

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS**

PHILIPS NORTH AMERICA LLC	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	C.A. No. 1:19-cv-11586-IT
v.	)	
	)	
FITBIT, INC.,	)	<b>JURY TRIAL DEMANDED</b>
	)	
Defendant.	)	
	)	
	)	
	)	

**PLAINTIFF’S OPENING CLAIM CONSTRUCTION BRIEF**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

I. INTRODUCTION ..... 1

II. LEGAL STANDARDS ..... 1

III. THE ASSERTED PATENTS ..... 2

    a. U.S. Patent No. 6,013,007 (the '007 Patent)..... 2

    b. U.S. Patent No. 6,976,958 (the '958 Patent)..... 2

    c. U.S. Patent No. 7,088,233 (the '233 Patent)..... 3

    d. U.S. Patent No. 8,277,377 (the '377 Patent)..... 4

IV. LEVEL OF ORDINARY SKILL IN THE ART ..... 4

V. DISPUTED CONSTRUCTIONS ..... 5

    a. '007 Patent: “means for computing athletic performance feedback data from the series of time-stamped waypoints obtained by said GPS receiver” ..... 5

        i. Construction of functional language (claims 1, 21)..... 5

        ii. The term is not indefinite (claims 1, 21)..... 7

    b. '007 Patent: “means for suspending and resuming operation of said means for computing when a speed of the athlete falls below a predetermined threshold” (Claim 7) ..... 11

    c. '958 Patent: “in the event of an interruption of the wireless connection . . . configured to store” (Claims 15, 16)..... 12

    d. '958 Patent: “memory” ..... 13

    e. '958 Patent: “internet-enabled wireless web device” ..... 14

    f. '958 Patent: “health parameter [or visual data] [indicative/corresponding to] of a disease state or condition of a patient” ..... 15

    g. '233 Patent: “governing information transmitted between the first personal device and the second device” ..... 16

    h. '233 Patent: “first personal device” ..... 18

    i. '233 Patent: “wireless communication” ..... 18

    j. '377 Patent: “indicating a physiological status of a subject” (Claims 1, 12)..... 19

VI. CONCLUSION.....20

## TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

	<b>Page(s)</b>
<b>Cases</b>	
<i>Alfred E. Mann Found. for Sci. Research v. Cochlear Corp.</i> , 841 F.3d 1334 (Fed. Cir. 2016).....	15
<i>AllVoice Computing PLC v. Nuance Comms., Inc.</i> , 504 F.3d 1236 (Fed. Cir. 2007).....	15
<i>Applied Med. Resources Corp. v. U.S. Surgical Corp.</i> , 448 F.3d 1324 (Fed. Cir. 2006).....	5
<i>Biomedino, LLC v. Waters Techs. Corp.</i> , 490 F.3d 946 (Fed. Cir. 2007).....	13
<i>Cardia Pacemakers, Inc. v. St. Jude Med., Inc.</i> , 296 F.3d 1106 (Fed. Cir. 2002).....	6
<i>Finisar Corp. v. DirectTV Grp., Inc.</i> , 523 F.3d 1323 (Fed. Cir. 2008).....	15
<i>Koninklijke Philips, N.V. v. Zoll Med. Corp.</i> , 2014 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 113735 at *23-24 (D. Mass. Aug 15, 2014) .....	14
<i>McGinley v. Franklin Sports, Inc.</i> , 262 F.3d 1339 (Fed. Cir. 2001).....	6, 10
<i>Medtronic Minimed Inv. v. Animas Corp.</i> , 21 F.Supp.3d 1060 (C.D. Cal. 2014) .....	14
<i>Phillips v. AWH Corp.</i> , 415 F.3d 1303 (Fed. Cir. 2005).....	5
<i>S3 Inc. v. NVIDIA Corp.</i> , 259 F.3d 1364 (Fed. Cir. 2001).....	15
<i>Vitronics Corp. v. Conceptronic, Inc.</i> , 90 F.3d 1576 (Fed. Cir. 1996).....	5
<b>Statutes</b>	
35 U.S.C. § 112.....	6, 10

## I. INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff Philips North America, LLC (“Philips”) submits its opening claim construction brief. As demonstrated below, Philips’s proposed constructions are grounded in the intrinsic record and the plain meaning of various terms to a person of ordinary skill in the art, while Defendant Fitbit, Inc.’s (“Fitbit”) proposals are divorced from the specifications of the asserted patents—in some instances going so far as to exclude exemplary embodiments. While Fitbit might desire unreasonably broad constructions that would ensnare prior art, or unreasonably narrower ones that would support non-infringement arguments, those are not the tenets that should guide claim construction. Of note, despite advancing a number of unsupported constructions in the present litigation, Fitbit has filed IPR petitions against the ’233, ’958, and ’377 Patents where it argued that **no terms** required construction.

## II. LEGAL STANDARDS

Claim construction is supposed to stay true to the meaning that a claim would have to a technically qualified person of ordinary skill in the art in light of the intrinsic record. *Phillips v. AWH Corp.*, 415 F.3d 1303, 1313 (Fed. Cir. 2005) (*en banc*). The patent specification “is the single best guide to the meaning of a disputed term.” *Vitronics Corp. v. Conceptor, Inc.*, 90 F.3d 1576, 1582 (Fed. Cir. 1996). Expert testimony can be useful “to ensure that the court’s understanding of the technical aspects of the patent is consistent with that of a person of ordinary skill in the art, or to establish that a particular term in the patent or the prior art has a particular meaning in the pertinent field.” *Philips*, 415 F.3d at 1318.

When claim construction involves disputed means-plus-function limitations, the Court must identify the claimed function and the corresponding structure that performs that function. *See Applied Med. Resources Corp. v. U.S. Surgical Corp.*, 448 F.3d 1324, 1332 (Fed. Cir. 2006).

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