UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD
APPLE INC.,
Petitioner
v.
SMARTFLASH LLC,
Patent Owner
Case CBM2015-00015
Patent 8,118,221 B2

Before the Honorable JENNIFER S. BISK, RAMA G. ELLURU, JEREMY M. PLENZLER, and MATTHEW R. CLEMENTS, *Administrative Patent Judges*.

PETITIONER APPLE INC.'S OPPOSITION TO PATENT OWNER'S MOTION TO EXCLUDE UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 42.64(c)



## CBM2015-00015 Patent 8,118,221 B2

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	The Board Should Not Exclude Exhibit 1202	2
II.	The Board Should Not Exclude Exs. 1203-04 or 1227-29	2
III.	The Board Should Not Exclude Exs. 1205-07, 1210, 1212-20, Or 1231-33	3
IV.	The Board Should Not Exclude Exhibit 1221	5
V	The Board Should Not Exclude Exhibit 1223	8



In response to Patent Owner's ("PO") Motion to Exclude ("Mot.", Pap. 39), Petitioner respectfully submits that the Board, sitting as a non-jury tribunal with administrative expertise, is well-positioned to determine and assign appropriate weight to the evidence presented here, without resorting to formal exclusion that might later be held reversible error. See, e.g., S.E.C. v. Guenthner, 395 F. Supp. 2d 835, 842 n.3 (D. Neb. 2005); Builders Steel Co. v. Comm'r of Internal Revenue, 179 F.2d 377, 379 (8th Cir. 1950) (vacating Tax Court decision for exclusion of competent, material evidence); Donnelly Garment Co. v. Nat'l Labor Relations Bd., 123 F.2d 215, 224 (8th Cir. 1941) (NLRB's refusal to receive testimonial evidence was denial of due process). See also, e.g., Samuel H. Moss, Inc. v. F.T.C., 148 F.2d 378, 380 (2d Cir. 1945), cert. denied, 326 U.S. 734 (1945) ("Even in criminal trials to a jury it is better, nine times out of ten, to admit, than to exclude, . . . and in such proceedings as these the only conceivable interest that can suffer by admitting any evidence is the time lost, which is seldom as much as that inevitably lost by idle bickering about irrelevancy or incompetence."). But even under strict application of the Rules of Evidence, cf. 77 Fed. Reg. 48,612, 48,616 (Aug. 14, 2012) ("42.5(a) and (b) permit administrative patent judges wide latitude in administering the proceedings to balance the ideal of precise rules against the need for flexibility to achieve reasonably fast, inexpensive, and fair proceedings"), Petitioner's evidence here is entirely proper while PO's objections are baseless.



#### I. The Board Should Not Exclude Exhibit 1202

Petitioner did not rely on Ex. 1202 for "evidence of the content" of the '221 patent (cf. Mot. 1), but rather to show PO's own characterization of the subject matter of the '221 patent supports Petitioner's contention, and the Board's conclusion, that the '221 patent relates to a financial activity or transaction and is thus subject to the Board's review as a covered business method patent. See Pap. 9 at 10-11. PO's characterization of the '221 patent in another proceeding is not found in the patent itself; thus, Ex. 1202 is not cumulative of the '221 patent, and FRE 1004 is inapplicable. Indeed, as PO admits, the Board declined to exclude the same exhibit in another proceeding on the same patent because the Board found "[Patent Owner's] characterization of the '221 patent in prior proceedings are relevant to the credibility of its characterization of the '221 patent in this proceeding." Mot. 3 (citing CBM2014-00102, Pap. 52 at 36); see also CBM2014-00106, Pap. 52 at 25; CBM2014-00108, Pap. 50 at 19; CBM2014-00112, Pap. 48 at 24. Contrary to PO's claim that its characterization of the '221 patent is not at issue here (Mot. 3), PO disputed the financial nature of the '221 patent here, see Pap. 19 at 5-10, and its highly relevant admission to the contrary should not be excluded.

#### II. The Board Should Not Exclude Exs. 1203-04 or 1227-29

PO's assertion that Exs. 1203-04 and 1227-29 are not cited in the Wechselberger Declaration (Mot. 3-4) is simply wrong: all were cited as "Materials Re-



viewed and Relied Upon," see Ex. 1221, App. C, and properly filed with the Petition. See 37 C.F.R. § 42.6(c). (Indeed, Petitioner respectfully submits PO would now be objecting if Petitioner had *failed* to provide these cited exhibits.) PO argues that "mere review" of an exhibit by an expert in reaching his opinions does not render an exhibit relevant or admissible because FRE 703 allows experts to rely on facts or data that may not be admissible. Mot. 4. But that FRE 703 allows experts to rely on material that may not be admissible does not render all material relied on by experts irrelevant or inadmissible. Indeed, as PO admits, in another proceeding on the same patent, the Board denied PO's request to exclude similar exhibits finding that "[b]ecause Mr. Wechselberger attests that he reviewed these exhibits in reaching the opinions he expressed in this case, Patent Owner has not shown that they are irrelevant under FRE 401 and 402." Mot. 4 (citing CBM2014-00102, Pap. 52 at 37); see also CBM2014-00106, Pap. 52 at 25; CBM2014-00108, Pap. 50 at 19-20; CBM2014-00112, Pap. 48 at 24. To the extent PO's objection is based on imaginings that Petitioner will advance at oral hearing arguments about these documents not presented in previous papers, this is baseless–Petitioner intends to comply fully with the Board's rules (e.g., Trial Practice Guide, 77 Fed. Reg. 48,756, 48,768 (Aug. 14, 2012)).

III. The Board Should Not Exclude Exs. 1205-07, 1210, 1212-20, Or 1231-33 Contrary to PO's assertions, Exs. 1205-07, 1212, 1215, 1217-18, 1220, and



# DOCKET

# Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

# **Real-Time Litigation Alerts**



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

### **Advanced Docket Research**



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

## **Analytics At Your Fingertips**



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

#### API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

#### **LAW FIRMS**

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

#### **FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS**

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

### **E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS**

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

