Paper No. ____ Filed: July 5, 2016

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD
TRADESTATION GROUP, INC.; TRADESTATION SECURITIES, INC.
TRADESTATION TECHNOLOGIES, INC.; IBFX, INC.; IBG LLC; AND

Petitioners

INTERACTIVE BROKERS LLC;

v.

TRADING TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL, INC.

Patent Owner

Case CBM2016-00051 U.S. Patent 7,904,374

PATENT OWNER'S PRELIMINARY RESPONSE



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I. INTRODUCTION

Trading Technologies International, Inc. ("TT")—an operating company headquartered in Chicago—owes its initial (and most substantial) capital investment to its patent portfolio. TradeStation and Interactive Brokers, both market place competitors of TT, have filed fifteen CBM petitions against TT's patent portfolio. Of those fifteen petitions, eight have been instituted and seven are pending institution decision.

In preparing this paper, TT reviewed the prior institution decisions and has attempted to specifically respond on the merits to preliminary viewpoints and conclusions set forth in the PTAB's institution decisions and rehearing denials to the extent relevant here—even if those arguments were not addressed by the Petitioners.

While some of the high-level arguments (e.g., a specific graphical user interface ("GUI") tool is not a CBM and is eligible under §101) have been presented previously, this paper provides a more detailed response to the Board's previous conclusions and reasoning. In fact, in some instances, after reviewing the previous institution decisions and TT's prior arguments, TT recognizes that its previous arguments may not have addressed the preliminary conclusions which were based on giving substantial benefit of the doubt to Petitioners' allegations.



This paper attempts to crystalize TT's arguments and positions and shed new light on these arguments. This paper also addresses new developments in the case law.

With respect to Petitioners' CBM and § 101 allegations, ¹ TT addresses

Petitioners' mistaken focus on the claimed invention's ability to be performed on a general purpose or conventional computer. The Federal Circuit, in *Enfish, LLC v*. *Microsoft Corp.*, recently made clear that this is the wrong focus for determining what claims are "directed to." 2016 WL 2756255 (Fed. Cir. 2016). Instead, the Federal Circuit instructs that the proper focus is on what the specification purports the invention or improvement to be. The Federal Circuit also made clear that "an inventive concept can be found in the non-conventional and non-generic arrangement of known, conventional pieces." *Bascom Glob. Internet Servs., Inc. v. AT&T Mobility LLC*, 2016 WL 3514158, at *6 (Fed. Cir. 2016).



¹ Petitioners provide several proposed claim constructions, none of which are pertinent to the allegations in the Petition. Accordingly, while TT does not necessarily agree with the proposed constructions, it does not address claim construction in this paper.

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