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19	Open 1 V, me., Ivagravision 5.71., and Ivagra I fance	5.71.5.
	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
20	NORTHERN DISTRIC	
21	SAN FRANCIS	SCO DIVISION
Z1	OPENTV, INC., NAGRAVISION S.A., and	CASE NO. 5:15-cv-02008-EJD (NMC)
22	NAGRA FRANCE S.A.S.	CASE IVO. 3.13 CV 02000 ESD (IVIVE)
		DECLARATION OF ELIZABETH A.
23	Plaintiffs,	NIEMEYER IN SUPPORT OF
24		PLAINTIFFS' OPP. TO DEFENDANT'S
24	V.	MOT. TO PRECLUDE RELIANCE ON
25	APPLE INC.,	CERTAIN INVENTION DATES AND
	,	TO STRIKE CERTAIN ALLEGATIONS
26	Defendant.	
27		Mag. Judge: Nathanael Cousins
41		Hearing Time: 1:00 p.m.
a o		Hearing Date: June 1, 2016



- I, Elizabeth A. Niemeyer, declare as follows:
- 1. I am an attorney licensed to practice in the District of Columbia and admitted *pro hac vice* to practice before this Court. I am a partner with Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner, LLP, counsel of record for OpenTV, Inc., Nagravision S.A., and Nagra France S.A.S. (collectively "OpenTV") in the above-entitled action. I have personal knowledge of the facts contained in this Declaration, and if called upon to do so, I could and would testify competently thereto.
- 2. I submit this Declaration in support of Plaintiffs' Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Preclude Reliance on Certain Invention Dates and to Strike Certain Allegations.
- 3. Attached as Exhibit 1 is a true and correct copy of pages 1 through 21 of the April 22, 2015 hearing transcript from *OpenTV*, *Inc. v. Apple Inc.*, No. C 14-1622-HSG, D.I. No. 172.
- 4. Attached as Exhibit 2 is a true and correct copy of excerpts from the file history for U.S. Patent No. 6,233,736 corresponding to an affidavit and accompanying exhibits submitted by the applicant during the prosecution of that patent.
- 5. Attached as Exhibit 3 is a true and correct copy of the Contents page of the file history for U.S. Patent No. 6,233,736
- 6. Attached as Exhibit 4 is a true and correct copy of an email between counsel for OpenTV and Defendant Apple Inc., dated March 29, March 30, April 4, and April 5 2016 (submitted for partial filing under seal).
- 7. On April 9, 2014, Plaintiffs OpenTV, Inc. and Nagravision S.A. filed a complaint for patent infringement against Apple Inc., which is captioned *OpenTV*, *Inc. v. Apple Inc.*, No. C 14-1622-HSG (N.D. Cal. 2014) (*Apple I*). That case is currently stayed.
- 8. In accordance with the procedural schedule in in *Apple I* and the Patent Local Rules, OpenTV served its infringement contentions and accompanying document production, which included for each asserted patent (1) an identification of the priority date (*i.e.*, the earliest filing date) (Patent L.R. 3-1(f)), and (2) copies of all non-privileged documents evidencing a conception date earlier than the priority date (Patent L.R. 3-2(b)).



- 9. Apple subsequently served its invalidity contentions and accompanying document production under Patent L.R. 3-3 and 3-4.
- 10. After receiving Apple's invalidity contentions, OpenTV decided to waive privilege on certain invention disclosure documents that evidenced a conception date earlier than that disclosed in OpenTV's Patent L.R. 3-2(b) document production for one of the patents. OpenTV consequently filed a motion for leave to supplement its Patent L.R. 3-2(b) production with the invention disclosure documents. *Apple I*, D.I. 124.
- 11. The day after OpenTV filed its motion, Apple served its first set of discovery requests, which included, *inter alia*, an interrogatory seeking "the circumstances surrounding the conception and reduction to practice of the claimed invention" for each asserted patent.
- 12. Apple opposed OpenTV's motion to supplement its Patent L.R. 3-2(b) production, arguing that Patent L.R. 3-1(f)—which calls for an identification of a patent's "priority date"—required OpenTV to disclose any conception date, which is the same argument Apple makes in its motion before this Court. Apple also argued that Patent L.R. 3-2(b) required OpenTV to produce all conception documents, regardless of whether they were privileged.
- 13. Judge Gilliam heard oral argument on OpenTV's motion to supplement its Patent L.R. 3-2(b) production on April 22, 2015, and granted OpenTV's motion. *Apple I*, D.I. 172.
- 14. On May 5, 2015, Plaintiffs OpenTV, Inc., Nagravision S.A., and Nagra France S.A.S. filed the complaint in this action against Apple. For simplicity, the plaintiffs in *Apple I* and this action are each referred to collectively as "OpenTV."
- 15. On October 15, 2015, OpenTV served its "Disclosure of Asserted Claims and Infringement Contentions" under Patent L.R. 3-1 and produced documents as required by Patent L.R. 3-2. In accordance with Patent L.R. 3-1(f), and consistent with Judge Gilliam's ruling in *Apple I*, OpenTV identified the priority date for each asserted patent. OpenTV also produced the documents required under Patent L.R. 3-2, including documents evidencing conception earlier than the priority dates identified under Patent L.R. 3-1(f) and the file histories for each asserted patent, including U.S. Patent No. 6,233,736 ("the '736 patent"). OpenTV also identified one subcategory of

also stated, "Although not required by the Patent Local Rules but in the interest of providing notice to Apple, OpenTV claims a conception date for the '169 patent of June 2001. OpenTV has not produced privileged documentation with this disclosure. *See OpenTV, Inc. v. Apple Inc.*, No. C 14-1622 HSG, Dkt. No. 172, April 22, 2015 Hearing Tr. at 4-21 (N.D. Cal. 2014)." D.I. 85-3, Ex. 1 at 8.

- 16. The complete file history for the '736 patent (excluding cited references) is fewer than 200 pages. During prosecution, the Examiner twice rejected the application. In response to the first rejection over certain prior art, the applicant submitted an affidavit with an invention disclosure form and other supporting documents, totaling 22 pages, demonstrating that the inventor conceived of and diligently reduced to practice the claimed subject matter before the date of the prior art identified by the Examiner. Ex. 2. That invention disclosure form is dated September 14, 1995. The Contents page of the file history, which provides an overview of all documents submitted during prosecution of a patent application, clearly lists the applicant's affidavit. Ex. 3.
- 17. On November 23, 2015—five weeks after receiving OpenTV's Patent L.R. 3-1 and 3-2 disclosures—Apple served its first set of discovery requests on OpenTV, including Interrogatory No. 8 seeking, *inter alia*, "the circumstances surrounding the conception and reduction to practice of the claimed invention." *See* D.I. 84-7, Ex. 8 at 1. Apple's first set of discovery requests required a response 30 days later—December 23, 2015 (Fed. R. Civ. P. 33). Two weeks after serving its first discovery requests, on December 7, 2015, Apple served its invalidity contentions and accompanying document production as required by Patent L.R. 3-3 and 3-4. Two weeks after receiving Apple's invalidity contentions and 30 days after receiving Apple's first set of discovery requests, on December 23, 2015, OpenTV served its responses to Apple's first set of discovery requests. For Interrogatory No. 8, which sought, *inter alia*, an identification of OpenTV's claimed conception date for each asserted patent, OpenTV inadvertently identified an incomplete subset of the documents produced as part of Patent L.R. 3-2 production and inadvertently failed to list the invention disclosure form from the '736 patent file history. D.I. 84-5, Ex. 2 at 12-14.
- 18. On February 2, 2016, more than one month after receiving OpenTV's interrogatory responses, Apple asked OpenTV for the first time to confirm that the documents identified in

intends to rely on to support the alleged conception dates of the OpenTV Asserted Patents." D.I. 85-6, Ex. 4 at 2. Apple acknowledged that "OpenTV does not include any information about a conception date or actual reduction to practice" for the '736 and '740 patents and asked that OpenTV "[p]lease confirm that OpenTV does not allege any conception date for the '736 patent earlier than February 8, 1996" or a "a conception date for the '740 patent earlier than May 28, 2003." *Id.* at 3. Apple also requested that OpenTV "identify by production number any documents OpenTV contends relate to conception or diligence for the claimed invention of the '169 patent." *Id.*

- 19. After receiving Apple's inquiry and further consideration, OpenTV first realized it inadvertently failed to identify the invention disclosure form filed during the prosecution of the '736 patent application in response to Apple's Interrogatory No. 8. OpenTV promptly notified Apple that it intends to rely on those invention disclosure documents and would supplement its interrogatory response to specifically identify them. D.I. 85-7, Ex. 5. OpenTV provided that supplemental response shortly thereafter. D.I. 84-7, Ex. 8 at 3.
- 20. Regarding the '169 patent, during the parties' meet-and-confer session, OpenTV confirmed that it has not produced privileged documents reflecting the June 2001 conception date and that it is considering whether or not to waive privilege and produce those privileged documents. OpenTV has not identified any non-privileged documents that reflect a June 2001 conception date for the '169 patent. To date, OpenTV has not decided whether to waive privilege but has repeatedly informed Apple that, if it decides to do so, OpenTV will seek leave of court to supplement its Patent L.R. 3-2(b) production, just as it did in *Apple I*.
- 21. Regarding the '740 patent, OpenTV has been diligently investigating whether it can assert a conception date earlier than the '740 patent's priority date. As part of that ongoing investigation, OpenTV determined that it may be able to support an earlier conception date. That investigation is still ongoing and OpenTV has not yet identified supporting documents. Nevertheless, after identifying a potentially earlier conception date, OpenTV quickly brought that information to Apple's attention. D.I. 86-3, Ex. 7 at 1.
 - 22. Apple asked OpenTV to further break down the documents identified in OpenTV's



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