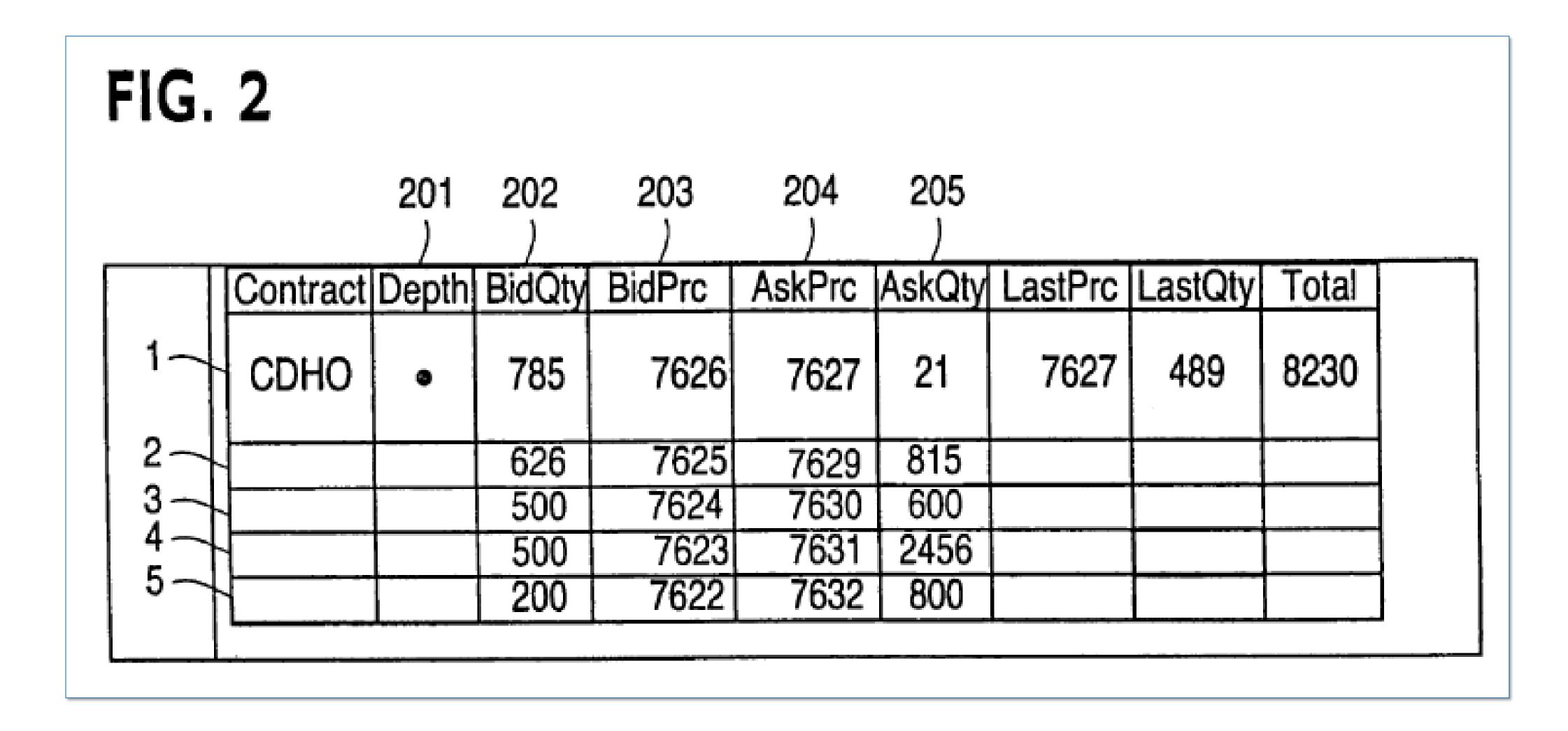
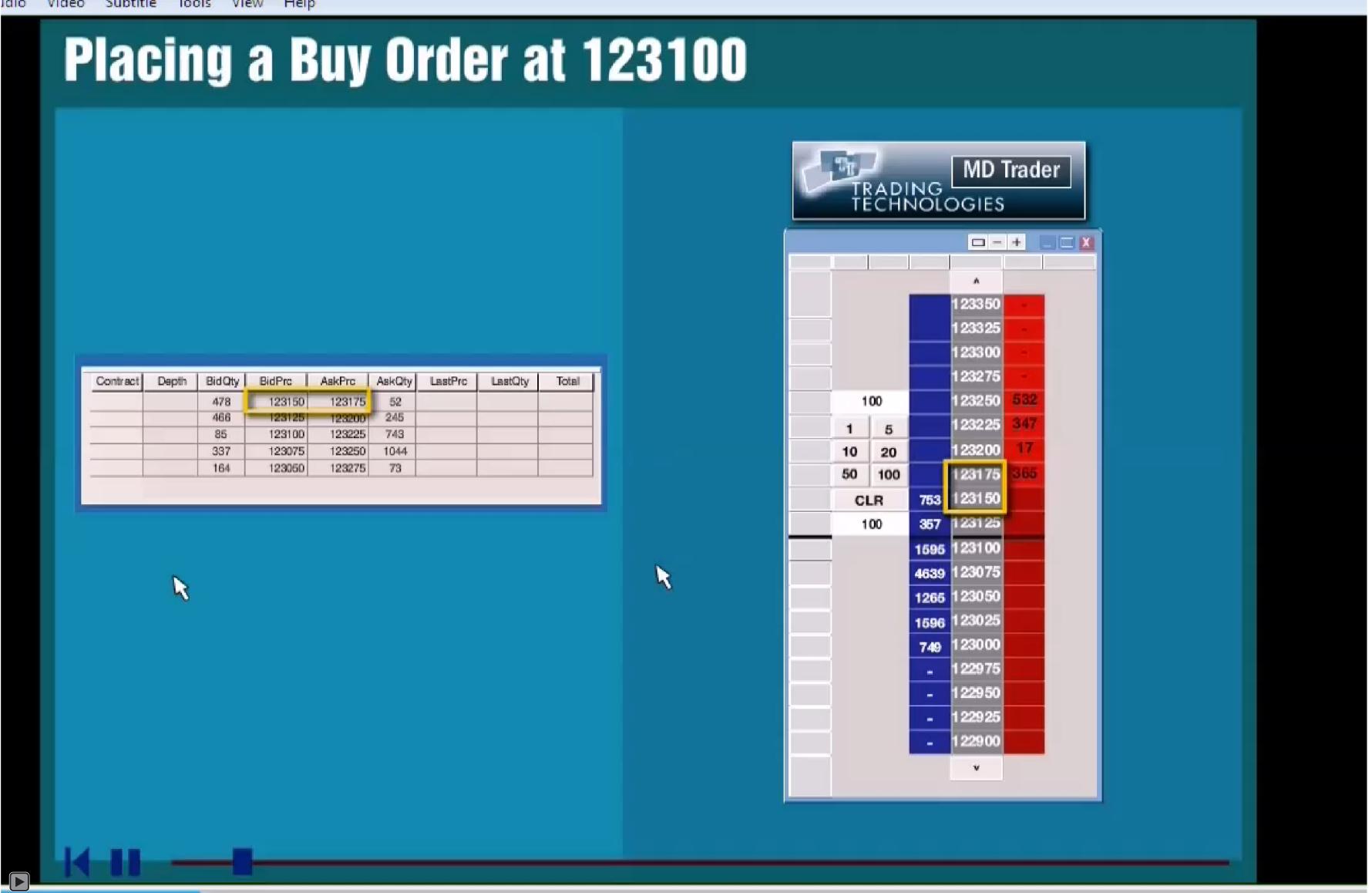


Patent Owner's Demonstratives

Case CBM2016-00031 & CBM2016-00051 Patents 7,813,996 & 7,904,374



Ex. 1001 at Fig. 2; '996 POR at 11; '374 POR at 14.



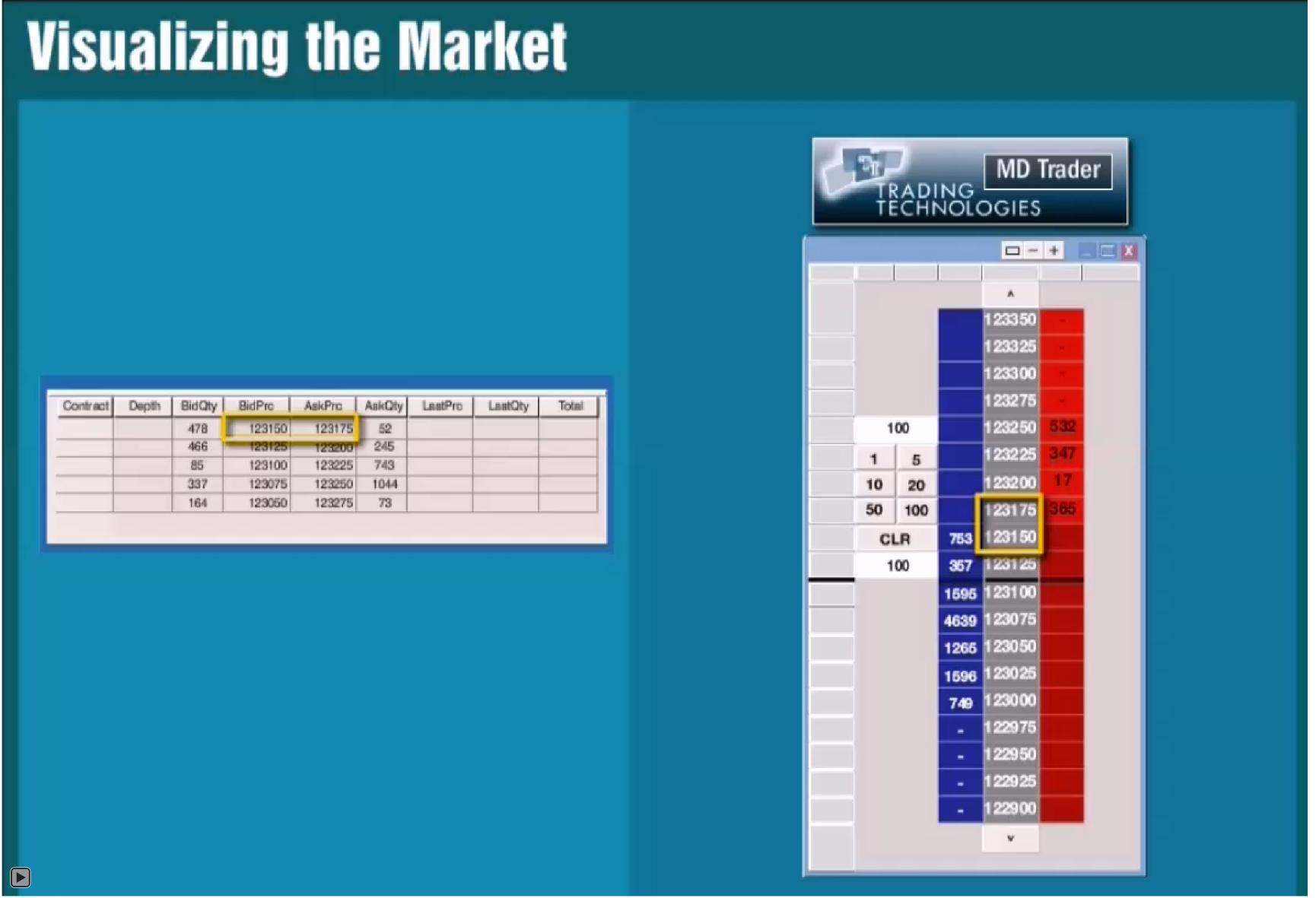
Ex. 2214; '996 POR at 12; '374 POR at 18.



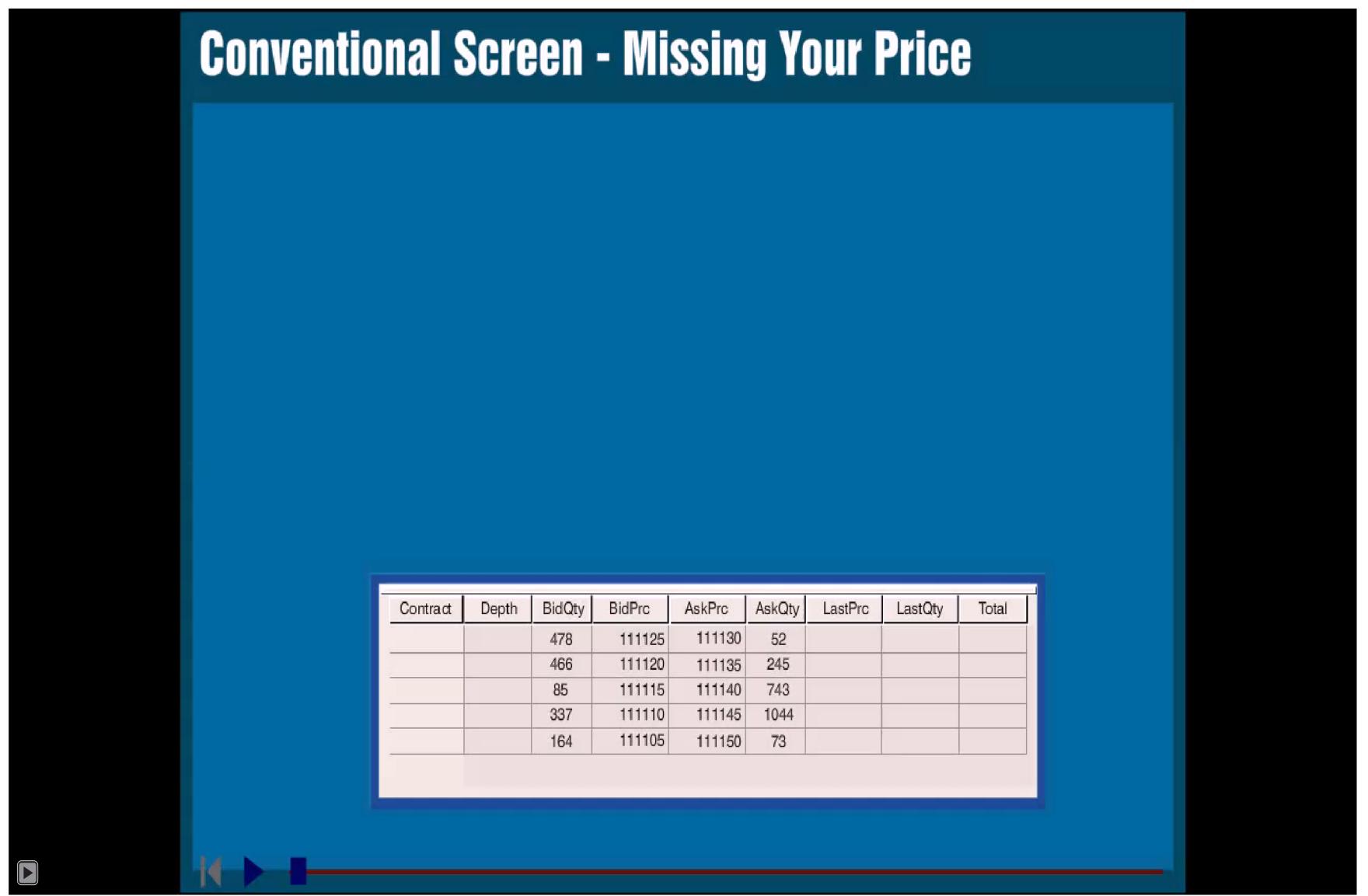
Ex. 2195; '996 POR at 12; '374 POR at 17.



Ex. 2196; '996 POR at 12; '374 POR at 17.

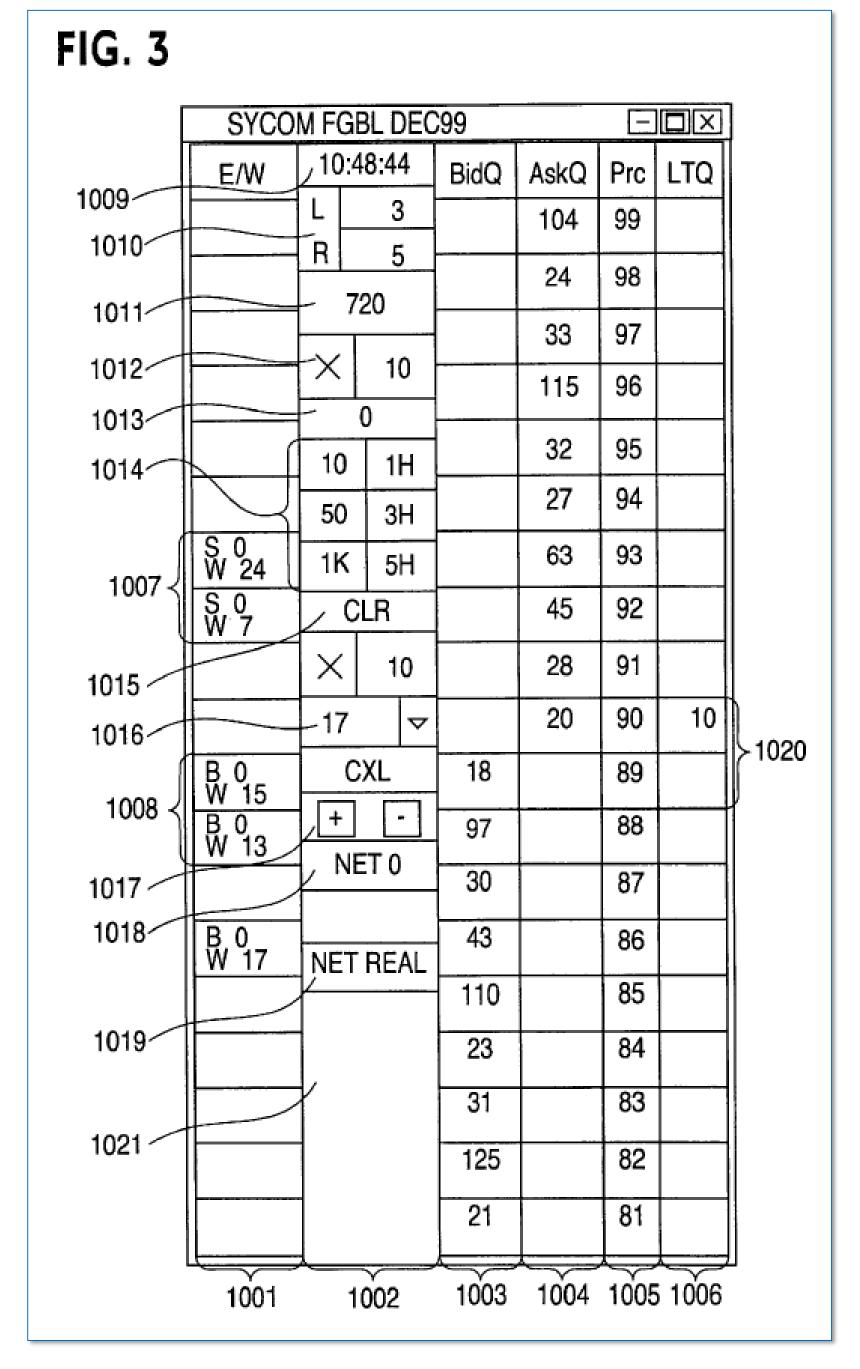


Ex. 2197; '996 POR at 12; '374 POR at 18.



Ex. 2212; '996 POR at 12; '374 POR at 18.





Ex. 1001 at Fig. 3; '996₽©₽ at 14-15.

IB v. TT CBM2016-00031, -00051 EXHBIT 2417



Claim 1	Fig. 3 (T1)	Fig. 4 (T2)
1. A computer readable medium having program code recorded thereon for execution on a computer having a graphical user interface and a user input device, the program code causing a machine to perform the following method steps: receiving market information for a commodity from an electronic exchange, the market information comprising an inside market with a current highest bid price and a current lowest ask price; receiving an input from a user that designates a default quantity to be used for a plurality of trade orders; dynamically displaying a first indicator in one of a plurality of locations in a bid display region, each location in the bid display region corresponding to a price level along a static price axis. the first indicator representing quantity associated with at least one order to buy the commodity at the current highest bid price; dynamically displaying a second indicator in one of a plurality of locations in an ask display region, each location in the ask display region corresponding to a price level along the static price axis, the second indicator representing quantity associated with at least one order to self he commodity at the current lowest ask price. displaying the bid and ask display regions in relation to a plurality of price levels arranged along the static price axis such that when the inside market changes, the price levels along the static price axis do not change positions and at least one of the first and second indicators moves in the bid or ask display regions relative to the static price axis; and receiving a plurality of commands from a user, each command sending a trade order to the electronic exchange, each trade order having an order quantity based on the default quantity without the user input device to send trade orders, each area corresponding to a price level of the static price axis; and receiving a plurality of commands from a user, each command results from selecting a particular area in the order entry region corresponding to a desired price level as part of	SYCON FGBL DEC99	Bid Add Pro

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Claim 1	Fig. 3 (T1)	Fig. 4 (T2)
1. A computer readable medium having program code	SYCOM FGBL DEC99 (-ECEX)	Ş99 ⊑
recorded thereon for execution on a computer having a	E/W 10:48:44 BidD AskQ Pic LTQ	BidQ AshQ Fro
graphical user interface and a user input device, the program	L 3 104 99	104 99
code causing a machine to perform the following method	R 5 24 98	100
steps:	720	24 98
receiving market information for a commodity from an	33 97	33 97
electronic exchange, the market information comprising	X 10 115 96	115 96
an inside market with a current highest bid price and a	0 0	
current lowest ask price;	10 1H 32 95	32 (6
receiving an input from a user that designates a default quantity to be used for a plurality of trade orders;	50 SH 27 94	27 94
dynamically displaying a first indicator in one of a plurality	S 0 1K 5H 63 93	63 53
of locations in a bid display region, each location in the	S.Q CLR 45 92	43 92
bid display region corresponding to a price level along a	W7	
static price axis, the first indicator representing quantity	X 10 28 91	126 91
associated with at least one order to buy the commodity	17 🗢 20 90 10	97 90
at the current highest bid price;	B.O. CXL 18 89	18 89
dynamically displaying a second indicator in one of a plu-	B 0 (+) [-] 97 [88]	97 88
rality of locations in an ask display region, each location	W 13 NET 0	
in the ask display region corresponding to a price level	30 87	30 87
along the static price axis, the second indicator repre-	B. 0 43 86	43 88
senting quantity associated with at least one order to sell	W 17 NET REAL 110 85	110 85
the commodity at the current lowest ask price;		
displaying the bid and ask display regions in relation to a	23 84	23 64
plurality of price levels arranged along the static price	31 83	31 63
axis such that when the inside market changes, the price levels along the static price axis do not change positions	125 82	125 82
and at least one of the first and second indicators moves		21 81
in the bid or ask display regions relative to the static price	21 81	21 [1]
axis;		
displaying an order entry region aligned with the static		
price axis comprising a plurality of areas for receiving		
commands from the user input device to send trade		
orders, each area corresponding to a price level of the		
static price axis; and		
receiving a plurality of commands from a user, each com-		
mand sending a trade order to the electronic exchange,		
each trade order having an order quantity based on the		
default quantity without the user designating the default		
quantity between commands, wherein each command		
results from selecting a particular area in the order entry		
region corresponding to a desired price level as part of a		
single action of the user input device with a pointer of the		
user input device positioned over the particular area to		
both set an order price parameter for the trade order		
based on the desired price level and send the trade order		
to the electronic exchange.		



Claim 1	Fig. 3 (T1)	Fig. 4 (T2)
1. A computer readable medium having program code	SYCOM FGBL DEC99	299 ⊑
recorded thereon for execution on a computer having a	E/W / 10:48:44 BidQ AskQ Prc LTQ	BidQ AskQ Pro
graphical user interface and a user input device, the program	L 3 104 99	104 99
code causing a machine to perform the following method	R 5 24 98	
steps:	720	24 98
receiving market information for a commodity from an electronic exchange, the market information comprising	33 97	33 97
an inside market with a current highest bid price and a	× 10 115 96	115 96
current lowest ask price;	0 32 95	22 05
receiving an input from a user that designates a default	10 1H	32 95
quantity to be used for a plurality of trade orders;	50 3H 27 94	27 94
dynamically displaying a first indicator in one of a plurality	\$ 0 1K 5H 63 93	63 93
of locations in a bid display region, each location in the	S.O. CLR 45 92	62
bid display region corresponding to a price level along a	W7	200
static price axis, the first indicator representing quantity	X 10 28 91	125 01
associated with at least one order to buy the commodity	17 = 20 90 10	97 90
at the current highest bid price;	B.O. CXL 18 89	18 89
dynamically displaying a second indicator in one of a plu-	W 15 B 0 + 97 88	97 88
rality of locations in an ask display region, each location	W 13 NET 0	
in the ask display region corresponding to a price level	30 87	30 67
along the static price axis, the second indicator repre-	B 0 W 17 NET REAL 43 86	43 66
senting quantity associated with at least one order to sell the commodity at the current lowest ask price;	W 17 NET REAL 110 85	
displaying the bid and ask display regions in relation to a		110 65
plurality of price levels arranged along the static price	23 84	23 64
axis such that when the inside market changes, the price	31 83	31 83
levels along the static price axis do not change positions	125 82	125 82
and at least one of the first and second indicators moves		125 82
in the bid or ask display regions relative to the static price	21 61	21 81
<mark>axis;</mark>	1 1 1	
displaying an order entry region aligned with the static		
price axis comprising a plurality of areas for receiving		
commands from the user input device to send trade		
orders, each area corresponding to a price level of the		
static price axis; and		
receiving a plurality of commands from a user, each com-		
mand sending a trade order to the electronic exchange, each trade order having an order quantity based on the		
default quantity without the user designating the default		
quantity between commands, wherein each command		
results from selecting a particular area in the order entry		
region corresponding to a desired price level as part of a		
single action of the user input device with a pointer of the		
user input device positioned over the particular area to		
both set an order price parameter for the trade order		
based on the desired price level and send the trade order		
to the electronic exchange.		

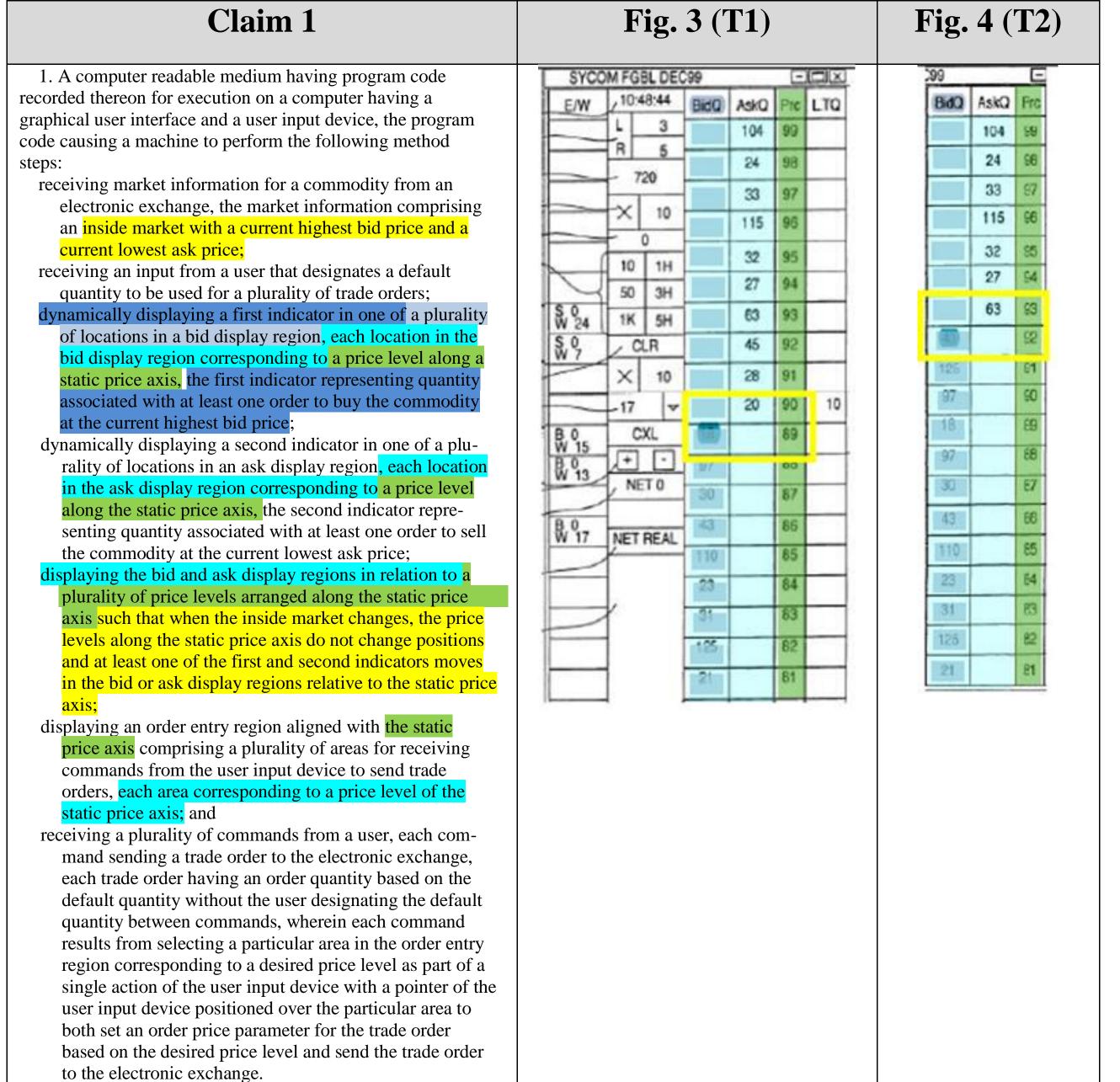


Claim 1	Fig. 3 (T1)	Fig. 4 (T2)
1. A computer readable medium having program code	SYCOM FGBL DEC99 - CIX	:99 ⊑
recorded thereon for execution on a computer having a	E/W /10:48:44 BidQ AskQ Prc LTQ	BidQ AskQ Pro
graphical user interface and a user input device, the program	L 3 104 99	104 99
code causing a machine to perform the following method	R 5 24 98	24 96
steps: receiving market information for a commodity from an	720	33 97
electronic exchange, the market information comprising	V (0	
an inside market with a current highest bid price and a	115 96	115 96
current lowest ask price;	10 1H 32 95	32 95
receiving an input from a user that designates a default	27 04	27 94
quantity to be used for a plurality of trade orders;	S 0 3H	63 93
dynamically displaying a first indicator in one of a plurality	S 0 W 24 1K 5H 63 93	
of locations in a bid display region, each location in the	\$ 0 CLR 45 92	E2
bid display region corresponding to a price level along a	× 10 28 91	125 01
static price axis, the first indicator representing quantity	17 20 90 10	97 90
associated with at least one order to buy the commodity	B 0 CXL 89	181 89
at the current highest bid price;	W 15	97 68
dynamically displaying a second indicator in one of a plu-	B 0 + - 97 88	1000
rality of locations in an ask display region, each location	NET 0 30 87	30 87
in the ask display region corresponding to a price level along the static price axis, the second indicator repre-	B. 0. 43 86	43 66
senting quantity associated with at least one order to sell	W 17 NET REAL	111011 65
the commodity at the current lowest ask price;	110 85	10000
displaying the bid and ask display regions in relation to a	23 84	23 64
plurality of price levels arranged along the static price	31 63	31 83
axis such that when the inside market changes, the price	1251 82	125 82
levels along the static price axis do not change positions		
and at least one of the first and second indicators moves	21 81	21 81
in the bid or ask display regions relative to the static price		
<mark>axis;</mark>		
displaying an order entry region aligned with the static		
price axis comprising a plurality of areas for receiving		
commands from the user input device to send trade		
orders, each area corresponding to a price level of the		
static price axis; and		
receiving a plurality of commands from a user, each com-		
mand sending a trade order to the electronic exchange, each trade order having an order quantity based on the		
default quantity without the user designating the default		
quantity between commands, wherein each command		
results from selecting a particular area in the order entry		
region corresponding to a desired price level as part of a		
single action of the user input device with a pointer of the		
user input device positioned over the particular area to		
both set an order price parameter for the trade order		
based on the desired price level and send the trade order		
to the electronic exchange.		



Claim 1	Fig. 3 (T1)	Fig. 4 (T2)
1. A computer readable medium having program code recorded thereon for execution on a computer having a graphical user interface and a user input device, the program code causing a machine to perform the following method steps: receiving market information for a commodity from an electronic exchange, the market information comprising an inside market with a current highest bid price and a current lowest ask price; receiving an input from a user that designates a default quantity to be used for a plurality of trade orders; dynamically displaying a first indicator in one of a plurality of locations in a bid display region, each location in the bid display region corresponding to a price level along a static price axis, the first indicator representing quantity associated with at least one order to buy the commodity at the current highest bid price; dynamically displaying a second indicator in one of a plurality of locations in an ask display region, each location in the ask display region corresponding to a price level along the static price axis, the second indicator representing quantity associated with at least one order to sell the commodity at the current lowest ask price; displaying the bid and ask display regions in relation to a plurality of price levels arranged along the static price axis such that when the inside market changes, the price levels along the static price axis do not change positions and at least one of the first and second indicators moves in the bid or ask display regions relative to the static price axis: displaying an order entry region aligned with the static price axis comprising a plurality of areas for receiving commands from the user input device to send trade orders, each area corresponding to a price level of the static price axis; and receiving a plurality of commands from a user, each command sending a trade order to the electronic exchange, each trade order having an order quantity based on the default quantity between commands, wherein each command results from select	SYCOM FGBL DEC99 E/W	BidQ AskQ Pro 104 99 24 98 33 97 115 96 32 95 27 94 63 93 67 90 18 89 97 98 10 67 43 86 110 85 23 64 31 63 125 82 21 81





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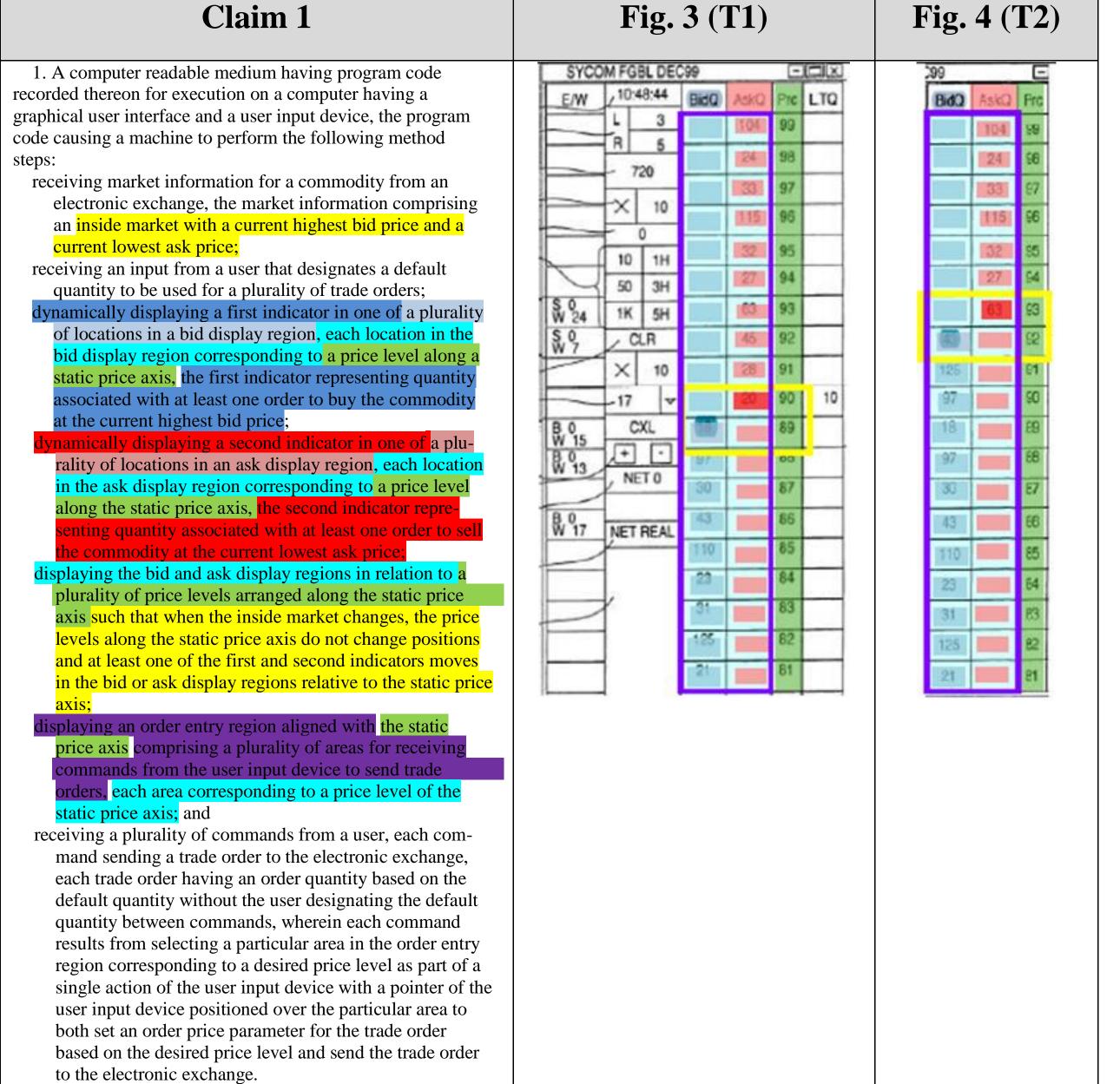
Claim 1	Fig. 3 (T1)	Fig. 4 (T2)
1. A computer readable medium having program code recorded thereon for execution on a computer having a graphical user interface and a user input device, the program code causing a machine to perform the following method steps: receiving market information for a commodity from an electronic exchange, the market information comprising an inside market with a current highest bid price and a current lowest ask price: receiving an input from a user that designates a default quantity to be used for a plurality of trade orders; dynamically displaying a first indicator in one of a plurality of locations in a bid display region, each location in the bid display region corresponding to a price level along a static price axis, the first indicator representing quantity associated with at least one order to buy the commodity at the current highest bid price; dynamically displaying a second indicator in one of a plurality of locations in an ask display region, each location in the ask display region corresponding to a price level along the static price axis, the second indicator representing quantity associated with at least one order to self the commodity at the current lowest ask price displaying the bid and ask display regions in relation to a plurality of price levels arranged along the static price axis such that when the inside market changes, the price levels along the static price axis do not change positions and at least one of the first and second indicators moves in the bid or ask display regions relative to the static price axis; displaying an order entry region aligned with the static price axis; comprising a plurality of areas for receiving commands from the user input device to send trade orders; each area corresponding to a price level of the static price axis; and receiving a plurality of commands from a user, each command results from selecting a particular area in the order entry region corresponding to a desired price level as part of a single action of the user input device with a pointer of the use	SYCOM FGBL DEC99 E/W	BidO AskQ Fro 104 99 24 96 33 97 115 96 32 95 27 94 68 93 97 90 18 89 97 88 30 67 43 66 110 85 23 84 31 83 125 82 21 81



Claim 1	Fig. 3 (T1)	Fig. 4 (T2)
1. A computer readable medium having program code recorded thereon for execution on a computer having a graphical user interface and a user input device, the program code causing a machine to perform the following method steps: receiving market information for a commodity from an electronic exchange, the market information comprising an inside market with a current highest bid price and a current lowest ask price; receiving an input from a user that designates a default quantity to be used for a plurality of trade orders; dynamically displaying a first indicator in one of a plurality of locations in a bid display region, each location in the bid display region corresponding to a price level along a static price axis, the first indicator representing quantity associated with at least one order to buy the commodity at the current highest bid price; dynamically displaying a second indicator in one of a plurality of locations in an ask display region, each location in the ask display region corresponding to a price level along the static price axis. The second indicator representing quantity associated with at least one order to sell the commodity at the current lowest ask price displaying the bid and ask display regions in relation to a plurality of price levels arranged along the static price axis such that when the inside market changes, the price levels along the static price axis do not change positions and at least one of the first and second indicators moves in the bid or ask display regions relative to the static price axis; displaying an order entry region aligned with the static price axis comprising a plurality of areas for receiving commands from the user input device to send trade orders, each area corresponding to a price level of the static price axis; and receiving a plurality of commands from a user, each command sending a trade order to the electronic exchange, each trade order having an order quantity based on the default quantity between commands, wherein each command results from selecting a	SYCOM FGBL DEC99 E/W	BidO AskQ Frc 104 \$9 24 \$6 33 \$7 115 \$6 32 \$5 27 \$4 97 \$9 18 \$9 97 \$6 30 \$7 43 \$6 110 \$5 23 \$4 31 \$83 125 \$22 21 \$81

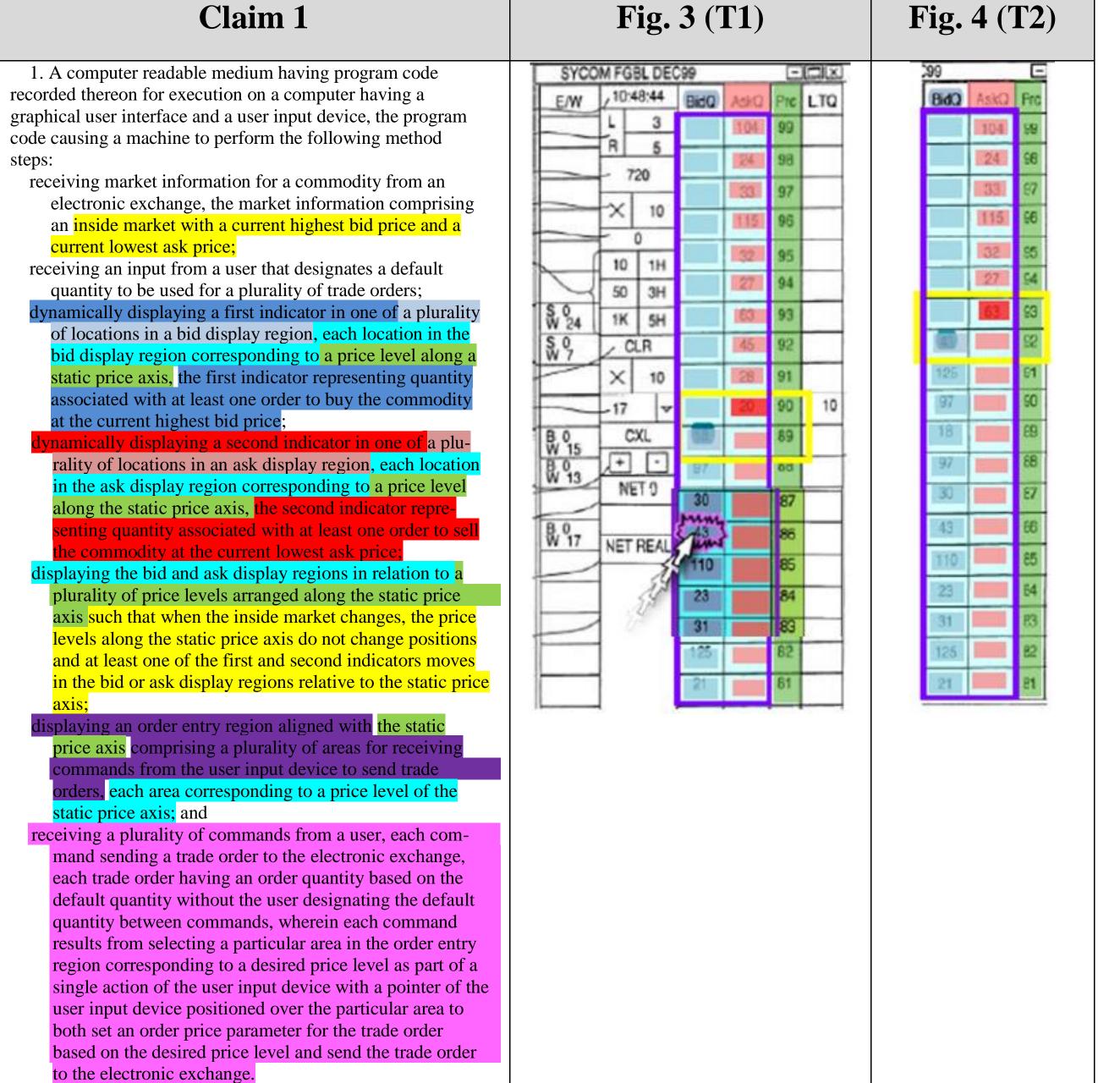
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. .

displaying ... a plurality of graphical locations aligned along an axis, where each graphical location is configured to be selected by a single action of a user input device to send a trade order to the electronic exchange, where a price of the trade order is based on the selected graphical location,

mapping ... the plurality of sequential price levels to the plurality of graphical locations, where ...[the] mapping of the plurality of sequential price levels does not change at a time when at least one of the current highest bid price and the current lowest ask price changes; and

setting a price and sending the trade order to the electronic exchange in response to receiving ... commands based on user actions consisting of: (1) placing a cursor associated with the user input device over a desired graphical location of the plurality of graphical locations and (2) selecting the desired graphical location through a single action of the user input device.



CBM Jurisdiction



Technological Feature



996 Petition

In independent claim 1, for example, the only arguably technical features in the claim are "a graphical user interface," "a user input device," and a "computer" that performs standard computing functions such as "receiving" and "displaying."

Experts Agree That GUIs are Technology

Dr. Olsen states that "graphical user interfaces are a technology with specific technical problems," Ex.2174, ¶7.

Mr. Bear states that "graphical user interfaces are inherently technology," Ex.2168, ¶3.

Furthermore, Petitioners' expert, Dr. Mellor, agreed that "the underlying technology is the graphical user interface." See, e.g., Ex.2294, at 45.

Likewise, an expert for one of Petitioners' joint defense partners, Mr. Van Dusen, agreed that the technology described in the patents is directed to a specific type of graphical user interface for order entry. Ex.2169, ¶102-103(discussing Ex.2292, 110-11).

Experts Agree That GUIs are Technology

TT's claimed invention provides a technical improvement over prior art GUIs because GUIs are technology. See '996 POR at 22; Ex.2169, ¶103.

Mr. Silverman, an expert for eSpeed, testified that the patents are directed to "a field of technology" in which "skilled software engineers" develop "real time processing" and "graphical user interfaces." See '996 POR at 22; Ex.2169, ¶103; Ex. TTTT, 8/24/07 Silverman Dep. Tr., at 131:17-132:2.

In the *eSpeed* case, defendants' expert, Mr. Dezmelyk, acknowledged that the goal of the invention addressed the technical problems of efficiency and accuracy. See '996 POR at 22; Ex.2169, ¶103; Ex.WWWW at 8:15-18.

Industry Evidence

TT's claimed invention provides a technical improvement over the prior art GUIs because GUIs are technology. See '996 POR at 22; Ex.2169, ¶¶102-103 (citing Ex.2293-96); Ex.2174, ¶¶13-15.

GUIs advance human-computer interaction ("HCI"), which has been touted as an important and expanding technological field. See '996 POR at 22; Ex.2090, at 2.

NASA's Ames Research Center implemented an entire HCI group that is responsible for software that improves the functionality of interface tools. Ex.2297.

Many colleges and universities offer courses and programs centered on interface design to train engineers and programmers. *See* '996 POR at 22; Ex.2168, ¶29; Ex.2174, ¶13; Exs.2052-2058.



DDR

The Court made clear that changing the process the computer performs to provide an interface from a conventional process to a new process was technological. '996 POR at 37 (citing to DDR at 1257).



CQG

The 132 and 304 patents were "directed to a specific improvement to the way computers operate," *id.*, for the claimed graphical user interface method imparts a specific functionality to a trading system "directed to a specific implementation of a solution to a problem in the software arts."



Technical Problem



Petition

As such, the '996 patent solves, if anything, a business problem . . .



Speed and Accuracy

This specific combination of display elements and features differed from the conventional GUIs at the time of the invention and addressed a specific problem created by these conventional GUIs, namely, improving accuracy without sacrificing speed and improving usability with better visualization. '996 POR at 27. Ex.2169, ¶¶65-69, 77-78; Ex.2174, ¶¶34-37; see also Ex.2211 at 682:1-684:3.



Visualization

Another technical problem with the construction of conventional GUI tools is that, because they display numbers that are constantly changing as market updates are received from the electronic exchange, the conventional GUI tool does not provide a measure of how much or how fast the market information is changing. POR at 34; Ex. 2169, ¶112.



Efficiency

Another technical problem solved by the inventive GUI tool relates to the efficiency of displaying information. In conventional GUI tools, the trader had to access and utilize a separate screen for market information and order entry (e.g., the conventional market grid in Figure 2 of the '996 patent), a separate screen for working orders, and a separate screen for setting a default quantity. '996 POR at 35; Ex. 2169 ¶113.



Technical Solution



Speed and Accuracy

The inventive GUI tool solves this problem by providing a fixed range of price levels along a static display of prices and thereby allowing the dynamic bid and ask information to move relative to the static display of prices. POR at 34; Ex.2169, ¶¶87, 111; see also Ex.2217-19. This is a technical solution to a technical problem, not a business method. *Id.*

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Visualization

The structure, makeup, and functionality of the inventive GUI tool solves this problem by again providing a display in which the market indicators move up and down relative to the prices (which is a result of the claimed juxtaposing of the dynamic indicators and the static display of prices). '996 POR at 34; *Id.* at ¶¶84, 112; *see also* Ex.2215-16.



Efficiency

The inventive GUI tool is constructed so as to provide for a condensed display that combined these separate screens into a single trading tool which improved the speed, accuracy, and efficiency over conventional GUI tools. '996 POR at 35; Ex. 2169, ¶113.



35 U.S.C. § 101



Test

The Court [in Enfish] has used the same test it used for other types of inventions: if "the claims are directed to a specific implementation of a solution to a problem in the software arts," they "find the claims at issue are not directed to an abstract idea." POR at 51. *Id.* at 1339

McRO, 2016 WL 4896481, at *8 (confirming claims because "[w]hile the rules are embodied in computer software that is processed by general-purpose computers, Defendants provided no evidence that the process previously used by animators is the same as the process required by the claims"). POR at 51.



Inventive Concept



Inventive Concept

The claims recite an inventive concept (and thus pass prong II under *Alice*) because they provide an unconventional and revolutionary combination of features. 996 POR at 32.



Neither Routine nor Conventional

Evidence that the claimed invention was neither routine nor conventional lies with the initial period of skepticism associated with the launch of the commercial embodiment of the claimed invention, followed by enormous commercial success. POR at 32.



Commercial Embodiment

MD_Trader was the commercial embodiment of the claimed invention. POR at 32; Ex.2169, ¶89; Ex.2233 (Ex. LL to Ex.2169 (claim chart describing commercial embodiment)); Ex.2411 (Ex.1 to Ex.2233 (TT X_Trader user manual)); Ex.2412 (Ex.2 to Ex.2233 (TT X_Trader user manual)); Ex.2413 (Ex.3 to Ex.2233 (TT X_Trader user manual)); see also Ex.2169, ¶109 (discussing Ex. 2234); Ex.2169, ¶110 (discussing Ex. 2236, Ex.2238).

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Initial Skepticism

Following its launch, MD Trader was not an immediate success and indeed was met with a significant amount of initial skepticism. Ex.2169, ¶70 (discussing Ex. 2210), ¶93 (discussing Ex. 2220). TT sales personnel met resistance from traders, who were hesitant to switch to the new technology. POR at 33. *Id.*; Ex.2170 (Ex.W to Ex.2169); Ex.2171 (Ex.U to Ex.2169).



Post Initial Skepticism

After this period of initial skepticism, the invention broke through to become the prominent trading tool in the futures trading space. POR at 33. Ex.2169, ¶95; Ex.2222 (Ex. Z to Ex.2169; Ex.2221 (Ex. Y to Ex.2169). This is confirmed by the over 30 declarations, attested to under penalty of perjury by prominent traders and leaders in the industry. POR at 33. Ex.2169, ¶96; Ex.2223 (Ex. AA to Ex.2169); Ex.2226; see also Ex.2169, ¶100 (discussing Ex.2230); Ex.2169, ¶101 (discussing Ex.2287); Ex.2169, ¶97 (discussing Ex.2250).



Rooted In Technology

The claims also recite an inventive concept (and thus pass prong II under *Alice*) because they are rooted in technology, thus providing a technical solution to a technical problem. POR at 33.