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# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Paper 53

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC., and SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD., Petitioner

and

APPLE INC., Petitioner,

v.

SMARTFLASH LLC, Patent Owner.

Case CBM2014-00194<sup>1</sup> Patent 8,118,221 B2

Before JENNIFER S. BISK, RAMA G. ELLURU, JEREMY M. PLENZLER, and MATTHEW R. CLEMENTS, Administrative Patent Judges.

BISK, Administrative Patent Judge.

**DECISION** Denying Patent Owner's Request for Rehearing 37 C.F.R. § 42.71

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CBM2015-00117 (Patent 8,118,221 B2) has been consolidated with this proceeding.



### **INTRODUCTION**

Samsung Electronics America, Inc., Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., and Samsung Telecommunications America, LLC ("Samsung"),<sup>2</sup> filed a Corrected Petition to institute covered business method patent review of claims 2, 11, and 32 of U.S. Patent No. 8,118,221 B2 (Ex. 1001, "the '221 patent") pursuant to § 18 of the Leahy-Smith America Invents Act ("AIA").<sup>3</sup> Paper 4 ("Pet."). On March 30, 2015, we instituted a covered business method patent review (Paper 9, "Institution Decision" or "Inst. Dec.") based upon Samsung's assertion that claims 2, 11, and 32 are directed to patent ineligible subject matter under 35 U.S.C. § 101. Inst. Dec. 19.

On April 30, 2015, Apple Inc. ("Apple") filed a Petition to institute covered business method patent review of the same claims of the '221 patent based on the same grounds. *Apple Inc. v. Smartflash LLC*, Case CBM2015-00117 (Paper 2, "Apple Pet."). Apple simultaneously filed a "Motion for Joinder" of its newly filed case with Samsung's previously instituted case. CBM2015-00117 (Paper 3, "Apple Mot."). On August 8, 2015, we granted Apple's Petition and consolidated the two proceedings. Paper 32; *Apple Inc. v. Smartflash LLC*, Case CBM2015-00117, slip. op. at 6–7 (PTAB Aug. 8, 2015) (Paper 11).

Subsequent to institution, Smartflash LLC ("Patent Owner") filed a Patent Owner Response (Paper 23, "PO Resp.") and Samsung and Apple

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Pub. L. No. 112-29, 125 Stat. 284, 296–07 (2011).



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Samsung Telecommunications America, LLC, a petitioner at the time of filing, merged with and into Samsung Electronics America, Inc. as of January 1, 2015. Paper 8.

CBM2014-00194 Patent 8,118,221 B2

(collectively, "Petitioner") filed a Reply (Paper 31, "Reply") to Patent Owner's Response.

In our Final Decision, we determined that Petitioner had established, by a preponderance of the evidence, that claim 32 ("the challenged claim") of the '221 patent is unpatentable.<sup>4</sup> Paper 51 ("Final Dec."), 30.

Patent Owner requests rehearing of the Final Decision. Paper 52 ("Request" or "Req. Reh'g"). Having considered Patent Owner's Request, we decline to modify our Final Decision.

### STANDARD OF REVIEW

In covered business method review, the petitioner has the burden of showing unpatentability by a preponderance of the evidence. 35 U.S.C. § 326(e). The standard of review for rehearing requests is set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 42.71(d), which states:

The burden of showing a decision should be modified lies with the party challenging the decision. The request must specifically identify all matters the party believes the Board misapprehended or overlooked, and the place where each matter was previously addressed in a motion, an opposition, or a reply.

#### **ANALYSIS**

Patent Owner's Request is based on a disagreement with our determination that claim 32 is directed to patent-ineligible subject matter.

Req. Reh'g 2. In its Request, Patent Owner presents arguments directed to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Claims 2 and 11 were canceled in a Final Written Decision of another proceeding—CBM2014-00102. *Apple Inc. v. Smartflash LLC*, Case CBM2014-00102, (PTAB Sept. 25, 2015) (Paper 52). Because the Federal Circuit dismissed Patent Owner's appeal of that decision, leaving claims 2 and 11 cancelled, we did not address those claims in the Final Written Decision of this proceeding. Final Dec. 3–4.



CBM2014-00194 Patent 8,118,221 B2

alleged similarities between the challenged claim and those at issue in *DDR Holdings*, *LLC v. Hotels.com*, *L.P.*, 773 F.3d 1245 (Fed. Cir. 2014) (Req. Reh'g 5–10) and alleged differences between the challenged claim and those at issue in *Alice Corp. Pty. Ltd. v. CLS Bank Int'l.*, 134 S. Ct. 2347 (2014) (*id.* at 10–15).

As noted above, our rules require that the requesting party "specifically identify all matters the party believes the Board misapprehended or overlooked, and the place where each matter was previously addressed in a motion, an opposition, or a reply." 37 C.F.R. 42.71(d) (emphasis added). In its Request, however, Patent Owner does not identify any specific matter that we misapprehended or overlooked. Rather, the only citation to Patent Owner's previous arguments are general citations, without explanation as to how we misapprehended or overlooked any particular matter in the record. For example, with respect to Patent Owner's arguments regarding DDR Holdings, Patent Owner simply notes that "the issue of whether the claim was similar to those in *DDR Holdings* was previously addressed. See PO Resp. 12–13." Request 7 n.2. Similarly, in Patent Owner's arguments regarding *Alice*, Patent Owner simply notes that "the issue of whether Claim 32 is an abstract idea was previously addressed." See 37 C.F.R. § 42.71(d); PO Resp. 11–28; see also Tr. 46:21–47:11" (id. at 11 n.4) and "the issue of whether the Claim 32 contains 'additional features' was previously addressed. See 37 C.F.R. § 42.71(d); PO Resp. 8–9; 25–36" (id. at 12 n.6). These generic citations to large portions of the record do not identify, with any particularity, specific arguments that we may have misapprehended or overlooked.



Rather than providing a proper request for rehearing, addressing particular matters that we previously misapprehended or overlooked, Patent Owner's Request provides new briefing by expounding on argument already made. Patent Owner cannot simply allege that an "issue" (e.g., whether the claims are directed to an abstract idea) was previously addressed, generally, and proceed to present new argument on that issue in a request for rehearing. *See* 37 C.F.R. § 42.71.

Patent Owner's arguments are either new or were addressed in our Final Decision. For example, Patent Owner's argument that the challenged claims are not directed to an abstract idea (Req. Reh'g 10-12) is new, and therefore, improper in a request for rehearing, because Patent Owner did not argue the first step of the analysis articulated in Mayo and Alice in its Patent Owner Response (see PO Resp. passim (arguing only the second step of the Mayo and Alice test)). To the extent portions of the Request are supported by Patent Owner's argument in the general citations to the record, we considered those arguments in our Final Decision, as even Patent Owner acknowledges. See, e.g., Req. Reh'g 7 (citing Final Dec. 15) ("The Board rejected Patent Owner's reliance on *DDR Holdings* (at 15), holding that Claim 7 was not 'rooted in computer technology in order to overcome a problem specifically arising in the realm of computer networks.""). For example, Patent Owner's arguments about inventive concept (Req. Reh'g 5– 7, 12–15) were addressed at pages 10–13 and 18–20 of our Final Decision, Patent Owner's arguments about preemption (Req. Reh'g. 6–7) were addressed at pages 20–22 of our Final Decision, and Patent Owner's arguments about *DDR Holdings* (Req. Reh'g. 7–10) were addressed at pages



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