

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA
ORLANDO DIVISION

LIGHTING SCIENCE GROUP
CORPORATION,

Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant,

v.

Case No. 6:16-cv-413-Orl-37GJK

NICOR, INC.,

Defendant/Counter-Claimant.

LIGHTING SCIENCE GROUP
CORPORATION,

Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant,

v.

Case No. 6:16-cv-1087-Orl-37GJK

AMERICAN DE ROSA LAMPARTS,
LLC,

Defendant/Counter-Claimant.

LIGHTING SCIENCE GROUP
CORPORATION,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No. 6:16-cv-1255-Orl-37GJK

TECHNICAL CONSUMER
PRODUCTS, INC.,

Defendant.

LIGHTING SCIENCE GROUP
CORPORATION,

Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant,

v.

Case No. 6:16-cv-1256-Orl-37GJK

SATCO PRODUCTS, INC.,

Defendant/Counter-Claimant.

LIGHTING SCIENCE GROUP
CORPORATION,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No. 6:16-cv-1321-Orl-37GJK

AMAX LIGHTING,

Defendant.

ORDER

The five patent infringement actions identified above (“**Related Actions**”) – each initiated seriatim by Plaintiff Lighting Science Group Corporation (“**Lighting Science**”) – are before the Court upon consideration of the following identical documents filed in each Related Action: (1) Defendants’ Motions to Stay Litigation Pending *Inter Partes* Review and Incorporated Memorandum in Support (“**Stay Motions**”), filed February 27, 2017;¹ (2) Plaintiff’s Memoranda in Opposition to Defendants’ Motions to

¹ (*Lighting Sci. v. Nicor, Inc.*, No. 6:16-cv-413-Orl-37GJK (“**Nicor Action**”), at Doc. 86; *Lighting Sci. v. Am. De Rosa Lamparts, LLC*, No. 6:16-cv-1087-Orl-37GJK (“**ADRL Action**”), at Doc. 36; *Lighting Sci. v. Tech. Consumer Prods., Inc.*, No. 6:16-cv-1255-Orl-

Stay Litigation (“**Responses**”), filed March 10, 2017;² (3) Defendants’ Replies in Support of Motion to Stay Litigation Pending *Inter Partes* Review and Incorporated Memoranda in Support (“**Replies**”), filed March 27, 2017;³ and (4) Plaintiff’s Surreplies in Support of Opposition to Motion to Stay Litigation Pending *Inter Partes* Review and Incorporated Memorandum of Law in Opposition (“**Surreplies**”), filed May 1, 2017.⁴

I. BACKGROUND

In these Related Actions, Lighting Science claims that its competitors in the LED lighting market—Nicor, Inc. (“**Nicor**”), American De Rosa Lamparts, LLC (“**ADRL**”), Technical Consumer Products, Inc. (“**TCPI**”), Satco Products, Inc. (“**Satco**”), and Amax Lighting (“**Amax**”)—are infringing certain claims (“**Asserted Claims**”) of three of Plaintiff’s registered patents (“**Patents-in-Suit**”)—U.S. Patent No. 8,201,968 (“**968 Patent**”), U.S. Patent No. 8,672,518 (“**518 Patent**”), and U.S. Patent No. 8,967,844 (“**844 Patent**”).⁵

37GJK (“**TCPI Action**”), at Doc. 49; *Lighting Sci. v. Satco Prods., Inc.*, No. 6:16-cv-1256-Orl-37GJK (“**Satco Action**”), at Doc. 44; *Lighting Sci. v. Amax Lighting*, No. 6:16-cv-1321-Orl-37GJK (“**Amax Action**”), at Doc. 49.)

²(*Nicor Action*, at Doc. 87; *ADRL Action*, at Doc. 37; *TCPI Action*, at Doc. 51, *Satco Action*, at Doc. 45; *Amax Action*, at Doc. 48.)

³(*Nicor Action*, at Doc. 91; *ADRL Action*, at Doc. 39; *TCPI Action*, at Doc. 55, *Satco Action*, at Doc. 48; *Amax Action*, at Doc. 52.)

⁴(*Nicor Action*, at Doc. 97; *ADRL Action*, at Doc. 44; *TCPI Action*, at Doc. 61, *Satco Action*, at Doc. 52; *Amax Action*, at Doc. 57.)

⁵(*Nicor Action*, at Doc. 45 (Amended Complaint); *ADRL Action*, at Doc. 1 (Complaint); *TCPI Action*, at Doc. 29 (Amended Complaint), *Satco Action*, at Doc. 11 (Amended Complaint); *Amax Action*, at Doc. 37 (Amended Complaint).)

By asserting counterclaims and affirmative defenses in these actions,⁶ and by filing petitions with the Patent Trial and Appeal Board (“PTAB”) on **April 17, 2017** (“**Petitions**”), for *inter partes* review (“IPR”) in accordance with new procedures set forth in the Leahy-Smith America Invents Act (“AIA”), 35 U.S.C. §§ 311–319, each of the Defendants have challenged the validity of the Asserted Claims.⁷ Based on their Petitions, and the fact that the PTAB previously instituted IPRs with respect to claims of the ‘968 and ‘844 Patents,⁸ the Defendants request that the Court stay these proceedings pending further action by the PTAB. (See *supra* nn.1, 3.) Lighting Science opposes the Stay Motions (see *supra* nn.2, 4), and the matter is ripe for adjudication.

II. DISCUSSION

Under the AIA, IPR presents “a new system for reviewing issued patents, providing for stays of district court proceedings, and estoppels in tribunals, based on” expedited decisions of the Patent and Trademark Office (“PTO”).⁹ See *SAD Inst., Inc. v.*

⁶(See *Nicor Action*, at Doc. 48; *ADRL Action*, at Doc. 21; *TCPI Action*, at Doc. 36, *Satco Action*, at Doc. 22, pp. 14–16; *Amax Action*, at Doc. 39.)

⁷(See *Nicor Action*, Doc. 93; *TCPI Action*, Doc. 57; *Amax Action*, Doc. 54.)

⁸Based on petitions filed by prior Defendants in another Related Case—*Lighting Science v. Sea Gull Lighting Products, LLC*, No. 6:16-cv-338-Orl-37GJK (“**SGLP Action**”)—on **February 6, 2017**, the PTAB instituted IPRs with respect to claims of the ‘968 and ‘844 Patents (“**SGLP IPRs**”). (See *Dismissed SGLP Action*, Doc. 56.) After the Court dismissed the *SGLP Action* on **March 8, 2017**, in accordance with the parties’ settlement, the *SGLP IPRs* were also dismissed.

⁹The new adjudicative IPR process is intended to improve the non-adjudicative post-issue examination process by: (1) “reducing to 12 months the time the PTO spends reviewing validity, from the previous reexamination average of 36.2 months”; and (2) “minimizing duplicative efforts by increasing coordination between district court litigation” and the IPR processes. See *Andersons, Inc. v. Enviro Granulation, LLC*, No. 8:13-cv-3004-T-33MAP, 2014 WL 4059886, at *1 (M.D. Fla. 2014) (granting motion to stay).

ComplementSoft, LLC, 825 F.3d 1341, 1353–54 (Fed. Cir. 2016) (Newman, J., concurring in part & dissenting in part). In the two-stage IPR proceeding:

- (1) the PTAB first reviews the IPR petition and any preliminary response, and makes its decision—which is not subject to appeal—whether “there is a reasonable likelihood that the petitioner would prevail with respect to at least 1 of the claims challenged in the petition” based on prior art (*see Synopsys, Inc. v. Mentor Graphics Corp.*, 814 F.3d 1309, 1314 (Fed. Cir. 2016) (quoting 35 U.S.C. § 314(a))); and
- (2) the PTAB then conducts the IPR and—based on a fulsome administrative record—issues a final written decision with respect to “any patent claim challenged by the petitioner” (*see id.* (quoting 35 U.S.C. § 318(a))).

When IPRs are sought, the decision to stay related civil patent infringement litigation is within the sound discretion of the district court. *See Auto. Mfg. Sys., Inc. v. Primera Tech., Inc.*, No. 6:12-cv-1727-Orl-37DAB, 2012 WL 6133763, at *1 (M.D. Fla. Nov. 21, 2013). Non-exclusive factors pertinent to the exercise of such discretion include: (1) the procedural posture of the litigation, including whether discovery is complete and a trial date is set (“**Procedural Posture Factor**”); (2) whether the stay will simplify issues in the dispute between the litigants (“**Simplification Factor**”); and (3) whether the stay will unduly prejudice or present a clear tactical disadvantage to the nonmoving party (“**Prejudice Factor**”). *See id.*¹⁰

¹⁰ *See also Rothschild Storage Retrieval Innovations, LLC v. Motorola Mobility, LLC*, Case No. 14-22659-CIV-Scola, 2015 WL 12715618, at *1 (S.D. Fla. May 11, 2015) (granting stay); *CANVS Corp. v. Nivisys*, No. 2:14-cv-99-FtM-38DNF, LLC, 2014 WL 6883123, at *2 (M.D. Fla. Dec. 5, 2014) (granting stay).

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