RUSS AUGUST & KABAT 1 Marc A. Fenster, State Bar No. 181067 Bruce D. Kuyper, State Bar No. 144969 Andrew D. Weiss, State Bar No. 232974 12424 Wilshire Boulevard, 12th Floor Los Angeles, California 90025 2 3 Tel: (310) 826-7474 Fax: (310) 826-6991 4 Email: mfenster@raklaw.com 5 Email: bkuyper@raklaw.com Email: aweiss@raklaw.com 6 Attorneys for Proxyconn, Inc. 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 9 SOUTHERN DIVISION 10 11 Russ, August & Kabat Case No. SA CV 11 -1681-DOC(JPRx) 12 PROXYCONN, INC., 13 Plaintiff CONSOLIDATED 14 SECOND AMENDED VS. CONSOLIDATED COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT 15 MICROSOFT CORPORATION; HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY; ACER AMERICA CORPORATION; 16 JURY TRIAL DEMANDED and DELL INC., 17 18 Defendants. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 **MICROSOFT** 26 **EXHIBIT 1012** 27 28

Case 8:11-cv-01681-DOC-JPR Document 77 Filed 07/16/12 Page 1 of 52 Page ID #:779



Plaintiff Proxyconn, Inc. ("Proxyconn") alleges as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Proxyconn is a California corporation with its principal place of business located at 3211 S. Shannon Street, Santa Ana, California 92704.
- 2. Defendant Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft") is a Washington corporation with its principal place of business at One Microsoft Way, Redmond, Washington 98052. Microsoft has appointed Corporation Service Company, 2730 Gateway Oaks Drive, Suite 100, Sacramento, California 95833, as its agent for service of process.
- 3. Defendant Hewlett-Packard Company ("HP") is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at 3000 Hanover Street, Palo Alto, California 94304. HP has appointed CT Corporation System, 818 W. Seventh Street, Los Angeles, California 90017, as its agent for service of process.
- 4. Defendant Acer America Corporation ("Acer") is a California corporation with its principal place of business at 333 West San Carlos Street, Suite 1500, San Jose, California 95110. Acer has appointed C T Corporation System, 818 West 7th Street, Los Angeles, California 90017, as its agent for service of process.
- 5. Defendant Dell Inc. ("Dell") is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at 1 Dell Way, Round Rock, Texas 78682. Dell has appointed Corporation Service Company, 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, Wilmington, Delaware 19808, as its agent for service of process.
- 6. Microsoft, HP, Acer and Dell shall be referred to collectively as "Defendants."

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

7. This action arises under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code. Accordingly, this Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).



- 8. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 (b)-(d) and 1400(b) because each defendant is subject to personal jurisdiction in this District, has committed acts of patent infringement in this District, or has a regular and established place of business in this District.
- 9. Joinder is appropriate in this case pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §299. On information and belief, Microsoft has agreed to indemnify and defend HP, Acer and Dell because of the relation of Proxyconn's claims to Microsoft's products. Defendants have agreed to the consolidation of the pending actions filed by Proxyconn against Defendants.¹

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 10. Proxyconn was founded in 2001 in Santa Ana, California. It remains based in Santa Ana today.
- 11. Proxyconn was started to address the problem of demands by users of networks, such as the Internet, to instantly receive content over the network. While other solutions simply relied on increasing available bandwidth, Proxyconn sought a more intelligent solution that could be used with existing technology and bandwidth.
- 12. As a result, Proxyconn created a technology that used existing technological limitations while making the use of networks effectively many times faster than previously possible. Proxyconn filed a patent application on its novel technology. As a result of that patent application, Proxyconn was awarded United States Patent No. 6,757,717 ("the '717 patent").
- 13. Proxyconn's technology and method were used by hundreds of ISPs and hundreds of thousands of users in the United States and throughout the world, and is still being used.

¹The actions consolidated into this one are: *Proxyconn, Inc. v. Hewlett-Packard Company*, Case No. SA CV 11-1682-DOC, *Proxyconn, Inc. v. Dell Inc.*, Case No. SA CV 11-1683-DOC, *Proxyconn, Inc. v. Acer America Corporation*, Case No. SA CV 11-1684-DOC and *Proxyconn*,



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14. Proxyconn is the owner by assignment of the '717 patent. The '717 patent is entitled "System and Method for Data Access." The '717 patent issued on June 29, 2004. A true and correct copy of the '717 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

COUNT I

(Infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,757,717 Against Microsoft)

Microsoft has been and still is directly (literally and under the doctrine 15. of equivalents) infringing at least claims 1, 10, 11 and 22 of the '717 patent, literally and under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, selling, offering to sell, or importing, without license or authority, software that creates, transmits, receives, or compares digital digests on data, including, but not limited to, its use of Remote Differential Compression ("RDC") technology in at least its Windows Server 2003 R2, Windows Server 2008, Windows Small Business Server 2003, Windows Small Business Server 2008, Windows Small Business Server 2011, Windows XP with Service Pack 3, Windows Vista, and Windows 7 operating systems. For example, on information and belief, Microsoft uses its Distributed File System ("DFS") Replication product, which uses RDC, on its servers. See http://msdn.microsoft.com/enus/library/windows/desktop/bb540025%28v=vs.85%29.aspx. Attached as Exhibit B to this complaint is an exemplary chart illustrating how Microsoft's making, using, selling, offering to sell, or importing, without license or authority, DFS Replication and RDC infringes claims 1, 10, 11 and 22 of the '717 patent.

16. Microsoft has been and still is indirectly infringing, by way of inducing infringement by others of the '717 patent, by, among other things, making, using, importing, offering for sale, and/or selling, without license or authority, software for use in systems that thereby fall within the scope of at least claims 1, 10, 11 and 22 of the '717 patent. Such software includes, but is not limited to, the Remote Differential Compression ("RDC") technology used in at



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least its Windows Server 2003 R2, Windows Server 2008, Windows Small Business Server 2003, Windows Small Business Server 2008, Windows Small Business Server 2011, Windows XP with Service Pack 3, Windows Vista, and Windows 7 operating systems. This software is used in infringing computer systems made, used, imported, offered for sale, and/or sold by direct infringers of the '717 patent in the United States, such as computer manufacturers (for example, HP, Dell and Acer) and end-users (for example, customers that purchase Microsoft's software and use it in their computer systems). The systems using Microsoft's software include a sender computer and a receiver computer communicating through a network, with each computer equipped with a method for creating digital digests on data and the receiving computer including a means for comparing digital digests. Microsoft induces others to directly infringe by inducing or encouraging the use of its infringing RDC technology. See, e.g., http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc754372.aspx and http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-

us/library/windows/desktop/aa372963%28v=VS.85%29.aspx. Since least November 3, 2011, when the original complaint in Proxyconn, Inc. v. Microsoft Corp. et al., Case No. 11-cv-1681-DOC was filed, Microsoft has had knowledge of the '717 patent and, by continuing the actions described above, has had the specific intent to, or were willfully blind to the fact that its actions would, induce infringement of the '717 patent. See, e.g., http://technet.microsoft.com/enus/library/cc754372.aspx http://msdn.microsoft.com/enand us/library/windows/desktop/aa372963%28v=VS.85%29.aspx. Indeed, Microsoft has been aware of Proxyconn and its products since at least the summer of 2003, when Microsoft reviewed Proxyconn's technology. On information and belief, as a result of its awareness of Proxyconn and its technology, Microsoft has been aware of the patent since it issued on June 29, 2004. Thus, by making, using, importing, offering for sale, and/or selling such software, Microsoft has injured Proxyconn



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