

# *Exhibit H*

013004  
04772 U.S. PTO

322782 U.S. PTO  
601540586  
013004

Approved for use through 07/31/2006. OMB 0651-0032  
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

**PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT COVER SHEET**

This is a request for filing a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT under 37 CFR 1.53(c).

Express Mail Label No.

INVENTOR(S)					
Given Name (first and middle (if any))	Family Name or Surname	Residence (City and either State or Foreign Country)			
XIAODONG	LI	KIRKLAND, WA			
Additional inventors are being named on the _____ separately numbered sheets attached hereto					
<b>TITLE OF THE INVENTION (500 characters max)</b>					
METHODS AND APPRATUS FOR OVERLAYING MULTI-CARRIER AND DIRECT-SEQUENCE SPREAD					
Direct all correspondence to:		CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS			
<input type="checkbox"/> Customer Number:			SPECTRUM SIGNALS IN A BROADBAND WIRELESS COMMUNICATION SYSTEM		
OR					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Firm or Individual Name	WALBELL TECHNOLOGIES, INC				
Address	1750 112th AVE, NE,				
Address	SUITE D-159				
City	BELLEVUE	State	WA	Zip	98004
Country	USA	Telephone	425 451 8278	Fax	425 451 8254
<b>ENCLOSED APPLICATION PARTS (check all that apply)</b>					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specification Number of Pages	11	<input type="checkbox"/> CD(s), Number			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s) Number of Sheets	18	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Application Data Sheet. See 37 CFR 1.76					
<b>METHOD OF PAYMENT OF FILING FEES FOR THIS PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT</b>					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27.					FILING FEE Amount (\$)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A check or money order is enclosed to cover the filing fees.					80.00
<input type="checkbox"/> The Director is hereby authorized to charge filing fees or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account Number: _____					
<input type="checkbox"/> Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.					
The invention was made by an agency of the United States Government or under a contract with an agency of the United States Government.					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No.					
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes, the name of the U.S. Government agency and the Government contract number are: _____					

[Page 1 of 2]

Respectfully submitted,  
SIGNATURE *Xiaodong Li*  
TYPED or PRINTED NAME XIAODONG LI  
TELEPHONE 425 451 8278

Date 1/30/2004  
REGISTRATION NO. \_\_\_\_\_  
(if appropriate)  
Docket Number: \_\_\_\_\_

**USE ONLY FOR FILING A PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT**

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.51. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 8 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Mail Stop Provisional Application, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

**PROVISIONAL APPLICATION COVER SHEET**  
**Additional Page**

PTO/SB/16 (08-03)

Approved for use through 07/31/2006. OMB 0651-0032

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

Docket Number

INVENTOR(S)/APPLICANT(S)		
Given Name (first and middle [if any])	Family or Surname	Residence (City and either State or Foreign Country)
TITUS	LO	REDMOND, WA
KEMIN	LI	BELLEVUE, WA
HAIMING	HUANG	BELLEVUE, WA

[Page 2 of 2]

Number 2 of 2

**WARNING:** Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.

# Methods and Apparatus for Overlaying Multi-Carrier and Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum Signals in a Broadband Wireless Communication System

## 1 Background of the Invention

In broadband wireless communications, Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) and Multi-Carrier (MC) techniques are commonly used. Both the DSSS and MC schemes have their own advantages. For instance, DSSS is inherently capable of supporting multi-cell and multi-user access applications through the use of orthogonal spreading codes. By its nature of interference averaging, initial access of the physical channel and frequency planning are relatively easier to be done in DSSS system. From here on, we will use SS to refer to DSSS.

As one example of MC, Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) with cyclic prefix insertion mitigates inter-symbol interference (ISI) by extending the signal period as the data is multiplexed on orthogonal sub-carriers. As such, it converts a frequency selective channel into a number of parallel flat fading channels which can be easily equalized with simple one-tap equalizers. The (de)modulator can be executed efficiently via the fast Fourier transform (FFT) with much lower cost. In general, MC is capable of supporting broadband application with a higher spectral efficiency and at the same time not severely impacted by multi-path propagation in wireless environment.

On the other hand, both of them have their weaknesses. For example, wideband spread spectrum systems with orthogonal spreading codes suffer severely due to the loss of orthogonality by multi-path propagation therefore yielding low spectral efficiency, while multi-carrier systems need to be carefully designed to operate in a multi-user and multi-cell environment.

## 2 Summary of the Invention

This invention is an advanced scheme that coordinates MC and SS signaling in one system where both signals are intentionally overlaid together in both time and frequency domains. It takes advantages of both MC and SS techniques while mitigating their weaknesses. The MC signal is used to carry broadband data signal due to its high spectral efficiency, while the SS signal is used for special purpose processing, such as initial random access, channel probing, and short messaging, in which cases properties such as signal simplicity, self synchronization, and performance under severe interference are more important. The system is designed in such a way that both the MC signal and the SS signal are distinguishable in normal operations, i.e., the interferences between the two signals do not degrade their respective expected performance.

WALBELL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
Confidential and Proprietary

Rev. 0.1 1/30/2004

Unlike a typical CDMA system where the signals are designed to be orthogonal in code domain, or a typical OFDM system where the signals are designed to be orthogonal in frequency domain, this invention intentionally overlay the MC signal, which has no spreading or a very low spreading factor to achieve high spectrum efficiency, and the SS signal, which has a much lower power level than that of the MC signal.

In one embodiment, the MC signal is modulated on subcarriers in the frequency domain while the SS signal is modulated in the time domain. A special case is that the modulation symbol on the SS sequence is 1; that is, the sequence is unmodulated. Correspondingly, the MC signal is demodulated in the frequency domain and the SS signal is demodulated in the time domain.

This invention further provides the apparatus or means to implement the aforesaid design process and methods in a broadband wireless multi-access and multi-cell network using advanced techniques, such as transmit power control, spreading signal design, and iterative cancellation.

The multi-carrier system mentioned in this invention can be of any special formats such as OFDM, or Multi-Carrier Code Division Multiple Access (MC-CDMA). The invention can be applied to downlink, uplink, or both, where the duplexing technique can be either Time Division Duplexing (TDD) or Frequency Division Duplexing (FDD).

### 3 Brief Description of the Drawings

The present invention will be understood clearly from the detailed description given below and from the accompanying drawings of various embodiments of the invention, which, however, should not be taken to limit the invention to the specific embodiments, but are for explanation and understanding only.

Figure 1: The basic structure of a multi-carrier signal in the frequency domain is made up of subcarriers. Data subcarriers can be grouped into subchannels.

Figure 2: The radio resource is divided into small units in both the frequency and time domains: subchannels and time slots. The basic structure of a multi-carrier signal in the time domain is made up of time slots.

Figure 3: Frame structure of an exemplary OFDM system. A 20ms frame is divided into four 5ms subframes. One subframe consists of six time slots and two special periods.

Figure 4: Three examples of the subframe structure in the exemplary OFDM system: one symmetric configuration and two asymmetric configurations.

Figure 5: Slot structure of the OFDM system and the overlay system. One 800 us time slot is comprised of 8 OFDM symbols. It is overlaid by SS signals in time domain. Two guard periods GP1 and GP2 are allocated for the SS signal.

Figure 6: The illustration of MC signals overlaid with SS signals in the frequency domain where the power level of the SS signal is much lower than that of the MC

# Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

## Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

## Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

## Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

## API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

## LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

## FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

## E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.