94689 ❷出 願 昭62(1987)4月17日

| @発 | 眀 | 者 | 岩瀬 | 行 | 治 | 東京都港区芝5丁目33番1号 | 日本電気株式会社内 |
|----|---|---|-------|----|---|----------------|-----------|
| | | | | | | 東京都港区芝5丁目33番1号 | |
| @代 | 理 | 人 | 弁理士 井 | ノロ | 裔 | | |

明細 督

1.発明の名称

ソーナードーム

2.将許請求の範囲

流線形状の下半分の形状をなし、中央部に送 受波器を収容するソーナードームにおいて、後 方部に吸音材を、後方部からの音波を前記送受 波器に対して遮音するように設け、かつ、吸音 材の前面部が、ソーナードームの取付面に対し 鋭角になるような角度とし、前方からの音波の 当該吸音材で吸収されない成分を前記送受波器 以外の部分に反射するように構成したことを特 像とするソーナードーム。

8.発明の詳細な説明

(産業上の利用分野)

本発明はソーナードームの構造、さらに詳し く云えば後方から発せられる船体の放射雑音に 対する影響の軽波化を考慮したソーナードーム に関する。 (従来の技術)

ソーナー装置における問題の一つに船体後方 から放射される雑音がある。

従来はこの雑音の低放化方法として第5図お よび第6図に示すようにドーム内後方にパッフ ル板を取付けている。

第5 図はソーナードームのB-B断面図であり、 第6 図はソーナードーム外数を取除いて底面か ら見た図である。各図において、ソーナードー ム10は船底9に固着されており、スカート部 8とソーナードーム外波部5より檫成されてい る。

ソーナードーム10の中央部には送受波器6が 収容されている。船体後方からの放射維音11 は上述のよりに送受波器6の後方に設けられて いるバッフル板7によつて遮ぎられる。

(発明が解決しよりとする問題点)

しかしながら従来の低減化方法は

- 2 -

 ソーナードーム以外にドーム内部にバッフ ル板を設けなければならない。

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② また、音波の回折する角度は大きいことか
ら、パッフル板のエッジより音が回折して送
受波器に雑音が入射する。
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③ 従来のバッフル板はその前面部を吸音部、 後面部を遮音材としているのでパッフル板の 加工が複雑になる、という欠点があつた。 本発明の目的は上述の欠点を解決したソーナ

ードームを提供することにある。

(問題点を解決するための手段)

前記目的を達成するために本発明によるソー ナードームは流線形状の下半分の形状をなし、 中央部に送受波器を収容するソーナードームに かいて、後方部に吸音材を、後方部からの音波 を前記送受波器に対して遮音するように設け、 かつ、吸音材の前面部が、ソーナードームの取 付面に対し鋭角になるような角度とし、前方か らの音波の当該吸音材で吸収されない成分を前 記送受波器以外の部分に反射するように構成し てある。

(爽 施 例)

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ものとなる。

第4回は前方からの音波で、吸音材3の前面に 入射し、大部分は吸収されるが、その一部が反 射する。反射成分は吸音材3の前面の傾斜がス カート部4に対して鋭角であるので、スカート 部4に向かつて反射され、スカート部4で吸音 され、さらにその一部が反射する。しかし、ス カート部4で反射される成分は微少であるので 送受波器2にほとんど影響を及ぼすことはない。 また、吸音材3の前面の中央付近ではなく左右 に入射した音波は大部分が吸音され、反射成分 は第2図の3bの曲線形状より明らかなように 送受波器2の方向ではなく外側に反射される。 (発明の効果)

以上、説明したように本発明はソーナードー ムの後方部に吸音材を充填し、後方部からの船 体の放射雑音を送受波器に対し遮ぎるような形 状とし、かつ送受波像の面を、ドームスカート 部に対し鋭角にして前方からの音波の反射成分 が送受波器以外の方向に反射されるように構成 以下、 図面を参照して本発明をさらに詳しく 説明する。 第1 図は本発明によるソーナードー ムの実施例を示すA - A 断面図、 第2 図はソー ナードームの外数を取除いた底面図である。 ソーナードーム12 は流体維音の少ない流線形 の下半分の形状をしている。

特開昭63-261181(2)

ドームのスカート部4には吸音材を用いて、ド ーム上部での音の反射を最小限になるようにし ている。

ドーム内後部に吸音材3を充填し、第1図、第 2図に示すよりな形状を形成している。 すなわち後方部は殺やかな傾斜3 a とし、送受 波器側はスカート部4の面に対し鋭角 Ø になる ように、かつ底面から見た場合、外延が曲線3 b になるよりな形状である。

第3図および第4図は速音効果を説明するため のソーナードームの断面図である。

第3回は船体放射雑音が後方から入射した場合 の図で、吸音材3によつて船体放射雑音11が 吸音され。送受波器2に到達する雑音は微少な

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されているので、加工が複雑であるバッフル板 を用いることなく効果的に不要音波を除去でき るといり効果がある。

4.図面の簡単な説明

第1図は本発明によるソーナードームの実施 例を示すA-A断面図、第2図は第1図のソー ナードームで、その外殻を取除いて底面から見 た図、第3図、第4図は遮音効果を脱明するた めの図で、第3図は音源が後方にある場合、第 4 図は音源が前方にある場合である。 第5 図は従来のソーナードームの一例を示す B

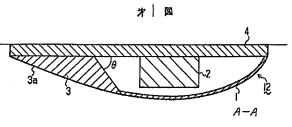
- B断面図、第6図は従来のソーナードームで、 その外数を取除いて底面から見た図である。

1…流線形ソーナードーム

2 …送受波器 3 …吸音材 4 … ソーナードームスカート部(吸音材施行) 5 … ソーナードームメカート部(吸音材施行) 5 … ソーナードーム外政 6 …送受波器 7 … バッフル板 8 … ソーナードームスカート部 9 … 船底 1 0 … ソーナードーム

- 6 -

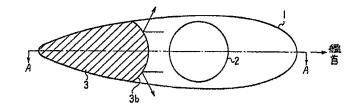
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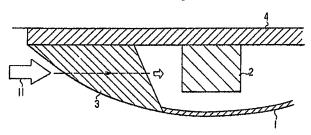
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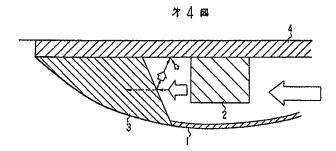
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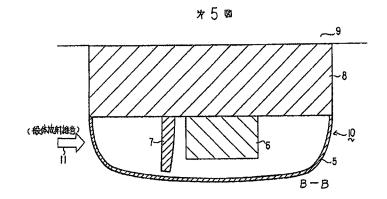






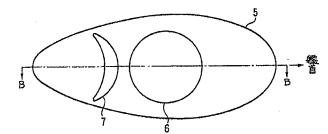
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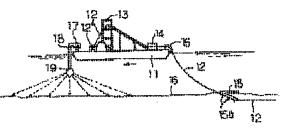
Bibliographic data: JP7031042 (A) — 1995-01-31

LAYING METHOD OF UNDERWATER CABLE

| Inventor(s): | YAMADA NORIO; OTONARI TADAMASA <u>+</u> | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Applicant(s): | FUJIKURA LTD <u>+</u> | | | | | |
| Classification: | - international: - European: | G01S15/06; H02G1/10; H02G9/02; (IPC1-7): G01S15/06; H02G9/02 | | | | |
| Application number: | JP19930193132 19930708 | | | | | |
| Priority number (s): | JP19930193132 19930708 | | | | | |
| Also published as: | JP2977175 (B2) | | | | | |

Abstract of JP7031042 (A)

PURPOSE: To avoid an obstacle positively while monitoring the bottom face of water by scanning the advancing direction of a cable laying boat over the width thereof using a side-scan sonar provided for the cable laying boat. CONSTITUTION:A cable laying boat 11 sails on a cable laying route and feeds a underwater cable 12 continuously thus laying the cable on the bottom face of water. In this regard, a sidescan sonar 19 scans the advancing direction (shown by an arrow) of the boat 11 while reciprocating in the breadthwise direction of the boat 11 perpendicular to the advancing direction of the boat 11. Consequently, the forward position of the boat 11 can be monitored over some range in the breadthwise direction from the cable laying position. This method can find and avoid an obstacle located on the cable laying route or in the vicinity thereof and can lay the cable 12 in safety.



(12) Official Gazette of Unexamined Patent Applications (A)

| (19) Japan Patent Office (JP) | (11) Patent Application Publication No. Hei 7[1995]-31042 |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | (43) Publication Date January 31, 1995 |

| (51) Int. Cl. ⁶ : H02G 9/02 G01S 15/06 | ID Codes A | Sequence Nos. for Office Use 7509-5G 9382-5J | FI | Technical Disclosure Section |
|---|---------------|--|----|------------------------------|
|---|---------------|--|----|------------------------------|

Examination Request: Not requested No. of Claims: 1 FD (Total of 3 pages)

| (21) Filing No.: (22) Filing Date: | Hei 5[1993]-193132 July 8, 1993 | (71) Applicant: | 000005186 Fujikura Ltd. 1-5-1 Kiba, Kouto-ku, Tokyo |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| (22) Filing Date. | July 6, 1993 | (72) Inventor: | Norio Yamada Fujikura Ltd. 1-5-1 Kiba, Kouto-ku, Tokyo |
| | | (72) Inventor: | Tadamasa Otonari Fujikura Ltd. 1-5-1 Kiba, Kouto-ku, Tokyo |
| | | (74) Agent: | Yukihiko Kagawa, Patent Attorney |

(54) [Title] Method for Laying Underwater Cable

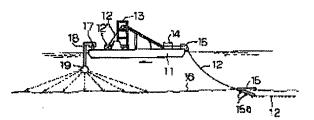
(57) Abstract

Objective

To avoid obstructions reliably and lay underwater cable while monitoring the seafloor surface.

Constitution

A side-scan sonar 19 that scans to the front of and behind the direction of advance of a cablelaying ship 11 is provided on the cable-laying ship so as to be capable of moving in a reciprocating manner in the width direction of the ship. The cable-laying ship 11 buries an underwater cable 12 by means of an underwater cable burying machine 15 while monitoring the seafloor surface 16 in front of the ship for a range that is the width of the ship 11 by means of the side-scan sonar 19, which scans to the front of and behind the direction of advance of the ship. If an obstruction exists on or in the vicinity of the laying route, this obstruction can be discovered and avoided with sufficient leeway, and the cable-laying operation can be performed safely.



<u>Claims</u>

Claim 1

A method for laying underwater cable characterized in that underwater cable on a cable-laying ship is continuously laid on the sea floor [literally, 'bottom of the water'] while a side-scan sonar, which moves in a reciprocating manner in the lateral direction of the ship, perpendicularly with respect to the direction of advance of the cable-laying ship, scans in front of and behind the direction of advance of the cablelaying ship to monitor the surface of the sea floor.

Detailed Explanation of the Invention

[0001]

Industrial Application Field

This invention pertains to a method for laying underwater cable whereby underwater cable is reeled out from a cable-laying ship that is traveling, and this cable is laid on and buried in the sea floor; in particular, it pertains to a method for laying underwater cable that is executed while monitoring for the presence of obstructions on the surface of the sea floor.

[0002]

Prior Art

During an underwater cable laying operation whereby an underwater cable (primarily a seafloor cable) is reeled out from a cable-laying ship and is laid and buried simultaneously using a burying machine that is towed by the cable-laying ship, when there is an obstruction on the surface of the sea floor, it becomes impossible to lay and bury the underwater cable, or there is the risk of an accident, such as when the burying machine strikes the obstruction and overturns; therefore, to avoid this situation it is necessary to scan the surface of the sea floor on the underwater cable laying route to confirm whether obstructions exist. Therefore, as shown in Figure 4, with the prior art a side-scan sonar 1 is towed along the laying route by a tow 2 prior to the operation to lay the underwater cable, and as shown in Figure 5 a suitable width B of the surface of the sea floor 3) is scanned to the left and right, at right angles with respect to the cable-laying route, to check for the presence of obstructions. In addition, as described above the suitable width B is scanned because the actual location where the cable is laid sometimes varies slightly from the predetermined location, so the scanning must be performed with some amount of a margin (range) in the left/right directions.

[0003]

Problem to be Solved by the Invention

As described above, with the conventional method the check for the presence of obstructions is not performed simultaneously with the operation of laying the underwater cable; in other words, the check is performed prior to the laying of the cable. Therefore, if there is any change on the surface of the sea floor in the interval between the completion of the investigation of the seafloor surface and the start of the laying work – for example, if anything that would become an obstruction to the burying machine on the laying route is illegally dumped – the laying operation is performed without recognizing this situation,

despite this dangerous change in the laying route due to this [literally, 'inconvenience'], and therefore there is a risk that an unforeseen accident may occur.

[0004]

The present invention has been devised in light of the aforementioned points, the objective being to provide a novel method for laying underwater cable with which it is possible to lay and bury an underwater cable safely by monitoring the seafloor surface and reliably avoiding obstructions when laying and burying, by means of a burying machine, an underwater cable that is reeled out from a cable-laying ship.

[0005]

Means to Solve the Problem

The method of the present invention, which solves the aforementioned problem, is characterized in that underwater cable on a cable-laying ship is continuously laid on the sea floor while a side-scan sonar, which moves in a reciprocating manner in the lateral direction of the cable-laying ship perpendicularly with respect to the direction of advance of the cable-laying ship, scans in front of and behind the direction of advance of the cable-laying ship to monitor the surface of the sea floor.

[0006]

Operation

With the aforementioned configuration the cable-laying ship travels on the cable-laying route and continuously reels out and lays on the sea floor the underwater cable that is stacked [on the ship]. In this case, the side-scan sonar moves in a reciprocating manner in the lateral direction of the ship, perpendicularly with respect to the direction of advance of the cable-laying ship, scanning in front of and behind the direction of advance of the cable-laying ship; therefore, it is possible to monitor the area in front of the cable-laying ship some distance to the left and right of the planned location for laying of the cable. Accordingly, if an obstruction exists on or in the vicinity of the laying route, this obstruction can be discovered and avoided with sufficient leeway, and the cable can be laid safely.

[0007]

Application Example

In the following, one application example of the present invention will be explained with reference to Figure 1 and Figure 2. In Figure 1, code 11 is a cable-laying ship. This cable-laying ship 11 performs an operation whereby, for example, an underwater cable 12 from a cable coil 12' passes through a tower 13, a brake 14, a stern sieve 15, and the like, and the underwater cable 12 is buried simultaneously with the excavation of the seafloor surface 16 by a burying machine 15 towed with a wire rope. Typically a waterjet burying machine is used for the burying machine 15. The burying machine 15 shown in the figure is waterjet burying machine equipped with a nozzle 15a that sprays water.

[0008]

The aforementioned configuration is the typical conventional configuration, but with the application example of this invention a rail-type frame 17, which extends in the width direction of the ship (the direction of arrow (a) in Figure 2) and is for attachment of the-side scan sonar, is installed at the bow of the ship. A side-scan sonar 19, which scans in the direction perpendicular to the direction of movement along the frame 17 (in other words, the width direction of the ship), is attached to the lower end of a reverse-L-shaped support member 18 that moves in a reciprocating manner in the width direction of the ship along this frame 17. Accordingly, as shown in Figure 1 this side-scan sonar 19 scans to the front of and behind the direction of advance of cable-laying ship 11.

[0009]

When the operation to lay the underwater cable is performed by cable-laying ship 11 and burying machine 15, the underwater cable 12 is continuously reeled out from the cable coil 12' and laid and buried on the seafloor surface 16 as the cable-laying ship 11 travels along the laying route and the seafloor surface is excavated by underwater cable burying machine 15. In this case, side-scan sonar 19 moves along frame 17 in a reciprocating manner in the width direction of the ship (the arrow (a) direction), which is the direction perpendicular to the direction of advance of cable-laying ship 11. Accordingly, side-scan sonar 19 scans thoroughly to the front of and behind the direction of advance of cable-laying ship 11 as far as the width B' of cable-laying ship 11. Thus, the area in front of the ship can be monitored for a range having a margin that is the width B' to the left and right from the predetermined cable-laying (burying) location. Accordingly, if an obstruction exists on or in the vicinity of the laying route, this obstruction can be discovered and avoided with sufficient leeway, and the cable-laying operation can be performed safely.

[0010]

In addition, as in the application example the position where the side-scan sonar 19 is provided suitably is the bow of the ship, but it is not necessarily restricted to the bow of the ship; it can be an intermediate position, or the stern of the ship. Furthermore, with the application example the explanation involved the burying of the underwater cable 12 using the underwater cable burying machine 15, but the present invention also can be applied when the cable is merely laid without excavating the seafloor surface 16. Furthermore, the cable-laying ship can be a self-propelled type or can be a towed type.

[0011]

Effect of the Invention

By means of the present invention an underwater cable is laid on the sea floor while a side-scan sonar, which is provided on the cable-laying ship so as to be capable of moving in a reciprocating manner in the width direction of the ship, scans to the front of and behind the direction of advance of the cable-laying ship and monitors the seafloor surface for a range that is almost the same as the width of the ship. Therefore, it is possible to scan the area in front of the cable-laying ship over a range that is [almost] the same as the width of the ship. Accordingly, if an obstruction exists on or in the vicinity of the laying route, this obstruction can be discovered and avoided with sufficient leeway, and the cable-laying operation can be performed appropriately and safely. This is particularly effective for underwater cable laying and burying operations wherein an underwater cable is buried using an underwater cable burying machine.

Brief Description of the Figures

Figure 1 is a schematic explanatory diagram showing the laying of underwater cable by the method of one application example of the present invention.

Figure 2 is a plan view of Figure 1.

Figure 3 is a front view of Figure 1.

Figure 4 is a diagram for the purpose of explaining the conventional method; it illustrates the state in which the sea floor is being investigated by means of a side-scan sonar towed body prior to the laying of a underwater cable.

Figure 5 is a front view of Figure 4.

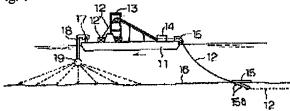
Explanation of Codes

- 11 Cable-laying ship
- 12 Underwater cable
- 15 Underwater cable burying machine
- 16 Sea floor
- 17 Frame
- 18 Support member

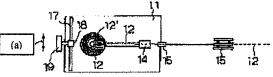
19 Side-scan sonar

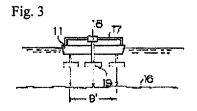
Fig. 1

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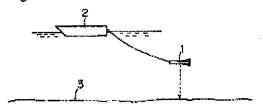




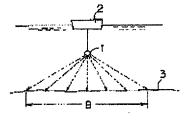












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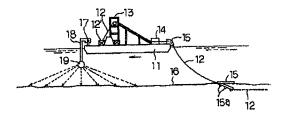
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(54)【発明の名称】 水底ケーブルの布設方法

(57)【要約】

【目的】 水底面を監視しながら障害物を確実に回避し て水底ケーブルを布設する。

【構成】 ケーブル布設船11に、ケーブル布設船進行 方向の前後を走査するサイドスキャンソナー19を布設 船幅方向に往復移動可能に設ける。ケーブル布設船11 は進行方向前後に走査するサイドスキャンソナー19に より前方の水底面16を布設船11の幅の範囲にわたっ て監視しながら、水底ケーブル埋設機15により水底ケ ーブル12を埋設する。布設ルートおよびその近傍に障 害物があれば、その障害物を十分余裕を持って発見して 回避することができ、水底ケーブルの布設作業を安全に 行うことができる。



【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 ケーブル布設船の進行方向と直交する布 設船幅方向に往復移動するサイドスキャンソナーにより ケーブル布設船進行方向の前後を走査して水底面を監視 しつつ,ケーブル布設船上の水底ケーブルを水底に繰り 出し布設していくことを特徴とする水底ケーブルの布設 方法。

【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【産業上の利用分野】この発明は,航行するケーブル布 設船から水底ケーブルを繰り出して,これを水底に布設 埋設していく水底ケーブルの布設方法に関し,特に,水 底面の障害物の有無を監視しつつ行う水底ケーブルの布 設方法に関するものである。

[0002]

【従来の技術】ケーブル布設船により曳航される埋設機 を用いて、ケーブル布設船からり繰り出される水底ケー ブル(主として海底ケーブル)を水底面の掘削と同時に 布設埋設していく水底ケーブルの布設作業において、水 底面に障害物があると、水底ケーブルを布設埋設してい くことができなくなるばかりか、埋設機が障害物に衝突 して転倒する等の事故を生じるおそれがあるので、これ を避けるために、水底ケーブル布設ルートの水底面を調 査して,障害物の有無を確認する必要がある。このため 従来は、水底ケーブルの布設作業に先立ち、予め図4に 示すようにサイドスキャンソナー1を布設ルートに沿っ て曳船2で曳航しつつ、図5に示すように布設ルートと 直交する左右方向の適宜幅Bの水底面3を走査して、障 害物の有無の確認を行っている。なお、上述のように適 宜幅Bを走査しておくのは、実際のケーブル布設位置が 予め決定しておいた位置から若干左右にずれる場合があ るので、左右方向にある程度の余裕(範囲)を持たせて 調査する必要があるからである。

[0003]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】上記のように従来の方 法では、障害物の有無の確認が水底ケーブルの布設作業 と同時に行われるものではないため、つまりケーブルの 布設に先立ち予め行っておくものであるため、水底面調 査を終了してから布設作業を開始するまでの間に布設ル ートの水底面に何らかの変化があった場合、例えば布設 ルート上に埋設機にとって障害となるものが不法投棄さ れた場合等には、布設ルートがこのように不都合で危険 な状態に変化しているにもかかわらず、このような状況 を把握し得ないまま布設作業を行ってしまうことにな

り、そのため不慮の事故に遭遇するおそれがあった。 【0004】本発明は上記の点に鑑みなされたもので、 ケーブル布設船から繰り出した水底ケーブルを埋設機に よって布設埋設していく際に、水底面を監視しつつ障害 物を確実に回避して水底ケーブルを安全に布設埋設する ことのできる新規な水底ケーブルの布設方法を提供する ことを目的とする。

[0005]

【課題を解決するための手段】上記課題を解決する本発 明の水底ケーブルの布設方法は、ケーブル布設船の進行 方向と直交する布設船幅方向に往復移動するサイドスキ ャンソナーによりケーブル布設船進行方向の前後を走査 して水底面を監視しつつ、ケーブル布設船上の水底ケー ブルを水底に繰り出し布設していくことを特徴とする。 【0006】

【作用】上記構成において、ケーブル布設船は布設ルー ト上を航行し、積載した水底ケーブルを連続的に繰り出 して水底に布設する。その際、サイドスキャンソナー は、ケーブル布設船の進行方向と直角な布設船幅方向に 往復移動しながら布設船進行方向の前後を走査するの で、ケーブルの布設予定位置から左右方向にある程度の 幅をもった範囲でケーブル布設船の前方位置を監視する ことができる。したがって、布設ルートおよびその近傍 に障害物があれば、この障害物を十分余裕を持って発見 して回避することができ、ケーブルを安全に布設してい くことができる。

[0007]

【実施例】以下,本発明方法の一実施例を図1,図2を 参照して説明する。図1において,符号11はケーブル 布設船である。このケーブル布設船11は,例えばケー ブルコイル12'よりヤグラ13,ブレーキ14,船尾 シーブ15等を経て水底ケーブル12を繰り出し,ワイ ヤロープで牽引する埋設機15で水底面16を掘削する と同時に水底ケーブル12を埋設する作業を行う。前記 埋設機15は,ウォータジェット埋設機またはスキ式埋 設機が通常用いられる。図示例の埋設機15はウォータ ジェット埋設機であり,水を噴射するノズル15aを備 えている。

【0008】上述の構成は従来の一般的な構成である が、この発明の実施例では、ケーブル布設船110例え ば船首側に布設船幅方向(図2の矢印(イ)方向)に延 びるサイドスキャンソナー取付用のレール状の架台17 を設置し、この架台17に沿って布設船幅方向に往復駆 動される逆L字形の支持部材18の下端に、架台17に 沿う移動方向(すなわち布設船幅方向)に対して直交す る方向に走査するサイドスキャンソナー19を取り付け ている。したがって、このサイドスキャンソナー19 は、図1に示すようにケーブル布設船11の進行方向の 前後に走査する。

【0009】上記のケーブル布設船11および埋設機1 5により水底ケーブルの布設作業を行う場合、ケーブル 布設船11は布設ルート上を航行し、水底ケーブル埋設 機15により水底面16を掘削しながら、ケーブルコイ ル12'より水底ケーブル12を連続的に繰り出して水 底面に布設埋設する。その際、サイドスキャンソナー1 9は、架台17に沿ってケーブル布設船11の進行方向

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と直角な布設船幅方向(矢印(イ)方向)に往復移動す る。したがって、サイドスキャンソナー19は、ケーブ ル布設船11の進行方向前後をほぼケーブル布設船11 の幅B'の範囲についてくまなく走査する。これにより ケーブルの布設(埋設)予定位置から左右方向に幅B' なる余裕をもった範囲の布設船11の前方位置が監視さ れ、障害物の有無の確認がなされる。したがって、布設 ルートおよびその近傍に障害物があれば、その障害物を 十分余裕をもって発見して回避することができ。ケーブ ルの布設作業を安全に実施することができる。

【0010】なお,サイドスキャンソナー19を設ける 位置は実施例のように船首側が適当であるが,必ずしも 船首に限定されず,中間位置あるいは船尾でもよい。ま た,実施例では,水底ケーブル埋設機15を用いて水底 ケーブル12を埋設する場合について説明したが,水底 面16を掘削せずに布設する単なるケーブル布設だけの 場合にも本発明の適用が可能である。さらに,ケーブル 布設船は自航式でも曳船式でもよい。

[0011]

【発明の効果】本発明によれば、ケーブル布設船に布設 船幅方向に往復移動可能に設けたサイドスキャンソナー でケーブル布設船進行方向前後をほぼ布設船の幅の範囲 にわたって走査して水底面を監視しながら、水底ケーブ ルを水底に布設するものであるから、走行中のケーブル 布設船の前方位置を布設船の幅の範囲にわたって監視す ることができる。したがって、布設ルートおよびその近 傍に障害物があれば、その障害物を十分余裕を持って発 見して回避することができ、ケーブル布設作業を適切か つ安全に実施することができる。特に、水底ケーブル埋 設機を用いて水底ケーブルを埋設する水底ケーブル布設 埋設作業において効果的である。

【図面の簡単な説明】

(3)

【図1】本発明の一実施例の方法により水底ケーブルを 布設している状況を示す概略説明図である。

【図2】図1の平面図である。

【図3】図1の正面図である。

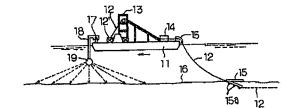
【図4】従来方法を説明するもので,水底ケーブルの布 設作業に先き立って,サイドスキャンソナー曳航体によ り水底面の調査を行っている状態の説明図である。

【図5】図4の正面図である。

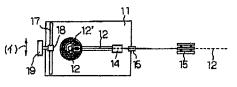
【符号の説明】

- 11 ケーブル布設船
- 12 水底ケーブル
- 15 水底ケーブル埋設機
- 16 水底面
- 17 架台
- 18 支持部材
- 19 サイドスキャンソナー

【図1】

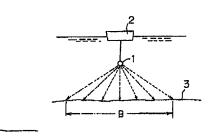


【図3】



【図2】

【図5】



【図4】

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Espacenet

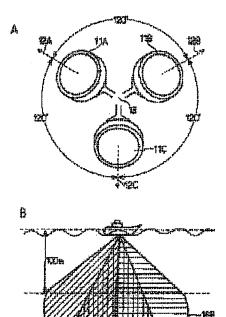
Bibliographic data: JP10186030 (A) - 1998-07-14

DIRECTION DETECTABLE FISH FINDER

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|-------------------------|--|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Applicant(s): | KODEN ELECTRO | NICS CO LTD \pm | | | |
| Classification: | - G01S15/06; G01S15/96; (IPC1- international: 7): G01S15/06; G01S15/96 - European: | | | | |
| Application number: | JP19970296716 19971029 | | | | |
| Priority number (s): | JP19970296716 19971029; JP19960290506 19961031 | | | | |
| Also published as: | JP3849999 (B2) | | | | |

Abstract of JP10186030 (A)

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To detect the fish school position by a vertical fish finder. SOLUTION: Langevin oscillators 11A, 11B, 11C having the same characteristic of half value total angle or 40 deg. are arranged at an angle space of 120 deg. so that their normal lines 12A, 12B, 12C are crossed at an angle of 20 deg. in one point on a vertical line 13. Ultrasonic pulses are emitted from the oscillators 11A, 11B, 11C, each reflected wave is received by the corresponding emitting oscillator, each received level is detected, and the this school position is determined by the relative ratio of the three received levels from the same fish school.



(19)日本国特許庁(JP)

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審査請求 未請求 請求項の数7 OL (全 10 頁)

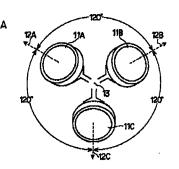
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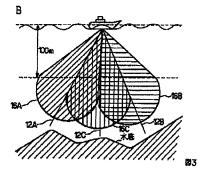
(54)【発明の名称】 方向検出可能魚群探知機

(57)【要約】

【課題】 垂直魚群探知機で魚群位置の検出を可能とする。

【解決手段】 半減全角か40°の同一特性のランジュ バン振動子11A,11B,11Cを、その法線12 A,12B,12Cが鉛直線13上の1点で20°の角 度で交差し、120°角間隔で配置し、振動子11A, 11B,11Cよりそれぞれ超音波パルスを放射し、そ の各反射波を対応放射振動子でそれぞれ受波し、その各 受波レベルを検出し、同一魚群からの3つの受波レベル の相対比により、その魚群位置を求める。





【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 比較的広い指向性ビームが一部を互いに 重ねて設けられた第1、第2超音波送受波器と、

これら第1、第2送受波器から、それぞれ超音波パルス を放射する手段と、

上記放射超音波の反射波の対応放射送受波器での受波レベルを検出する手段と、

同一反射物標よりの反射波に対する上記第1、第2送受 波器の相対的受波レベルの差から上記反射物標の方向を 求める手段とを具備する方向検出可能魚群探知機。

【請求項2】 比較的広い指向性ビームを有し、上記超 音波送受波器の各指向性ビームと一部が重ねられて設け られた第3超音波送受波器と、

その第3送受波器から超音波パルスを放射する手段と、 その第3送受波器からの放射超音波と対する反射波のそ の第3送受波器での受波レベルを検出する手段と、

同一反射物標よりの上記第1乃至第3送受波器の各相対 的受波レベルからその反射物標の位置を求める手段とを 含むことを特徴とする請求項1記載の方向検出可能魚群 探知機。

【請求項3】 上記複数の超音波送受波器はほぼ水平面 上で直線的に配列されていることを特徴とする請求項1 又は2記載の方向検出可能魚群探知機。

【請求項4】 上記第1、第2、第3送受波器の受波信 号をそれぞれ検波する手段と、その検波出力を合成する 手段と、各放射パルスごとの上記検波出力の合成信号を 1本の表示線として表示し、その表示を新旧の順に配列 したBスコープ表示と、原点に船の図形を配した座標

と、その座標に上記求めた物標位置を示す像及び上記求 めた方向を示す線を示す表示とを行う表示器とを含む請 求項2記載の方向検出可能魚群探知機。

【請求項5】 上記第1、第2、第3送受波器は、その 法線が鉛直線上の一点で交差し、かつ鉛直線を中心とし 等角間隔となるように、等角間隔にかつ送受波面が水平 面に対し、わずか傾むいて配されていることを特徴とす る請求項2又は4記載の方向検出可能魚群探知機。

【請求項6】 上記第1、第2、第3送受波器は、何れ の水平面上で直線的に配列され、これらの各送受波面が 水平面に対し、わずか傾いており、その真中の送受波器 の送受波面の法線の交点を通る鉛直線に対し、両側の送 受波器の各法線状を、上記交点で交差するように移動さ せたとすると上記3つの法線は上記鉛直線を中心として 等角間隔になるように、上記第1、第2、第3送受波器 の向きが選定されていることを特徴とする請求項2又は 4記載の方向検出可能魚群探知機。

【請求項7】 上記第1、第2、第3送受波器の合成探知信号より探知信号上の物標反射位置を検出する手段 と、上記第1、第2、第3送受波器の各受波信号から上 記検出した物標反射位置の信号をそれぞれ抽出する手段 と、これら抽出信号中の最大ピーク値を基準として第 1、第2、第3送受波器の各検出信号に対して自動利得 制御を行う手段と、これら自動利得制御がなされた各抽 出信号をそれぞれ検波して上記各受波レベルを得る手段 とを有することを特徴とする請求項4乃至6の何れかに 記載の方向検出可能魚群探知機。

【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【発明が属する技術分野】この発明は魚群の方向又は/ 及び位置をも検出可能とする魚群探知機に関する。 【0002】

【従来の技術】一般に魚群の位置や移動方向を検出する 装置として、電子スキャンニングソナーや、サーチライ トソナーが用いられてきた。又その変形的ソナーとして サイドスキャンソナー、セクタスキャンソナー等も利用 されている。これらの装置は、海面下を3次元的に表現 出来る点で優れている。しかし電子スキャンニングソナ ー等は装置が大がかりとなり、コストも高く艤装も大変 である。比較的小型のサーチライトソナー等はコストも 比較的低く押さえられるが、メカニックスキャンの為早 い探索や魚群の早い動きに追従出来ない場合があった。 又映像表示がPPI表示のため操作には、熟練を要する と言われている。サイドスキャンニングソナーには、電 子スキャンニング法とメカニックスキャンニング法があ る。又、両者を組み合わせたセクタ電子スキャンニング 法等種々の方法が開発されているが同様の欠点がある。 【0003】その他、電子スキャンソナーやサーチライ トソナーは、超音波ビームをできるだけ狭く絞って方位 分解能を上げようとするため、海底の底質(岩盤、砂 地、等)の判断は難しい事が上げられる。

【0004】

【発明が解決しようとする課題】この発明の目的は超音 波ビームを走査(スキャンニング)することなく、反射 物標の方向又は/及び位置を検出でき、しかも小型、安 価に構成することができる魚群探知機を提供することに ある。

[0005]

【課題を解決するための手段】この発明によれば、比較 的広い指向性ビームをもちその指向性ビームが一部互い に重ねられた第1、第2超音波送受波器より超音波パル スがそれぞれ放射され、その反射波の対応放射送受波器 での受波レベルがそれぞれ検出され、同一反射物標より の反射波に対する第1、第2送受波器の受波レベルの差 からその反射物標の方向が検出される。

【0006】第1、第2送受波器の各指向性ビームと一 部が重ねられた比較的広い指向性ビームの第3超音波送 受波器が更に設けられ、この第3送受波器より放射され た超音波パルスの反射波についての第3送受波器での受 波レベルが検出され、同一反射物標よりの第1乃至第3 送受波器の各受波レベルからその反射物標の位置が求め られる。

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[0007]

【発明の実施の形態】この発明ではサイドローブが非常 に少なく、比較的広い、例えば半減全角が40°程度の 指向性ビームをもつ超音波送受波器が用いられる。この ような送受波器としては図1Aに示すランジュバン円形 振動子を用いることができる。ランジュバン振動子の例 えばTGM50/200B/12Lの指向特性の50k Hzでの実測データを図1Bに示す。この指向特性から わかるようにサイドローブはほとんどない。ランジュバ ン振動子は円形振動子であるため、全周にわたり対称性 がよい指向特性が得られる。

【0008】このような同一の広い指向性の2つの送受 波器がその指向性ビームを一部互いに重ねて設けられ る。例えば図2Aに示すように、2つのランジュバン振 動子11A, 11Bがその中心線12A, 12Bを鉛直 線13に対し、互いに反対側に20°傾斜させて設けら れる。送受波器11A,11Bの送受波面をそれぞれ2 0°の俯角を与える。両送受波器の指向特性は図2Bの 曲線14A,14Bとなる。いま図2Bに示すように、 鉛直方向に対し、-30°の方向から10°づつ順次異 なる方向で+30°方向にそれぞれ反射物標P1~P7 があったとすると、これら各物標よりの反射波の送受波 器11A, 11Bでの各受波レベルはそれぞれ異なった ものとなる。例えば物標P。についてみると、送受波器 11Aの感度が-0dB、送受波器11Bの感度は-2 0dBであるから、送受波器11Aの方が送受波器11 Bより受波レベルが20dB大きい、物標P4 について は、送受波器11A,11Bの感度が共に-4dBであ り、受波レベルに差がない。各物標P1~P7 について の送受波器11A, 11Bの感度は図2Cに示すように なる。

【0009】従って送受波器11A,11Bの各法線1 2A,12Bの内側にある物標については、送受波器1 1A,11Bの感度差、つまり受波レベル差から、物標 の方向(方位)を求めることができる。物標の方向を決 めることができるのは両送受波器11A,11Bとも感 度が得られる角度範囲であり、一方の送受波器のみしか 感度が得られない場合は、例えば送受波器11Aのみし か受波レベルが検出できない場合はその物標は-30° ~-60°の概略方向に在ることと判断される。

【0010】このように2つの送受波器11A,11B により物標方向を検出する場合におけるBスコープ表示 には、送受波器11A,11Bの両検出受信レベルを加 算した信号を用いる。更にこの発明では同一の広い指向 ビーム特性をもつ3つの送受波器を用いて、物標位置の 検出を可能とする。このため、図3Aに示すように3つ の送受波器11A,11B,11Cの法線方向12A, 12B,12Cが鉛直線13に対し120°の等角間隔 となり、かつ図2Aに示したようにそれぞれ送受波面が 水平面に対して20°の俯角を互いに外側にもつように

送受波器11A, 11B, 11Cが配される。この時図 3Bに示すように送受波器11A, 11B, 11Cの各 放射ビーム16A, 16B, 16Cは互いに一部重なっ た状態となる。送受波器11A,11B,11Cの位置 から100m下における法線12A, 12B, 12Cの 各位置、各送受波器11A,11B,11Cの各等感度 線(等音圧分布線)17A,17B,17Cは図4Aに 示すようになる。各放射ビーム16A, 16B, 16C は鉛直線13に対し、それぞれ20°傾斜しているた め、図4Bに示すように100mの深度で水平に切断す れば、その断面は楕円となるから、感度線17A、17 B, 17Cは実際にはそれぞれ楕円となる。 【0011】もし送受波器11A,11B,11Cの相 対感度差が20dBまで測定可能であれば、1辺が11 6mの正三角形18の内側の範囲では送受波器11A, 11B, 11Cの相対感度差が測定できる。この正三角 形18の内側の各点は3つの等感度線17A,17B, 17Cの交点と対応し、よって送受波器11A,11 B,11Cの各感度の組により、位置が一義的に定ま る。従って正三角形18の内側における1点にある物標 からの反射波の送受波器11A,11B,11Cでの受 信レベルを求めれば、その組合せよりその物標の位置を 求めることができる。送受波器11A,11B,11C の感度差が12dBまでしか測定することができなけれ ば、1辺が58mの正三角形19の内側にある物標の位 置を測定できる。ここで送受波器11A、11B、11 Cの感度及び指向特性がよく揃っているものとする。 【0012】以上の説明から、3つの送受波器11A, 11B, 11Cを用い、水深100mで感度差が20d Bまで測定できれば、図4Cに示すように領域ウ内の物 標は3つの送受波器11A,11B,11Cでその反射 波の受信レベルを検出できるから位置を正確に求めるこ とができる。領域イ内の物標は、2つの送受波器11A と11B、11Bと11C、11Cと11Aの何れかで その反射波の受信レベルを検出できるから方向を正確に 検出することができる。領域ア内の物標はその反射波の 受信レベルは送受波器11A、11B、11Cの何れか 1つでしか検出できないから、概略の方向が判断され ъ.

【0013】以上の測定原理を用いたこの発明の魚群探 知機の実施例を図5に示す。送受波器11A,11B, 11Cは図3を参照して説明したものと同様のものであ り、これらに対し、送信部21A,21B,21Cから それぞれ独立に励振パルスを印加することができるよう にされる。このように広角超音波ビームの送受波を行う と、他魚船の魚群探知機との干渉が問題となる。この点 から、同一周波数帯での送受波器の使用を避けること、 超音波パルス放射周期をランダム(規則性がない)にす ることが考えられる。図5の例では乱数発生部22によ り、例えば送信周期の1/10程度の範囲内で発信タイ ミングをランダムに変化させ、その発信タイミング、つ まり0m位置信号により送信制御部23が起動され、送 信制御部23は送信部21A,21B,21Cを順次制 御し、送受波器11A,11B,11Cよりシーケンス 的に超音波パルスが放射される。

【0014】送受波器11A,11B,11Cはその指 向特性と感度がよく揃ったものが望ましい。指向特性は 送受波器の形状などで決まりかなり揃うが、感度に関し ては、固有振動周波数 f_0 などのずれ、その他の素因に より厳密に揃えることは困難である。そこで送受波器1 1A,11B,11Cの感度差を予め測定し、これら3 つの送受波器11A,11B,11Cの感度が揃うよう に、受信前置増幅器24の前段に設けた電子減衰器25 A,25B,25Cで補正する。この感度補正データは 感度補正ROM26に記憶され、また発信時の感度を下 げると共に、遠方よりの反射波の受信感度を上げるいわ ゆるSTC用制御信号がSTC用ROM27に記憶され ている。

【0015】送受波器11A, 11B, 11Cの各受波 信号はそれぞれ電子減衰器25A,25B,25Cへ供 給され、電子減衰器25A,25B,25Cの出力は受 信切換器28で順次切換えられて受信前置増幅器24へ 供給される。シーケンス切換制御部29により、何れの 送受波器による送受波を行うかの順序のタイミングが制 御され、そのタイミングにより乱数発生部22よりの乱 数発生が行われ、また送信制御部22の送信タイミング が制御され、更にSTC特性、感度校正部31を通じ、 更に感度補正用ROM26の補正データが滅衰器制御3 2を通じて電子減衰器25A,25B,25Cに対し、 初期設定がなされ、またSTC用ROM27のデータに よる電子減衰器制御部32を通じる電子減衰器25A, 25B, 25Cに対するSTC制御が行われ、更に受信 機切換器28が制御され、励振送受波器、例えば11A と対応した電子減衰器25Aの選択がなされる。

【0016】前置増幅器24の出力に手動感度調整器3 3を通じ、更に後段増幅器34を通じて検波器35へ供 給されて検波され、その検波出力はA/D変換器36で デジタル信号に変換され、その変換デジタルの探知信号 39Aは加算器37で加算されて、バッファメモリ3 8、領域38Aに書込まれる。バッファメモリ38への 書込みは、次に送受波器11Bが励振されると、その時 の探知信号39Bが前回の探知信号39Aと加算され

て、領域38Aに書込まれ、次に送受波器11Cの励振 により得られた探知信号39Cが領域38Aの信号と加 算されて領域38Aに書込まれる。領域38Aには探知 信号39A,39B,39Cが加算され、1つの探知信 号39が得られる。

【0017】この探知信号39は海底検出部41及びタ ーゲット自動検出部42へ供給される。海底検出部41 は乱数発生部22よりの0位置信号(発信信号)とその 入力されて探知信号39から海底位置を検出する。この 検出は従来の魚群探知機で行われている手法と同様に行 われる。ターゲット自動検出部42は前記0位置信号と 検出海底位置信号との間の探知信号39中から魚群など の物標からの反射信号を検出し、その検出した各物標反 射波信号ごとにそのタイミングでまた対応する時間だけ アナログスイッチ43を開にする自動ゲート信号を生成 する。

【0018】バッファメモリ38よりの探知信号39は Bスコープ映像化処理部44で処理され、更にビデオ信 号変換部45を通じてラスタスキャン表示器46へ供給 され、例えば表示面に上下方向へ1本の表示線に1探知 信号39が表示され、その表示線が表示面の左右の一端 より他端にないものから順に表示される。例えば図6に 示すように通常の魚群探知機における表示が得られる。 この表示には発信線表示47、水底像48、魚群像49 が表示される。

【0019】操作員はこの表示画像を見て最新データに おける、例えば魚群像49の右端にカーソルを位置させ てヒットすることによりターゲット手動検出部51から 魚群反射位置、その長さと対応した手動ゲート信号が生 成され、これら手動、自動切換スイッチ50により自動 ゲート信号と切換えられてアナログスイッチ43へ供給 される。

【0020】アナログスイッチ43は物標からの反射波 が受信されている間オンとされ、これを受信前置増幅器 24の出力が通過され、AGC回路52へ供給され、更 に後段増幅器53で増幅された後検波器54で検波され る。この検波出力のピークがピーク検出器55で検出さ れ、この検出出力に応じてAGC制御部56によりAG C回路52の利得が制御され、受信信号のレベルの変化 範囲がほぼ一定とされるが、送受波器11A、11B、 11Cの各受波信号中の最も高いレベルの信号に対して AGC制御が行われ、それ以外の受波信号に対しては最 も高いレベルの信号に対して制御された利得に保持され る。つまり3つの送受波器11A, 11B, 11Cによ る同一物標からの反射波の受波信号中の、最も強い信号 レベルが飽和しない基準レベルになるようにAGCがか けられ、そのAGC感度(利得)で他の送受波器の受波 信号も増幅され、これら送受波器11A,11B,11 Cの同一物標からの反射波の受波レベル差が、最大縮尺 率で計測される。

【0021】検波器54の検波出力はA/D変換器57 でデジタル信号に変換され、そのデジタル信号の物標反 射波受波信号は送受波器11A,11B,11Cの受波 信号別に切換器58で切換えられてバッファメモリ59 の領域59A,59B,59Cに物標信号61A,61 B,61Cとして記憶される。このようにして、同一物 標からの物標信号61A,61B,61Cはその物標の 方向に応じて互いに異なる受信レベルとなる。ターゲッ

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ト位置方位計算部62でバッファメモリ59よりの物標 信号から同一物標について先に述べた手法により、その 物標の位置又は方向が計算され、その計算結果が、模式 図化し、又は方位、距離、深度など数値化して表示器4 6に表示される。

【0022】例えば図6において、表示面上の物標像が ない部分に上側の魚群像491 に対し、円とその中心を 通る直交線の座標像64とその原点位置の縦軸と平行し た船像65に対し、魚群像49の検出位置が丸点像66 のブリンキング表示とされ、かつ、その魚群探知機を装 備した魚船の船首方向に対する魚群像49の魚群の方位 *6*と、魚船からその魚群までの距離Rと、魚群補正の深 度Dとの数値表示67が、座標表示64の近くになされ る。同様に下側の魚群像492 に対し、座標表示6

4⁷、船像65⁷に検出した船首方向に対する方位表示 68と、その方位のθ⁷の数値表示67⁷が行われる。 魚群像49² は送受波器11A,11B,11C中の2 つから反射波を受波できず、位置の検出ができなかった 場合である。

【0023】この魚船に取付けられた傾斜センサ71の 出力が傾斜センサ処理部72に入力され、魚船が規定の 角度より傾斜して、物標反射信号61A,61B,61 Cのレベルが変化して正確に位置、方位を計算できない 状態になると、ターゲット位置方位計算部62の計算を 中止させ、あるいは傾斜センサ71で検出した傾き角 度、傾き方位に応じて、ターゲット位置方位計算部62 での計算を補正するようにする。

【0024】図5中の切換器28,57を省略し、かつ 送信部21A, 21B, 21Cから互いに異なる周波数 の超音波パルスで同時に送受波器11A,11B,11 Cを励振する場合の例を図7に図5と対応する部分に同 一符号を付けて示す。この場合は送信制御部22により 送信部21A, 21B, 21Cに対し同時に送信制御が なされ、電子減衰器25A,25B,25Cの出力はそ れぞれ前置増幅器24A,24B,24Cへ供給され、 これより、手動底度調整手段33′により調整される電 子滅衰器81A,81B,81Cへ供給され、更に後段 増幅器34A,34B,34Cを通じて、検波器35 A, 35B, 35Cへ供給され、それぞれ検波され、こ れら検波出力は加算回路82で電圧加算されてA/D変 換器36へ供給され、これよりデジタルの探知信号39 が得られる。つまり図6中の加算器37、バッファメモ リ38は省略される。

【0025】また前置増幅器24A,24B,24Cの 各出力はアナログゲート43A,43B,43Cに分岐 供給され、これよりそれぞれ、AGC回路52A,52 B,52C、更に後段増幅器53A,53B,53Cを それぞれ通して検波器54A,54B,54Cで検波さ れ、これら検波出力はピーク検出回路55へ供給される と共に、A/D変換器57A,57B,57Cへ供給さ れ、これらA/D変換出力がターゲット位置方位計算部 62へ供給される。この図7の構成はハードウェア規模 が図6に示したものより大になるが、高速の探査が可能 である。

【0026】送受波器11A, 11B, 11Cの各受波 レベルの相対値は、深度に関係しない、つまり、2つの 受波レベルの差で決まる方向(方位)は比でみれば、距 離に関係しないで、一定であり、同様に3つの受波レベ ルの比でみれば、これにより決る位置の相対関係は深度 に関係なく、つまり、深度が深くなれば、これに比例し て、隣接位置の間隔が大となるだけで、相対関係はかわ りない。従って、送受波器11A, 11B, 11Cの各 受信レベルの相対比と、相対位置を予め求めておき、こ れをメモリに記憶しておき、そのメモリを物標信号61 A, 61B, 61Cの相対比で読み出し、相対位置を求 め、その相対位置を、その物標の深度により絶対位置に 変換するようにしてもよい。同様に2つの物標信号61 Aと61B、61Bと61C、61Cと61Aの各相対 比と方向(方位)との関係を予め求め、これをメモリに 記憶しておき、このメモリと検出した2つの物標信号の 相対比で読出して方向を決定してもよい。

【0027】上述において送受波器を4つ以上設けても よい。上述では2又は3つの送受波器を鉛直線13を中 心として各送受波器の送受波面の中心法線が1点で交差 するように配したが、この交差点をわずかずらすことに より、水平面内で直線的に配置してもよい。その実施例 を図10に示す。図2A、図3Aに示した配置関係の例 えばランジュバン振動子よりなる送受波器11A,11 B,11Cをそれぞれの角度姿勢を保持したまま、送受 波器11Aの両側に送受波器11B,11Cを配し、こ れらがほば水平面内でほぼ一直線上に、その送受波面の 中心点が位置するように配置する。

【0028】この場合、送受波器11Aの送受波面中心 を通る鉛直線13に対し、その両側の送受波器11B (11C)の法線12Bは図11A, Bの破線で示すよ

うに、水平方向に前記中心間の距離Rcだけずれる。送 受波面の各中心間の距離Rc(図10)は例えば15c m程度である。各送受波器の送受波面の水平線に対する 角度、前記例では20°に保持されているため、鉛直線 13と法線12B(12C)とのなす角度は変わらない ため、図2A,図3Aの配置状の鉛直線13と法線12 Bとの関係が図11A,Bに実線で示す状態から、破線 で示す状態に、水平方向にRcだけずれるだけであり、 このずれは深さが10mでも100mでも同じである。 従って図10の右に示したように直線状に配置して前述 のように検出方向を測定した場合の測定誤差は、深さの 大きさに関わらず一定で、Rc、前記例では15cmに 過ぎず、この程度の誤差は実質的には無視できる。 【0029】図2A,図3Aに示したように送受波器1 1A,11B,11Cを円形配置した場合は、その全体

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としての送受波器101は図12Bに示すように厚みの ある円板状のモールド品とされるが、図10の右側に示 すように直線状に配置した場合の全体としての送受波器 102は図13Bに示すように細長の長方体状のモール ド品と構成される。従って、この送受波器102を、例 えば漁船に対し、その船首方向、つまり進行方向と平行 になるように取付けられると、図12Bの送受波器10 1と比較して、体積が3割程度小とすることができ、か つ液体抵抗が小さい。

【0030】このように送受波器をほぼ水平でほぼ直線 的に配置する適用例は送受波器の数が3個に限らず、2 個、4個以上でもよい。また送受波器をほぼ水平面内で ほぼ直線状に配列する場合に限らず、ほぼ鉛直面内で、 ほぼ直線状に配列してもよい。

[0031]

【発明の効果】以上述べたようにこの発明によれば、機 械的走査をさせないで、物標の方位、位置を検出するこ とができ、可動部のない安定度が高いものが得られる。 また電子走査をさせないで物標の方位、位置を検出でき るので、電子回路が簡単になり、設計が容易であって、 送受波器において位相合成などの処理を必要とせず、送 受波器の配線なども簡単になる。従来の何れの走査方式 より小形かつ安価に構成することができる。

【0032】サイドローブの少ない送受波器を用いるの で偽像がほとんどなく、誤った判断が少ない。各探知信 号を1本の表示線として表示し、その表示線を配列す

る。Bスコープ表示をすることができ、従来の記録紙に よる記録表示形式になれている操作員に見易い表示を行 うことができ、しかも物標の位置、方位を検出すること ができる。

【0033】広い超音波ビームの送受波器を複数用いる ため、その合成ビームの指向角は前記具体例では80° にもおよび、従来のサイドスキャンニングソナーと同程 度の探査範囲を探索することができ、探査漏れが少な

い。本船とこれに対する物標の位置の相対関係を模式図 で表示することにより、読み取りに熟練を要しない、か つ物標の移動方向も知ることができる。また、数値表示 により正確な値を知らせることができる。

【0034】送受波器の合成指向角が極めて広いため、 水底の地質の判断が可能となる。つまり狭い指向角の送 受波器を用いた場合は図8Aに示すように超音波の水底 92への到達時間差はそのビームの軸心91aと周辺9 1bとでわずかである。従って図8Bに示すように送信 パルス93のパルス幅Tcと、ほぼ等しいパルス幅Tc の反射波94が受波される。水底92が岩盤の場合はそ の反射波94の受波レベルが大きなものとなる。水底9 2が砂地の場合は図9Cに示すように反射波94の幅は 同様にTcであるが、受波レベルが小さくなる。しか し、これら図8B, Cの両反射波の差により地質を推定 することは比較的困難である。 【0035】しかし、超音波ビーム91が広角の場合は 図9Aに示すように、超音波ビーム9の中心91aと周 辺91bとで超音波が水底92に到達する時間に比較的 大きな差Tbが生じる。このため、水底92が岩盤の場 合は、反射波94の波形は図9Bに示すように急に大き く立上り、送信パルス幅Tcの後に徐々に低下した後、 Tcだけ一定値を保持して、立下るものとなる。一方水 底92が砂地の場合は、砂地中に超音波が入り大きく滅 衰し、その減衰は中心線91aよりも周辺91bの方が 著しく、反射波94は図9Cに示すように、レベルが小 さく、図9Bの反射波94のあるレベル以上に相当する 部分の波形となる。従って、この図9B, Cの両反射波 94の波形が図8B, Cの場合と比較して、大きく相違 し、反射波94の波形により水底92の地質を推定する ことができる。

【0036】更に、図10に示したように送受波器を直 線状に配列すると、円形配置の場合より3割程度小さく なり、それだけ水の抵抗が小となり、例えばこの魚群探 知機が取付けられる船体の船首方向、つまり進行方向と 平行にすることにより、水の抵抗を著しく小さくするこ とができる。またランジュバン振動子の場合は、一般の 直線配列のモールドであり、方向検出可能な魚群探知機 用送受波器でも同じ型を用いて作ることができ、安価に 構成することができる。

【0037】更に直線状であるため、方向検出可能な魚 群探知機用送受波器の特徴である送受波器取付けの際の 方向が見分け易い。

【図面の簡単な説明】

【図1】Aは広い指向角の超音波ビーム特性をもつ超音 波送受波器の例を示す図、Bはその指向角特性を示す図 である。

【図2】Aは超音波ビームを一部重ねた2つの送受波器 の配置例を示す図、Bはその指向角特性を示す図、Cは 同図B中の物標P₁ ~ P₇ に対する両ビームの感度を示 す図である。

【図3】Aは超音波ビームを互いに一部重ねた3つの送 受波器の配置例を示す図、Bはその3つの超音波ビーム の模式図である。

【図4】Aは図3Bの水深100mでの各超音波ビーム の等感度(等音圧)曲線及び位置検出領域を示す図、B は送受波器位置とその法線の水深100mでの鉛直線に 対する距離の関係を示す図、Cは図3Bにおける物標位 置検出領域、物標方位検出領域、物標概略方位検出領域 を示す図である。

【図5】この発明の実施例の機能構成を示すブロック図。

【図6】図5中の表示器46の表示例を示す図。

【図7】この発明の他の実施例の機能構成を示すブロック図。

【図8】Aは狭角ビームによる水底探査を示す図、Bは

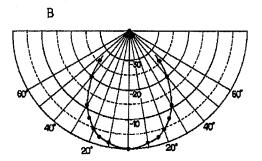
送信パルスと反射波を示す図、Cは反射波の他の例を示す図である。

【図9】Aは広角ビームによる水底探査を示す図、Bは 送信パルスと反射波を示す図、Cは反射波の他の例を示 す図である。

【図10】送受波器の円形配列と直線状配列と配置関係 例を示す図。

【図1】



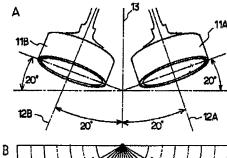


【図11】送受波器の円形配列と直線状配列とにおける 鉛直線と送受波器の法線方向の関係を示す図。

【図12】Aは送受波器の円形配列を示す図、Bはその 全体を示す斜視図である。

【図13】Aは送受波器の直線状配置を示す図、Bはその全体を示す斜視図である。





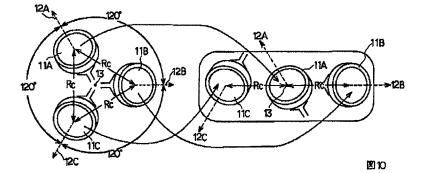


| 刺楸 | 11A ビーム感度 | 11Bビーム感度 |
|----------------|-----------|----------|
| Pj | -2dB | 受信感度ナシ |
| P ₂ | OdB | -20dB |
| Pa | -2dB | 11dB |
| Pa | -4dB | -4dB |
| P5 | -11dB | - 2dB |
| P ₆ | -20dB | OdB |
| P ₇ | 受信感度ナシ | -2dB |



图1

С

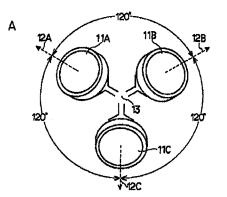


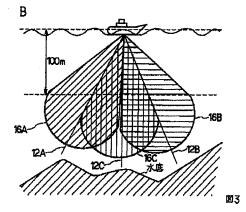
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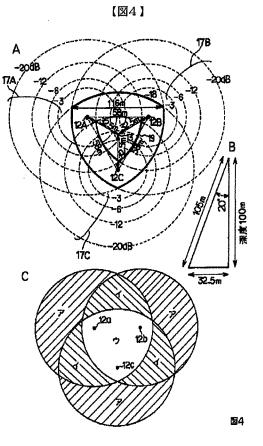


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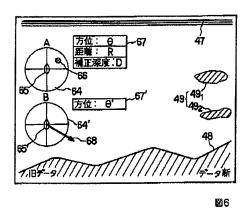


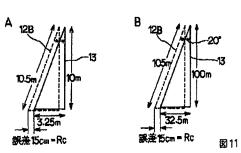


【図6】

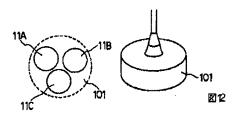






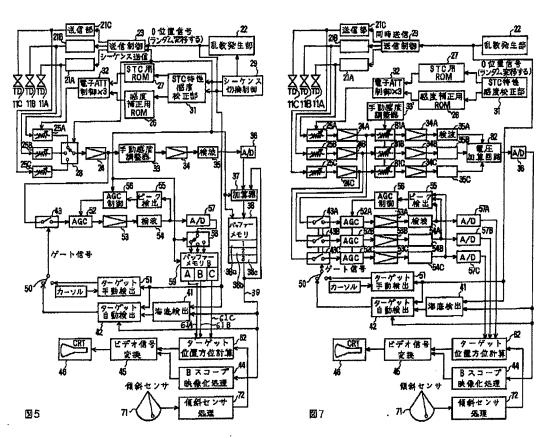


【図12】

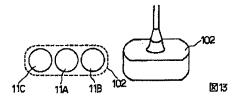


【図5】

【図7】

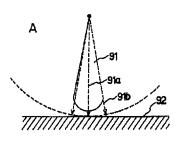


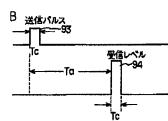
【図13】



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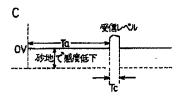
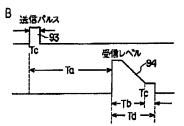
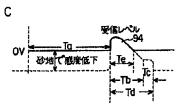


図8

A gilo Si Ta Sib Ta Sib

【図9】





⊠9



Espacenet

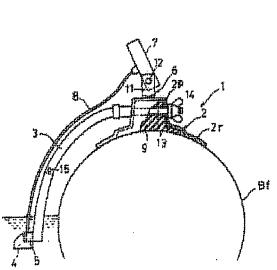
Bibliographic data: JP2001074840 (A) — 2001-03-23

ATTACHMENT FOR FISH-FINDER

| Inventor(s): | USUI HIROHISA <u>+</u> | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
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| Classification: | - international: - European: | A01K75/00; B63B7/08; G01S15/96; (IPC1-7): A01K75/00; B63B7/08; G01S15/96 |
| Application number: | JP19990245391 19 | 990831 |
| Priority number (s): | JP19990245391 19 | 990831 |
| Also published as: | <u>JP4183217 (B2)</u> | |

Abstract of JP2001074840 (A)

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To install a fish-finder at a place suitable for fish finding so that the space in the boat can widely be used, when installed in a small boat or the like. SOLUTION: The attachment has its main body 2 fixed to a fitting seat (g) provided to the float part Bf of an inflatable boat B, and a sensor 4 is fitted at the tip end of an arm 3 extending into water from the main body 2, and a monitor part 7 is fitted to the upper part of the main body 2, so that a signal detected by the sensor 4 is displayed on the screen of the monitor part 7. Further, the arm 3 is made freely rotatable on the axis of an arm support shaft 13, and an intermediate part of the arm 3 is made foldable.



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| (22) 片廠日 | 平成11年8月31日(1999.8.31) | 東京都新宿区大京町22番地の 5 (72)発明者 幕井 宏久 栃木県足利市西宮町3003 - 1. (74)代理人 100103126 弁理士 片岡 修 Fターム(参考) 2B106 PA01 5J083 AA02 AB01 AC31 AE04 AF15 CA01 CA32 EB04 |

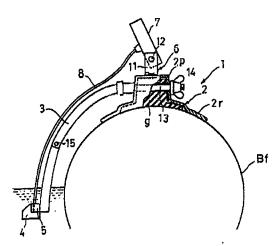
(54) 【発明の名称】 魚群探知機用アタッチメント

(57)【要約】

(19)日本国特許庁(JP)

【課題】 小型ボート等に魚群探知機を設置する際、船 内のスペースを広く活用出来、また、魚群探知に適した 箇所に適切に配置出来るようにする。

【解決手段】 インフレータブルボート Bのフロート部 Bfに設けられる取付座gにアタッチメント1の本体2 を固定し、この本体2から水中に向けて延出するアーム 3の先端にセンサ4を取付けるとともに、本体2の上部 にモニター部7を取り付け、センサ4で検知した信号を モニター部7の画面に表示する。また、アーム3をアー ム支持軸13の軸周りに回動自在にし、更にアーム3の 中間部を折り畳み可能にする。



【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 船体の一部に取付けられる本体と、この 本体から水中に向けて延出するアームと、このアームの 先端に形成されるセンサ取付部を備えた魚群探知機用ア タッチメントであって、前記アームの根元部は、所定方 向に揺動可能にされることを特徴とする魚群探知機用ア タッチメント。

【請求項2】 請求項1に記載の魚群探知機用アタッチ メントにおいて、前記アームは折り畳み可能にされるこ とを特徴とする魚群探知機用アタッチメント。

【請求項3】 請求項1又は請求項2に記載の魚群探知 機用アタッチメントにおいて、前記本体には、魚群探知 機のモニター部を取付けるためのモニター取付部が形成 されることを特徴とする魚群探知機用アタッチメント。

【請求項4】 請求項1乃至請求項3のいずれか1項に 記載の魚群探知機用アタッチメントにおいて、前記本体 は、インフレータブルボートのフロート部の取付座に取 付け可能にされることを特徴とする魚群探知機用アタッ チメント。

【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【発明の属する技術分野】本発明は、例えば小型船舶等 に魚群探知機を装着する際の補助治具となる魚群探知機 用アタッチメントに関する。

【0002】

【従来の技術】近年、マリンレジャーの普及に連れてイ ンフレータブルボート等の小型ボートを使用したボート 釣りが盛んになっており、またポータブル式の魚群探知 機が安価に出回るようになたため、ボート釣りで魚群探 知機を使用する機会が増えている。この際、エンジン取 付用のトランサム板を備えた船外機付きボート等であれ ば、トランサム板等を利用して魚群探知機のセンサを取 付けることが可能であるが、チューブ式のフロート部が 主体となるゴムボート等では、例えば両舷のフロート部 の間に架け渡される座席板や、底板等を利用して魚群探 知機のセンサやモニター部等を固定せざるを得なかっ た。

[0003]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】ところが、上記のよう に座席板や底板を利用して魚群探知機を固定する場合 は、狭い船内での各種作業等の邪魔になりやすく、また 船内スペースも制約されて乗員の移動や物品搭載等に不 便であった。

【0004】そこで本発明は、船内のスペースを広く活 用することが出来、また、魚群探知に適した箇所に適切 に配置出来るようにすることを目的とする。

[0005]

【課題を解決するための手段】上記目的を達成するため 本発明は、船体の一部に取付けられる本体と、この本体 から水中に向けて延出するアームと、このアームの先端 に形成されるセンサ取付部を備えた魚群探知機用アタッ チメントを設け、アームの根元部を、所定方向に揺動可 能にした。

【0006】そして、アタッチメントの本体を船体の一 部に取り付け、先端にセンサを取付けたアームを水中を 延出させて魚群探知を行い、任意の箇所に設置したモニ ター部で監視するが、この際、本体の取付部を船体の船 べり等に設ければ、乗員の作業の邪魔にならず、船内ス ペースを広く活用することが出来る。また、アームの根 元部を揺動自在にしておけば、例えば水上の浮遊物等が アームの先端に引っ掛かったり、アームの先端が傷害物 等に衝突したような時でも、アームに無理な力が作用せ ず、アームの損傷等が防止される。このため、少なくと も船の進行方向に揺動可能にしておくことが好ましい。 【0007】ここで、船のタイプ等はインフレータボー トやFRP製等の小型ボートに好適であり、手漕ぎ式の 小型ボートでも、船外機付きのボートでも、晩走式のボ ートでも良いが、その他のタイプの船舶でも良い。

【0008】また請求項2では、前記アームを折り畳み 可能にした。このように折り畳み可能にすれば、例えば アーム長を長くしても、収納時等にコンパクトに折り畳 んで搬送等を行うことが出来、便利である。

【0009】また請求項3では、前記本体に、魚群探知 機のモニター部を取付けるためのモニター取付部を形成 するようにした。こうすれば、魚群探知機の構成部品一 式を纏めてアタッチメントに取付けることが可能とな り、また本体周囲の空間を有効に活用出来る。

【0010】また請求項4では、本体を、インフレータ ブルボートのフロート部の取付座に取付け可能にした。 ここで、インフレータブルボートのフロート部の取付座 とは、例えば釣竿支持用の受具等を固定するため、既に チューブ式のフロート部に貼着されている直方体ブロッ ク状の弾性部材であり、この取付座を利用してアタッチ メント本体を取付けるようにすれば、場所的にも好適で あり、また既存のインフレータブルボートをそのまま活 用出来て便利である。

[0011]

【発明の実施の形態】本発明の実施の形態について添付 した図面に基づき説明する。ここで図1は本魚群探知機 用アタッチメントが取付けられるボートの一例を示す全 体図、図2は本魚群探知機用アタッチメントの一例を示 す説明図、図3は本体に形成されるモニタ取付部の説明 図、図4はアームの構造の一例を示す説明図である。

【0012】本発明に係る魚群探知機用アタッチメント 1は、例えば図1に示すようなインフレータブルボート Bのフロート部Bfにポータブル式等の魚群探知機を取 付ける際の補助治具として構成され、図2にも示すよう に、フロート部Bfの上面の取付座gに取付けられる本 体2と、この本体2から水中に向けて延出するアーム3 を備えており、このアーム3の先端には、センサ4を取

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付けるためのセンサ取付部5が設けられている。

【0013】そしてこの実施形態では本体2の上部にモ ニター取付部6が形成されており、このモニター取付部 6にモニター部7が取付けられるとともに、このモニタ ー部7の背面側に接続される接続コード8の延出端部が 前記センサ4に接続されている。

【0014】前記取付座gは、例えば釣竿を支持する受 具等を固定するため、殆どのインフレータブルボートB のフロート部Bfの上面に接着等で固定されているもの であり、ソリッドゴム等の弾性部材から直方体ブロック 状に構成されるとともに、中間部に貫通孔が形成されて いる。

【0015】前記本体2は、取付座gに嵌合可能な嵌合 部2pと、フロート部Bfの上面形状に倣った円弧部2 rを備えており、嵌合部2pには、取付座gに嵌合させ た際に取付座gの貫通孔に連通する軸挿通孔h(図3) が形成されている。そしてこの軸挿通孔hには、後述す るアーム支持軸13が取付座gの貫通孔を通して挿通さ れ、アーム支持軸13の一端側に形成されるネジ部にナ ット14を螺合させて本体2を取付座gに固定出来るよ うにしている。

【0016】また、前記モニター取付部6は、図3にも 示すように、嵌合部2pの上面にピン9により枢着され て所定角度範囲(実施形態では45度範囲)内で水平に 揺動自在な水平板10と、この水平板10の両端部にヒ ンジ等を介して起伏自在に設けられる一対の取付板11 を備えており、この取付板11には、モニター7を固定 するためのネジ挿通孔iが設けられている。

【0017】そして、両方の取付板11を起こした状態 で、間にモニター部7をセットし、ネジ挿通孔iを通し たネジ12(図2)によりモニター部7を固定するよう にし、また収納時には、取付板11を倒してスペースが 広がらないようにしている。

【0018】前記アーム3は、図4にも示すように、前 記アーム支持軸13の一端側に、軸周りに回動自在に設 けられており、また中間部が分割されてピン軸15で枢 着されている。このため、アーム3全体をアーム支持軸 13の軸周りに回動させると、アーム3の下端部のセン サ取付部5が揺動し、またアーム3の下方部をピン軸1 5回りに揺動させると、図4の鏡線に示すように折り畳 むことが出来るようにされている。またアーム3の下端 部のセンサ取付部5は、センサ4をネジ止めて固定出来 るようにされている。

【0019】以上のように構成される魚群採知機用アタ ッチメント1において、本体2上部のモニター取付部6 にモニター部7を取り付け、このモニター部7に接続コ ード8を介して接続されるセンサ4を、アーム3先端の センサ取付部5に取付けるとともに、本体の2の嵌合部 2pを、図2に示すフロート部Bfの取付座sに取付け る。 【0020】そして図2に示すようにアーム3の先端の センサ4を水中に浸漬し、センサ4から音波を発振し、 反射波を受信してその信号をモニター部7の画面に表示 することで、魚群を探知する。この際、モニター部7を 保持する水平板10は、所定角度揺動するため、見やす い方向にセットして監視することが出来る。

【0021】こうしてセットした魚群探知機によりモニ ター部7の画像を監視しつつ、例えばボートBを走行さ せるような場合、アーム3は、少なくともボートBの進 行方向に揺動可能にされているため、走行中にアーム3 の下端部が傷害物等に衝突したり、水上浮遊物等がアー ム3の下端部に引っ掛かっても、アーム3の下端部はア ーム支持軸13周りに揺動し、アーム3に無理な力がか かるようなことがなく、アーム3の折損等を未然に防止 することが出来る。

【0022】また、このような魚群探知機用アタッチメ ント1は、インフレータブルボートBを使用しないで収 納するような際、簡単に取外して持ち運ぶことが可能で あるが、アーム3が折り畳み可能であるため、コンパク トな形態で満張らないようにして搬送することが出来 る。

【0023】尚、本発明は以上のような実施形態に限定 されるものではない。本発明の特許請求の範囲に記載し た事項と実質的に同一の構成を有し、同一の作用効果を 奏するものは本発明の技術的範囲に属する。例えば、上 記の実施形態では、モニター部7をアタッチメント1の 上部に取り付けるようにしているが、アタッチメント1 の上部に釣竿支持用の受具等を取付け、モニター部7を 別の箇所に設けるようにしても良い。また、アタッチメ ント1をフロート部Bfの取付座g以外の箇所、例えば 図1のインフレータブルボートBのトランサム板Bt等 に設けるようにしても良い。

【0024】更に、本アタッチメント1が取り付けられ る船は、インフレータブルボート以外のFRP製の小型 ボートや、木製のボート等でも良く、またインフレータ ブルボートの種類等も任意である。

[0025]

【発明の効果】以上のように本発明に係る魚群探知機用 アタッチメントは、船体の一部に取付けられる本体から 水中に向けてアームを延出させ、このアームの先端にセ ンサを取付けるようにしたため、アタッチメントを船体 の船べり等に取付ければ、乗員の作業の邪魔にならず、 船内スペースを広くすることが出来る。またアームの根 元部を、所定方向に対して揺動可能にしているため、例 えば水上の浮遊物等がアームの先端に引っ掛かったよう な時でも、アームに無理な力が作用せず、アームの損傷 等が防止される。

【0026】また請求項2のように、アームを折り畳み 可能にすれば、収納時等にコンパクトに折り畳んで搬送 等を行うことが出来る。また請求項3のように、本体に モニター取付部を形成すれば、魚群探知機の構成部品ー 式を纏めてアタッチメントに取付けることが可能となり 便利である。更に、請求項4のように、本体をインフレ ータブルボートのフロート部の取付座に取付け可能にす れば、既存のインフレータブルボートをそのまま活用し て取付けることが可能である。

【図面の簡単な説明】

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【図1】本魚群探知機用アタッチメントが取付けられる ボートの一例を示す全体図

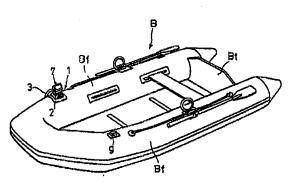
【図1】

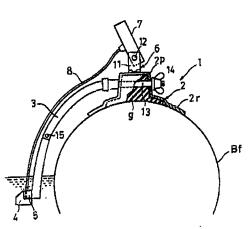
【図2】本魚群探知機用アタッチメントの一例を示す説 明図

【図3】本体に形成されるモニタ取付部の説明図 【図4】アームの構造の一例を示す説明図 【符号の説明】

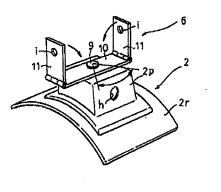
1…魚群探知機用アタッチメント、2…本体、3…アーム、4…センサ、5…センサ取付部、6…モニター取付部、7…モニター部、B…インフレータブルボート、g …取付座。

【図2】

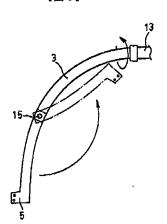














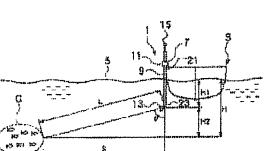
Bibliographic data: JP2004020276 (A) — 2004-01-22

FISH FINDER

| Inventor(s): | SATO KEIICHI <u>+</u> | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Applicant(s): | HONDA ELECTRO | NIC <u>+</u> |
| Classification: | - international: - European: | G01S15/96; (IPC1-7): G01S15/96 |
| Application number: | JP20020173113 20 | 020613 |
| Priority number(s): | JP20020173113 20 | 020613 |

Abstract of JP2004020276 (A)

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To find fish swimming in an area near to a water surface. ; SOLUTION: This finder is provided with a clump 7 attached to a ship, a support rod 9 attached to the clump 7 to position an end part 23 under the surface 5 of the water, an ultrasonic oscillator 13 supported adjustably in oscillation to the end part 23 of the support rod 9, and for making an emission and reception direction of an ultrasonic wave change-regulatable to a water depth direction and a direction Ģ crossed therewith, and an operation means 15 for change-regulating the emission and reception direction of the ultrasonic oscillator 13. A turning means 11 for supporting rotatably an intermediate part of the support rod 9 is provided between the clump 7 and the support rod 9, an the turning means 11 rotation-moves the support rod 9 to be switched between a using condition where the ultrasonic oscillator 13 is positioned in the underwater and a storing condition where it is positioned on the water surface. ; COPYRIGHT: (C)2004, JPO



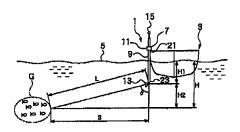
| (19) 日本国特許厅(JI | り (12) 公開 特 | FT 24 | | | (P20 |)04-20276 04-20276a) |
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| (51) Int. C1. ⁷ GO1S 15/96 | F I GO1S | 15/96 | (43) 公開日 | テー | 73 | (2004.1.22) (参考) |
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| (21) 出顧番号 (22) 出顧日 | 特題2002-173113 (P2002-173113) 平成14年6月13日 (2002.6.13) | (71) 出願人 (74) 代理人 | 000243364 本多電子株: 愛知県豊橋i 100110629 弁理士 須) | 市大岩町字 | :小山塚2) | 0番地 |
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| | | Fターム (到 | 多考) 5J083 AA | 02 AB01 107 AE04 | | 001 ADO6 32 CA39 |

(54) 【発明の名称】魚群探知装置

(57)【要約】

【課題】水面近くを泳いでいる魚群の探知を可能とする

【解決手段】船に取り付けられるクランプ7と、クラン プ7に取り付けられ端部23を水面5下に位置させ得る 支持杆9と、支持杆9の端部23に首振り調整可能に支 持され超音波の発受信方向を水深方向及びこれに交差す る方向へ変更調整可能な超音波振動子13と、超音波振 動子13の発受信方向を変更調整する操作手段15とを 備え、クランプ7と支持杆9との間に、支持杆9の中間 部を回転可能に支持する回動手段11を設け、回動手段 11は、支持杆9を超音波振動子13が水中に位置する 使用状態と水面上に位置する格納状態とに回転移動させ 得ることを特徴とする。 【選択図】 図1



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【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】

船に取り付けられるクランプと、

該クランプに取り付けられ端部を水面下に位置させ得る支持杆と、

前記支持杆の端部に首振り調整可能に支持され超音波の発受信方向を水深方向及びこれに 交差する方向へ変更調整可能な超音波振動子と、

前記超音波振動子の発受信方向を変更調整する操作手段とを備えたことを特徴とする魚群 探知装置。

【請求項2】

請求項1記載の魚群探知装置であって、

前記クランプと支持杆との間に、該支持杆の中間部を回転可能に支持する回動手段を設け

該回動手段は、前記支持杆を前記超音波振動子が水中に位置する使用状態と水面上に位置 する格納状態とに回転移動させ得ることを特徴とする魚群探知装置。

【請求項3】

請求項2記載の魚群探知装置であって、

前記回動手段は、前記支持杆を前記超音波振動子が水中に位置する使用状態に付勢する付 勢手段及び該付勢手段による付勢力を受け止めて前記支持杆を前記使用状態に対応して位 置決めるストッパ手段と、前記支持杆を前記超音波振動子が水面上に位置する格納状態に 対応して位置決めるロック手段とを備えたことを特徴とする魚群探知装置。

【請求項4】

請求項2又は3記載の魚群探知装置であって、

前記回動手段は、前記クランプにより前記支持杆が前記船の右舷又は左舷に取り付けられ たとき該回動手段を境として前記支持杆の超音波振動子側を前記船の進行方向後方側へ回 転移動させることを特徴とする魚群探知装置。

【請求項5】

請求項2又は3記載の魚群探知装置であって、

前記回動手段は、前記クランプにより前記支持杆が前記船の後部の右舷寄り又は左舷寄り に取り付けられたとき該回動手段を境として前記支持杆の超音波振動子側を前記船の中央 部側へ回転移動させることを特徴とする魚群探知装置。

【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【発明の属する技術分野】

本発明は、小型船等に取り付けられる簡易な魚群探知装置に関する。

[0002]

【従来の技術】

従来より小型船等で用いられる簡易な魚群探知装置としては、例えば特開2002-60 38号公報に記載されたものなどがある。この魚群探知装置は、超音波を発受信する超音 波振動子がガイド竿に糸を介して吊り下げられたものである。また、超音波振動子が小型 船の船底に取り付けられたものも等も存在する。いずれの場合も水深方向にのみ超音波を 発信することにより、どれぐらいの水深位置に魚群が存在するかを検出できるようになっ ている。

[0003]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】

しかしながら、上記のように水深方向でのみ魚群を探知する構成であると、例えば船の真 下から少し離れた所にいるバス等のような魚を探知することは困難であるという問題があ った。

[0004]

これに対し、大型船などでは超音波の発受信方向を変更調整可能にしたものが存在する。 しかしながら、大型船の構造をそのまま単純に小さくして小型船に適用することはできず 、構造が複雑となり著しく高価な魚群探知装置となるという問題がある。

[0005]

本発明は、簡易かつ安価でありながら超音波の発受信方向を水深方向及びこれに交差する 方向へ変更調整可能な魚群探知装置の提供を課題とする。

[0006]

【課題を解決するための手段】

請求項1の発明は、船に取り付けられるクランプと、該クランプに取り付けられ端部を水 面下に位置させ得る支持杆と、前記支持杆の端部に首振り調整可能に支持され超音波の発 受信方向を水深方向及びこれに交差する方向へ変更調整可能な超音波振動子と、前記超音 波振動子の発受信方向を変更調整する操作手段とを備えたことを特徴とする。

[0007]

請求項2の発明は、請求項1記載の魚群探知装置であって、前記クランプと支持杆との間 に、該支持杆の中間部を回転可能に支持する回動手段を設け、該回動手段は、前記支持杆 を前記超音波振動子が水中に位置する使用状態と水面上に位置する格納状態とに回転移動 させ得ることを特徴とする。

[0008]

請求項3の発明は、請求項2記載の魚群採知装置であって、前記回動手段は、前記支持杆 を前記超音波振動子が水中に位置する使用状態に付勢する付勢手段及び該付勢手段による 付勢力を受け止めて前記支持杆を前記使用状態に対応して位置決めるストッパ手段と、前 記支持杆を前記超音波振動子が水面上に位置する格納状態に対応して位置決めるロック手 段とを備えたことを特徴とする。

[0009]

請求項4の発明は、請求項2又は3記載の魚群探知装置であって、前記回動手段は、前記 クランプにより前記支持杆が前記船の右舷又は左舷に取り付けられたとき該回動手段を境 として前記支持杆の超音波振動子側を前記船の進行方向後方側へ回転移動させることを特 徴とする。

[0010]

請求項5の発明は、請求項2又は3記載の魚群探知装置であって、前記回動手段は、前記 クランプにより前記支持杆が前記船の後部の右舷寄り又は左舷寄りに取り付けられたとき 該回動手段を境として前記支持杆の超音波振動子側を前記船の中央部側へ回転移動させる ことを特徴とする。

[0011]

【発明の効果】

請求項1の発明では、船にクランプを取り付け、該クランプに支持杆を支持して水面下に 位置する支持杆の端部に超音波振動子を首振り調整可能に支持することができる。そして 、操作手段によって超音波振動子の発受信方向を変更調整し、超音波の発受信方向を水深 方向及びこれに交差する方向へ変更調整することが可能となる。

[0012]

従って、魚群が船に対して水深方向に位置する場合に限らず、船から少し離れた位置にい る魚群に対しても超音波振動子を向けて超音波の発受信を行うことができ、水面よりすぐ 下を泳いでいる魚群を的確に探知することができる。

[0013]

しかも、超音波振動子を船に取り付けられるクランプに取り付けられた支持杆に首振り調 整可能に支持し、操作手段によって変更調整するという簡単な構造によって、超音波の発 受信方向を変更調整することができ、簡易な構造によって安価に製造することができる。 【0014】

請求項2の発明では、請求項1の発明の効果に加え、前記クランプと支持杆との間に該支 持杆の中間部を回転可能に支持する回動手段を設けたため、前記支持杆を前記超音波振動 子が水中に位置する使用状態と水面上に位置する格納状態とに回転移動させることができ る。従って、船が進行する場合に、支持杆及び超音波振動子が水の抵抗を受けることがな く、船の進行を円滑に行わせることができる。

【0015】

請求項3の発明では、請求項2の発明の効果に加え、前記回動手段は、前記支持杆を前記 超音波振動子が水中に位置する使用状態に付勢する付勢手段及び該付勢手段による付勢力 を受け止めて前記支持杆を前記使用状態に対応して位置決めるストッパ手段を備えたため 、支持杆を使用状態で確実に位置決め、超音波振動子による超音波の発受信を調整された

(4)

方向に対し的確に行うことができる。

[0016]

また前記支持杆を前記超音波振動子が水面上に位置する格納状態に対応してロック手段に よって確実に位置決めることができる。従って、船が進行する際に支持杆の超音波振動子 側が水の抵抗を受けることがなく、船の進行をより確実且つ円滑に行わせることができる

[0017]

請求項4の発明では、請求項2又は3の発明の効果に加え、前記回動手段は、前記クラン プにより前記支持杆が前記船の右舷又は左舷に取り付けられたとき該回動手段を境として 前記支持杆の超音波振動子側を前記船の進行方向後方側へ回転移動させることができる。 従って、超音波振動子により魚群探知をしながら船を進行させるとき、水中の異物が支持 杆に当たって支持杆に船の進行方向後方側へ無理な力が作用しても、前記のように回動手 段を境として前記支持杆の超音波振動子側が船の進行方向後方側へ回転移動することで異 物を逃がすことができる。このため、水中の異物が支持杆に当たってもクランプ等に無理 な力が働くのを抑制することができ、クランプ等の破損、船からの離脱等を抑制すること ができ、簡単な構造で魚群探知を正確に行わせることができる。

[0018]

請求項5の発明では、請求項2又は3の発明の効果に加え、前記クランプにより支持杆を 前記船の後縁の右舷寄り又は左舷寄りに取り付けたとき、前記回動手段によって前記支持 杆の超音波振動子側を前記船の中央部側へ回動移動させることができる。従って、支持杆 の超音波振動子側が船の右舷寄り又は左舷寄りに突出するのを抑制することができ、右舷 側又は左舷側を接岸するような場合等にも、支持杆の超音波振動子側が邪魔にならず、接 岸等を円滑に行わせることができる。

【0019】

【発明の実施の形態】

図1、図2は本発明の一実施形態に係り、図1は魚群探知装置1を備えた船として小型船 であるボート3を水面5との関係で示した正面図、図2は同右舷側側面図、図3は同平面 図である。この図1,図2,図3のように、前記魚群探知装置1はクランプ7と、支持杆 9と、回動手段11と、超音波振動子13と、操作手段15とを備えている。前記超音波 振動子13は、配線17によって探知器19に接続されている。

[0020]

前記クランプ7は、船の縁である前記ボート3の右舷の縁部21に取り付けられている。 前記支持杆9は、前記クランプ7に取り付けられ、一方の端部23が水面5下に位置して いる。前記回動手段11は、前記クランプ7と支持杆9との間に設けられ、支持杆9の中 間部を回転可能に支持している。

[0021]

前記超音波振動子13は、前記支持杆9の端部23に首振り調整可能に支持され、超音波 の発受信方向を水深方向及びこれに交差する方向である斜め方向、水平方向などに変更調 整可能となっている。

[0022]

前記操作手段15は、前記超音波振動子13の発受信方向を変更調整するものである。 【0023】

また本実施形態では、支持杆9を回動手段11に対し軸周りに回転させることができ、例 えば図1のように超音波振動子13を水深方向に対しのの角度を有して斜めに変更調整さ れた状態で、さらに水平方向に回動させることができる。

【0024】

前記探知器19はバッテリによって駆動され、前記超音波振動子13を駆動して超音波を 発信させ、超音波振動子13が受信した信号を受けて発信から受信までの往復時間を距離 に換算し、発受信方向が水深方向である場合には深度として表示する。また反射波の強弱 により魚群の大きさや密度あるいは海底の形状や底質を画像に識別表示する。

(5)

[0025]

前記超音波振動子13による超音波の発受信方向が水深方向に交差する図1のような場合 には、超音波の発信から受信までの往復時間を距離しに換算する。また深度としては超音 波振動子13の水深方向に対する斜めの角度の及び水面5からの水深H1を探知器19に テンキー操作などによって入力し、あるいは検出によって自動的に入力することにより、 水深H及び水平距離Sを例えば次のように演算する。

[0026]

 $H=H1+H2=H1+L\cos\theta \quad \cdots (1)$

 $S=Lsin\theta$...(2)

なお、前記超音波振動子13の水面5からの水深H1をセンサによって検出する場合には 、回動手段11と支持杆9との間に位置センサを設け、該位置センサの検出値から換算す ることになる。またH1をテンキーの操作によって手動で入力する場合には、支持杆9と 回動手段11との間に目盛りを付けておき、該目盛りを読み込むことによってH1を入力 することができる。

[0027]

前記水深方向に対する角度 θ は、支持杆 9 と超音波振動子 13 との間に設けた回転角セン サ等により検出し、探知器 19に入力することができる。また角度 θ を手動で入力する場 合には、操作手段 15 と支持杆 9 との間に角度 θ に対応した目盛りを付けておくことによ り、該目盛りを読み込んで探知器 19に入力することができる。

[0028]

前記支持杆9の超音波振動子13側は、その使用状態で水中に位置しているため、ボート 3を進行させる場合には水の抵抗を受け易くなっている。このため前記回動手段11によ って前記支持杆9を前記超音波振動子13が水中に位置する使用状態と水面上に位置する 図2鎖線図視上位側の格納状態とに回転移動させ得る構成となっている。

[0029]

すなわち図2の格納状態では、支持杆9の超音波振動子13側が水面5上に位置し、ボート3の進行に伴って支持杆9の超音波振動子13側が水の抵抗を受けることがなく、ボート3を円滑に進行させることができる。

[0030]

また、前記回動手段11は、前記クランプ7により前記支持杆9が前記ボート3の右舷に 取り付けられたとき該回動手段11を境として前記支持杆9の超音波振動子13側を前記 ボート3の進行方向後方側へ図2鏡線図視中位のように回転移動させることができる。従 って、超音波振動子13により魚群探知をしながらボート3を進行させるとき、水中の異 物Wが支持杆9に当たって支持杆9にボート3の進行方向後方側へ無理な力が作用しても 、前記のように回動手段11を境として前記支持杆9の超音波振動子13側が船の進行方 向後方側へ回転移動することで異物Wを逃がすことができる。このため、水中の異物Wが 支持杆9に当たってもクランプ7等に無理な力が働くのを抑制することができ、クランプ 7等の破損、船からの離脱等を抑制することができ、簡単な構造で魚群探知を正確に行わ せることができる。

[0031]

なお、魚群探知装置1のクランプ7、支持杆9等を、ボート3の左舷に取り付けたときも 同様に構成することができる。

[0032]

次に、図4~図13を用いて具体的構造をさらに説明する。図4はクランプ7及び支持杆

9などをボート3から取り外して示す斜視図、図5は同側面図、図6は同平面図、図7は クランプの正面図、図8は回動手段を説明する要部の拡大断面図、図9は回動手段を説明 する同正面図、図10は押さえプレートを示し、(a)は正面図、(b)は側面図、図1 1は付勢手段として右舷用のコイルスプリングを示し、(a)は断面図、(b)は側面図 、図12、図13は超音波振動子の回動操作を説明する斜視図である。

[0033]

図4~図7のように、前記クランプ7は、クランプブラケット25と締結具27とからなっている。前記クランプブラケット25は樹脂で形成され、一対の足部29,31を備えている。一方の足部29には、前記締結具27が螺合支持されている。締結具27の螺合支持は前記足部29に固定された六角ナット33に締結具27のねじ軸35が螺合することによって行われている。締結具27には、ねじ軸35の前端にスラストパッド37が設けられ、後端にノブ39が設けられている。

[0034]

前記足部31の後面41は、ボート3の縁部21の外面に当接する固定面として構成され ている。前記足部31には、外筒部43が設けられている。外筒部43の前面には、フラ ンジ部45が設けられている。フランジ部45の上下中央において左右一側に図7のよう にストッパピン47が突設されている。前記外筒部43の先端側上部には、ロック孔48 が貫通形成されている。前記外筒部43に対し、ヒンジブラケット49が軸周りに回転可 能に支持されている。

[0035]

図8,図9をも参照すると、前記ヒンジブラケット49には、上下に支持部51,53が 設けられている。前記支持部51は、固定側部55と着脱可能な押さえプレート57とを 備えている。固定側部55は、円弧状の凹部59と両側の突き当て部61とからなってい る。突き当て部61には雌ねじ部63が設けられている。

[0036]

前記押さえプレート57は、図10をも参照すると、円弧状の凹部65と突き当て部67 とからなっている。突き当て部67には貫通孔69が設けられている。この押さえプレー ト57の突き当て部67を前記固定側部55の突き当て部67に対向させ、凹部59,6 5で支持杆9の外面を包囲して支持する円弧を構成することができる。

[0037]

前記押さえプレート57は、貫通孔69を貫通させた図6で示す締結具71を固定側部5 5の雌ねじ部63に締め込むことによって、凹部59,65により支持杆9を締結支持す ることができる。支持杆9の締結状態において対向部61,67間には図8のように隙間 73が構成されている。従って、支持杆9をヒンジブラケット49に締結具71の締め込 みによって所定の締結力により支持させることができる。この状態で支持杆9は支持部5 1において一定の締結力により軸周りに回転可能かつ軸方向へは摩擦係合によって移動不 能に支持されている

前記支持部53は、図8,図9のように壁部75によって囲まれた断面U字状の凹部77 を備えている。凹部77の奥側の面は、前記凹部59の円弧状と同様な曲率の円弧状に形 成されている。従って、凹部77により支持杆9の外面をガイド支持することができる。 【0038】

前記ヒンジブラケット49には、前記外筒部43に嵌合する内筒部79が設けられている。 外筒部43と内筒部79との間には、付勢手段としてコイルスプリング81が介設され ている。

[0039]

前記コイルスプリング81には、図11に示すように、両端部に係合部83,85が設け られている。係合部83は前記外筒部43の係止凹部87に周方向に係合し、前記係合部 85は前記内筒部79の係止穴部89に嵌合係止されている。

【0040】

前記コイルスプリング81の後端には、外筒部43と内筒部79との間において樹脂ワッ

シャ91が配置され、内筒部79に係合する止め輪93によって抜け止めが行われている

[0041]

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前記外筒部43、内筒部79、及びコイルスプリング81は、前記回動手段11を構成している。すなわち前記ヒンジブラケット49をクランプブラケット25に対し図9の矢印 A方向の格納状態へ回転移動させることができる。前記コイルスプリング81は、図9の 使用状態を維持するようにヒンジブラケット49をクランプブラケット25に対して回動 付勢している。この図9の状態は、前記超音波振動子13が水中に位置する図1の使用状態となっている。

[0042]

前記内筒部79の根元側には、図9のように外筒部43外においてストッパ係合部95, 97が設けられている。ストッパ係合部95は右舷用であり、ストッパ係合部97は左舷 用となっている。従って、ヒンジブラケット49は右舷用、左舷用に共用することができ る。

[0043]

本実施形態は、右舷用として用いられているため、前記コイルスプリング81の付勢力に 対しストッパ係合部95が前記ストッパピン47に係合して受け止め、前記支持杆9を前 記使用状態に対応して位置決める構成となっている。従って、本実施形態においてストッ パ係合部95、ストッパピン47はストッパ手段を構成している。

[0044]

前記内筒部79には、図8のようにロック孔99が設けられている。ロック孔99は、前 記支持杆9を前記超音波振動子13が水面上に位置する格納状態としたとき、前記外筒部 43のロック孔48に対向する。この両ロック孔48,99に対し、図4で示すロックピ ン101を差し込むことによって、クランプブラケット25に対しヒンジブラケット49 を格納状態でロックすることができる。この状態で前記支持杆9を前記超音波振動子13 が水面5上に位置する格納状態に対応して位置決めることができ、ロック孔48,99、 ロックピン101は本実施形態においてロック手段を構成している。前記ロックピン10 1は、前記ねじ軸35等に紐102で支持されている。

[0045]

前記支持杆9は、例えばアルミパイプで形成され、その中間部が前記ヒンジブラケット4 9に支持されている。前記支持杆9の上下には、樹脂キャップ103,105が設けられ ている。

[0046]

前記操作手段15は、操作ノブ107と操作ロッド109とを備えている。また本実施形 態において、前記操作手段15は前記樹脂キャップ103に一体に設けられた操作アーム 111を備えている。

[0047]

前記操作ノブ107は、前記操作ロッド109の先端に取り付けられている。操作ロッド 109には、操作ノブ107側においてストッパ113が設けられている。ストッパ11 3は前記樹脂キャップ103の端面に当接して操作ロッド109の樹脂キャップ103に 対する押し込め移動を位置決める。前記樹脂キャップ103には、固定具115が螺合さ れている。固定具115を締め込むことによって、固定具115先端が前記操作ロッド1 09に突き当たり、操作ロッド109を任意の位置で位置決めることができる。

[0048]

前記操作ロッド109の他端は、前記樹脂キャップ105を貫通してベルクランク117 の一端に回転自在に結合されている。ベルクランク117は、前記樹脂キャップ105に 設けられたブラケット119に回転自在に支持されている。ベルクランク117には、前 記超音波振動子13が支持されている。なお、配線17は、前記支持杆9内を通されてい る。

[0049]

前記支持杆9等を前記ボート3の右舷の縁部21に取り付けるには、クランプ7の締結具 27を緩め、後面41とスラストパッド37との間の間隔を広げる。この状態において、 クランプ7をボート3の縁部21の上縁を跨がせるように装着する。この状態でクランプ 7の後面41はボート3の縁部21外面に対向し、スラストパッド37は同内面に対向す る。

[0050]

次いで、締結具27のノブ39を回して、ねじ軸35を六角ナット33に対して螺合移動 させ、スラストパッド37をボート3の右舷の縁部21内面に突き当てる。さらに縁部2 1を後面41とスラストパッド37とで締め上げることによって支持杆9等は図1,図2 のようにボート3の右舷の縁部21に簡単に取り付けられる。

[0051]

このような支持杆9の取り付けにより、図2のように超音波振動子13が水中に位置する 使用状態にセットすることができる。この状態は、コイルスプリング81の付勢力によっ て外筒部43に対し内筒部79が回転付勢され、ストッパ係合部95がストッパピン47 に係合することによって位置決められ、支持杆9をほぼ垂直状態の使用状態に確実にセッ トすることができる。

[0052]

図1~図3,図5の使用状態で、前記固定具115を緩め、操作ノブ107を押し込めあ るいは押し上げることによって、操作ロッド109を介しベルクランク117をブラケッ ト119に対して回動させることができる。

[0053]

このベルクランク117の回動によって、超音波振動子13を図5の実線図示及び図12 の状態から図5一点鎖線図示及び図13へのほぼ90°の範囲で回動させ、発受信方向を 変更調整することができる。なお角度θは90°以上の範囲、同以下の範囲で調整するように構成することも可能である。

[0054]

また支持杆9は支持部51において一定の締結力により軸周りに回転可能かつ軸方向へは 摩擦係合によって移動不能に支持されているため、操作アーム111を把持して支持杆9 をヒンジブラケット49に対し軸周りに回転させることができる。これによって例えば図 5の一点鎖線図示の方向に向いた超音波振動子13を紙面直交方向に回動させることによ り、ほぼ360。回転させて超音波振動子13を振り向けることができる。

【0055】

このような超音波振動子13の変更調整によって、図1のようにボート3の真下から少し 離れた所にいるバス等の魚群Gを的確かつ容易に探知することができる。また前記のよう に、超音波振動子13を水深方向及びこれに交差する方向と水平方向の回動によって変更 調整することができるため、魚群Gが水面5の近くにおいてボート3の後方、側方、前方 のいずれにいる場合でも的確に探知することができる。

[0056]

前記支持杆9を図3の鎖線図視の格納状態とするには、支持杆9を把持して超音波振動子 13側がボート3の中央側へ回動するように操作する。これによってヒンジブラケット4 9がクランプブラケット7に対して図9の矢印A方向へ回動する。

【0057】

前記支持杆9がほぼ90°回転移動したところで、ロック孔48,99が対向する。この 対向位置で、図4で示すロックピン101をロック孔48,99に差し込み、ヒンジブラ ケット49をクランプ7に対し固定する。従って、支持杆9を図3の格納状態で確実に固 定することができる。

[0058]

図14,図15は左舷用のクランプ7A及びコイルスプリング81Aを示している。図1 4はクランプ7Aの正面図、図15(a)はコイルスプリング81Aの断面図、(b)は 同側面図である。 [0059]

• .

図14のように、左舷用のクランプ7Aでは、ストッパピン47Aが前記図7の右舷用の ストッパピン47に対し180°ずれた反対側に設けられている。またコイルスプリング 81Aは、前記図11の右舷用のものに対して係合部83、85の位置が逆位置に設定さ れている。これに応じて、クランプ7の外筒部43に形成された係止凹部87、ヒンジブ ラケット49の内筒部79に形成された係止穴部89も逆位置に設定されている。 【0060】

このようなクランプ7Aとコイルスプリング81Aを用いた場合には、クランプ7Aによって支持杆9がボート3の左舷に取り付けられることになる。また支持杆9の格納位置では、図2と同様にボート3の後方側へ回動させた形態となる。

[0061]

このようにクランプ7,7A、コイルスプリング81,81Aを交換するだけで右舷用、 左舷用のいずれにも適用することができ、部品の共用化が図れ、容易かつ安価に対応する ことができる。

[0062]

また回動手段11は、右舷用、左舷用のいずれか一方にのみ対応する構造にすることなく 、コイルスプリングのばね力が両方向に作用するように構成し、右左舷両用とすることも 可能である。例えば、右舷用、左舷用のコイルスプリングを一対設け、いずれの方向から も使用状態に付勢する構造とし、支持杆9の使用状態において双方のばね力が釣り合うよ うに構成する。これにより右舷用、左舷用のいずれにも対応することができる。この場合 、ストッパピン47,47Aは不要となる。

[0063]

なお、超音波振動子13は上下方向にのみ発受信方向を調整可能に構成することもできる

[0064]

またボート3は小型の船であればモーターボート、クルーザ等にも適用することは可能で ある。

[0065]

前記操作手段15は、手動によって操作する構成としたが、小型モータとラックアンドピニオン等を用いることによって駆動することも可能である。

[0066]

上記実施形態では支持杆9をボート3の右舷又は左舷に取り付ける構造としたが、ボート 3の先端部あるいは後縁部に取り付けることもできる。

[0067]

図16,図17は、前記クランプ7により支持杆9を、ボート3の後部に取り付けた実施 形態を示し、図16は使用状態の平面図、図17は格納状態の平面図である。なお、魚群 探知装置1の全体的な構成は上記実施形態のものと同様であり、対応する構成には同符号 を付して説明する。

[0068]

本実施形態において、回動手段11は、前記クランプ7により前記支持杆9等がボート3 の後縁部21Aの右舷寄りに取り付けられたとき、回動手段11を境として前記支持杆9 の超音波振動子13側を前記ボート3の中央部側へ回動変位させるようにしている。回動 手段11は、前記クランプ7により前記支持杆9等が前記ボート3の後縁部21Aの左舷 寄りに取り付けられたときは、図17とは逆の状態に回動することになる。

[0069]

このような回動によって、格納状態において支持杆9の超音波振動子13側がボート3の 右舷側又は左舷側に大きく突出することがなく、ボート3を接岸させるような場合におい ても支持杆9の超音波振動子13側が邪魔になることが抑制され、接岸等を円滑に行うこ とができる。

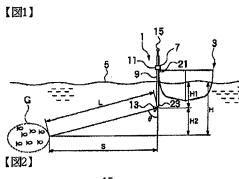
[0070]

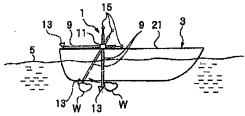
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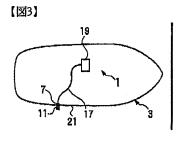
本実施形態では、支持杆9全体をボート3のほぼ幅内に収める形態となっており、ボート 3の操作に際して格納状態の支持杆9全体がボート3操作等の障害になることを抑制でき る。 【図面の簡単な説明】 【図1】本発明の一実施形態に係る魚群探知装置を備えたボートの正面図である。 【図2】一実施形態に係り、支持杆使用状態のボートの右舷側の側面図である。 【図3】一実施形態に係り、支持杆格納状態のボートの平面図である。 【図4】一実施形態に係り、クランプ及び支持杆周辺の斜視図である。 【図5】一実施形態に係り、クランプ及び支持杆周辺の側面図である。 【図6】一実施形態に係り、クランプ及び支持杆周辺の平面図である。 【図7】一実施形態に係り、クランプの正面図である。 【図8】一実施形態に係り、回動手段周辺の要部拡大断面図である。 【図9】一実施形態に係り、ヒンジブラケットの正面図である。 【図10】一実施形態に係り、(a)は押さえプレートの側面図、(b)は同正面図であ る. 【図11】一実施形態に係り、(a)はコイルスプリングの断面図、(b)は同側面図で ある。 【図12】一実施形態に係り、操作状態を示す側面図である。 【図13】一実施形態に係り、操作状態を示す側面図である。 【図14】一実施形態に係り、左舷用のクランプを示す正面図である。 【図15】左舷用のコイルスプリングを示し、(a)は断面図、(b)は側面図である。 【図16】本発明の他の実施形態に係り、支持杆使用状態のボートの平面図である。 【図17】他の実施形態に係り、支持杆格納状態のボートの平面図である。 【符号の説明】 1 魚群探知裝置 3 ボート(船) 5 水面 7,7A クランプ 9 支持杆 11 回動手段 13 超音波振動子 15 操作手段 23 端部 47,47A ストッパピン (ストッパ手段) 48,99 ロック孔(ロック手段) 81,81A コイルスプリング(付勢手段) 95,97 ストッパ係合部(ストッパ手段) 101 ロックピン(ロック手段)

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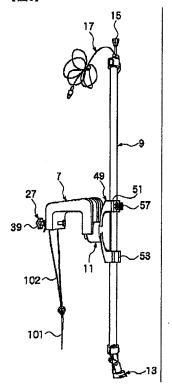
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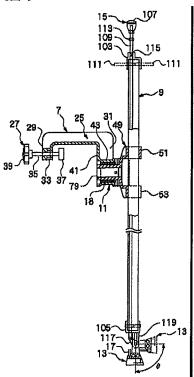




【図4】



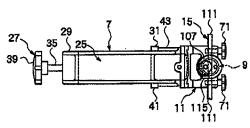
【図5】



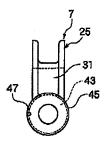
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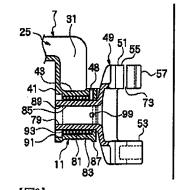
【図8】

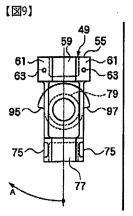




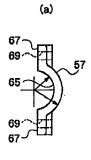


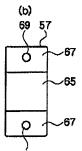






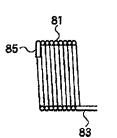


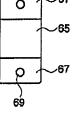




【図11】

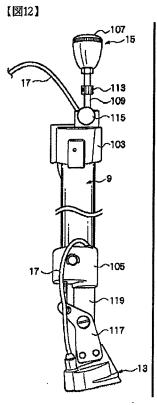






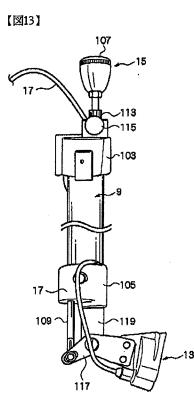


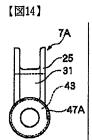




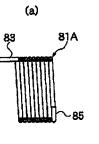
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【図15】

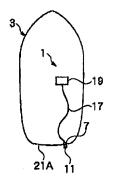


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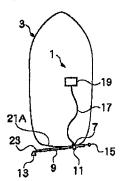
(b)

【図16】

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【図17】



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| Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------|----------|--------|-------------------------|--|
| Application Number: | 12 | 460139 | | | | |
| Filing Date: | 14 | -Jul-2009 | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR | | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Brian T. Maguire | | | | | |
| Filer: | Michael D. McCoy/Judy Creel | | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 038495/369324 | | | | | |
| Filed as Large Entity | | | | | | |
| Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees | | | | | | |
| Description | | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) | |
| Basic Filing: | | | | | | |
| Pages: | | | | | | |
| Claims: | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous-Filing: | | | | | | |
| Petition: | | | | | | |
| Patent-Appeals-and-Interference: | | | | | | |
| Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance: | | | | | | |
| Extension-of-Time: | Extension-of-Time: RAY-10 | | | | | |

| Description | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) |
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| Request for continued examination | 1801 | 1 | 930 | 930 |
| | Total in USD (\$) | | 930 | |

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| Application Number: | 12460139 | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 9769 | | | |
| Title of Invention: | DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Brian T. Maguire | | | |
| Customer Number: | 826 | | | |
| Filer: | Michael D. McCoy/Judy Creel | | | |
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| | Non Patent Literature | | 114 | 1 | 35 | |
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| Warnings: | | | | | | |
| Information: | | | | | | |
| 4 | Fee Worksheet (SB06) | fee-info.pdf | 30364 | no | 2 | |
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| | | Total Files Size (in bytes): | 63 | 77832 | | |
| This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503. <u>New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u> If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application. <u>National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371</u> If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 | | | | | | |
| <u>New Internat</u> If a new inter an internatic and of the In national sect | U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course. <u>New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office</u> If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application. | | | | | |

| UNITED ST | ates Patent and Tradema | UNITED STA United State: Addres: COMMI P.O. Box | a, Virginia 22313-1450 | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| APPLICATION NUMBER | FILING OR 371(C) DATE | FIRST NAMED APPLICANT | ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE | | |
| 12/460,139 | 07/14/2009 | Brian T. Maguire | 038495/369324 | | |
| | | | CONFIRMATION NO. 9769 | | |
| 826 | | POA ACC | EPTANCE LETTER | | |
| ALSTON & BIRD LLP BANK OF AMERICA PLA 101 SOUTH TRYON STR | | *OC00000053614515* | | | |
| CHARLOTTE, NC 28280- | | | | | |

Date Mailed: 04/12/2012

NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 04/03/2012.

The Power of Attorney in this application is accepted. Correspondence in this application will be mailed to the above address as provided by 37 CFR 1.33.

/ttkim/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

| UNITED ST | ates Patent and Tradema | UNITED STA United States Address: COMMI PO. Box | a, Virginia 22313-1450 |
|--|-------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| APPLICATION NUMBER | FILING OR 371(C) DATE | FIRST NAMED APPLICANT | ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE |
| 12/460,139 | 07/14/2009 | Brian T. Maguire | 038495/369324 |
| | | | CONFIRMATION NO. 9769 |
| 826 | | POWER O | F ATTORNEY NOTICE |
| ALSTON & BIRD LLP | | | |
| BANK OF AMERICA PLA 101 SOUTH TRYON STR CHARLOTTE, NC 28280- | EET, SUITE 4000 | | OC000000053614506* |

Date Mailed: 04/12/2012

NOTICE REGARDING CHANGE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 04/03/2012.

• The Power of Attorney to you in this application has been revoked by the assignee who has intervened as provided by 37 CFR 3.71. Future correspondence will be mailed to the new address of record(37 CFR 1.33).

/ttkim/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE AND FEE(S) DUE

826 7590 04/11/2012 ALSTON & BIRD LLP BANK OF AMERICA PLAZA 101 SOUTH TRYON STREET, SUITE 4000 CHARLOTTE, NC 28280-4000 EXAMINER

HULKA, JAMES R

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

DATE MAILED: 04/11/2012

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 12/460,139 | 07/14/2009 | Brian T. Maguire | 038495/369324 | 9769 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

TITLE OF INVENTION: DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR

| APPLN. TYPE | SMALL ENTITY | ISSUE FEE DUE | PUBLICATION FEE DUE | PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE | TOTAL FEE(S) DUE | DATE DUE |
|----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|
| nonprovisional | NO | \$1740 | \$300 | \$O | \$2040 | 07/11/2012 |

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. <u>PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED</u>. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE AT THE INITIATIVE OF THE OFFICE OR UPON PETITION BY THE APPLICANT. SEE 37 CFR 1.313 AND MPEP 1308.

THE ISSUE FEE AND PUBLICATION FEE (IF REQUIRED) MUST BE PAID WITHIN <u>THREE MONTHS</u> FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. <u>THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED</u>. SEE 35 U.S.C. 151. THE ISSUE FEE DUE INDICATED ABOVE DOES NOT REFLECT A CREDIT FOR ANY PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE IN THIS APPLICATION. IF AN ISSUE FEE HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN PAID IN THIS APPLICATION (AS SHOWN ABOVE), THE RETURN OF PART B OF THIS FORM WILL BE CONSIDERED A REQUEST TO REAPPLY THE PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE TOWARD THE ISSUE FEE NOW DUE.

HOW TO REPLY TO THIS NOTICE:

I. Review the SMALL ENTITY status shown above.

| If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as YES, verify your current SMALL ENTITY status: | If the SMALL ENTITY is shown as NO: |
|--|--|
| A. If the status is the same, pay the TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above. | A. Pay TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above, or |
| B. If the status above is to be removed, check box 5b on Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal and pay the PUBLICATION FEE (if required) and twice the amount of the ISSUE FEE shown above, or | B. If applicant claimed SMALL ENTITY status before, or is now claiming SMALL ENTITY status, check box 5a on Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal and pay the PUBLICATION FEE (if required) and 1/2 the ISSUE FEE shown above. |

II. PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, or its equivalent, must be completed and returned to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) with your ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). If you are charging the fee(s) to your deposit account, section "4b" of Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal should be completed and an extra copy of the form should be submitted. If an equivalent of Part B is filed, a request to reapply a previously paid issue fee must be clearly made, and delays in processing may occur due to the difficulty in recognizing the paper as an equivalent of Part B.

III. All communications regarding this application must give the application number. Please direct all communications prior to issuance to Mail Stop ISSUE FEE unless advised to the contrary.

IMPORTANT REMINDER: Utility patents issuing on applications filed on or after Dec. 12, 1980 may require payment of maintenance fees. It is patentee's responsibility to ensure timely payment of maintenance fees when due.

PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: <u>Mail</u> Mail Stop ISSUE FEE Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

or Fax (571)-273-2885

INSTRUCTIONS: This form should be used for transmitting the ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for maintenance fee notifications. CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address) Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission. 826 7590 04/11/2012 Certificate of Mailing or Transmission ALSTON & BIRD LLP thereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (571) 273-2885, on the date indicated below. BANK OF AMERICA PLAZA 101 SOUTH TRYON STREET, SUITE 4000 CHARLOTTE, NC 28280-4000 (Depositor's name (Signature (Date APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO 07/14/2009 038495/369324 9769 12/460.139 Brian T. Maguire TITLE OF INVENTION: DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR ISSUE FEE DUE PUBLICATION FEE DUE PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE TOTAL FEE(S) DUE DATE DUE APPLN. TYPE SMALL ENTITY 07/11/2012 NO \$1740 \$300 \$0 \$2040 nonprovisional CLASS-SUBCLASS EXAMINER ART UNIT 367-088000 HULKA, JAMES R 3645 1. Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363). 2. For printing on the patent front page, list (1) the names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys or agents OR, alternatively, Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached. (2) the name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. Use of a Customer 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed. Number is required. 3. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type) PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the patent. If an assignee is identified below, the document has been filed for recordation as set forth in 37 CFR 3.11. Completion of this form is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment. (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY) (A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE Please check the appropriate assignee category or categories (will not be printed on the patent): 🗖 Individual 🗖 Corporation or other private group entity. 🗖 Government 4a. The following fee(s) are submitted: 4b. Payment of Fee(s): (Please first reapply any previously paid issue fee shown above) LIssue Fee A check is enclosed. Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted) Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached. The Director is hereby authorized to charge the required fee(s), any deficiency, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number ______ (enclose an extra copy of this for Advance Order - # of Copies _ (enclose an extra copy of this form). 5. Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above) a. Applicant claims SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27. □ b. Applicant is no longer claiming SMALL ENTITY status. See 37 CFR 1.27(g)(2). NOTE: The Issue Fee and Publication Fee (if required) will not be accepted from anyone other than the applicant; a registered attorney or agent; or the assignee or other party in interest as shown by the records of the United States Patent and Trademark Office. Authorized Signature Date Typed or printed name Registration No. This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. RAY-1002

PTOL-85 (Rev. 02/11) Approved for use through 08/31/2013.

247 of 737

| | ted States Pate | NT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE | UNITED STATES DEPAR United States Patent and Address: COMMISSIONER F P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 223 www.uspto.gov | Trademark Office OR PATENTS | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--|
| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | | |
| 12/460,139 | 07/14/2009 | Brian T. Maguire | 038495/369324 9769 | | | |
| 826 75 | 90 04/11/2012 | | EXAM | IINER | | |
| ALSTON & BIR BANK OF AMER | | | HULKA, JAMES R | | | |
| | ON STREET, SUITE 4 | 000 | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | | |
| CHARLOTTE, NO | 28280-4000 | | 3645 | | | |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 04/11/201 | 2 | | |

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment to date is 299 day(s). If the issue fee is paid on the date that is three months after the mailing date of this notice and the patent issues on the Tuesday before the date that is 28 weeks (six and a half months) after the mailing date of this notice, the Patent Term Adjustment will be 299 day(s).

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at 1-(888)-786-0101 or (571)-272-4200.

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- 1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 12/460,139 | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. | | | | | | | | | |
| Notice of Allowability | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | | | | | | |
| | JAMES HULKA | 3645 | | | | | | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appe All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT R of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 | (OR REMAINS) CLOSED or other appropriate comm IGHTS. This application is | in this application. If not included nunication will be mailed in due course. THIS | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. ⊠ This communication is responsive to <u>5 March 2012</u> . | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. An election was made by the applicant in response to a rest the restriction requirement and election have been incorporate | | h during the interview on; | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. X The allowed claim(s) is/are <u>57-84,86,88-125,127-131 and 1</u> | <u>34</u> . | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some* c) None of the: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | | | | | | | | |
| * Certified copies not received: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONM THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE. | | le a reply complying with the requirements | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be submi INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which give | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6. CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") mus | t be submitted. | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) 🔲 including changes required by the Notice of Draftspers | on's Patent Drawing Revie | ew (PTO-948) attached | | | | | | | | | |
| 1) 🔲 hereto or 2) 🔲 to Paper No./Mail Date | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (b) ☐ including changes required by the attached Examiner' Paper No./Mail Date | s Amendment / Comment o | or in the Office action of | | | | | | | | | |
| Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1 each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in t | .84(c)) should be written on he header according to 37 C | the drawings in the front (not the back) of FR 1.121(d). | | | | | | | | | |
| 7. DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of E attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FO | BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL n OR THE DEPOSIT OF BIO | nust be submitted. Note the LOGICAL MATERIAL. | | | | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1. □ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2. □ Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3. □ Information Disclosure Statements (PTO/SB/08), Paper No./Mail Date 20120221 4. □ Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit of Biological Material 5. □ Notice of Informal Patent Application 6. □ Interview Summary (PTO-413), Paper No./Mail Date 7. □ Examiner's Amendment/Comment 8. □ Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance 9. □ Other | | | | | | | | | | | |
| /J. H./ Examiner, Art Unit 3645 | /JACK W KEI Supervisory P | TH/ atent Examiner, Art Unit 3646 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | RAY-100 | | | | | | | | | |

| Application/Control No. | | | | | | | | | 0. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------|------------|----------------|--------|-------|----------|--|-------------------|-------|----------|--------|--|
| | Ind | lex of C | Claim | S | 12 | 12460139 | | | | | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. | | | | |
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| | Claims r | enumbered | in the sa | me or | der as pro | esented by a | pplica | ant | |] CPA | |] T.D | . 🗆 | R.1.47 | |
| | CLA | M | | | | | | | DATE | | | | | | |
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| Index of Claims | | | | | | Application/Control No. | | | | | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|-------------------------|----------|--------|------|--------|--|-------|----------|--------|--|--|
| | | | | | | 12460139 | | | | | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. | | | | | |
| | | | | | Ex | aminer | | | | Art Ur | nit | | | | | |
| | | | | JA | MES HUL | KA | | | 3662 | | | | | | | |
| ✓ Rejected - | | | | Can | Cancelled N N | | | Non-El | | Α | Арр | peal | | | | |
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| | laims re | enumbered | in the sa | ame o | rder as pr | esented by a | applica | ant | | CPA | C |] т.с |). | R.1.47 | | |
| | CLA | IM | | | | | | | DATE | | | | | | | |
| Fin | nal | Original | 07/26/2 | 011 0 | 9/13/2011 | 12/08/2011 | 03/07 | /2012 | | | | | | | | |
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| Inde | ex of C | Claim | IS | 1: | 2460139 | | | | MAGU | IRE, | BRIA | NT. | |
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| | | | | J | AMES HULF | <a< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>3662</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></a<> | | | 3662 | | | | |
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| Claims re | numbered | in the sa | ame o | rder as p | resented by a | pplica | ant | | СРА | C |] T.D | . 🗆 | R.1.47 |
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| 29 | 82 | ÷ | | ✓ | ✓ | = | : | | | | | | |
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| 31 | 84 | ÷ | | ✓ | ✓ | = | | | | | | | |
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| 50 | 108 | | | | ✓ | = | | | | | | | |

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| | Ina | lex of (| Claim | IS | 12 | 460139 | | | | MAGL | JIRE, | BRIA | NT. | |
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| | Claims r | enumbered | in the s | ame | order as pr | esented by | applica | ant | |] CPA | |] T.C |). 🗆 | R.1.47 |
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| | | 126 | | | | - | | . | | | | | | |
| 6 | 58 | 127 | | | | √ | = | - | | | | | | |
| | 69 | 128 | | | | ~ | = | - | | | | | | |
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| | 72 | 131 | | | | ~ | = | - | | | | | | |
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| | Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
|----------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Issue Classification | 12460139 | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. |
| | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | JAMES HULKA | 3645 |

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| | CLASS | | ę | SUBCLASS | | | | | С | LAIMED | | | NO | N-CLAIMED |
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| Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original | Final | Original |
| 1 | 57 | 17 | 73 | 34 | 89 | 47 | 105 | 61 | 121 | | 137 | | | | |
| 2 | 58 | 18 | 74 | 35 | 90 | 48 | 106 | 62 | 122 | | | | | | |
| 3 | 59 | 19 | 75 | 36 | 91 | 49 | 107 | 63 | 123 | | | | | | |
| 4 | 60 | 23 | 76 | 37 | 92 | 50 | 108 | 66 | 124 | | | | | | |
| 5 | 61 | 24 | 77 | 38 | 93 | 51 | 109 | 67 | 125 | | | | | | |
| 6 | 62 | 25 | 78 | 39 | 94 | 52 | 110 | | 126 | | | | | | |
| 7 | 63 | 26 | 79 | 42 | 95 | 64 | 111 | 68 | 127 | | | | | | |
| 8 | 64 | 27 | 80 | 40 | 96 | 65 | 112 | 69 | 128 | | | | | | |
| 9 | 65 | 28 | 81 | 41 | 97 | 53 | 113 | 70 | 129 | | | | | | |
| 10 | 66 | 29 | 82 | 43 | 98 | 54 | 114 | 71 | 130 | | | | | | |
| 11 | 67 | 30 | 83 | 44 | 99 | 55 | 115 | 72 | 131 | | | | | | |
| 12 | 68 | 31 | 84 | 20 | 100 | 56 | 116 | | 132 | | | | | | |
| 13 | 69 | | 85 | 45 | 101 | 57 | 117 | | 133 | | | | | | |
| 14 | 70 | 32 | 86 | 21 | 102 | 58 | 118 | 73 | 134 | | | | | | |
| 15 | 71 | | 87 | 22 | 103 | 59 | 119 | | 135 | | | | | | |
| 16 | 72 | 33 | 88 | 46 | 104 | 60 | 120 | | 136 | | | | | | |

| /J.H./ Examiner.Art Unit 3645 | 03/07/2012 | Total Clain | ns Allowed: |
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| (Assistant Examiner) | (Date) | 7 | 3 |
| /JACK W KEITH/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3646 | | O.G. Print Claim(s) | O.G. Print Figure |
| (Primary Examiner) | (Date) | 76 | 5 |
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Receipt date: 03/23/2012

12460139 - GAU: 3662

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|----------------|-----------------|------------------|------|------------------------|-------------------|--|
| (Revised 07) | /2007) | | | Application Number | 12/460,139 | |
| INFOR | MATION | | CUDE | Filing Date | July 14, 2009 | |
| | | | | First Named Inventor | Brian T. Maguire | |
| | EMENT B | | | Art Unit | 3662 | |
| (L | lse as many she | ets as necessary |) | Examiner Name | HULKA, James R. | |
| Sheet | 1 | of | 1 | Attorney Docket Number | 038495/369324 | |

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| Examiner | (Jamas Hulko) | Date | 03/27/2012 |
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| Signature | James Huika/ | Considered | 00/27/2012 |

*Examiner: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

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| (Revised 07/ | 2007) | | | Application Number | 12/460,139 |
| INFOD | MATION | | NGLIDE | Filing Date | July 14, 2009 |
| | | | | First Named Inventor | Brian T. Maguire |
| | MENT B | | | Art Unit | 3662 |
| (0. | se as many she | ets as necessar | Y) | Examiner Name | HULKA, James R. |
| Sheet | 1 | of | 1 | Attorney Docket Number | 038495/369324 |

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| Examiner | /James Hulka/ | Date | 03/07/2012 |
|-----------|---------------|------------|------------|
| Signature | | Considered | 03/07/2012 |
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*Examiner: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

EAST Search History

EAST Search History (Interference)

| Ref # | Hits | Search Query | DBs | Default Operator | Plurals | Time Stamp |
|----------|------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------|
| L1 | | ((linear\$2 or rectang\$4) same ((down\$2 near4 scan\$3) or downscan\$3) same (fan\$5 near6 beam\$2) same sonar same (conic\$3 or circul\$3)).clm. | US- PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD | OR | OFF | 2012/03/07 12:22 |
| L2 | | ((linear\$2 or rectang\$4) same ((down\$2 near4 scan\$3) or downscan\$3) same (fan\$5 near6 beam\$2) same sonar same transducer\$2).clm. | US- PGPUB; USPAT; UPAD | OR | OFF | 2012/03/07 12:23 |

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| | Application/Control No. | Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination |
|--------------|-------------------------|--|
| Search Notes | 12460139 | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. |
| | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | JAMES HULKA | 3645 |

| | SEARCHED | | |
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| 367 | 88 | 9/13/2011 | JH |

| SEARCH NOTES | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Search Notes | Date | Examiner | | | | |
| EAST (Keyword and Class Limited) | 9/13/2011 | JH | | | | |
| PALM (Inventor Name) | 9/13/2011 | JH | | | | |
| Google (Keyword) | 9/13/2011 | JH | | | | |
| Consulted Primary Examiner (D. Pihulic) | 4/2/2012 | JH | | | | |

| | INTERFERENCE SEARCH | | |
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| 367 | Searched Claim Language | 3/7/2012 | JH |

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| equiva under the ap | y of this form, together with a statement under 37 C lent) is required to be filed in each application in w 37 CFR 3.73(b) may be completed by one of the pra pointed practitioner is authorized to act on behalf o ation in which this Power of Attorney is to be filed. | hich this form is used. The statement actitioners appointed in this form if |
| Th | SIGNATURE of Assignee of the individual whose signature and title is supplied below assignee | |
| Name | MCRIACE | |
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| Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt | | | | |
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| EFS ID: | 12455663 | | | |
| Application Number: | 12460139 | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 9769 | | | |
| Title of Invention: | Downscan imaging sonar | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Brian T. Maguire | | | |
| Customer Number: | 826 | | | |
| Filer: | Guy Randall Gosnell/Kim Shaul | | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Guy Randall Gosnell | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 038495/369324 | | | |
| Receipt Date: | 03-APR-2012 | | | |
| Filing Date: | 14-JUL-2009 | | | |
| Time Stamp: | 12:25:32 | | | |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | | |

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

| In re: | Brian T. Maguire |
|-----------|------------------------|
| Appl No.: | 12/460,139 |
| Filed: | July 14, 2009 |
| For: | DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR |

Confirmation No.: 9769 Group Art Unit: 3645

STATEMENT UNDER 37 CFR 3.73(b)

NAVICO, INC. is:

- 1. \square the assignee of the entire right, title and interest; or
- 2. an assignee of less than the entire right, title and interest (The extent (by percentage) of its ownership interest is ____%)

in the patent application/patent identified above by virtue of either:

A. An assignment from the inventor(s) of the patent application/patent identified above. The assignment was recorded in the Patent and Trademark Office at Reel 023181, Frame 0828, or a true copy of the original assignment is attached.

OR

- B. A chain of title from the inventor(s) of the patent application/patent identified above, to the current assignee as follows:
 - 1. From: To: The document was recorded in the Patent and Trademark Office at Reel , Frame , or for which a copy thereof is attached.
 - 2. From: To: The document was recorded in the Patent and Trademark Office at Reel , Frame , or for which a copy thereof is attached.
 - Additional documents in the chain of title are listed on a supplemental sheet.

As required by 37 CFR 3.73(b)(1)(i), the documentary evidence of the chain of title from the original owner to the assignee was, or concurrently is being, submitted for recordation pursuant to 37 CFR 3.11

The undersigned is empowered to sign this statement on behalf of the assignee.

Apr. 3, 2012

Michael D. McCoy, Registration No. 28,098

Correspondence Address is Customer No. 00826 (Alston & Bird LLP)

| | r form 1449/P | ГО | | Complete if Known | | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| (Revised 07/2007) | | Application Number | 12/460,139 | | | | | |
| DUEOD | | IDISCIO | GUDE | Filing Date | July 14, 2009 | | | |
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Use as many sheets as necessary) | | First Named Inventor | Brian T. Maguire | | | | | |
| | | Art Unit | 3662 | | | | | |
| | | Examiner Name | HULKA, James R. | | | | | |
| Sheet 1 of 1 | | | | Attorney Docket Number | 038495/369324 | | | |

| U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Examiner Initials* | Cite No. | Document Number Number - Kind Code (if known) | Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, I Relevant Passages of Appea | Relevant Figures | | |
| | 274 | US-5,297,109 | 03-22-1994 | Barksdale, Jr., et al. | | | | |
| | 275 | US-5,525,081 | 06-11-1996 | Mardesich, et al. | | | | |
| | 276 | US-6,273,771 | 08-14-2001 | Buckley, et al. | | | | |
| | 277 | US RE 31,026 | 09-07-1982 | Shatto | | | | |
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| | FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS | | | | | | | |
| Examiner Initials* | Cite No. | Foreign Patent Document Country Code - Number Kind Code (if known) | Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear | English Language Translation Attached | | |

| Initials* | NO. | Country Code - Number Kind Code (if known) | ММ-ДД-ҮҮҮҮ | Applicant of Cited Document | or Relevant Figures Appear | Attached |
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| | | | OTHER DO | CUMENTS | | · |
| Examiner Cite Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published. | | | | | | English Language Translation Attached |
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| Examiner | Date | |
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| Signature | Considered | |

*Examiner: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

| Electronic Ac | Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| EFS ID: | 12375680 | | | | |
| Application Number: | 12460139 | | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 9769 | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | Downscan imaging sonar | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Brian T. Maguire | | | | |
| Customer Number: | 826 | | | | |
| Filer: | Michael D. McCoy/Judy Creel | | | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Michael D. McCoy | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 038495/369324 | | | | |
| Receipt Date: | 23-MAR-2012 | | | | |
| Filing Date: | 14-JUL-2009 | | | | |
| Time Stamp: | 08:53:47 | | | | |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | | | |

Payment information:

| Submitted with Payment no | | | | | | |
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| Document Number | Document Description | File Name | File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest | Multi Part /.zip | Pages (if appl.) | |
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| - | Transmittal Letter | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| - | Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08) | 2 | 2 | | | | | |
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| Information: | | | | | | | | |
| | Total Files Size (in bytes): | 101 | 147 | | | | | |
| characterized | edgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPT I by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It s described in MPEP 503. | | | | | | | |
| characterized Post Card, as <u>New Applicat</u> If a new appli 1.53(b)-(d) ar | l by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It s | erves as evidence o ponents for a filing | of receipt similar to 1 date (see 37 CFR | | | | | |
| characterized Post Card, as <u>New Applicat</u> If a new appli 1.53(b)-(d) ar Acknowledge <u>National Stac</u> If a timely sul U.S.C. 371 an | l by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It s described in MPEP 503. <u>ions Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u> cation is being filed and the application includes the necessary com of MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due cou | erves as evidence of ponents for a filing rse and the date sh is compliant with th acceptance of the a | of receipt similar to date (see 37 CFR nown on this he conditions of 35 application as a | | | | | |

and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application. Attorney's Docket No. 038495/369324

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re:Brian T. MaguireAppl. No.:12/460,139Filed:July 14, 2009For:DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR

Confirmation No.:9769Art Unit:3662Examiner:HULKA, James R.

Mail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CITATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.97

Attached is a list of documents on form PTO-1449 along with a copy of any cited foreign patent documents and non-patent literature documents in accordance with 37 CFR § 1.98(a)(2).

It is requested that the Examiner consider these documents and officially make them of record in accordance with the provisions of 37 C.F.R. § 1.97 and Section 609 of the MPEP. By identifying the listed documents, Applicant in no way makes any admission as to the prior art status of the listed documents, but is instead identifying the listed documents for the sake of full disclosure.

Respectfully submitted,

Patrick L. Kartes Registration No. 64,678

Customer No. 00826 ALSTON & BIRD LLP Bank of America Plaza 101 South Tryon Street, Suite 4000 Charlotte, NC 28280-4000 Tel Charlotte Office (704) 444-1000 Fax Charlotte Office (704) 444-1111

ELECTRONICALLY FILED USING THE EFS-WEB ELECTRONIC FILING SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE ON MARCH 23, 2012.

RAY-1002 267 of 737

RAY-1002 268 of 737

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it contains a valid OMB control number.

| REQUEST FOR CONTINUED EXAMINATION(RCE)TRANSMITTAL (Submitted Only via EFS-Web) | | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------------|---|----------------------------------|--|-------------|--------------|
| Application Number | 12460139 | Filing Date | 2009-07-14 | Docket Number (if applicable) | 038495/369324 | Art Unit | 3662 |
| First Named Inventor | Maguire | | | Examiner Name | James R. Hulka | | |
| This is a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) under 37 CFR 1.114 of the above-identified application. Request for Continued Examination (RCE) practice under 37 CFR 1.114 does not apply to any utility or plant application filed prior to June 8, 1995, or to any design application. The Instruction Sheet for this form is located at WWW.USPTO.GOV | | | | | | | |
| | | S | UBMISSION REQ | UIRED UNDER 37 | CFR 1.114 | | |
| in which they | were filed unless a | applicant ins | | pplicant does not wi | nents enclosed with the RCE w sh to have any previously filed | | |
| | v submitted. If a fir n even if this box | | | any amendments file | d after the final Office action m | ay be cor | sidered as a |
| □ Co | nsider the argume | ents in the A | ppeal Brief or Reply | Brief previously filed | on | | |
| X Otr | ner <u>Ameno</u> | ment After | Final Filed 02-21-20 | 12 | | | |
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| An | endment/Reply | | | | | | |
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| | | | ntified application is d 3 months; Fee und | | CFR 1.103(c) for a period of m quired) | onths _ | |
| Other | | | | | | | |
| | FEES | | | | | | |
| The RCE fee under 37 CFR 1.17(e) is required by 37 CFR 1.114 when the RCE is filed. Image: The Director is hereby authorized to charge any underpayment of fees, or credit any overpayments, to Deposit Account No 160605 | | | | | | | |
| | 5 | SIGNATUR | RE OF APPLICANT | I, ATTORNEY, OF | RAGENT REQUIRED | | |
| 🗙 Patent | Practitioner Signa | ature | | | | | |
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Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it contains a valid OMB control number.

| Signature of Registered U.S. Patent Practitioner | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|------------|--|--|
| Signature | /Donald M. Hill, Jr./ | Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | 2012-03-05 | | |
| Name | Donald M. Hill, Jr. | Registration Number | 40646 | | |

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.114. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

- 1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether the Freedom of Information Act requires disclosure of these records.
- 2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
- 3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspections or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

| Electronic Patent / | App | lication Fee | Transmit | tal | | |
|---|------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------|-------------------------|--|
| Application Number: | 124 | 460139 | | | | |
| Filing Date: | 14- | Jul-2009 | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | Downscan imaging sonar | | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Brian T. Maguire | | | | | |
| Filer: | Do | nald Merton Hill/Gr | ace Rippy | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 038 | 3495/369324 | | | | |
| Filed as Large Entity | - | | | | | |
| Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees | | | | | | |
| Description | | Fee Code | Quantity | Amount | Sub-Total in USD(\$) | |
| Basic Filing: | | | | | | |
| Pages: | | | | | | |
| Claims: | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous-Filing: | | | | | | |
| Petition: | | | | | | |
| Patent-Appeals-and-Interference: | | | | | | |
| Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance: | | | | | | |
| Extension-of-Time: | | | | | RAY-10 | |

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| Miscellaneous: | | | | |
| Request for continued examination | 1801 | 1 | 930 | 930 |
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| Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt | | | | | |
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| EFS ID: | 12225307 | | | | |
| Application Number: | 12460139 | | | | |
| International Application Number: | | | | | |
| Confirmation Number: | 9769 | | | | |
| Title of Invention: | Downscan imaging sonar | | | | |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Brian T. Maguire | | | | |
| Customer Number: | 826 | | | | |
| Filer: | Donald Merton Hill/Grace Rippy | | | | |
| Filer Authorized By: | Donald Merton Hill | | | | |
| Attorney Docket Number: | 038495/369324 | | | | |
| Receipt Date: | 05-MAR-2012 | | | | |
| Filing Date: | 14-JUL-2009 | | | | |
| Time Stamp: | 15:43:54 | | | | |
| Application Type: | Utility under 35 USC 111(a) | | | | |

Payment information:

| Submitted wit | th Payment | yes | | | | |
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| Payment Type | 2 | Deposit Account | Deposit Account | | | |
| Payment was | Payment was successfully received in RAM \$930 | | | | | |
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| 1 | Request for Continued Examination 369324 RCETransmittal.pdf | | 697813 | no | 3 |

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

PTO/SB/06 (07-06)

Approved for use through 1/31/2007. OMB 0651-0032 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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| | | | (Column 1 | , I | (Column 2) | | - | | OR | | LL ENTITY |
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| | BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), (| or (c)) | N/A | | N/A | N/A | | | | N/A | |
| | SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), c | or (m)) | N/A | | N/A | N/A | | | | N/A | |
| | EXAMINATION FE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), (| | N/A | | N/A | N/A | | | | N/A | |
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| N D | EPENDENT CLAIM CFR 1.16(h)) | S | mi | nus 3 = * | | X \$ | = | | | X\$ = | |
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| | | ITATION OF MUL | TIPLE DEPEN | DENT CLAIM (37 CF | FR 1.16(j)) | | | | OR | | |
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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.16. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

| UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMM United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|--|
| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | | |
| 12/460,139 | 07/14/2009 | Brian T. Maguire | 038495/369324 | 9769 | | |
| | 826 7590 02/27/2012 ALSTON & BIRD LLP | | | IINER | | |
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| | RYON STREET, SUITE 4 , NC 28280-4000 | 1000 | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | | |
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| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE | | |
| | | | 02/27/2012 | PAPER | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Advisory Action | 12/460,139 | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. | | | | | |
| Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | | |
| g m_g m_g | JAMES HULKA | 3662 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address | | | | | | | |
| | THE REPLY FILED <u>21 February 2012</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. | | | | | | |
| The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: | | | | | | | |
| a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing | | | | | | | |
| b) I The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I | | | | | | | |
| Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date | f). | | | | | | |
| have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) <u>NOTICE OF APPEAL</u> | tension and the corresponding amour hortened statutory period for reply or than three months after the mailing d | t of the fee. The appropriate extension fee ginally set in the final Office action; or (2) as | | | | | |
| The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed <u>AMENDMENTS</u> | nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), ⁻ | to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since | | | | | |
| 3. 🛛 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, | | | | | | | |
| (a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further co | | DTE below); | | | | | |
| (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo (c) They are not deemed to place the application in below the second se | | educing or simplifying the issues for | | | | | |
| appeal; and/or | | | | | | | |
| (d) They present additional claims without canceling a | | - | | | | | |
| NOTE: <u>The claims have been amended to introdu</u> progressive order) that require new search for pate | | | | | | | |
| 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1 | | | | | | | |
| 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s) | | | | | | | |
| Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be al non-allowable claim(s). | lowable if submitted in a separate | e, timely filed amendment canceling the | | | | | |
| 7. Tor purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) | | vill be entered and an explanation of | | | | | |
| how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: | vided below or appended. | | | | | | |
| Claim(s) objected to: | | | | | | | |
| Claim(s) rejected: | | | | | | | |
| Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE | | | | | | | |
| 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bubecause applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). | | | | | | | |
| 9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing | a Notice of Appeal, but prior to th | e date of filing a brief. will not be | | | | | |
| entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to c showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar | vercome <u>all</u> rejections under app / and was not earlier presented. | eal and/or appellant fails to provide a See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1). | | | | | |
| 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanatio | n of the status of the claims after | entry is below or attached. | | | | | |
| REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: | | | | | | | |
| 12. I Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s) 13. I Other: | | | | | | | |
| /Thomas H. Tarcza/ | /J. H./ | | | | | | |
| Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3662 | Examiner, Art Unit 366 | 2 | | | | | |
| | | RAY-100 | | | | | |

| UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMM United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|--|
| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | | |
| 12/460,139 | 07/14/2009 | Brian T. Maguire | 038495/369324 | 9769 | | |
| | 826 7590 02/21/2012 ALSTON & BIRD LLP | | | IINER | | |
| - | ERICA PLAZA | 1000 | HULKA, JAMES R | | | |
| | RYON STREET, SUITE , NC 28280-4000 | 4000 | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | | |
| ······································ | | | 3662 | | | |
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| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE | | |
| | | | 02/21/2012 | PAPER | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 12/460.139 | MAGUIRE, BRIA | N T. | | | | | |
| Applicant-Initiated Interview Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | | | |
| | JAMES HULKA | 3662 | | | | | | |
| All participants (applicant, applicant's representative, PTO personnel): | | | | | | | | |
| (1) <i>JAMES HULKA</i> . | (3) <u>Donald Hill (Reg. No. 4</u> | <u>0,646)</u> . | | | | | | |
| (2) <u>Aaron Coleman (applicant)</u> . (4) | | | | | | | | |
| Date of Interview: <u>16 February 2012</u> . | | | | | | | | |
| Type: 🔲 Telephonic 🔲 Video Conference 🛛 Personal [copy given to: 🖾 applicant 🛛 applicant's representative] | | | | | | | | |
| Exhibit shown or demonstration conducted: X Yes If Yes, brief description: <i>Printed Sonar Images</i> . | ☐ No. | | | | | | | |
| Issues Discussed 101 112 102 103 0th (For each of the checked box(es) above, please describe below the issue and detail | | | | | | | | |
| Claim(s) discussed: <u>57,76 and 134</u> . | | | | | | | | |
| Identification of prior art discussed: <u>Hamada</u> . | | | | | | | | |
| Substance of Interview (For each issue discussed, provide a detailed description and indicate if agreement reference or a portion thereof, claim interpretation, proposed amendments, argume | | identification or clarific | cation of a | | | | | |
| Representative and applicant discussed teachings of prior discussed in rejection. Possible amendments were discussed amendments, advisory actions and filing of RCE were quick | ed. Procedures going forward | regarding after-fi | inal | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | |
| Applicant recordation instructions: The formal written reply to the last Office action must include the substance of the interview. (See MPEP section 713.04). If a reply to the last Office action has already been filed, applicant is given a non-extendable period of the longer of one month or thirty days from this interview date, or the mailing date of this interview summary form, whichever is later, to file a statement of the substance of the interview interview. | | | | | | | | |
| Examiner recordation instructions : Examiners must summarize the substance of any interview of record. A complete and proper recordation of the substance of an interview should include the items listed in MPEP 713.04 for complete and proper recordation including the identification of the general thrust of each argument or issue discussed, a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed regarding patentability and the general results or outcome of the interview, to include an indication as to whether or not agreement was reached on the issues raised. | | | | | | | | |
| Attachment | | | | | | | | |
| /JAMES HULKA/ Examiner, Art Unit 3662 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Summary of Record of Interview Requirements

Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP), Section 713.04, Substance of Interview Must be Made of Record

A complete written statement as to the substance of any face-to-face, video conference, or telephone interview with regard to an application must be made of record in the application whether or not an agreement with the examiner was reached at the interview.

Title 37 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 1.133 Interviews

Paragraph (b)

In every instance where reconsideration is requested in view of an interview with an examiner, a complete written statement of the reasons presented at the interview as warranting favorable action must be filed by the applicant. An interview does not remove the necessity for reply to Office action as specified in §§ 1.111, 1.135. (35 U.S.C. 132)

37 CFR §1.2 Business to be transacted in writing.

All business with the Patent or Trademark Office should be transacted in writing. The personal attendance of applicants or their attorneys or agents at the Patent and Trademark Office is unnecessary. The action of the Patent and Trademark Office will be based exclusively on the written record in the Office. No attention will be paid to any alleged oral promise, stipulation, or understanding in relation to which there is disagreement or doubt.

The action of the Patent and Trademark Office cannot be based exclusively on the written record in the Office if that record is itself incomplete through the failure to record the substance of interviews.

It is the responsibility of the applicant or the attorney or agent to make the substance of an interview of record in the application file, unless the examiner indicates he or she will do so. It is the examiner's responsibility to see that such a record is made and to correct material inaccuracies which bear directly on the question of patentability.

Examiners must complete an Interview Summary Form for each interview held where a matter of substance has been discussed during the interview by checking the appropriate boxes and filling in the blanks. Discussions regarding only procedural matters, directed solely to restriction requirements for which interview recordation is otherwise provided for in Section 812.01 of the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure, or pointing out typographical errors or unreadable script in Office actions or the like, are excluded from the interview recordation procedures below. Where the substance of an interview is completely recorded in an Examiners Amendment, no separate Interview Summary Record is required.

The Interview Summary Form shall be given an appropriate Paper No., placed in the right hand portion of the file, and listed on the "Contents" section of the file wrapper. In a personal interview, a duplicate of the Form is given to the applicant (or attorney or agent) at the conclusion of the interview. In the case of a telephone or video-conference interview, the copy is mailed to the applicant's correspondence address either with or prior to the next official communication. If additional correspondence from the examiner is not likely before an allowance or if other circumstances dictate, the Form should be mailed promptly after the interview rather than with the next official communication.

The Form provides for recordation of the following information:

- Application Number (Series Code and Serial Number)
- Name of applicant
- Name of examiner
- Date of interview
- Type of interview (telephonic, video-conference, or personal)
- Name of participant(s) (applicant, attorney or agent, examiner, other PTO personnel, etc.)
- An indication whether or not an exhibit was shown or a demonstration conducted
- An identification of the specific prior art discussed
- An indication whether an agreement was reached and if so, a description of the general nature of the agreement (may be by attachment of a copy of amendments or claims agreed as being allowable). Note: Agreement as to allowability is tentative and does not restrict further action by the examiner to the contrary.
- The signature of the examiner who conducted the interview (if Form is not an attachment to a signed Office action)

It is desirable that the examiner orally remind the applicant of his or her obligation to record the substance of the interview of each case. It should be noted, however, that the Interview Summary Form will not normally be considered a complete and proper recordation of the interview unless it includes, or is supplemented by the applicant or the examiner to include, all of the applicable items required below concerning the substance of the interview.

- A complete and proper recordation of the substance of any interview should include at least the following applicable items:
- 1) A brief description of the nature of any exhibit shown or any demonstration conducted,
- 2) an identification of the claims discussed,
- 3) an identification of the specific prior art discussed,
- 4) an identification of the principal proposed amendments of a substantive nature discussed, unless these are already described on the Interview Summary Form completed by the Examiner,
- 5) a brief identification of the general thrust of the principal arguments presented to the examiner,
 - (The identification of arguments need not be lengthy or elaborate. A verbatim or highly detailed description of the arguments is not required. The identification of the arguments is sufficient if the general nature or thrust of the principal arguments made to the examiner can be understood in the context of the application file. Of course, the applicant may desire to emphasize and fully describe those arguments which he or she feels were or might be persuasive to the examiner.)
- 6) a general indication of any other pertinent matters discussed, and
- 7) if appropriate, the general results or outcome of the interview unless already described in the Interview Summary Form completed by the examiner.

Examiners are expected to carefully review the applicant's record of the substance of an interview. If the record is not complete and accurate, the examiner will give the applicant an extendable one month time period to correct the record.

Examiner to Check for Accuracy

If the claims are allowable for other reasons of record, the examiner should send a letter setting forth the examiner's version of the statement attributed to him or her. If the record is complete and accurate, the examiner should place the indication, "Interview Record OK" on the paper recording the substance of the interview along with the date and the examiner's initials.

Response Under 37 C.F.R. 1.116 – Expedited Procedure – Examining Group 3662

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Confirmation No.: 9769

Appl. No.:12/460,139Applicant(s):Hebert et al.Filed:07/14/2009Art Unit:3662Examiner:James R. HulkaTitle:DOWNSCAN IMAGING SONAR

Docket No.: 038495/369324 Customer No.: 00826

Mail Stop AF Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

AMENDMENT AFTER FINAL UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.116

Sir:

In response to the final Office Action dated December 20, 2011, please reconsider the above-identified application in light of the following amendments and remarks:

Amendments to the Claims are reflected on the listing of claims that begins on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks begin on page 15 of this paper.

Amendments to the Claims:

1-56. (Canceled)

57. (Currently Amended) A-transducer sonar assembly for imaging an underwater environment beneath a watercraft traveling on a surface of a body of water, the sonar assembly comprising:

a housing mountable to a <u>the</u> watercraft capable of traversing a surface of a body of water; and

a <u>single</u> linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element positioned within the housing, the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element having a substantially rectangular shape configured to produce a fan-shaped sonar beam having a relatively narrow beamwidth in a direction parallel to a longitudinal length of the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element and a relatively wide beamwidth in a direction perpendicular to the longitudinal length of the transducer element, the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element being positioned with the longitudinal length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction of the housing;

wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element is positioned within the housing to project <u>fan-shaped</u> sonar-<u>pulses</u> <u>beams</u> in a direction substantially perpendicular to a plane corresponding to the surface of the body of water, <u>said sonar beams being repeatedly emitted so</u> <u>as to sequentially insonify different fan-shaped regions of the underwater environment as the</u> <u>watercraft travels; and</u>

a sonar signal processor receiving signals representative of sonar returns resulting from each of the fan-shaped sonar beams and processing the signals to produce sonar image data for each fan-shaped region and to create an image of the underwater environment as a composite of images of the fan-shaped regions arranged in a progressive order corresponding to the travel of the watercraft. 58. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element is configured to operate at a selected one of at least two selectable operating frequencies.

59. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the selectable operating frequencies include about 455 kHz and 800 kHz.

60. (Currently Amended) The-transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the beamwidth of the linear downscan transducer element is about 0.8 degrees by about 32 degrees or about 1.4 degrees by about 56 degrees.

61. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the linear downscan transducer assembly element is configured to communicate with a single transceiver.

62. (Currently Amended) The-transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein a length of a rectangular face of the linear downscan transducer element is about 120 mm and a width of the rectangular face of the linear downscan transducer element is about 3 mm.

63. (Previously Presented) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the housing is mountable to the watercraft such that the fan-shaped beam extends from one side of the watercraft to an opposite side of the watercraft.

64. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the housing has a streamlined shape.

65. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the beamwidth in the direction parallel to a longitudinal length of the linear downscan transducer element is less than about five percent as large as the beamwidth of the sonar beam in the direction perpendicular to the longitudinal length of the linear downscan transducer element.

Appl. No.: 12/460,139 Amdt. dated: 2/21/2012 Reply to Office Action dated 12/20/2011

66. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element is configured to provide data displayable as sonar data images in which images corresponding to data received via the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element provide data regarding bottom features over less than fifty percent of a display screen when displayed.

67. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the linear downscan transducer element is configured to provide data displayable as sonar data images in which images corresponding to data received via the linear downscan transducer element provide data regarding bottom features over less than twenty percent of a display screen when displayed.

68. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the linear downscan transducer element is configured to provide data displayable as sonar data images in which images corresponding to data received via the linear downscan transducer element provide data indicative of bottom depth.

69. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element is configured to provide data displayable as sonar data images in which images corresponding to data received via the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element provide data indicative of water column features.

70. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element is configured to provide data displayable as sonar data images indicative of bottom data.

71. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the linear downscan transducer element is configured to provide data displayable as sonar data images indicative of two or more of depth data water column data and bottom data.

72. (Currently Amended) The-transducer sonar assembly of claim 57, further comprising a circular transducer element positioned to project conical sonar pulses in a direction substantially perpendicular to the plane corresponding to the surface.

73. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 72, wherein the linear downscan and circular transducer elements are in the same housing.

74. (Currently Amended) The transducer sonar assembly of claim 72, wherein the linear downscan transducer and circular transducer elements are positioned to project fan-shaped and conical sonar beams that at least partially overlap.

75. (Currently Amended) The-transducer sonar assembly of claim 72, wherein the sonar signal returns from the circular transducer element and linear downscan transducer element provide generally simultaneous data.

76. (Currently Amended) A sonar system for imaging an underwater environment beneath a watercraft traveling on a surface of a body of water, the sonar system comprising:

a <u>single</u> linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element positioned within a housing that is mountable to <u>a the</u> watercraft that traverses a surface of a body of water, the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element having a substantially rectangular shape configured to produce a fan-shaped sonar beam having a relatively narrow beamwidth in a direction parallel to longitudinal length of the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element and a relatively wide beamwidth in a direction perpendicular to the longitudinal length of the transducer element, the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element being positioned with the longitudinal length thereof extending in a fore-toaft direction of the housing;

wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element is positioned to project <u>fan-shaped</u> sonar <u>pulses beams</u> in a direction substantially perpendicular to a plane corresponding to the surface of the body of water, <u>said sonar beams being repeatedly emitted so as to sequentially insonify</u> <u>different fan-shaped regions of the underwater environment as the watercraft travels;</u> Appl. No.: 12/460,139 Amdt. dated: 2/21/2012 Reply to Office Action dated 12/20/2011

a sonar module configured to enable operable communication with the <u>linear downscan</u> transducer element, the sonar module including:

a sonar signal processor to process sonar return signals, and

at least one transceiver configured to provide communication between the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element and the sonar signal processor,

the sonar signal processor receiving signals representative of sonar returns resulting from each of the fan-shaped sonar beams and processing the signals to produce sonar image data for each fan-shaped region and to create an image of the underwater environment as a composite of images of the fan-shaped regions arranged in a progressive order corresponding to the travel of the watercraft.

77. (Original) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the sonar module further comprises an Ethernet hub in communication with the signal processor.

78. (Original) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the sonar module is provided within a separate housing.

79. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, further comprising at least one visual display presenting an the image representing the processed sonar return signals.

80. (Original) The sonar system of claim 79, wherein the display and the sonar module are in the same housing.

81. (Original) The sonar system of claim 79, wherein at least one display of the plurality of displays is enabled to simultaneously provide different images representing different information from the processed sonar return signals.

82. (Original) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the sonar module further comprises configuration settings defining a predefined set of display images that may be presented.

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83. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element is configured to operate at a selected one of at least two selectable operating frequencies.

84. (Original) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the selectable operating frequencies include about 455 kHz and 800 kHz.

85. (Canceled)

86. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the housing is mountable to the watercraft such that the fan-shaped beam extends from one side of the watercraft to an opposite side of the watercraft.

87. (Canceled)

88. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the sonar signal processor is configured to display images of sonar data in which images corresponding to data received via the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element provide data regarding bottom features over less than fifty percent of a display screen when displayed.

89. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the sonar signal processor is configured to display images of sonar data corresponding to data received via the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element representing bottom data.

90. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the sonar signal processor is configured to display images of sonar data corresponding to data received via the linear downscan transducer element representing water column data.

91. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the sonar signal processor is configured to display images of sonar data corresponding to data received via the linear downscan transducer element representing depth data.

92. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the sonar signal processor is configured to display images of sonar data corresponding to data received via the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element representing two or more of depth data, water column data and bottom data.

93. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the sonar signal processor is configured to display images of sonar data corresponding to data received via the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element representing data vertically below the linear transducer element.

94. (Original) The sonar system of claim 76, further comprising a circular transducer element producing a conical downscan beam.

95. (Original) The sonar system of claim 76, further comprising a circular transducer element producing a conical downscan beam from within the housing.

96. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 94, wherein the <u>fan-shaped</u> sonar <u>pulses beams</u> from the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element and the sonar pulses from the circular transducer element insonify areas of the bottom that at least partially overlap.

97. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 94, wherein the sonar signal returns from the circular transducer element and linear <u>downscan</u> downscan element provide generally simultaneous data.

98. (Original) The sonar system of claim 76, further comprising sources of data from at least one of the group of radar, GPS, digital mapping, time and temperature.

99. (Original) The sonar system of claim 98, wherein a display format for display of the data is in a user selectable format.

100. (Currently Amended) The sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element is configured to emit <u>fan-shaped</u> sonar-<u>pulses</u> <u>beams</u> as well to receive echo returns and convert sound energy of the echo returns into electrical signals.

101. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element is configured to emit <u>fan-shaped</u> sonar-<u>pulses</u> beams as well to receive echo returns and convert sound energy of the echo returns into electrical signals.

102. (Previously Presented) The sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the housing is mounted to the watercraft.

103. (Currently Amended) The sonar assembly of claim 57, wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element is configured to produce a generally planar fan-shaped beam.

104. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 76, further comprising a display in communication with the sonar module.

105. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the sonar module and display communicate with each other via a network.

106. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, further comprising at least one additional display in communication with the sonar module.

107. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, further comprising a user interface in communication with the sonar module and configured to receive an input from a user.

108. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 107, wherein the display, the sonar signal processor, and the user interface are all contained in a single housing.

109. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 107, wherein the user interface is part of the display.

110. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element, the transceiver, and the display respectively comprise at least two separate modules.

111. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the housing containing the linear downscan transducer element is mounted to the watercraft.

112. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the housing containing the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element is mounted on an intermediate structure that in turn is mounted to the watercraft.

113. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the sonar signal processor is further configured to implement signal processing or enhancement to improve display characteristics.

114. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the sonar signal processor is further configured to process GPS information.

115. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the sonar signal processor is further configured to process waypoint designations.

116. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the sonar signal processor is further configured to process time data.

117. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the sonar signal processor is further configured to process temperature data.

118. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the sonar signal processor is further configured to implement a notice or alarm regarding depth.

119. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the sonar signal processor is further configured to implement a notice or alarm regarding presence of fish.

120. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the sonar signal processor is further configured to implement a notice or alarm regarding proximity of other watercraft.

121. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the processor, in combination with a memory, stores incoming transducer data or screen images for future playback or transfer.

122. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the sonar signal processor is further configured to perform additional processing to implement zoom.

123. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 104, wherein the sonar signal processor is further configured to perform additional processing to correlate sonar data to a GPS position.

124. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the housing containing the linear downscan transducer element has a streamlined profile.

125. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, wherein the housing containing the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element is mounted on an accessory on the watercraft enabling the fan-shaped beam to assume various orientations with respect to the watercraft.

126. (Withdrawn, Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, further comprising a linear side scan transducer element positioned and configured to produce a fan-shaped beam

aimed downwardly and outwardly to one side of the watercraft, wherein dimensions and operating frequencies of the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element and the linear side scan transducer element are selected to minimize or eliminate any gap between the respective fanshaped beams.

127. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 76, further comprising a display in communication with the sonar module, and wherein the system is configured to indicate a position of the watercraft on the display.

128. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 76, further comprising a display in communication with the sonar module, and wherein the system is configured to indicate water depth on the display.

129. (Previously Presented) The sonar system of claim 76, further comprising a second transducer positioned and configured to produce a conical sonar beam directed downwardly from the watercraft, wherein the system further includes a display in communication with the sonar module, and wherein the system is configured to indicate on the display an intensity of a return echo received from the conical sonar beam.

130. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 129, wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element and the second transducer are both contained in the housing.

131. (Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 129, wherein the linear downscan transducer element and the second transducer operate at different respective frequencies.

132. (Withdrawn, Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 76, further comprising a linear side scan transducer element positioned and configured to produce a fan-shaped beam aimed downwardly and outwardly to one side of the watercraft, wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element and the linear side scan transducer element are both contained in the housing.

133. (Withdrawn, Currently Amended) The sonar system of claim 132, further comprising a second linear side scan transducer element positioned and configured to produce a

fan-shaped beam aimed downwardly and outwardly to an opposite side of the watercraft, wherein the linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element and the linear side scan transducer elements are all contained in the housing.

134. (Currently Amended) A sonar imaging apparatus comprising:

a housing mountable to a watercraft that traverses a surface of a body of water, the watercraft defining a center plane that extends from fore to aft and that is perpendicular to the surface of the body of water; and

a linear transducer element positioned within the housing, the linear transducer element being configured to produce a <u>fan-shaped</u> sonar beam having a longitudinal beamwidth in a direction parallel to a longitudinal length of the linear transducer element that is significantly less than a transverse beamwidth of the sonar beam in a direction perpendicular to the longitudinal length of the transducer element;

wherein the housing is configured for mounting to the watercraft such that the longitudinal length of the linear transducer element is parallel to said center plane, and

wherein the transverse beamwidth of the sonar beam is sufficiently wide in relation to a direction in which the linear transducer element is aimed such that the transverse beamwidth spans from a port side of said center plane to a starboard side of said center plane, said fanshaped sonar beam being repeatedly emitted so as to sequentially insonify different fan-shaped regions of an underwater environment beneath the watercraft as the watercraft travels across the surface of the water; and

a sonar signal processor receiving signals representative of sonar returns resulting from each of the fan-shaped sonar beams and processing the signals to produce sonar image data for each fan-shaped region and to create an image of the underwater environment as a composite of images of the fan-shaped regions arranged in a progressive order corresponding to the travel of the watercraft.

135. (Withdrawn) The sonar imaging apparatus of claim 134, further comprising:

a second linear transducer element positioned within the housing, the second linear transducer element being configured to produce a second sonar beam having a longitudinal beamwidth in a direction parallel to a longitudinal length of the second linear transducer element that is significantly less than a transverse beamwidth of the second sonar beam in a direction perpendicular to the longitudinal length of the second linear transducer element.

136. (Withdrawn) The sonar imaging apparatus of claim 135, wherein the housing is configured for mounting to the watercraft such that the longitudinal length of the second linear transducer element is parallel to said center plane, and wherein the second linear transducer element is arranged such that the second sonar beam extends primarily in a direction different from the sonar beam of the first linear transducer element.

137. (Withdrawn) The sonar imaging apparatus of claim 136, wherein the transverse beam width of the second sonar beam spans generally to a port side or a starboard side of said center plane.

REMARKS

Claims 57-84, 86, and 88-125, 127-131, and 134 are pending in the present application. Claims 126, 132-133, and 135-137 have been withdrawn from consideration by the Examiner.

In the Office Action, Claims 57, 60-61, 63, 65, 68-71, 76, 78-80, 86, 89-93, 100-104, 107-108, 110-113, 119, 121, 125, 127-128, and 134 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 5,805,528 to Hamada ("Hamada") in view of Imagenex -Sonar Theory and Applications – Model 855 ("Imagenex"). Claim 62 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada and Imagenex, in further view of U.S. Patent 5,850,372 to Blue and U.S. Patent 4,774,837 to Bird. Claims 64, 77, 105, and 124 were rejected as unpatentable over Hamada and Imagenex, in further view of U.S. Patent 7,542,376 to Thompson. Claims 58, 66-67, 81, 83, and 88 were rejected as unpatentable over Hamada and Imagenex, in further view of U.S. Patent Application Publication 2007/0025183 to Zimmerman. Claims 98-99, 106, 109, 114-118, 120, and 122-123 were rejected as unpatentable over Hamada and Imagenex, in further view of Matrix 97 GPS Trackplotter - Operations Manual. Claims 59 and 84 were rejected as unpatentable over Hamada and Imagenex, in further view of U.S. Patent 4,538,249 to Richard and U.S. Patent 5,184,330 to Adams. Claim 82 was rejected as unpatentable over Hamada and Imagenex, in further view of U.S. Patent 5,142,502 to Thompson. Claims 72, 75, 94, 97, 129-131 were rejected as unpatentable over Hamada and Imagenex, in further view of U.S. Patent Application Publication 2006/0023570 to Betts. Claims 73-74 and 95-96 were rejected as unpatentable over Hamada and Imagenex, in further view of U.S. Patent 5,991,239 to Fatemi-Booshehri.

Information Disclosure Statement

The Office Action noted that the previously filed information disclosure statement is being considered by the Examiner. However, the Office Action also stated that "due to the excessive number of references, they have only been given a cursory review to gather relevance to the claimed inventions." Applicant requests that these references be given full review and consideration for proper placement on the record.

Election of Claims

In addition to withdrawing Claims 126, 132-133, and 135-137 from consideration, the Office Action also required election between two species. Species I encompasses a downscan linear transducer element with or without an optional conical downscan transducer element. Species II encompasses a downscan linear transducer element with an additional linear side scan transducer element. The Office Action indicated that Claims 57-84, 86, and 88-99 are generic to both species. Additionally, the Office Action indicated that Applicant constructively elected an invention that does not include a side scan transducer element. Thus, it appears that the Office Action takes the position that Species I has been constructively elected. In any event, Applicant hereby elects Species I for examination. The claims that read, either generically or specifically, on Species I are: Claims 57-84, 86, 88-125, 127-131, and 134.

Summary of Interview

Applicant thanks the Examiner for his courtesy in conducting a personal interview on February 16, 2012, with the undersigned as well as Aaron Coleman, Applicant's employee. In the interview, the Examiner explained his interpretation of the claims and the cited references. Applicant's representatives explained the differences between the claimed invention and the references, particularly with respect to Hamada's failure to teach any linear downscan transducer element producing a fan-shaped sonar beam, as further elaborated on below. A number of possible claim amendments were discussed, but no formal agreement was reached.

Summary of Claim Amendments

Applicant has amended each of independent Claims 57, 76, and 134 in generally similar fashion. Specifically, these claims now recite that the fan-shaped sonar beams are repeatedly emitted so as to sequentially insonify different fan-shaped regions of the underwater environment beneath the watercraft as the watercraft travels. The claims now further include a sonar signal processor to process sonar return signals, the sonar signal processor receiving the sonar return signals representative of each of the fan-shaped sonar beams and processing the signals to

produce sonar image data for each fan-shaped region and to create an image of the underwater environment as a composite of images of the fan-shaped regions arranged in a progressive order corresponding to the travel of the watercraft. Support for these amendments is provided in the application as filed (see, e.g., Figures 5 and 12B-12F, paragraphs 0051-0056, and paragraph 0068), such that no new matter has been added.

Claims 57 and 76 additionally have been amended, for clarity, to refer to a linear <u>downscan</u> transducer element (to distinguish from a linear side scan transducer element, for example), and to recite that there is a single such linear downscan transducer element (to distinguish over an array-type transducer having multiple elements arranged in some type of array for use in phased-array beam steering). Support for this amendment is present throughout the application as filed, such that no new matter has been added. It will be understood, of course, that the recitation of a "single linear downscan transducer element" does not require the single element to be a monolithic structure formed of a single crystal of material. It is well known in the transducer field that a plurality of such crystals can be arranged (e.g., end-to-end) and can be electrically connected to circuitry such that the plurality of crystals act together as if they were a single crystal or element. Claims 57 and 76 encompass any "single downscan transducer element" (whether monolithic or not) as distinct from a multi-element phased array-type transducer.

Response to Rejections under 35 U.S.C. 103(a)

Claims 57, 60-61, 63, 65, 68-71, 76, 78-80, 86, 89-93, 100-104, 107-108, 110-113, 119, 121, 125, 127-128, and 134 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada in view of Imagenex.

The present application currently includes independent Claims 57 and 76 directed to a transducer assembly and sonar system, respectively. Independent Claim 57 currently recites:

57. A sonar assembly for imaging an underwater environment beneath a watercraft traveling on a surface of a body of water, the sonar assembly comprising:

a housing mountable to the watercraft;

a single linear downscan transducer element positioned within the housing, the linear downscan transducer element having a substantially rectangular shape configured to produce a fan-shaped sonar beam having a relatively narrow beamwidth in a direction parallel to a longitudinal length of the linear downscan transducer element and a relatively wide beamwidth in a direction perpendicular to the longitudinal length of the transducer element, the linear downscan transducer element being positioned with the longitudinal length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction of the housing;

wherein the linear downscan transducer element is positioned within the housing to project fan-shaped sonar beams in a direction substantially perpendicular to a plane corresponding to the surface of the body of water, said fan-shaped sonar beams being repeatedly emitted so as to sequentially insonify different fan-shaped regions of the underwater environment as the watercraft travels; and

a sonar signal processor receiving signals representative of sonar returns resulting from each of the fan-shaped sonar beams and processing the signals to produce sonar image data for each fan-shaped region and to create an image of the underwater environment as a composite of images of the fan-shaped regions arranged in a progressive order corresponding to the travel of the watercraft.

Independent Claim 76 includes similar recitations in the context of a sonar system.

With regard to independent Claims 57 and 76 as examined, the final Office Action asserted that Hamada and Imagenex render the claimed invention unpatentable. The Office Action asserted that Hamada teaches a transducer assembly with a linear transducer element configured to produce a fan-shaped beam in a direction substantially perpendicular to a plane corresponding to the surface. The Office Action referred to the Abstract, FIGS. 9 and 10, and col. 8, lines 10-20 of Hamada as support for this assertion. Additionally, the Office Action asserted that Imagenex teaches a linear transducer element being positioned with the longitudinal length extending in a fore-to-aft direction of a housing. Finally, the Office Action asserted that it

would have been obvious to position the transducer assembly taught by Hamada in the fore-to-aft direction, as allegedly taught by Imagenex.

Applicant respectfully disagrees with the rejections. Applicant submits that an erroneous interpretation of Hamada has led to the conclusion that Hamada teaches "a linear transducer element...having a rectangular shape configured to produce a fan-shaped sonar beam" and positioned to project these fan-shaped sonar beams "in a direction substantially perpendicular to a plane corresponding to the surface of the body of water" as recited by independent Claim 57. The Final Office Action pointed to the Abstract, FIGS. 9 and 10, and col. 8, lines 10-20 of Hamada and alleged, in relevant part, that Hamada teaches a linear transducer element configured to project a fan-shaped beam in a direction perpendicular to the surface of the water (e.g., a linear downscan transducer element). When Hamada is evaluated for all of what it teaches, however, it becomes apparent that no "linear transducer element" producing a "fan-shaped sonar beam" is taught or suggested.

Applicant particularly notes that the Office Action's reliance on FIGS. 9 and 10 is misplaced, and an incorrect conclusion has been drawn based primarily on those two figures. Hamada discloses an underwater detection system with the purpose of mapping the bottom sea floor in a circle underneath the boat (shown in FIGS. 9-11). Hamada describes that a transducer in the form of a *multi-element array* (see FIGS. 18-19) is used in connection with the conceptual drawing of FIG. 9. The transducer 1 consists of multiple transducer elements 1A arranged in a linear array. Hamada's transducer <u>transmits</u> sonar pulses in a "wide area" underneath the boat (col. 7, lines 46-50). Hamada's apparatus then uses a phase-shifting beam forming technique to <u>receive</u> the sonar returns (see, e.g., the arrow directly below the boat in FIG. 9) from a "narrow" area (col. 8, lines 16-19). Clearly the "wide" area into which the sonar pulse is transmitted must be different from the "narrow" area scanned by the receiver, or else Hamada would not have used the term "wide" to describe the transmission, while describing the fan-like area as "narrow."

It is important to recognize the difference between a <u>transmitted</u> (or produced) sonar beam, and a so-called "receiving beam". In particular, Hamada states that "the transducer **1** transmits ultrasonic waves into a wide area" and then "the receiving beam is caused to scan a fan-like area passing through a vertical line extended exactly downward from the ship Q" (col. 7, lines 47-50). Thus, transmission of the wide-area sonar pulses in Hamada is not from a "linear transducer element" producing a "fan-shaped beam" in a "direction substantially perpendicular to a plane corresponding to the surface of the body of water" as recited in the present claims.

While FIG. 9 appears to show a "fan-shaped" insonified area S1 below the boat, this area is conceptual in nature and misleading. In particular, Hamada describes that a "receiving beam is steered in the direction of the array of transducer elements (arrow A in FIG. 9) to *scan* a narrow strip of bottom area S1 beneath the ship" (col. 3, lines 3-6, italics added). Additionally, with reference to FIGS. 18 and 19, Hamada states that "[w]hen receiving echo signals, adjacent transducer elements 1A of the array are successively given constant time delays or phase differences so that received signal phases of the individual transducer elements 1A align each other with regard to echoes from a particular direction. This means that the transducer 1 as a whole forms a receiving beam pointing in that particular direction." See col. 6, lines 25-33. Therefore, Hamada requires the use of multiple transducer elements that are physically distributed in an array, as distinct from a single linear transducer element. Moreover, only by imposing time delays or phase differences is the receiving beam of Hamada steered or scanned underneath the boat to capture sonar data.

Thus, the "receiving beam" of Hamada represents the window that is "listened to" by the multi-element transducer array as it receives sonar returns from the "wide area" insonified by the transmitted sonar pulse. This "receiving beam" (like a lighthouse beam) is steered or scanned in a line from one side of the boat to the other side, thus covering one narrow strip per sweep. It is then necessary for Hamada's transducer to transmit another "wide area" pulse, but this time the "receiving beam" is incrementally rotated a small amount (by mechanically rotating the transducer array) relative to the previous receiving beam. Ultimately, by repeating this process, the full circular area underneath the boat is covered, as shown for example in FIG. 11. Note that

the locations sea floor objects/features, with respect to port and starboard sides of the boat, are indicated.

In contrast, a linear downscan transducer element as used in Applicant's claimed invention produces a narrow, single transmission of a non-steered fan-shaped beam. The sonar returns based on the fan-shaped beam are received in a single receipt, which provides the sonar data for the narrow fan-shaped region. These sonar returns, while they provide rather highquality detail of a narrow strip extending transversely with respect to the boat, are not able to distinguish between port and starboard sides in terms of location of an object.

It can thus be seen that Hamada describes a complex phased-array sonar device and process employing a multi-element array and requiring electronic beam steering of a receiving beam. Only wide-area sonar pulses are employed. In contrast, Applicant's claimed invention uses a single linear transducer element to produce a single-transmission fan-shaped beam directed beneath the boat, and sonar returns from the narrow region insonified by the fan-shaped beam are received with no phased-array beam steering required.

Applicant believes the above detailed explanation brings to light the many differences between the multi-element phased array insonifying a wide area as disclosed in Hamada, and the claimed linear transducer element producing a fan-shaped beam in a direction substantially perpendicular to the plane of the surface of the water. Neither Hamada nor any other reference of record in this application discloses a linear transducer element that directs a fan-shaped sonar beam downwardly as set forth in Claim 57.

Additionally, Applicant submits that Imagenex fails to remedy the deficiency of Hamada. In particular, Imagenex likewise fails to teach or suggest "a linear transducer element...configured to produce a fan-shaped sonar beam...in a direction substantially perpendicular to a plane corresponding to the surface of the body of water" as recited by independent Claim 57. FIG. 1 of Imagenex shows a transducer element emitting a fan-shaped beam to the side, not substantially perpendicular to the plane of the water surface. Thus, this element does not insonify an area beneath the boat.

Therefore, neither Hamada nor Imagenex, whether taken alone or in combination, teaches or suggests "a linear transducer element...configured to produce a fan-shaped sonar beam...in a direction substantially perpendicular to a plane corresponding to the surface of the body of water," as recited by independent Claim 57. Independent Claim 76 includes similar recitations, as does independent Claim 134. As such, Applicant submits that for at least the above-noted reasons, independent Claims 57, 76, and 134 are patentable over the cited references.

Moreover, these independent claims have been amended to recite that the fan-shaped sonar beams are repeatedly emitted so as to sequentially insonify different fan-shaped regions of the underwater environment as the watercraft travels, and a sonar signal processor receives signals representative of sonar returns resulting from each of the fan-shaped sonar beams and processes the signals to produce sonar image data for each fan-shaped region and to create an image of the underwater environment as a composite of images of the fan-shaped regions arranged in a progressive order corresponding to the travel of the watercraft. There is no suggestion in Hamada of creating such an image. Imagenex also fails to suggest creating such an image from linear downscan sonar data.

For at least the above-noted reasons, Claims 57, 76, and 134 are patentable over the cited references.

The claims dependent on these independent claims are patentable at least because they include all of the features of their respective independent claim, and further because the cited references fail to teach or suggest the combination of such features with the additional limitations recited in each of the dependent claims.

As such, all pending claims (including the withdrawn claims, and those claims that read specifically on non-elected Species II) are patentable.

* * *

CONCLUSION

Based on the above amendments and remarks, it is respectfully submitted that all pending claims are patentable and the application is in condition for allowance.

It is not believed that extensions of time or fees for net addition of claims are required, beyond those that may otherwise be provided for in documents accompanying this paper. However, in the event that additional extensions of time are necessary to allow consideration of this paper, such extensions are hereby petitioned under 37 CFR § 1.136(a), and any fee required therefor (including fees for net addition of claims) is hereby authorized to be charged to Deposit Account No. 16-0605.

Respectfully submitted Donald M. Hill, Jr. Registration No. 40,646

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| (Revised 07/ | (2007) | | | Application Number | 12/460,139 | | | |
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE | | | | Filing Date | July 14, 2009 | | | |
| | STATEMENT BY APPLICANT | | | First Named Inventor | Brian T. Maguire | , | | |
| 1 | | | | Art Unit | 3662 | | | |
| 10 | (Use as many sheets as necessary) | | Examiner Name | HULKA, James R. | | | | |
| Sheet | 1 | of | 1 | Attorney Docket Number | 038495/369324 | | | |

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| Title of Invention: | Downscan imaging sonar |
| First Named Inventor/Applicant Name: | Brian T. Maguire |
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PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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| Appl. No.: | 12/460,139 | Art Unit: | 3662 |
| Filed: | July 14, 2009 | Examiner: HULKA, | James R. |
| For: | DOWNSCAN IMAGING | | |
| | SONAR | | |

Mail Stop Amendment **Commissioner for Patents** P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CITATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.97

Attached is a list of documents on form PTO-1449 along with a copy of any cited foreign patent documents and non-patent literature document in accordance with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2). Also enclosed is a translation or a concise explanation of each non-English language document.

It is requested that the Examiner consider these documents and officially make them of record in accordance with the provisions of 37 C.F.R. § 1.97 and Section 609 of the MPEP. By identifying the listed documents, Applicant in no way makes any admission as to the prior art status of the listed documents, but is instead identifying the listed documents for the sake of full disclosure.

This Information Disclosure Statement is submitted in accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(c), before final Office Action or Allowance, whichever is earlier.

In re: Brian T. Maguire Appl. No.: 12/460,139 Filed: July 14, 2009

In accordance with the requirements of 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(c), the following statement as specified in 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(e) is made:

No item of information contained in this statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing this document after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in this statement was known to any individual designated in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56(c) more than three (3) months prior to the filing of this information disclosure statement.

Respectfully submitted,

Donald M. Hill, Jr. Registration No. 40,646

Customer No. 00826 ALSTON & BIRD LLP Bank of America Plaza 101 South Tryon Street, Suite 4000 Charlotte, NC 28280-4000 Tel Charlotte Office (704) 444-1000 Fax Charlotte Office (704) 444-1111

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| | BASIC FEE | Ň | | ED NU | MBER EXTRA | | RATE (\$) | FEE (\$) | | RATE (\$) | FEE (\$) |
| | (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), o | or (c)) | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | | N/A | |
| | SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), c | or (m)) | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | | N/A | |
| | EXAMINATION FE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), c | | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | | N/A | |
| | TAL CLAIMS CFR 1.16(i)) | | mir | nus 20 = * | | | X \$ = | | OR | X \$ = | |
| IND | EPENDENT CLAIM | S | m | inus 3 = * | | 1 | X \$ = | | | X \$ = | |
| APPLICATION SIZE FEE (37 CFR 1.16(s)) If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is \$250 (\$125 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s). | | | | | on size fee due for each n thereof. See | | | | | | |
| * If t | MULTIPLE DEPEN | | , | 477 | | | TOTAL | | | TOTAL | |
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| 1 | FIRST PRESEN | ITATION OF MULTI | PLE DEPEN | DENT CLAIM (37 CF | R 1.16(j)) | | | | OR | | |
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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.16. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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| | | Initiated Interv | | | |
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| pplication No.: 12/46 xaminer: James R. Hulke | 0,139 | First Named Applie Art Unit: 3662 | Status of Appl | ication: under final | rejaction |
| entative Participants 1) James Hulka | : | (2) Donald M. Hill, Jr. | | | |
| 3) Aaron Coleman | | (4) | | | |
| Proposed Date of Inte | rview: Febru | ary 16, 2012 | Proposed Ti | me: <u>1:00 PM</u> | (AM/PM) |
| Type of Interview Rec [1) [] Telephonic | uested: (2) [/] Perso | nal (3) [] Vic | leo Conference | | |
| Exhibit To Be Shown (f yes, provide brief d | or Demonstruescription: | nted: [] YES | [/] NO | 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - | |
| | | Issues To Be D | viscussed | | |
| Issues (Rej., Obj., etc) | Claims/ Fig. #s | Prior Art | Discussed | Agreed | Not Agreed |
| (1) 103 Rej. | Cis. 57, 76 | Hamada | [] | [] | [] |
| (2) | | | [] | LÌ | |
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| An interview was con | nducted on the | e above-identified ap | plication on | | |
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| Applicant/Applica | | ative Signature | — Exa | miner/SPE Sig | gnature |
| Donald M. Hill, | | or Representative | | | |
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USPTO in process) an application. Conditionitiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.13. This collection is estimated to distribute the uspectation of the second statement of the distribute the second statement of the second statement of the distribute the second statement of the second statement of

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PAGE 2/2 * RCVD AT 2/10/2012 1:05:49 PM [Eastern Standard Time] * SVR:W-PTOFAX-002/25 * DNIS:2738300 * CSID:7044441111 * DURATION (mm-ss):01-13

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Date:

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Examiner James Hulka

U.S. Patent & Trademark Office

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Don Hill

Message:

Applicant Initiated Interview Request

Appln. No. 12/460,139 Group Art No: 3662

Number of Pages: (including cover page)

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|---|-------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--|
| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
| 12/460,139 | 07/14/2009 | Brian T. Maguire | 038495/369324 | 9769 | |
| ALSTON & BIRD LLP BANK OF AMERICA PLAZA 101 SOUTH TRYON STREET, SUITE 4000 | | | EXAM HULKA. | | |
| | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| CHARLOTTE, NC 28280-4000 | | 3662 | | | |
| | | | MAIL DATE 12/20/2011 | DELIVERY MODE PAPER | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | 12/460,139 | MAGUIRE, BRIAN T. | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | JAMES HULKA | 3662 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE <u>3</u> MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | | | | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>30 N</u> | ovember 2011. | | | | |
| | action is non-final. | | | | |
| 3) An election was made by the applicant in respo | onse to a restriction requirement | set forth during the interview on | | | |
| ; the restriction requirement and election | have been incorporated into this | action. | | | |
| 4) Since this application is in condition for allowar | nce except for formal matters, pro | osecution as to the merits is | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under E | <i>x parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 4 | 53 O.G. 213. | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) <u>57-84,86 and 88-137</u> is/are pending ir | n the application. | | | | |
| 5a) Of the above claim(s) <u>126,132,133 and 135</u> | 5-137 is/are withdrawn from cons | ideration. | | | |
| 6) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) <u>57-84,86,88-125,127-131 and 134</u> is/ | are rejected. | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | |
| 9) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | r election requirement. | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | |
| 10) The specification is objected to by the Examine | r. | | | | |
| 11) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce | epted or b) 🗌 objected to by the 🛛 | Examiner. | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | |
| 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: | | | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage | | | | | |
| | application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | | | | | |
| 3) X Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) 🔲 Notice of Informal F | Patent Application | | | |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>20111115</u> . U.S. Patent and Trademark Office | 6) 🛄 Other: | RAY-1002 | | | |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

- Claims 1-56, 85, 87 have been cancelled.
- Claims 57-76, 86, 88, and 96 have been amended.

Claims 100-137 are new. Claims 57-84, 86, and 88-137 are pending.

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 15 November 2011 was filed after the mailing date of the Non-final rejection on 22 September 2011. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner. However, due to the excessive number of references, they have only been given a cursory review to gather relevance to the claimed inventions.

Election/Restrictions

1. Claim(s) 57-84, 86, and 88-99 is/are generic to the following disclosed patentably distinct species: Species I describes a singular downscan linear transducer element with optional conical downscan transducer element. The species are independent or distinct because Species II discloses an additional linear side scan transducer element. In addition, these species are not obvious variants of each other based on the current record.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species, or a single grouping of patentably indistinct species, for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable.

There is a search and/or examination burden for the patentably distinct species as set forth above because at least the following reason(s) apply:

Species I and II require different fields of search based on the additional linear transducer element described in new claims for purposes of sidescanning.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete <u>must</u> include (i) an election of a species or a grouping of patentably indistinct species to be examined even though the requirement <u>may</u> be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected species or grouping of patentably indistinct species, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

The election may be made with or without traverse. To preserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the election of species requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected species or grouping of patentably indistinct species.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species, or groupings of patentably indistinct species from which election is required, are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing them to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the species unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other species.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141.

2. Newly submitted claims 126, 132-133, and 135-137 are directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: The new species describes an additional linear transducer element for purposes of sidescanning

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, **claims 126, 132-133, and 135-137 are withdrawn from consideration** as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 57, 60-61, 63, 65, 68-71, 76, 78-80, 86, 89-93, 100-104, 107-108, 110-113, 119, 121, 125, 127-128, and 134 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada (5,805,528) in view of Imagenex (Sonar Theory and Applications – Model 855)

Applications – Model 855).5. Regarding Claim 57. Hamada teach

5. Regarding Claim 57, Hamada teaches a transducer assembly comprising: a housing mountable to a watercraft ... [Abstract] a linear transducer element positioned within the housing, the linear transducer element having a substantially rectangular shape configured to produce a fan-shaped sonar beam having a relatively narrow beam width in a direction parallel to longitudinal length of the linear transducer element ... [Fig. 9 & 10] wherein the linear transducer element is positioned within the housing to project sonar pulses in a direction substantially perpendicular to a plane corresponding to the surface [Col. 8 Lines 10-20]. Hamada does not explicitly teach a linear transducer element being positioned with the longitudinal length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing. Imagenex teaches a linear transducer element being positioned with thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft di

mountable to a watercraft aligned longitudinally fore-to-aft in order to get a clear image of the area below and to each side of the watercraft.

Regarding Claim 76, Hamada teaches a sonar system comprising: a linear transducer element positioned within a housing that is mountable to a watercraft ... [Abstract] the linear transducer element having a substantially rectangular shape configured to produce a fan-shaped sonar beam having a relatively narrow beam width in a direction parallel to longitudinal length of the linear transducer element ... [Fig. 9 & 10] wherein the linear transducer element is positioned within the housing to project sonar pulses in a direction substantially perpendicular to a plane corresponding to the surface of a body of water [Col. 8 Lines 10-20], a sonar module configured to enable operable communication ... [Fig. 17] including a sonar signal processor ... and at least one transceiver... [5 of Fig. 17]. Hamada does not explicitly teach a linear transducer element being positioned with the longitudinal length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing. Imagenex teaches a linear transducer element being positioned with the longitudinal length thereof extending in a fore-to-aft direction in the housing [Fig. 1a]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada with a housing mountable to a watercraft aligned longitudinally fore-to-aft in order to get a clear image of the area below and to each side of the watercraft.

Regarding Claim 134, Hamada teaches a sonar imaging apparatus comprising: a housing mountable to a watercraft ... [Abstract], a linear transducer element positioned within the housing, the linear transducer element being configured to produce a sonar beam having a longitudinal beamwidth in a direction parallel to a longitudinal length ...

[Fig. 9], wherein the transverse beamwidth of the sonar beam is sufficiently wide in relation to a direction in which the linear transducer element is aimed such that the transverse beamwidth spans from a port side [Fig. 10, Col 8 Lines 10-20]. Hamada does not explicitly teach a longitudinal length of the linear transducer element is parallel to said center plane. Imagenex teaches teach a longitudinal length of the linear transducer element is parallel to modify the apparatus of Hamada with a housing mountable to a watercraft aligned longitudinally parallel to a center plane in order to get a clear image of the area below and to each side of the watercraft.

Regarding Claim 60, Hamada does not teach a beam width of a linear transducer element is about 0.8 degrees by about 32 degrees or about 1.4 degrees by about 56 degrees. Imagenex teaches a beam width of a linear transducer element is about 0.8 degrees by about 32 degrees or about 1.4 degrees by about 56 degrees [Fig. 1a]. It would have been obvious to modify the assembly of Hamada to produce a wide, thin beam to cover a large area while also producing higher resolution sonar images.

Regarding Claim 61, Hamada also teaches communicating with a single transceiver [5 of Fig. 17].

Regarding Claims 63 and 86, Hamada also teaches a fan-shaped beam extending from one side of the watercraft to an opposite side of the watercraft [Fig. 9 & 10].

Regarding Claim 65, Hamada does not explicitly teach a beam width in the direction parallel to a longitudinal length of the linear transducer element is less than

about five percent as large as the beam width of the sonar beam in the direction perpendicular to the longitudinal length of the linear transducer element. Imagenex teaches a beam width in the direction parallel to a longitudinal length of the linear transducer element is less than about five percent as large ... [Fig. 1a]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Nishimori to include a narrow beam in one direction to increase resolution of successive 2-D images.

Regarding Claims 68-70, 89-91 and 93, Hamada also teaches images of sonar data corresponding to data received via the linear transducer element representing bottom data, depth, data water column data, or data below the linear transducer element [Col. 8, Lines 10-20, 45-60].

Regarding Claims 71 and 92, Hamada also teaches sonar data images of two or more of ... [Col. 8, Lines 10-20, 45-60].

Regarding Claim 78, Hamada inherently teaches a sonar module is provided within a separate housing [Fig. 17, Col. 3, Lines 1-15]. Putting a sonar module (processor and communications link) in a separate housing is common in the art of sonar imaging as the sensors are submerged in the water, while the processor is above water and is being used by an operator.

Regarding Claim 79, Hamada also teaches at least one visual display ... [19 of Fig. 17].

Regarding Claim 80, Hamada inherently teaches a display and the sonar module are in the same housing [Fig. 17, Col. 3 Lines 1-15]. It is common in the art to combine the sonar module (processor and communications) and display in the same housing as

to make the system portable, with a wired or wireless link between the sonar module and submerged sensors so the user can operate the system in real-time.

Regarding Claims 100 and 101, Hamada also teaches a linear transducer element is configured to emit sonar pulses as well to receive echo returns ... [3, 4, 5 of Fig. 17].

Regarding Claims 102, 111, and 112, Hamada inherently teaches a housing (containing the linear transducer element) is mounted to a watercraft, or on an intermediate structure mounted to a water craft [Abstract, Fig. 9]. It is common in the art to mount a sonar receiver on the side or underneath a watercraft directly or indirectly as the beams need to be created in the water for correct use and data collection. An intermediate structure might reduce damage to the watercraft, sensor, or make attachment and removal of the sensor element easier.

Regarding Claim 103, Hamada also teaches a linear transducer element is configured to produce a generally planar fan-shaped beam [Fig. 9 & 10].

Regarding Claim 104, Hamada also teaches a display in communication with the sonar module [19 of Fig. 17].

Regarding Claim 107, Hamada also teaches a user interface in communication ... [Col. 7 Lines 40-50].

Regarding Claim 108, Hamada inherently teaches a display, sonar signal processor and user interface are all contained in a single housing [Abstract, Fig. 17]. It is common in the art to provide a personal computer or laptop with all three features that can easily be connected to the sonar sensors for easier operator use.

Regarding Claim 110, Hamada inherently teaches a linear transducer element, transceiver, and display respectively comprise at least two separate modules [Abstract, Col. 3 Lines 1-15]. It is common in the art to have at least one separate housing for nonsubmerged electronics (display, transceiver) to allow the operator easier use without having to worry about water damage to certain electronic elements.

Regarding Claim 113, Hamada also teaches a sonar signal processor is further configured to implement signal processing or enhancement to improve display characteristics [Col. 8 Lines 30-40].

Regarding Claim 119, Hamada also teaches a sonar signal processor is configured to implement a notice or alarm ... [Col. 8 Lines 45-55].

Regarding Claim 121, Hamada also teaches a processor, in combination with a memory, stores incoming transducer data ... [Col. 8 Lines 45-60].

Regarding Claim 125, Hamada inherently teaches a housing containing the linear transducer element is mounted on an accessory on the watercraft enabling the fanshaped beam to assume various orientations [Fig. 9 & 10].

Regarding Claim 127, Hamada teaches indicating a position of the watercraft on the display [Col. 8 Lines 20-30].

Regarding Claim 128, Hamada also teaches indicating water depth on the display [Col. 8 Lines 10-20].

6. Claim 62 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada (5,805,528) in view of Imagenex (Sonar Theory and Applications – Model

855) as applied to claim 57 above, and further in view of Blue (5,850,372) and Bird (4,774,837).

7. Regarding Claim 62, Hamada does not teach a length of a rectangular face of the linear transducer element is about 120 mm and a width of the rectangular face of the linear transducer element is about 3 mm. Blue [Col 6, Lines 1-5] and Bird [Col 2. Lines 40-60] teach a length of a rectangular face of the linear transducer element is about 120 mm and a width of the rectangular face of the linear transducer element is about 3 mm. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to make a specific size transducer to produce a beam for desired applications and also to eliminate unnecessary costs.

8. Claims 64, 77 and 105 and 124 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada (5,805,528) in view of Imagenex (Sonar Theory and Applications – Model 855) as applied to claims 57, 76 and 104 above, and further in view of Thompson (7,542,376).

9. Regarding Claims 64 and 124, Hamada does not teach a housing (containing the linear transducer element) has a streamlined shape(profile). Thompson teaches a housing has a streamlined shape [Col. 2, Lines 35-55]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include a streamlined housing in order to protect the sensors from being damaged.

Regarding Claims 77 and 105, Hamada does not explicitly teach an Ethernet hub ... or communication via a network. Thompson teaches an Ethernet Hub ... or

communication via a network [Col. 6, Lines 10-15]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include an Ethernet hub to allow multiple users to analyze the sonar data and images, or to increase the speed of data transfer.

10. Claims 58, 66-67, 81, 83 and 88 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada (5,805,528) in view of Imagenex (Sonar Theory and Applications – Model 855) as applied to claims 57 and 76 above, and further in view of Zimmerman (2007/0025183).

11. Regarding Claims 58 and 83, Hamada does not explicitly teach a linear transducer element is configured to operate at a selected one of at least two selectable operating frequencies. Zimmerman teaches a linear transducer element is configured to operate at a selected one of at least two selectable operating frequencies [0003]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to be able to detect different types of objects effectively.

Regarding Claims 66, 67 and 88, Hamada does not explicitly teach images corresponding to data received via the linear transducer provide data regarding bottom features over less than fifty (or twenty) percent of a display screen when displayed. Zimmerman teaches images corresponding to data received via the linear transducer provide data regarding bottom features over less than fifty (or twenty) percent of a display screen when displayed [Claim 9]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include display of images on less than fifty or twenty percent of a

display screen to be able to see multiple images at one time, or to analyze a time series of data.

Regarding Claim 81, Hamada does not explicitly teach at least one display of the plurality of displays is enabled to simultaneously provide different images... Zimmerman teaches at least one display of the plurality of displays is enabled to simultaneously provide different images... [Claim 9]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include display of different images simultaneously to be able to see multiple images at one time, or to analyze a time series of data.

12. Claims 98-99, 106, 109, 114-118, 120, 122-123 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada (5,805,528) in view of Imagenex (Sonar Theory and Applications – Model 855) as applied to claims 76 and 104 above, and further in view of Matrix 97 GPS Trackplotter (Operations Manual).

Regarding Claims 98 and 114-117, Hamada does not explicitly teach data from at least one of the group of radar, GPS, digital mapping, time and temperature, or waypoint designations. Matrix 97 GPS teaches data from at least one of the group of radar, GPS, digital mapping, , time and temperature [Page 4]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include data from at least one of those resources to improve location tracking of desired underwater targets.

Regarding Claim 99, Hamada does not explicitly teach display of the data is in a user-selectable format. Matrix 97 GPS teaches display of the data is in a user-selectable format [Page 66]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of

Hamada to include a user selectable display format screen to be able to see multiple images at one time, or to analyze a time series of data.

Regarding Claim 106, Hamada does not explicitly teach at least one additional display... Matrix 97 GPS teaches at least one additional display [Page 27]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada for expansion bus options for computer electronics or sensors to include additional displays to view multiple images at the same time.

Regarding Claim 109, Hamada does not explicitly teach a user interface is part of the display. Matrix 97 GPS teaches teach a user interface is part of the display [Page 24]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include a combined user interface/display to reduce size and make the unit more portable.

Regarding Claims 118 and 120, Hamada does not explicitly teach a sonar signal processor is further configured to implement a notice or alarm regarding depth or proximity of other watercraft. Matrix 97 GPS teaches a sonar signal processor is further configured to implement a notice or alarm regarding depth or proximity of other watercraft [Page 46-49]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include notification of depth or watercraft proximity to let the user know of a possible collision for damage to the watercraft or sensor.

Regarding Claim 122, Hamada does not explicitly teach performing additional processing to implement zoom. Matrix 97 GPS teaches performing additional processing to implement zoom [Page 34]. It would have been obvious to modify the

system of Hamada to include zoom in order to provide the user with more details in the image.

Regarding Claim 123, Hamada does not explicitly teach additional processing to correlate sonar to GPS data. Matrix 97 GPS teaches teach additional processing to correlate sonar to GPS data [Page 18]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include additional processing for sonar and GPS to provide the user with a more detailed map of routes, points, and features.

13. Claims 59 and 84 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada (5,805,528) in view of Imagenex (Sonar Theory and Applications – Model 855), and Zimmerman (2007/0025183), as applied to claims 58 and 83 above, and further in view of Richard (4,538,249) and Adams (5,184,330).

14. Regarding Claim 59, Hamada does not explicitly teach selectable operating frequencies include about 455 kHz and 800 KHz. Zimmerman [0003], Adams [Col. 5, Lines 1-5], and Richard [Col. 8, Lines 45-60] teach selectable operating frequencies include about 455 kHz and 800 KHz. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Nishimori to include specific frequencies depending on the types of objects being tracked by the sonar in the water.

15. Claim 82 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada (5,805,528) in view of Imagenex (Sonar Theory and Applications – Model 855) as applied to claim 76 above, and further in view of Wilcox (5,142,502).

16. Regarding Claim 82, Hamada does not explicitly teach configuration settings defining a predefined set of display images ... Wilcox teaches configuration settings defining a predefined set of display images ... [Col. 3, Lines 50-70]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include configuration settings to allow the user to compare different sonar images taken during different surveys.

17. Claim 72, 75, 94, 97, 129-131 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada (5,805,528) in view of Imagenex (Sonar Theory and Applications – Model 855) as applied to claims 57 and 76 above, and further in view of Betts (2006/0023570).

18. Regarding Claims 72 and 94, Hamada does not explicitly teach a circular transducer element ... Betts also teaches a circular transducer element ... [0031]. It would have been obvious to modify the assembly and system of Hamada to include a circular transducer element in order to display sonar images with accurate scale and depth information.

Regarding Claims 75 and 97, Hamada does not explicitly teach sonar signal returns from the circular transducer element and linear transducer element provide generally simultaneous data Betts teaches sonar signal returns from the circular transducer element and linear transducer element provide generally simultaneous data [0049-0051]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include generally simultaneous data display to provide the user with a complete, real-time sonar image.

Regarding Claim 129, Hamada does not explicitly teach a second transducer ...wherein the system is configured to indicate on the display an intensity of a return echo received ... Betts teaches a second transducer ...[72 of Fig. 1] wherein the system is configured to indicate on the display an intensity of a return echo received ... [0048]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include a second transducer ...wherein the system is configured to indicate on the display an intensity of a return echo received ... [0048].

Regarding Claim 130, Hamada does not explicitly teach a linear transducer element and the second transducer are both contained in the same housing. Betts teaches a linear transducer element and the second transducer are both contained in the same housing [Fig .1]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include a housing for both transducers to reduce cost, save space, and prevent unnecessary damage.

Regarding Claim 131, Hamada does not explicitly teach a linear transducer element and the second transducer operate at different respective frequencies. Betts teaches a linear transducer element and the second transducer operate at different respective frequencies [0053]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include operation of different transducers at different frequencies to provide the user with a complete, real-time sonar image.

19. Claim 73-74 and 95-96 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada (5,805,528) in view of Imagenex (Sonar Theory and

Applications – Model 855) and Betts (2006/0023570) as applied to claims 72 and 94 above, and further in view of Fatemi-Booshehri (5,991,239).

20. Regarding Claims 73 and 95, Hamada does not explicitly teach linear and circular transducer elements are in the same housing or that the circular transducer element produces a conical downscan beam from within the same housing. Fatemi-Booshehri teaches ... elements are in the same housing or that the circular transducer element produces a conical downscan beam from within the same housing [Col. 4, Lines 60-70]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include putting both transducers in the same housing to reduce material cost.

Regarding Claims 74 and 96, Hamada does not teach linear transducer and circular transducer elements are positioned to project fan-shaped and conical sonar beams ... to sonify areas of the bottom that at least partially overlap. Fatemi-Booshehri teaches linear transducer and circular transducer elements are positioned to project fan-shaped and conical sonar beams ... to sonify areas of the bottom that at least partially overlap. Fatemi-Booshehri teaches linear transducer and circular transducer elements are positioned to project fan-shaped and conical sonar beams ... to sonify areas of the bottom that at least partially overlap [Abstract]. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Hamada to include overlapping circular and linear transducer beams to improve sonar image resolution.

Response to Arguments

21. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 57-99 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

22. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. HUMMINBIRD – Fish Wide Open (IDS Citation #228) teaches direct and indirect mounting methods, and accessories/structures for mounting the sonar.

23. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JAMES HULKA whose telephone number is (571)270-7553. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Thursday 7:30am-5pm, Every 2nd Friday, 7:30am - 4pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas Tarcza can be reached on 571-272-6979. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/J. H./ Examiner, Art Unit 3662

/Thomas H. Tarcza/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3662

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| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE | | | | First Named Inventor | Brian T. Maguire | |
| STATE | STATEMENT BY APPLICANT | | | Art Unit | 3662 | |
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