EXHIBIT 1

1 doesn't carry any weight? 2 MR. ANDRE: I've not seen a case either way on that. mean, it would lead to an amazing practice. The petitioners 3 4 intentionally would not rely on the proper structure. 5 So the PTAB would say, we can't construe them, and then :56:40 6 they would argue in the District Court, ah, they're indefinite, 7 because the PTAB couldn't construe them. 8 You can't let them have control of the process and then 9 do it poorly, and then punish the patent owner for doing that. 10 THE COURT: The IPR procedure is only designed to :56:57 11 address 102 and 103, right, and not 112? 12 MR. ANDRE: That's correct. 13 THE COURT: Okay. 14 MR. ANDRE: So with that in mind, I think we're all on 15 the same page. :57:05 16 I think you've taken the breadth of my knowledge out at 17 this point. I'm going to let Mr. Hannah start going through the 18 terms and they can bounce through the terms very quickly that 19 way. 20 THE COURT: All right. :57:15 21 MR. HANNAH: Thank you, your Honor. 22 We'll start with the means for connecting term. 23 This is in the '344 and '966 patent. The parties 24 agreed essentially with regards to the function here. 25 And I think it's clear from the case law, what is :57:32



required in the spec is that someone of skill in the art has to be able to recognize and identify the structure, so they can program a software program in order to perform the necessary steps of the algorithm.

And then I think the easiest way is to just look at the means for connecting is to see what the patent talks about. It talks about the connect routine.

I think that is the clearest example and it's provided out all throughout the '966 and the '344 patent.

And it specifically says that Figure 8 is a flow diagram illustrating the process of the connect routine in one embodiment. It's talking exactly about the means for connecting and how that works.

And it goes through what this routine is.

If you look through this portion that we provided in the specification, it says this routine is perhaps a channel type or a channel instance. It identifies broadcast channel.

Routine also has some additional information.

When the connection is established, the callback routine is invoked to notify the application program.

And when this process invokes a routine, it's in a connection seek state. I mean, it goes through the algorithm step-by-step in terms of what is required by the means for connecting. And it specifically calls it a connect routine in the specification.

1 THE COURT: And, so, the structure -- so you're 2 submission for structure has a lot of other stuff besides that 3 portion of the specification? MR. HANNAH: Yes. And, your Honor, the reason we did 4 5 this is because other judges have liked this. We proposed some :59:21 6 means-plus-functions in unrelated cases. 7 And, frankly, we had a judge come back to ask us, how 8 am I supposed to just give these citations to the jury. 9 Give me something that I can actually read to the jury 10 and then put the citations in that. :59:40 11 So that is why we adopted this format. We think it's a 12 little cleaner and easier for a jury to understand, but the 13 algorithm is what's in the citations that are provided. 14 THE COURT: Well, so it's probably good for me, even if 15 :59:57 I decide to do what you're suggesting there, which sounds 16 reasonable. What is good for me is, for you to be, I think, 17 very specific about what the algorithm is, right? 18 You've got a lot of verbiage here. 19 And, so, for the connecting, are you saying that the 20 portions that you just showed me, which I think that's in column :00:15 21 -- whatever it is -- Column 18, Lines 3 to 18 of the '966 22 patent, that is the algorithm? 23 MR. HANNAH: Yes, your Honor. 24 So, if you look at -- so I'm just going back to the 25 construction on Slide 22 -- and you'll see for the '966 that's :00:36



DOCKET

Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

