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Information Disclosure Statements (PTO-1449), Pa Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for I		niner's Amendment/Comment niner's Statement of Reasons for Alle	owance
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Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	RAND RE- 12 (2010)	e of Informal Patent Application (PT	
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Identifying indicia such as the application number (see of each sheet. The drawings should be filed as a sepa	e 37 CFR 1.84(c)) should be written o rate paper with a transmittal letter ac	n the drawings in the top margin (not ddressed to the Official Draftsperson.	the back)
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3	Calvin L Hewitt II	2161	
Notice of Allowability	09/164,777 Examiner	Art Unit	
		MULLOR ET AL.	
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	

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ALARM

Application/Control Number: 09/164,777 Art Unit: 2161

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#### Status of Claims

Claims 1-10, 13, and 16-23 have been examined.

#### Examiner's Amendment

2. An examiner's amendment to the record appears below. Should the changes and/or additions be unacceptable to applicant, an amendment may be filed as provided by 37 CFR 1.312. To ensure consideration of such an amendment, it MUST be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee. Authorization for this examiner's amendment was given in a telephone interview with Jeffri Kaminski on 19 February 2002.

The application has been amended as follows:

In claim 1, line 2, replace "(BIOS)" with BIOS.

In claim 1, line 3, replace "... computer, \_ and" with "... computer, and" Un claim 201 "using an agent to perform the following steps" [has been] inserted in line 6, as the second limitation after "loading the application... and before "extracting license information...", detailing that the steps of



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"encrypting...", "storing...", and "subsequently verifying..." are performed by the agent. This **does not** apply, however, to the "acting..." limitation.

#### **Reasons for Allowance**

Claims 1-10, 13, and 16-19 have been allowed. The instant application teaches a method for restricting software use by storing a verification structure in a computer BIOS.

It is well known to those of ordinary skill in the art of software licensing to monitor the use of software using special code that enforces the preferences of the software provider (e.g. creator, distributor, or service provider), or provider and end-user, by restricting the manner in which an end-user can manipulate (e.g. print, save, redistribute, customize) the software. For example, Ginter et al. (US 5,892,900) implement their software distribution system by dynamically linking a verification structure, such as a PERC or permission record, to software content that dynamically control how the software, and its associated administrative data, may be distributed and used (column 155, lines 46-51). Misra et al. (US 6,189,146) disclose a method for licensing software that uses agents to manage software licenses, and stores the licenses in persistent non-volatile storage (column 12, lines 8-31). Neither reference teaches utilizing BIOS

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as the non-volatile means for storing a licensed software verification structure. Ewertz et al. (US 5,479,639) teach the use of BIOS memory for storing licensing numbers. Hence, it appears initially, that to one of ordinary skill of the art, the combination of Ewertz et al. with either Ginter et al. and/or Misra et al., would render the present invention obvious. However, the key distinction between the present invention and the closest prior art, is that the Misra et al., and Ginter et al. systems and the Ewertz et al. system run at the operating system level and BIOS level, respectively. More specifically, the closest prior art systems, singly or collectively, do not teach licensed programs running at the OS level interacting with a program verification structure stored in the BIOS to verify the program using the verification structure and having a user act on the program according to the verification. Further, it is well known to those of ordinary skill of the art that a computer BIOS is not setup to manage a software license verification structure. The present invention overcomes this difficulty by using an agent to set up a verification structure in the erasable, non-volatile memory of the BIOS.

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Claims 20-23 have been allowed. The instant application teaches a method for restricting software use by storing license information in a computer BIOS.

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## Application/Control Number: 09/164,777 Art Unit: 2161

Ginter et al. (US 5,892,900) implement their software distribution system by encrypting (column/line 65/55-66/47) software control information (e.g. PERC) and linking control information, to software content that dynamically manages how the software, and its associated administrative data, may be distributed and used (column 155, lines 46-51). Misra et al. (US 6,189,146) disclose a method for licensing software that stores licenses in persistent non-volatile storage (column 12, lines 8-31). Neither reference teaches utilizing BIOS as the nonvolatile means for storing licensing data. Ewertz et al. (US 5,479,639) teach the use of BIOS memory for storing licensing numbers. Hence, it appears initially, that to one of ordinary skill of the art, the combination of Ewertz et al. with either Ginter et al. and/or Misra et al., would render the present invention obvious. However, a key distinction between the present invention and the closest prior art, is that the Misra et al., and Ginter et al. systems and the Ewertz et al. system run at the operating system level and BIOS level, respectively. More specifically, the closest prior art systems, singly or collectively, do not teach extracting licensing information from a software program, encrypting the information and storing it in the BIOS. Further, it is well known to those of ordinary skill of the art that a computer BIOS is not setup to store license information. The present invention overcomes this difficulty by utilizing an agent to verify the application software program using the license information stored in the erasable, writable, non-volatile memory of the BIOS.

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