UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

FINJAN, INC.,

Plaintiff.

V.

ESET, LLC, a California Limited Liability and ESET SPOL. S.R.O., a Slovak Republic Corporation,

Defendants.

Case No.: 3:17-cv-0183-CAB-(BGS)

ORDER ON ESET LLC'S MOTION TO DISMISS [Doc. No. 47]

Before the Court is Defendant ESET LLC's Rule 12(b)(6) motion to dismiss Plaintiff Finjan, Inc.'s complaint for willful infringement of six patents. [Doc. No. 47.] This motion comes to the Court with an unusual procedural history.

I. Background

Finjan's complaint was filed in the Northern District of California on July 1, 2016 ("N.D. Case"). Earlier that same day, ESET filed a complaint in the Southern District of California, 16-cv-1704, for declaratory judgment of non-infringement of one the patents at issue in the Finjan complaint ("S.D. Case"). On July 26, 2016, Finjan moved to dismiss the S.D. Case in light of the N.D. Case. On July 27, 2016, ESET moved to dismiss the N.D. Case in light of the S.D. Case. On September 1, 2016, District Judge James Donato



stayed the N.D. Case while this Court considered Finjan's motion to dismiss the S.D. Case. On September 26, 2016, this Court granted Finjan's motion to dismiss the S.D. Case.

At a hearing on October 6, 2016, Judge Donato lifted the stay in the N.D. Case and discussed with the parties setting a case management conference and issuing a scheduling order. [Doc. No. 56-3, at 10-11.] Judge Donato instructed the parties to proceed with initial disclosures in accordance with the local patent rules and submit a proposed scheduling order. [*Id.*] The court also discussed the negotiation history between the parties and mediation potential.

Although an answer had not yet been filed, there was no discussion regarding ESET filing a responsive pleading to the complaint. Defense counsel stated ESET would file a motion for change of venue, which was filed November 14, 2016 [Doc. No. 60], he never apprised the court however that ESET would also file a motion to dismiss pursuant to Rule 12(b)(6) to challenge the adequacy of the pleadings under Rule 8. [Doc. No. 56-3 at 16.] On October 20, 2016, the parties filed a Joint Case Management Statement [Doc. No. 49] as directed by the court, and at the same time ESET filed this motion to dismiss for failure to state a claim, that is now before this Court.

On November 14, 2016, despite the pending motion to dismiss the complaint, Judge Donato entered a Scheduling Order [Doc. No. 61] that among other things required: (1) the parties make initial disclosures by November 21, 2016; (2) Finjan provide infringement contentions by December 9, 2016 and make a Preliminary Election of Asserted Claims by January 11, 2017 [Doc. No. 72]; and (3) ESET provide invalidity contentions by January 20, 2017 and make a Preliminary Election of Prior Art by January 25, 2017 [Doc. No. 74]. On January 26, 2017, without ruling on the motion to dismiss, Judge Donato granted ESET's motion for change of venue and ordered this case transferred to the Southern District of California [Doc. No. 75] and it was ultimately assigned to the undersigned by low number rule [Doc. No. 84] with the motion to dismiss still pending. On March 20, 2017, the Court heard argument on the motion.

II. Discussion

ESET challenges the sufficiency of the pleadings with regard to the allegations of direct infringement, inducing infringement and willful infringement of the six patents at issue. Although a motion to dismiss is based on the adequacy of the pleading itself, the Court does not believe in the context of this particular case that it would be a proper application of Rule 1, which directs the Court and the parties to construe and administer the rules of civil procedure to secure the just, speedy and inexpensive determination of every action and proceeding, for the Court to simply ignore all that has transpired since the complaint was filed. The Court will therefore consider ESET's motion to dismiss in light of all the information that has been disclosed between the parties regarding the allegations of patent infringement in this case pursuant to the Scheduling Order entered by Judge Donato.

1. <u>Dismissal of all Patents Based on Unsupported Allegations All Claims Infringed.</u>

Defendant moved in part to dismiss the complaint as to all asserted patents because the complaint alleges infringement of every claim of each asserted patent without providing plausible allegations specific to each and every claim as to what accused product infringes each element of each claim and how. Plaintiff has however at this point, pursuant to the court's scheduling order, narrowed the list to 25 total claims and provided claim charts for each of those asserted claims directed to an accused product. The Court therefore deems the matter of the sufficiency of the pleadings with regard to the now unasserted claims to be moot.¹

Based on Finjan's Preliminary Election of Asserted Claims and Preliminary Infringement Contentions the following claims are presently at issue before the Court:

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¹ This determination does not preclude Finjan from seeking to renew allegations of infringement as to the withdrawn claims of the patents at issue should Finjan contend it necessary to do so following claim construction or with leave of court upon a showing of good cause.



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Claim	Type of Infringement Alleged
Independent Claim 1	Direct 271(a) and Inducing 271(b)
Dependent Claim 7	Direct 271(a) and Inducing 271(b)
Dependent Claim 11	Direct 271(a) and Inducing 271(b)
Independent Claim 15	Direct 271(a)
Dependent Claim 16	Direct 271(a)
Dependent Claim 21	Direct 271(a)
Independent Claim 9	Direct 271(a)
Dependent Claim 13	Direct 271(a)
Independent Claim 18	Direct 271(a)
Independent Claim 1	Direct 271(a)
Dependent Claim 2	Direct 271(a)
Dependent Claim 7	Direct 271(a)
Dependent Claim 11	Direct 271(a)
Independent Claim 1	Direct 271(a) and Inducing 271(b)
Dependent Claim 2	Direct 271(a) and Inducing 271(b)
Independent Claim 9	Direct 271(a)
Dependent Claim 10	Direct 271(a)
Independent Claim 24	Direct 271(a)
Independent Claim 1	Direct 271(a) and Inducing 271(b)
Dependent Claim 5	Direct 271(a) and Inducing 271(b)
Independent Claim 10	Direct 271(a) and Inducing 271(b)
Dependent Claim 13	Direct 271(a) and Inducing 271(b)
Dependent Claim 15	Direct 271(a) and Inducing 271(b)
Independent Claim 3	Direct 271(a) and Inducing 271(b)
Dependent Claim 6	Direct 271(a) and Inducing 271(b)
	Independent Claim 1 Dependent Claim 7 Dependent Claim 11 Independent Claim 15 Dependent Claim 16 Dependent Claim 21 Independent Claim 9 Dependent Claim 13 Independent Claim 18 Independent Claim 1 Dependent Claim 1 Dependent Claim 7 Dependent Claim 7 Dependent Claim 11 Independent Claim 1 Dependent Claim 1 Independent Claim 1 Dependent Claim 2 Independent Claim 9 Dependent Claim 10 Independent Claim 10 Independent Claim 5 Independent Claim 10 Dependent Claim 10 Dependent Claim 11 Dependent Claim 15 Independent Claim 13 Dependent Claim 15 Independent Claim 3



2. Dismissal of Direct Infringement Claims of '621, '755 and '305 Patents.

Defendant moved to dismiss the allegations of direct infringement of the '621 patent and '755 patent because they cover systems that include computer hardware elements such as a processor and memory, and the '305 patent because it covers a system that includes the element of a network interface housed within a computer. The accused products are security software products so Defendant asserts it does not make, use or sell a product that Finjan can plausibly allege meets all the limitations of these system claims. Finjan's infringement contentions however include user guides for the accused software that describe hardware system components required to operate the software. To ascertain the required or recommended hardware components needed to utilize the software, it is plausible that ESET uses a system within the scope of the claims. Unauthorized use of the patented system, even for the purpose of developing, testing and improving the software products ESET sells can constitute infringement.² Finjan's infringement contentions provide a sufficient basis for a plausible claim of direct infringement, and the Court finds it unnecessary for Plaintiff to amend the complaint to incorporate the information set forth in the contentions to meet Rule 8 requirements.³ The motion to dismiss the claims of direct infringement of the '621, '755 and '305 patents is denied.

3. <u>Dismissal of the Indirect Infringement Claims.</u>

With regard to the allegations of inducing infringement which requires prior knowledge of the patents by the Defendant, based on the Plaintiff's narrowed infringement contentions, there are presently four patents to which this allegation is asserted: Claims 1,

³ This determination is limited to whether a sufficient pleading under Rule 8 was, or could be provided. It is not a determination in any way on the merits of Plaintiff's direct infringement allegations. Nor does it preclude Finjan from establishing an alternative theory of direct infringement. In its opposition Finjan contended that ESET directly infringes the claimed systems by putting the invention into service, i.e., controlling the system as a whole and obtaining benefit from it. *Centillion Data Sys., LLC v. Quest Commc'ns Int'l, Inc.*, 631 F.3d 1279, 1284 (Fed. Cir. 2011).



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² ESET denied such use at the hearing, but for purposes of the motion to dismiss such use is a plausible allegation.

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