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11	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT						
12	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA						
13	SAN JOSE DIVISION						
14	IN RE: PERSONAL WEB TECHNOLOGIES,	Case No.: 5:18-md-02834-BLF					
15	LLC ET AL., PATENT LITIGATION	Case No. 5:18-cv-00767-BLF					
16	AMAZON.COM, INC., and AMAZON WEB	NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION					
17	SERVICES, INC.,	OF AMAZON.COM, INC. AND AMA-					
18	Plaintiffs.	ZON WEB SERVICES, INC. FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT OF NONIN-					
19	V.	FRINGEMENT					
20	PERSONALWEB TECHNOLOGIES, LLC and LEVEL 3 COMMUNICATIONS, LLC,	Date: November 15, 2019 Time: 9:00 a.m.					
	Defendants.	Dept: Courtroom 3, 5th Floor Judge: Hon. Beth L. Freeman					
21		Trial Date: March 16, 2020					
22	PERSONALWEB TECHNOLOGIES, LLC and LEVEL 3 COMMUNICATIONS, LLC,						
23	Counterclaimants,						
24	v.						
25							
26	AMAZON.COM, INC., and AMAZON WEB SERVICES, INC.,						
27	Counterdefendants.						
28							



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# NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, on November 15, 2019, at 9:00 a.m., at the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, 280 South First Street, San Jose, California, in the courtroom of the Honorable Beth L. Freeman, Amazon.com, Inc., and Amazon Web Services, Inc. (collectively "Amazon") will and hereby do move the Court under Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure for an order granting summary judgment in favor of Amazon and against PersonalWeb Technologies, LLC and Level 3 Communications, LLC (collectively "PersonalWeb") because (1) Amazon does not infringe the asserted claims of U.S. Patent No. 5,978,791 ("the '791 patent"), 6,928,442 ("the '442 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 7,802,310 ("the '310 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 7,945,544 ("the '544 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,099,420 ("the '420 patent") (collectively, the "patents-in-suit") and (2) PersonalWeb lacks standing to assert any claim of the patents-in-suit against Amazon CloudFront.

Amazon bases its motion on this notice, the accompanying memorandum of points and authorities, the supporting declaration of Saina S. Shamilov, all pleadings and documents on file in this action, and such other materials or argument as the Court may consider.

## MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

### I. INTRODUCTION

Amazon seeks a declaration that it does not infringe five PersonalWeb patents. While PersonalWeb denied Amazon's declaratory judgment claims and asserted counterclaims of infringement, it failed to produce any expert opinion in support of its positions. Having thus failed to meet its burden of production, PersonalWeb cannot, as a matter of law, meet its burden of persuasion. This is fatal to its case.

But even if PersonalWeb had tried to muster expert testimony to support its counterclaims, its case would still be fatally flawed. It abandoned its infringement allegations for two of the patents-in-suit when it omitted them from its infringement contentions. And the remaining three patents are directed to policing access to licensed content, which the accused Amazon technology, the CloudFront content delivery network, does not do, whether on its own or in combination with



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any other technology. Given this, Amazon's technology does not meet multiple limitations of the asserted claims, and the Court should enter summary judgment of noninfringement. PersonalWeb also lacks standing to assert claims against CloudFront because Level 3 Communications, LLC has the exclusive right to use and license the patents-in-suit in the field of content delivery networks.

## II. FACTUAL AND PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

In January 2018, PersonalWeb initiated a widespread patent litigation campaign asserting that Amazon's customers infringe related patents relating to methods of governing access to content. Shortly thereafter, to protect its customers and technology, Amazon filed an action for declaratory judgment of noninfringement of the five patents-in-suit and PersonalWeb responded by bringing infringement counterclaims against Amazon on four of the five patents and denying that Amazon does not infringe the fifth patent. (Dkt. 257.) At PersonalWeb's request, the United States Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation centralized the declaratory judgment action and the customer cases before this Court. (Dkt. 1.) To promote judicial efficiency, the Court stayed all customer cases pending resolution of the declaratory judgment action and a representative customer case against Twitch Interactive, Inc. PersonalWeb Techs., LLC v. Twitch Interactive, Inc., No. 5:18-cv-05619-BLF (N.D. Cal.); (Dkt. 313.)

On October 29, 2018, PersonalWeb served its infringement contentions. In those contentions, PersonalWeb did not allege infringement of the '791 patent or the '544 patent. It alleged that Amazon's S3 and/or CloudFront Content Delivery Network infringes the '442, '310, and '420 patents because each can respond to conditional GET requests with ETags as specified in the HTTP protocol. On March 13, 2019, the Court granted summary judgment finding that PersonalWeb's claims against S3 are precluded. (Dkt. 381.) PersonalWeb's claims against CloudFront remained.

The parties do not dispute that the HTTP protocol governs communications between web browsers and web servers on the World Wide Web; all websites comply with it. (Shamilov Decl., Ex. 2 (Weissman Rep.) at ¶ 26; Shamilov Decl., Ex. 1 (de la Iglesia Rep.) at ¶ 18; Shamilov Decl., Ex. 3 (RFC 2616, HTTP 1.1 standard) at §§ 1.1, 1.3.) As shown by the de la Iglesia expert report in the Twitch case, the parties also do not dispute how the HTTP protocol functions. (Amazon cites Mr. de la Iglesia's Twitch report at various points in this brief to show the parties' agreement about



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