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1dark 'dɑ:k' adj [ME derk, fr. OE deorc; akin to OHG tarchamen to hide] (bef. 12c) 1 a : devoid or partially devoid of light ; not receiving, reflecting, transmitting, or radiating light (a ~ room) b : transmitting only a portion of light (< ~ glasses> 2 a : wholly or partially black (< ~ clothing> b of a color : of low or very low lightness c : being less light in color than other substances of the same kind (< ~ rum> 3 a : arising from or showing evil traits or desires : EVIL (the ~ powers that lead to war) b : DISMAL, GLOOMY (had a ~ view of the future) c : lacking knowledge or culture : UNENLIGHTENED (a ~ period in history) d : relating to grim or depressing circumstances (< ~ humor> 4 a : not clear to the understanding b : not known or explored because of remoteness (the ~est reaches of the continent) 5 : not fair in complexion : SWARTHY 6 : SECRET (kept his plans ~) 7 : possessing depth and richness (a ~ voice) 8 : closed to the public (the theater is ~ in the summer) SYN see ONSCURE — dark-ish 'dɑ:k-ɪʃ' adj — dark-ly adv — dark-ness n
2dark n (13c) 1 a : a place or time of little or no light : NIGHT, NIGHTFALL b : absence of light : DARKNESS 2 : a dark or deep color — in the dark 1 : in secrecy (most of his dealings were done in the dark) 2 : in ignorance (kept the public in the dark about the agreement)
3dark vt (14c) obs : to grow dark ~ vt : to make dark
dark adaptation n (1900) : the process including dilation of the pupil, increase in sensitivity of the retinal rods, and regeneration of rhodopsin by which the eye adapts to conditions of reduced illumination — dark-adapt-ed 'dɑ:k-ə-dap-təd' adj
dark age n (1640) 1 : a time during which a civilization undergoes a decline; as a pl. cap D&A : the European historical period from about A.D. 476 to about 1000; broadly : MIDDLE AGES b often pl, often cap D&A : the Greek historical period of three to four centuries from about 1100 B.C. 2 a often pl, often cap D&A : the primitive period in the development of something (in the dark ages of medicine) b often pl, often cap D&A : a state of stagnation or decline
dark continent n (1829) 1 often cap D&C : the continent of Africa 2 : something unknown or unexplored
dark-en 'dɑ:k-ən' vb dark-ened; dark-en-ing 'dɑ:k-ən-ɪŋ' vi (14c) 1 : to grow dark ; become obscured (the skies were ~ing) 2 : to become gloomy (his mood ~ed) ~ vt 1 : to make dark 2 : to make less clear : OBLSCURE (the financial crisis ~ed the future of the company) 3 : TAINT, TARNISH (< his reputation>) 4 : to cast a gloom over 5 : to make of darker color — dark-en-er 'kɑ:n-ər' n
dark energy n (1998) : a hypothetical form of energy that produces a force that opposes gravity and is thought to be the cause of the accelerating expansion of the universe
dark-eyed junco n (1974) : a common No. American junco (Junco hyemalis)
dark field n (1865) : the dark area that serves as the background for objects viewed in an ultramicroscope
dark-field microscope n (1926) : ULTRAMICROSCOPE
dark horse n (1831) 1 a : a usu. little known contender (as a racehorse) that makes an unexpectedly good showing b : an entrant in a contest that is judged unlikely to succeed 2 : a political candidate unexpectedly nominated usu. as a compromise between factions
dark lantern n (1640) : a lantern that can be closed to conceal the light
dark-le 'dɑ:k-lē' vi dar-kied; dar-king 'k(ə)-lɪŋ' [back-formation fr. darkling] (1800) 1 a : to become clouded or gloomy b : to grow dark 2 : to become concealed in the dark
1dark-ling 'dɑ:k-lɪŋ' adv [ME derkeling, fr. derk dark + -lyng -ling] (15c) : in the dark
2dark-ling adj (1718) 1 : DARK 2 : done or taking place in the dark
darkling beetle n (1816) : any of a family (Tenebrionidae) of firms-bodied mostly dark-colored vegetable-feeding nocturnal beetles which often have vestigial and functionless wings and whose larvae are usu. hard cylindrical worms (as a mealworm) — called also tenebrionid
dark matter n (1982) : nonluminous matter not yet directly detected by astronomers that is hypothesized to exist to account for various observed gravitational effects
dark reaction n (1927) : any of a series of chemical reactions in photosynthesis not requiring the presence of light and involving the reduction of carbon dioxide to form carbohydrate; esp : CALVIN CYCLE
dark-room 'dɑ:k-rʊm, -rʊm, -rʊm' n (1841) : a room with no light or with a safelight for developing light-sensitive photographic materials
dark-some 'dɑ:k-səm' adj (ca. 1530) : gloomily somber : DARK
darky or dark-ie 'dɑ:k-ki' n, pl darkies (1775) usu offensive : a black person
1dar-ling 'dɑ:r-lɪŋ' n [ME derling, fr. OE dæorling, fr. dæore dear] (bef. 12c) 1 : a dearly loved person 2 : FAVORITE (a director who is the ~ of the critics)
2darling adj (15c) 1 : dearly loved : FAVORITE 2 : very pleasing : CHARMING — dar-ling-ly 'lɪŋ-lē' adv — dar-ling-ness n
darm-stadt-i-um 'dɑ:m-stɑ:t-ē-əm' n [NL, fr. Darmstadt, Germany] (2003) : a short-lived radioactive element produced artificially — see ELEMENT table
1darn 'dɑ:rn' vb [perh. fr. F dial. damer] vt (ca. 1600) 1 : to mend with interlacing stitches 2 : to embroider by filling in with long running or interlacing stitches ~ vi : to do darning — darn-er n
2darn n (1720) : a place that has been darned (a sweater full of ~s)
3darn 'dɑ:m' also durn 'dɔ:rn' adj or adv [euphemism] (1781) : DAMNED
4darn also durn vb (1781) : DAMN — darned 'dɑ:rn(d)' also durned 'dɔ:rn(d)' adj or adv
5darn also durn n (1840) : DAMN
dar-nei 'dɑ:r-nē' n [ME] (14c) : any of several usu. weedy ryegrasses (genus Lolium)
darning needle n (1742) 1 : a long needle with a large eye for use in darning 2 : DRAGONFLY, DAMSELFLY
DARPA abbr Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency
1dart 'dɑ:t' n [ME, fr. AF, of Gmc origin; akin to OHG tart dart, OE daroth] (14c) 1 a archaic : a light spear b (1) : a small missile usu. with a pointed shaft at one end and feathers at the other (2) pl but sing in constr : a game in which darts are thrown at a target 2 a : something projected with sudden speed; esp : a sharp glance b : something causing sudden pain or distress (< ~s of sarcasm>) 3 : something with a slender pointed shaft or outline; specif : a stitched tapering fold in a garment 4 : a quick movement (< made a ~ for the door>

2dart vt (1573) 1 : to throw with a sudden movement 2 : to thrust or move with sudden speed 3 : to shoot with a dart containing a usu. tranquilizing drug ~ vi : to move suddenly or rapidly (< ~ed across the street>)
dart-board 'dɑ:t-bɔ:d' n (1901) : a usu. circular board (as of compressed bristles) used as a target in the game of darts
darter 'dɑ:t-ər' n (1796) 1 : ANHINGA 2 : any of numerous small No. American freshwater bony fishes (esp. genera Ammocrypta, Etheostoma, and Percina of the family Percidae)
Dar-win-i-an 'dɑ:r-wi-nē-ən' adj (1860) 1 : of or relating to Charles Darwin, his theories esp. of evolution, or his followers 2 : of, relating to, or being a competitive environment or situation in which only the fittest persons or organizations prosper — Darwinian n
Dar-win-ism 'dɑ:r-wa-ni-zəm' n (1864) 1 : a theory of the origin and perpetuation of new species of animals and plants that offspring of a given organism vary, that natural selection favors the survival of some of these variations over others, that new species have arisen and may continue to arise by these processes, and that widely divergent groups of plants and animals have arisen from the same ancestors — compare EVOLUTION 4, NEO-DARWINISM 2 : a theory that inherent dynamic forces allow only the fittest persons or organizations to prosper in a competitive environment or situation (economic ~) — compare SOCIAL DARWINISM — Dar-win-ist 'dɑ:w-nɪst' n or adj
Dar-win's finches 'dɑ:r-wɔ:nz-ɪn' n pl [Charles Darwin] (1947) : finches of a subfamily (Geospizinae) having great variation in bill shape and confined mostly to the Galapagos Islands
Dar-win tulip 'dɑ:r-wan-ɪ' n (1889) : a tall late-flowering tulip with the flowers single and of one color
1dash 'dæʃ' vb [ME dashen, prob. fr. MF dachier to impel forward] vt (14c) 1 : to break by striking or knocking 2 : to knock, hurt, or thrust violently 3 : SPLASH, SPATTER 4 a : RUIN, DESTROY (the news ~ed his hopes) b : DEPRESS, SADEN c : to make ashamed 5 : to affect by mixing in something different (his delight was ~ed with bitterness) 6 : to complete, execute, or finish off hastily — used with down or off (< ~ed down a drink>) (< off a letter>) 7 [euphemism] : DAMN 4 ~ vi 1 : to move with sudden speed 2 : SMASH
2dash n (14c) 1 a archaic : BLOW b (1) : a sudden burst or splash (2) : the sound produced by such a burst 2 a : a stroke of a pen b : a punctuation mark — that is used esp. to indicate a break in the thought or structure of a sentence 3 : a small usu. distinctive addition (a ~ of salt) (a ~ of humor) 4 : flashy display 5 : animation in style and action 6 a : a sudden onset, rush, or attempt b : a short fast race 7 : a long click or buzz forming a letter or part of a letter (as in Morse code) 8 : DASHBOARD 2
dash-board 'dæʃ-bɔ:d' n (1842) 1 : a screen on the front of a usu. horse-drawn vehicle to intercept water, mud, or snow 2 : a panel extending across the interior of a vehicle (as an automobile) below the windshield and usu. containing instruments and controls
dashed 'dæʃt' adj (ca. 1889) : made up of a series of dashes
da-sheen 'dɑ:ʃ-ʃhēn, dɑ:ʃ-ɪn' [orig. unknown] (ca. 1899) : TARO
dash-er 'dæ-shər' n (1790) 1 : a dashing person 2 : one that dashes 3 : a device having blades for agitating a liquid or semisolid
dashi 'dɑ:-(ʃ)shē' n [Jp, broth] (1955) : a fish broth made from dried bonito
da-shi-ki 'dɑ:-(ʃ)shē-kē, dɑ:, dɑ- also dai-shi-ki 'dɑ:-(ʃ)shē-kē' n [modif. of Yoruba dāšīkī] (ca. 1968) : a usu. brightly colored loose-fitting pullover garment
dash-ing adj (ca. 1697) 1 : marked by vigorous action : SPIRITED (a ~ young horse) 2 : marked by smartness esp. in dress and manners — dash-ing-ly 'ɪŋ-lē' adv
dash-pot 'dæʃ-pɑ:t' n (1861) : a device for cushioning or damping a movement (as of a mechanical part) to avoid shock
das-sie 'dɑ:sē' n [Afrik] (1814) : HYRAX
das-tard 'dæs-tərd' n [ME] (15c) 1 : COWARD 2 : a person who acts treacherously or underhandedly
das-tard-ly 'lē' adj (1542) 1 : COWARDLY 2 : characterized by underhandedness or treachery (a ~ attack) (a ~ villain) SYN see COWARDLY — das-tard-li-ness n
dat abbr dative
DAT abbr 1 differential aptitude test 2 digital audiotape
da-ta 'dɑ:tə, 'dɑ: also 'dɑ- also 'dɑ- n pl but sing or pl in constr, often attrib [L, pl. of datum] (1646) 1 : factual information (as measurements or statistics) used as a basis for reasoning, discussion, or calculation (the ~ is plentiful and easily available —H. A. Gleason, Jr.) (comprehensive ~ on economic growth have been published —N. H. Jacoby) 2 : information output by a sensing device or organ that includes both useful and irrelevant or redundant information and must be processed to be meaningful 3 : information in numerical form that can be digitally transmitted or processed
usage Data leads a life of its own quite independent of datum, of which it was originally the plural. It occurs in two constructions: as a plural noun (like earnings), taking a plural verb and plural modifiers (as these, many, a few) but not cardinal numbers, and serving as a referent for plural pronouns; and as an abstract mass noun (like information), taking a singular verb and singular modifiers (as this, much, little), and being referred to by a singular pronoun. Both constructions are standard. The plural construction is more common in print, perhaps because the house style of some publishers mandates it.
data bank n (1966) : DATABASE
da-ta-base 'dɑ:tə-bāz, 'dɑ: also 'dɑ- n (ca. 1962) : a usu. large collection of data organized esp. for rapid search and retrieval (as by a computer) — database vt
data mining n (1988) : the practice of searching through large amounts of computerized data to find useful patterns or trends
data processing n (1954) : the converting of raw data to machine-readable form and its subsequent processing (as storing, updating, re-arranging, or printing out) by a computer — data processor n
data structure n (1963) : any of various methods or formats (as an array, file, or record) for organizing data in a computer



dashiki

1date 'dɑ:t 1 : the o palm wit
2date n [D Rome], f Gk didōr. ~ of his (the ~ c something esp : a so tic chara : an enga
—to dai
3date vb d antique) with cha plainly th chronolo days) 3
dat-able adj
dat-ed MODER, ed-ness
date-less : too anci
date-line printed pl
2usu dai
date-rapc
date rape QUANTIA
date rape ly (as in a rial date r
1dative 'dɑ:t-iv 1 : to, or bein ject of a v
2dative n (1 dative bor 1929) : CO
da-tum 'dɑ:t-əm \-ə : some ence 2 pl suring us
da-tu-ra 'dɑ:tə-tʃu-rə \d nate desce widely dist shade fami stramoniu hallucinog
dau abbr d
dau-ter 'dɑ:-(t)shē \-ə : with soft a 3 a : to a crudely ~ crudely ~
2daub n (15c daubing 3
daube 'dɑ:-(t)shē \-ə and spices
1daugh-ter 'dɑ:-(t)shē \-ə human par scendant : a ~ of Gre radioactive
2daughter a daughter ; or molecu cell) (< ~ D
daugh-ter-i 'dɑ:-(t)shē \-ə \-z-in- (dau-no-my- Apulian) +
dau-no-ru-ti 'dɑ:-(t)shē \-ə \-z-in- a su rubido- —f C27H29NO10 ment of leul
daunt 'dɑ:nt \-ən \-ən tame, freq. c : cow, SUBE
daunt-ing 'dɑ:nt-ɪŋ \-ən \-ən task)
daunt-less \-ən \-ən
daunt-less- dau-phin 'dɑ:nt-ləs-ɪn \-ən \-ən phyn, fr. OF (15c) : the el
dau-phine \-ən \-ən
DAV abbr Dis
dav-en also \-ən \-ən recite the pr
dav-en-port 'dɑ:v-ən-pɔ:t \-ən \-ən 1 : a often conve
Da-vid 'dɑ:v-ɪd \-ɪd \-ɪd who became to biblical ac
dav-it 'dɑ:v-ɪt \-ɪt \-ɪt dim. of davi-