I	Case 5:20-cv-09341-EJD	Document 180	Filed 09/08/22	Page 1 of 33
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19	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
20	NOF	RTHERN DISTRI	CT OF CALIFOR	NIA
21				
22	APPLIED MATERIALS, INC.	••	CASE NO. 5:2	20-cv-09341-EJD
23	Plaintiff,			ATERIALS, INC.'S FFIRMATIVE DEFENSES
24	VS.		AND COUNT	TERCLAIMS TO LAIMS OF DEMARAY
25	DEMARAY LLC,		LLC	
26	Defendant.		PUBLIC – RI	EDACTED VERSION
27			Honorable Edv	ward J. Davila
28				

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APPLIED MATERIAL'S ANSWER, AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES AND COUNTERCLAIMS TO COUNTERCLAIMS OF DEMARAY LLC

3 Plaintiff and Counterclaim Defendant Applied Materials, Inc. ("Applied Materials") files 4 this Answer, Affirmative Defenses and Counterclaims to Demaray LLC's ("Demaray") 5 Counterclaims to Complaint ("Demaray's Counterclaims"). Applied Materials denies all 6 allegations in Demaray's Counterclaims unless expressly admitted. Any admissions herein are for 7 purposes of this matter only. Applied Materials also reserves the right to take further positions and 8 raise additional defenses that may become apparent as a result of additional information discovered 9 subsequent to filing this Answer and Counterclaims. Applied Materials demands a jury trial on all 10 issues and claims so triable.

11

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ANSWER

Applied Materials admits Demaray's Counterclaims purport to set forth a civil
 action seeking a judgment of infringement of U.S. Patent Nos. 7,544,276 (the "276 Patent") and
 7,381,657 (the "657 Patent") arising under the patent laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 *et seq.*, including 35 U.S.C. § 271, giving rise to remedies specified under 35 U.S.C. § 281 and 283 85. Applied Materials denies that there are factual or legal bases for Demaray's Counterclaims.

PARTIES

Applied Materials admits that Richard E. Demaray is listed as a named inventor on
 the face of the '276 and '657 Patents. Applied Materials lacks knowledge or information sufficient
 to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 2 of Demaray's
 Counterclaims, and therefore denies them.

3. Applied Materials lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to
 the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 3 of Demaray's Counterclaims, and therefore denies them.
 4 Applied Materials denies that it uses Demaray's patented technology Applied

4. Applied Materials denies that it uses Demaray's patented technology. Applied
Materials lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining
allegations in Paragraph 4 of Demaray's Counterclaims, and therefore denies them.

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1	5. Applied Materials admits that Demaray is a limited liability company organized and			
2	existing under the laws of the state of Delaware. Applied Materials lacks knowledge or information			
3	sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 5 of Demaray's			
4	Counterclaims, and therefore denies them.			
5	6. Applied Materials admits that Exhibits 1 and 2 purport to be copies of the '276 and			
6	'657 patents, respectively. Applied Materials lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a			
7	belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 6 of Demaray's Counterclaims, and			
8	therefore denies them.			
9	7. Admitted.			
10	JURISDICTION AND VENUE			
11	8. Applied Materials admits that Demaray's Counterclaims purport to set forth an			
12	action arising under the patent laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. Applied Materials			
13	denies that there are factual or legal bases for the claims listed in the Counterclaims. Applied			
14	Materials admits that this Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28			
15	U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).			
16	9. For purposes of this action only, Applied Materials admits that it is subject to			
17	personal jurisdiction in this Court.			
18	10. For purposes of this action only, Applied Materials admits that it is subject to			
19	personal jurisdiction in this Court, but denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 10 of			
20	Demaray's Counterclaims.			
21	11. Applied Materials admits that, for purposes of this action only, venue is proper, but			
22	denies the remaining allegations in Paragraph 11 of Demaray's Counterclaims.			
23	TECHNOLOGY BACKGROUND			
24	12. Applied Materials admits that semiconductor devices are generally manufactured			
25	using a series of process steps applied to a substrate, but denies the other allegations in Paragraph			
26	12 of Demaray's Counterclaims.			
27				
28	APPI IFD MATERIALS' ANSWER			

1	13. Applied Materials admits that magnetron sputtering is one of many physical vapor			
2	deposition ("PVD") techniques, and admits that magnetron sputtering can be carried out in a reactor			
3	with power being applied to a target. Applied Materials lacks knowledge or information sufficient			
4	to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 13 of Demaray's			
5	Counterclaims, and therefore denies them.			
6	14. Applied Materials admits the '276 patent states:			
7	Other approaches to providing a uniform condition of sputter erosion rely on			
8 9	creating a large uniform magnetic field or a scanning magnetic field that produces a time- averaged, uniform magnetic field. For example, rotating magnets or electromagnets can be utilized to provide wide areas of substantially uniform target erosion. For magnetically enhanced sputter deposition, a scanning magnet magnetron source can be used to provide a			
10	uniform, wide area condition of target erosion.			
11	As illustrated in FIG. 1A, apparatus 10 can include a scanning magnet magnetron source 20 positioned above target 12. An embodiment of a scanning magnetron source used for			
12	dc sputtering of metallic films is described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,855,744 to Halsey, et. al., (hereafter '744), which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The '744 patent			
13	demonstrates the improvement in thickness uniformity that is achieved by reducing local target erosion due to magnetic effects in the sputtering of a wide area rectangular target. As described			
14	in the '744 patent, by reducing the magnetic field intensity at these positions, the local target erosion was decreased and the resulting film thickness nonuniformity was improved from 8%,			
15	to 4%, over a rectangular substrate of 400x500 mm.			
16	'276 patent, 8:38-60. Applied Materials admits that the '276 patent also states: "Target 12 functions			
17	as a cathode when power is applied to it and is equivalently termed a cathode. Application of power			
18	to target 12 creates a plasma 53. Substrate 16 is capacitively coupled to an electrode 17 through an			
19	insulator 54." '276 patent, 5:24-27. Applied Materials lacks knowledge or information sufficient			
20	to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 14 of Demaray's			
21	Counterclaims, and therefore denies them.			
22	15. Applied Materials admits that the '276 patent states:			
23	In accordance with the present invention, a sputtering reactor apparatus for			
24	depositing oxide and oxynitride films is presented. Further, methods for depositing oxide and oxynitride films for optical waveguide devices are also presented. A sputtering reactor			
25	according to the present invention includes a pulsed DC power supply coupled through a filter to a target and a substrate electrode coupled to an RF power supply. A substrate mounted on			
26	the substrate electrode is therefore supplied with a bias from the RF power supply.			
27	The target can be a metallic target made of a material to be deposited on the substrate. In some embodiments, the metallic target is formed from Al, Si and various rare-earth			
28	APPI IFD MATERIALS' ANSWER			

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I	Case 5:20-cv-09341-EJD Document 180 Filed 09/08/22 Page 5 of 33			
1	ions. A target with an erbium concentration, for example, can be utilized to deposit a film that can be formed into a waveguide optical amplifier.			
2 3	A substrate can be any material and, in some embodiments, is a silicon wafer. In some embodiments, RF power can be supplied to the wafer. In some embodiments, the wafer and the electrode can be separated by an insulating glass.			
4 5 6	In some embodiments, up to about 10 kW of pulsed DC power at a frequency of between about 40 kHz and 350 kHz and a reverse pulse time of up to about 5µs is supplied to the target. The wafer can be biased with up to about several hundred watts of RF power. The temperature of the substrate can be controlled to within about 10° C. and can vary from about -			
7 8	50° C. to several hundred degrees C. Process gasses can be fed into the reaction chamber of the reactor apparatus. In some embodiments, the process gasses can include combinations of Ar, N2, O2, C2F6, CO2, CO and other process gasses.			
9	'276 patent, 2:45-3:7. Applied Materials admits that the '276 patent also states: "However, both RF			
10	and pulsed DC deposited films are not fully dense and most likely have columnar structures. These			
11	columnar structures are detrimental for optical wave guide applications due to the scattering loss			
12	caused by the structure. By applying a RF bias on wafer 16 during deposition, the deposited film			
13	can be dandified by energetic ion bombardment and the columnar structure can be substantially			
14	eliminated." '276 patent, 5:60-67. Applied Materials lacks knowledge or information sufficient to			
15	form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations in Paragraph 15 of Demaray's			
16	Counterclaims, and therefore denies them.			
17	APPLIED MATERIALS' KNOWLEDGE OF THE ASSERTED PATENTS			
18	16. Applied Materials admits that '657 patent was cited during the prosecution of U.S.			
19	Patent No. 8,894,827. Applied Materials admits it filed IPR2021-00103 and IPR2021-00105			
20	against the '276 patent on October 23, 2020. Applied Materials admits it filed IPR2021-00104 and			
21	IPR2021-00106 against the '657 patent on October 23, 2020. Applied Materials denies the			
22	remaining allegations in Paragraph 16 of Demaray's Counterclaims.			
23	COUNTERCLAIM I			
24	17. Paragraph 17 of Demaray's Counterclaims does not contain an allegation of fact,			
25	and therefore, no answer is required. Applied Materials incorporates by reference each of the			
26	statements set forth above in Paragraphs 1-16.			
27				
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	APPI IFD MATERIALS' ANSWER			

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