Paper No. 13 Filed: May 11, 2015

## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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## BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

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INFORMATICA CORPORATION, Petitioner,

v.

PROTEGRITY CORPORATION, Patent Owner.

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CBM2015-00010 Patent 8,402,281 B2

Before KEVIN F. TURNER, MEREDITH C. PETRAVICK, and GREGG I. ANDERSON, *Administrative Patent Judges*.

PETRAVICK, Administrative Patent Judge.

DECISION
Institution of Covered Business Method Patent Review
37 C.F.R. § 42.308

### I. INTRODUCTION

A. Background

On October 14, 2014, Informatica Corporation ("Petitioner") filed a Petition (Paper 1, "Pet.") requesting a review under the transitional program for covered business method patents of U.S. Patent No. 8,402,281 B2 (Ex. 1001, "the '281 patent"). On February 13, 2015, Protegrity Corporation



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("Patent Owner") filed a Preliminary Response (Paper 6, "Prelim. Resp."). We have jurisdiction under 35 U.S.C. § 324.

The standard for instituting a covered business method patent review is set forth in 35 U.S.C. § 324(a), which provides as follows:

THRESHOLD.—The Director may not authorize a post-grant review to be instituted unless the Director determines that the information presented in the petition filed under section 321, if such information is not rebutted, would demonstrate that it is more likely than not that at least 1 of the claims challenged in the petition is unpatentable.

Petitioner challenges the patentability of claims 1–60 ("the challenged claims") of the '281 patent under 35 U.S.C. §§ 101, 102, and 103. Taking into account Patent Owner's Preliminary Response, we determine that the Petition demonstrates that it is more likely than not that at least one of the challenged claims is unpatentable. Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 324, we institute a covered business method patent review of all of the challenged claims of the '281 patent.

#### B. Related Matters

Petitioner identifies *Protegrity Corporation v. Informatica Corporation*, No. 3:14-cv-02588 (N.D. Cal.) as a related district court proceeding. Pet. 8; Paper 4, 3. Patent Owner identifies numerous other related district court matters that would be affected by a decision in this proceeding. *See* Paper 4, 3–5.

The '281 patent was the subject of terminated proceedings CBM2014-00024 and CBM2014-00121. Those proceedings terminated due to settlement between the parties. The '281 patent is also the subject of pending proceedings CBM2015-00006 and CBM2014-00182.



The '281 patent is a continuation of U.S. Patent No. 6,321,201 B1 (Ex. 1009, "the '201 patent"). The '201 patent is the subject of pending proceedings CBM2015-00002, CBM2015-00014, and CBM2015-00030. The '201 patent was also the subject of Reexamination No. 90/011,364, with some originally issued claims confirmed, some cancelled, one claim amended, and several claims added.

### C. The '281 Patent

The '281 patent, titled "Data Security System for a Database," issued on March 19, 2013, based on Application No. 12/916,274, filed on October 29, 2010. Ex. 1001, 1. The '281 patent claims priority through a chain of continuation applications to the '201 patent, filed on June 18, 1997. *Id*.

The '281 patent is concerned with protecting data against unauthorized access. *Id.* at col. 2, ll. 30–33. The '281 patent states that "in . . . fields, such as industry, defen[s]e, banking, insurance, etc[.], improved protection is desired against unauthori[z]ed access to the tools, databases, applications[,] etc.[,] that are used for administration and storing of sensitive information." *Id.* at col. 1, ll. 35–39. Figure 4 is reproduced below.



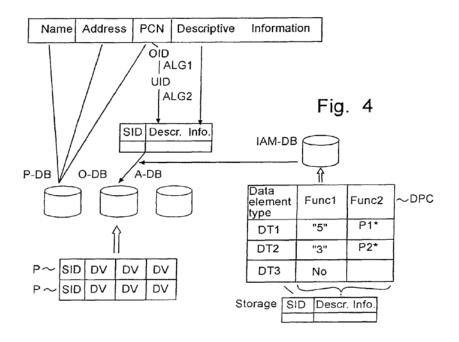


Figure 4 depicts the '281 patent's system

The system shown in Figure 4 includes an operative database (O-DB) and another database, IAM-DB. O-DB database contains data element values DV that are to be protected. *Id.* at col. 5, ll. 62–67. IAM-DB database contains a data protection catalogue (DPC), which stores protection attributes (e.g., P1\*) for data element types (e.g., DT1) that are associated with data element values DV. *Id.* at col. 6, ll. 6–11. The protection attributes state rules for processing the corresponding data element values DV. *Id.* at col. 3, ll. 58–59. For example, a protection attribute indicates the degree to which data element value DV is encrypted (*id.* at col. 7, l. 66–col. 8, l. 3) or indicates that only accepted, or certified, programs are allowed to process data element value DV (*id.* at col. 9, ll. 26–33). *See id.* at col. 4, l. 51–col. 5, l. 6. When a user initiates an attempt to process a certain data element value DV, a compelling calling is created to data protection catalogue DPC to obtain the protection attributes associated with the data element type for data element value DV. *Id.* at col. 2, l. 65–col. 3, l. 4. The



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processing of data element value DV is then controlled in conformity with the protection attributes. *Id.* at col. 3, ll. 3–5; *see id.* at col. 3, l. 61–col. 4, l.

6. Thus, the individual data element or data element type becomes the controlling unit for determining the level of protection. *Id.* at col. 4, ll. 42–47.

Claims 1 and 33 of the '281 patent are illustrative of the claims at issue and read as follows:

1. A computer-implemented data processing method comprising:

maintaining a database comprising a plurality of data portions;

maintaining a separate data protection table comprising, for each of one or more data portions, a plurality of data processing rules associated with the data portion that must each be satisfied before the data portion can be accessed;

receiving a request to access a data portion;

determining whether each of the one or more data processing rules associated with the requested data portion are satisfied; and

granting access to the requested data portion responsive to each of the one or more data processing rules associated with the requested data portion being satisfied.

33. A computer-implemented data processing method comprising:

maintaining a database comprising a plurality of data portions, each data portion associated with a data category;

maintaining a separate data protection table comprising, for at least one data category, one or more data processing rules associated with the data category that must each be satisfied before a data portion associated with the data category can be accessed;



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