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6 7 8 9 10	Kurt M. Pankratz (pro hac vice) Bethany R. Salpietra (pro hac vice) kurt.pankratz@bakerbotts.com bethany.salpietra@bakerbotts.com 2001 Ross Ave., Ste. 900 Dallas, TX 75201 Telephone: 214.953.6500 Facsimile: 214.953.6503  Attorneys for Plaintiff Lyft, Inc.	
	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
12	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE DIVISION	
13	SAN JOSE	DIVISION
14	LYFT, INC.	Case No. 5:21-cv-04653-BLF (SVK)
15 16	Plaintiff, v.	PLAINTIFF LYFT, INC.'S STATEMENT REGARDING PRODUCTION OF AGIS, INC. DOCUMENTS IN EDTX ACTION
17	A CIC COETWADE DEVELOPMENT LLC	
18	AGIS SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT LLC,	Judge: Hon. Beth Labson Freeman
	Defendant.	Trial Date: October 16, 2023 Courtroom: 3, Fifth Floor
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Pursuant to this Court's Order re Supplemental Briefing and Protective Order ("Order") (Dkt. 117), Plaintiff Lyft, Inc. ("Lyft") respectfully submits this Statement Regarding Production of AGIS, Inc. Documents in the Eastern District of Texas Action<sup>1</sup> and whether they were produced pursuant to a subpoena as AGIS represented in the April 29, 2022 hearing. This submission follows Defendant AGIS Software Development LLC's ("AGIS Software") May 2, 2022 unauthorized correspondence with the Court, which incorrectly suggested that the parties resolved their dispute concerning AGIS Software's Patent L.R. 3-2 production. See Ex. 1. As Lyft explained to AGIS Software on May 1, 2022, AGIS Software's agreement to reproduce its Patent L.R. 3-2 production from the EDTX Action and settlement agreements does not resolve the parties' dispute concerning AGIS Software's Patent L.R. 3-2 production in the above-captioned matter. See Ex. 2. Notably, N.D. Cal. Patent L.R. 3-2 requires the production of seven additional categories of documents beyond those required by E.D. Tex. Patent L.R. 3-2, and thus AGIS Software's agreement to produce its 3-2 documents from the EDTX Action does not fully satisfy the substantially larger scope of material required to be produced under N.D. Cal. Patent L.R. 3-2.

Though AGIS Software's May 2 submission to this Court purports to be a joint resolution (which, as Lyft notes above, it is not), it is actually a capitulation. Indeed, AGIS Software admits in its correspondence with the Court that it produced AGIS, Inc. documents in the EDTX Action on its own volition under no subpoena power. See Ex. 1 (explaining that "the AGIS, Inc. documents [] were produced in EDTX . . . prior to issuance of a subpoena"). AGIS Software's submission to this Court is but a thinly veiled attempt to conceal that it has possession, custody, and/or control over AGIS, Inc.'s documentation, as this fact would be fatal to AGIS Software's contention that it is not the alter ego of AGIS, Inc. Based on the timing of production in the EDTX Action, it appears AGIS Software not only has possession but also control over AGIS, Inc.'s documentation, and thus should be required to produce those documents pursuant to N.D. Cal. Patent L.R. 3-2.

As Lyft previewed for the Court during the April 29, 2022 hearing, AGIS Software produced numerous AGIS, Inc. documents in the EDTX Action months before Lyft served a subpoena on

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> AGIS Software Development LLC v. Lyft, Inc., Case No. 2:21-cv-00072-JRG (later consolidated with 2:21-cv-00072-IRG) (the "EDTX Action")

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AGIS, Inc. See, e.g., Ex. 3 at 1 (explaining that AGIS Software produced nearly 200 pages of AGIS, AGISSOFTWARE 0007815, Inc. documents, specifically identifying AGISSOFTWARE\_0007754, and AGISSOFTWARE\_0000027 as examples designated under the protective order); see also Decl. of B. Salpietra at ¶8 (confirming that AGISSOFTWARE 0007815, AGISSOFTWARE\_0007754, and AGISSOFTWARE\_0000027 were produced on May 19, 2021). On September 21, 2021, Lyft served a subpoena on AGIS, Inc. due to concerns that AGIS Software was selectively producing AGIS, Inc. materials. See Exs. 4 & 5 (subpoena and proof of service to AGIS, Inc.). On October 4, 2021, AGIS, Inc. issued Objections and Responses to Lyft's subpoena agreeing to produce relevant documents and acknowledging that AGIS Software had already produced AGIS, Inc. documents in the EDTX Action. See, e.g., Ex. 6 at 6 ("AGIS, Inc. will produce relevant, responsive, non-privileged documents responsive to this request to the extent that such documents exist, are in AGIS, Inc.'s possession, custody, or control, and are located after reasonable search, and have not been produced by the parties to the above- captioned case") (emphasis added). In fact, by the time AGIS, Inc. provided its objections and responses to Lyft's subpoena, AGIS Software had already produced nearly 650,000 pages of documents (representing over 95% of its entire production in the EDTX Action), which included documents purportedly from AGIS, Inc. See Ex. 7 (September 29, 2021 email providing service of AGIS Software's production volumes 7 and 8 containing documents through AGISSOFTWARE\_0648414); Decl. of B. Salpietra at ¶¶ 13-14.

The primary reason that Lyft issued a subpoena to AGIS, Inc. during the pendency of the EDTX Action was to ensure that it received a complete production of AGIS, Inc. documents. Indeed, as AGIS Software is well aware, Lyft was concerned that AGIS Software was only making self-serving productions of AGIS, Inc. documents. *See, e.g.*, Ex. 3 at 2 ("It would be improper for AGIS to use its corporate structure to selectively produce information from AGIS, Inc. that AGIS would like to rely on in this case while refusing to provide relevant information to Lyft from AGIS, Inc."); Ex. 8 at 2 ("Rather than producing all minutes from the minute books of Advanced Ground Information Systems, Inc. and AGIS Holdings, Inc.—as Lyft understood AGIS to be doing—AGIS

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Dated: May 3, 2022

Respectfully submitted,

By: <u>/s/ Jeremy J. Taylor</u> Jeremy J. Taylor

meetings.").

Furthermore, AGIS Software also made AGIS, Inc.'s source code available for inspection in

has made a selective production of the requested minutes, and has produced minutes for only three

Furthermore, AGIS Software also made AGIS, Inc.'s source code available for inspection in the EDTX Action prior to Lyft issuing its subpoena to AGIS, Inc. See Ex. 9 (showing that AGIS Software made source code available for inspection on August 13, 2021); Ex. 3 at 1-2 (clarifying that the code produced was source code of AGIS, Inc. and not AGIS Software). And, subsequently, AGIS Software made AGIS, Inc.'s LifeRing products available for inspection. See Ex. 10; see also Ex. 11 at 4 (identifying the "LifeRing products" as products of AGIS, Inc. that practice the patents-in-suit). AGIS Software's production of AGIS, Inc.'s source code and products is particularly noteworthy as N.D. Cal. Patent L.R. 3-2 requires the production of "documents sufficient to show the operation of any aspects or elements of such instrumentalities the patent claimant relies upon as embodying any asserted claims," which AGIS Software has not done in the instant case as of the date of this filing. See Patent L.R. 3-2. AGIS Software's failure to produce these materials in this case despite previous production in the EDTX Action is one example of how AGIS Software's N.D. Cal. Patent L.R. 3-2 production remains deficient even with AGIS Software's agreement to produce its 3-2 documents from the EDTX Action.

As demonstrated by the evidence cited herein, AGIS Software has possession, custody, and/or control over AGIS, Inc. documentation, including some of which AGIS Software should have produced pursuant to Patent L.R. 3-2 on February 25, 2022. And, although AGIS Software has agreed to produce *some* of this documentation (e.g., license agreements and 3-2 documents produced in the EDTX Action), there is still a live dispute between the parties concerning the production of documents pursuant to the seven other categories of documents not required by the E.D. Tex. Patent L.R. 3-2. Lyft respectfully submits that AGIS Software should be compelled to produce the full scope of documents required by N.D. Cal Patent L.R. 3-2, including the AGIS, Inc. documents demonstrated to be within AGIS Software's possession, custody and/or control.

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