UNITED STATE	ES PATENT AND TRADE	MARK OFFICE
BEFORE THE	PATENT TRIAL AND AP	PEAL BOARD
	APPLE INC., Petitioner	
	v.	
	SMARTFLASH LLC, Patent Owner	
	Case CBM2015-00017 Patent 8.061.598	

PETITIONER'S MOTION FOR JOINDER
UNDER 35 U.S.C. § 325(c) AND 27 C.F.R. § 42.222(b) OR, IN THE
ALTERNATIVE, FOR COORDINATION OF SCHEDULE, AND
REQUEST FOR SHORTENED RESPONSE TIME FOR
PATENT OWNER'S PRELIMINARY RESPONSE



## I. RELIEF REQUESTED

Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 325(c) and 37 C.F.R. § 42.222(b), and as discussed during the Initial Conference Call with the Board on October 29, 2014 in CBM2014-00108 ("October 29 Call"), Petitioner Apple Inc. ("Petitioner") hereby moves for joinder of the limited grounds raised in its new Petition for Covered Business Method Patent Review ("CBM") of United States Patent No. 8,061,598 ("the '598 patent")—filed concurrently with this Motion—with the already-instituted CBMs for the '598 patent, *Apple Inc. v. Smartflash LLC*, CBM2014-00108 and -00109, which involve the same parties and have been consolidated as CBM2014-00108. In the alternative, if the Board does not grant joinder, Petitioner requests that the Board coordinate the schedules of each proceeding such that, at minimum, the oral arguments (if requested) occur at the same time, facilitating entry of concurrent Final Written Decisions.

In conjunction with this request for joinder or, alternatively, coordination, Petitioner respectfully requests that the Board specify a shortened response period of six (6) weeks (until December 11, 2014) in which Patent Owner Smartflash LLC ("Patent Owner") may file a Preliminary Response to the Petition. As confirmed with the Board during the October 29 Call, Petitioner will shortly submit a proposed schedule for coordinating these proceedings after conferring with counsel for Patent Owner to determine whether agreement on a proposed schedule can be reached between the parties.



## II. STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS

- 1. On April 1, 2014, Petitioner filed two petitions for CBM review of the '598 patent for claims 1, 2, 7, 13, 15, 26, and 31. *See* CBM2014-00108 and -00109, Paper 2.
- 2. On September 30, 2014 the Board instituted trial in both of those proceedings on claim 26 for grounds under 35 U.S.C. § 103, and consolidated the CBMs. *Id.*, Paper 8 at 23-24.
- 3. The primary prior art for the grounds instituted in CBM2014-00108 is Stefik.<sup>1</sup> *Id.* at 23. The primary prior art reference for the grounds instituted in CBM2014-00109 is Ginter (Ex. 1214). *Id.*
- 4. The same patent, Petitioner, and Patent Owner are involved in the already-instituted CBMs (now consolidated as CBM2014-00108) and the new Petition filed concurrently with this Motion, and it is Petitioner's understanding that the same counsel for each party from the already-instituted CBMs will represent Petitioner and Patent Owner in the new Petition proceedings.
- 5. The new Petition challenges on prior art grounds four claims—claims 1,2, 15, and 31—that Petitioner had challenged in the earlier petitions, but that were not

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As discussed in the Petition, "Stefik" refers to two documents that Petitioner submits should be considered a single reference—Stefik '980 (Ex. 1213) and Stefik '235 (Ex. 1212), which incorporates Stefik '980 by reference.



- 6. In particular, the new Petition asserts grounds based on 35 U.S.C. § 103 for claims 1, 2, 15, and 31 using various combinations of Stefik (cited by Petitioner and instituted for trial in CBM2014-00108) with two new references, Ahmad (Ex. 1203) and Kopp (Ex. 1204).
- 7. The new Petition also asserts a ground of invalidity based on 35 U.S.C. § 101 for claims 1, 2, 7, 15, and 31.
- 8. Petitioner relies in its new Petition on a supporting declaration from the same expert who submitted a declaration in the already-instituted CBMs.

## III. DISCUSSION

The requested joinder will serve to secure the just, speedy, and inexpensive resolution of these proceedings. Under 35 U.S.C. § 325(c):

If more than 1 petition for a post-grant [or covered business method] review under this chapter is properly filed against the same patent and the Director determines that more than 1 of these petitions warrants the institution of a post-grant review under section 324, the Director may consolidate such reviews into a single post-grant [or covered business method] review.

In addition, 37 C.F.R. § 42.222(b) provides that "[j]oinder may be requested by a patent owner or petitioner. Any request for joinder must be filed, as a motion under § 42.22, no later than one month after the institution date of any post-grant [or cov-



ered business method] review for which joinder is requested." This Motion is timely under § 42.222(b) because Petitioner is filing it within one month after the September 30, 2014 institution date for the already-instituted CBMs.

The Board has further provided that a motion for joinder should: (1) set forth the reasons why joinder is appropriate; (2) identify any new grounds of unpatentability asserted in the petition; (3) explain what impact (if any) joinder would have on the trial schedule of the existing proceeding; and (4) address specifically how briefing and discovery may be simplified. *See, e.g., Kyocera Corp. v. Softview LLC*, IPR2013-00004, Paper 15 at 4 (Apr. 24, 2013). Analysis of these factors here warrants the Board's use of its discretion to grant the requested joinder.

The existence of several similarities between the already-instituted CBMs (consolidated as CBM2014-00108) and the new Petition supports application of joinder. The same patent, parties, and counsel are involved in both proceedings. The same expert for Petitioner is involved in both proceedings—and, presumably, Patent Owner may use a common expert in both proceedings. Patent Owner has already responded to, and the Board has already analyzed for institution, two prior petitions challenging every claim now at issue in the new Petition, which contain overlapping subject matter with claims already instituted for trial. And Petitioner asserts one of the same primary prior art references as in the original, already-instituted CBM trial. As noted, the new Petition also adds one ground of invalidity based on § 101 for claims 1, 2, 7, 15, and 31, the unpatentability of which was confirmed by the Supreme



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