CBM2015-00131 Patent 8,061,598 B2

UNITED STATES	PATENT AND TRADEMA	ARK OFFICE
BEFORE THE PA	ATENT TRIAL AND APPE	AL BOARD
	APPLE INC., Petitioner	
	v.	
	SMARTFLASH LLC, Patent Owner	
	Case CBM2015-00131	

Before the Honorable JENNIFER S. BISK, RAMA G. ELLURU, JEREMY M. PLENZLER, and MATTHEW R. CLEMENTS, *Administrative Patent Judges*.

PETITIONER'S RESPONSE TO PATENT OWNER'S NOTICE OF SUPPLEMENTAL AUTHORITY

Patent 8,061,598



The cases cited in PO's Notice (Pap. 30) support Petitioner, not PO.<sup>1</sup> These decisions confirm, under the analysis required by, *e.g.*, *Alice Corp. Pty. Ltd. v. CLS Bank Int'l*, 134 S. Ct. 2347 (2014), that the Claims are patent-ineligible. The Claims are directed to "economic or other tasks for which a computer is used in its ordinary capacity," not a "specific improvement to the way computers operate." *See Enfish, LLC v. Microsoft Corp.*, \_\_\_\_ F.3d \_\_\_\_, No. 2015-1244, 2016 WL 2756255, at \*5 (Fed. Cir. May 12, 2016). And the Board does not face the "limited record" of a motion to dismiss "construed in favor of the nonmovant" as in *BAS-COM Global Internet Services, Inc. v. AT&T Mobility, LLC.*, \_\_\_\_ F.3d \_\_\_\_, No. 2015-1763, 2016 WL 3514158, at \*6-8 (Fed. Cir. June 27, 2016). To the contrary, the detailed record here confirms the Claims do not improve "the performance of the computer system itself," and provide no inventive concept. *Id.* at \*7-8.

1. Unlike *Enfish*'s claims to "a specific improvement to the way computers operate," these Claims are indisputably directed to "economic or other tasks for which a computer is used in its ordinary capacity." *Enfish*, 2016 WL 2756255, at \*5. They merely recite "general-purpose computer components [that were] added post-hoc to a fundamental economic practice," *id.* at \*8, as this Board found in deciding that related claims were "directed to performing the fundamental economic

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unless noted, all emphasis is added, and abbreviations are those from Paper 23 ("Reply").



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practice of [conditioning and] controlling access to content [based on payment]."

See, e.g., 00017FWD at 7-8; 00016FWD/00194FWD/00193FWD at 8; CBM201400190, Pap.47 ("00190FWD") at 8; CBM2015-00028, Pap. 44 ("00028FWD") at 8;
CBM2015-00029, Pap. 43 ("00029FWD") at 9; see also 00192FWD at 8;
CBM2015-00031, Pap. 45 ("00031FWD") at 12; CBM2015-00032, Pap. 46
("00032FWD") at 13-14; CBM2015-00033, Pap. 40 ("00033FWD") at 13; Notice
3 (PO admitting Claims directed to "digital commerce").

PO's reliance on generic components underscores this point. *See* Notice 2-3. While PO argues its generic hardware and software "carry out their functions in a specific manner" (*see id.* 3), it does not and cannot state its Claims are "directed to an improvement *in the functioning of a computer.*" *Cf. Enfish*, 2016 WL 2756255, at \*7. Rather, PO's Claims are like "the claims at issue in *Alice* and *Versata*," "simply adding conventional computer components to well-known business practices." *Id.* 

Indeed, in *In re TLI Communications LLC Patent Litigation*, No. 2015-1372, 2016 WL 2865693 (Fed. Cir. May 17, 2016), the Federal Circuit similarly distinguished *Enfish* on the ground that the *TLI* claims, like the Claims here, "are directed to the use of conventional or generic technology." *TLI*, 2016 WL 2865693, at \*3. Just as in *TLI*, the Claims here "perform[] generic computer functions such as storing, receiving, and extracting data" using "physical components" (*e.g.*, wire-



less interface, non-volatile memory, processor, display) that "behave exactly as expected according to their ordinary use" and "merely provide a generic environment in which to carry out the abstract idea" of controlling access to content based on payment and/or rules. *Id.* at \*3, \*4, \*7; *see also* Paper 27 ("Opp. to Mot. to Exclude") at 7-8.

Unlike *Enfish*'s summary judgment inferences, here the full record—including PO's admissions (*see*, *e.g.*, Reply 6-7, 10-11, 18) and Petitioner's unrebutted expert testimony about what was routine and conventional (*see*, *e.g.*, Reply 12-13, 16, 20-22; Ex. 1019 §§ VI, VII; Ex. 1013 9:34-42)—indisputably confirms the Claims offer no "specific asserted improvement in computer capabilities," such as *Enfish*'s "innovative" means for configuring memory with a self-referential table. *See Enfish*, 2016 WL 2756255, at \*3, \*5. Instead they are directed to the abstract idea of controlling access to content based on payment/rules "for which computers are invoked merely as a tool." *Id.* at \*5.

2. In *BASCOM*, pointing to *DDR*'s "technical solution to a problem unique to the Internet," the court accepted BASCOM's allegations that its "specific method of filtering Internet content"—which "associate[d] individual accounts with their own filtering scheme and elements while locating the filtering system on an ISP server"—claimed "a technology-based solution (not an abstract-idea-based solution implemented with generic technical components in a conventional way) to



filter content on the Internet that overcomes existing problems with other Internet filtering systems," and "represent[ed] a 'software-based invention[] that *im-prove[s] the performance of the computer system itself.*" *BASCOM*, 2016 WL 3514158, at \*6, \*7. "[T]aking the allegations of the complaint to be true" on this "limited record," the Court found the claims improved "an existing technological process." *Id.* at \*4, \*6, \*7.

Here, PO has not shown and cannot show the Claims are "a technologybased solution" "that improve[s] the performance of the computer system itself" as in BASCOM. Id. at \*7. While PO argues its Claims, by storing payment data and content data on a handheld multimedia terminal, are "improv[ing] an existing technological process" (see Notice 5), PO has failed to rebut Petitioner's showing that this neither was inventive nor improved "the performance of the computer system itself." BASCOM, 2016 WL 3514158, at \*7; Ex. 1019 §§ VI, VII (citing prior art). Unlike BASCOM's claims, which were directed to improvements in filtering technology, PO's Claims are drawn to carrying out existing economic transactions using existing and generic components in a conventional way that provides no inventive concept. The problem is a business problem (data piracy) (see, e.g., Dec12), and as the Board already found in related proceedings any solution here is "not rooted in specific computer technology" and does not "override[] the routine and conventional use of the recited devices and functions." See, e.g.,



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