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                      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                    NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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                         SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION
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    FINJAN, INC., a Delaware
                                    Case No. 17-cv-05659-WHA
    Corporation,
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                                    San Francisco, California
                Plaintiff,
                                     Courtroom A, 15th Floor
 6
                                     Thursday, April 25, 2019
         v.
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    JUNIPER NETWORKS, INC., a
    Delaware Corporation,
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                Defendant.
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               TRANSCRIPT OF TELEPHONIC DISCOVERY HEARING
                 BEFORE THE HONORABLE THOMAS S. HIXSON
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                     UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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I would also like to say that the deposition transcript of

their own person who has actually contributed and was a part of these discussions has principally stated that their was no actual -- they were not part of the joint defense group and they did not participate in the joint defense group and that there was no real agreement to it.

And I think if you actually even look at the exhibit that was attached to Juniper's letter -- I apologize that Judge Alsup has -- he's limited response to the number of pages we can attach to a discovery dispute so we were only able to attach one page -- but you can see that Mr. Coonan did not believe the discussions were privileged and he talked about his discussions with Palo Alto Networks counsel and what was discussed in respects to that.

So, I mean, I think clearly from his own opinion -- he would be the one to know because he was the one involved in the discussions -- he did not consider it to be -- for Juniper to be part of any joint defense group or have an agreement with the other parties with respect to -- for the materials.

THE COURT: On the subject line of the emails, where it says "JDG/Subject to Common Interest," my normal interpretation of JDG would be "joint defense group." Do you dispute that it likely stands for that?

MR. KASTENS: No. I don't think we dispute that it stands for "joint defense group." I think what we would dispute is there has to be some sort of an agreement. I don't know who -- it's impossible for me to tell from what was put in the privilege



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log who put that in, so -- but I believe you can't just have one party put it in a joint -- a JDG and say that there is an implied agreement between the two parties.

I mean, like I said, Mr. Coonan had principally stated during his deposition that there was no -- there was no -- they were not part of the group and there was no agreement.

THE COURT: Okay. Let me hear from the Defense then. How do you respond to that? Is the subject line of the email enough to get an implied agreement?

MR. GLUCOFT: Your Honor, I don't think we're relying on the subject line unto itself. The subject line is evidence that the parties did in fact have an understanding to have an agreement. Now, what we need to do is we need to sort of mix up some of what's been muddied.

And so Finjan's argument is that there was no agreement to be part of a formal joint defense group. And that is what Mr. Coonan testified to in the sense that we didn't agree to do things like share prior art or coordinate on claim construction strategies, all the very involved things that members of a patent joint defense group might do.

Now, that's a separate -- entirely separate consideration than whether or not there was an agreement to keep these communications confidential and to coordinate for the purposes of these specific discussions.

And there, I think the best evidence is the contemporaneous



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standings by both sides. Both Mr. Coonan and the other members of the JDG were sending these emails back and forth, that this was in fact subject to a common interest. There is a contemporaneous documentation saying, We understand these communications are intended to be kept confidential. We understand that these communications are for purposes of coordinating legal tests (ph).

Just because Juniper didn't subsequently sign on, a much more significant obligation that would have been required to -- would have been required of the joint defense group like, for example, sharing prior art or coordinating on claim construction strategies, that doesn't mean that there wasn't an implied agreement and these agreements can in fact be implied from common interest situations, and that -- that implied agreement was at least manifested or evidenced by the subject line of the email.

THE COURT: I think I understand. I was looking at Coonan's testimony and it's not quite as you summarized it in the letter brief. He says he doesn't recall having any emails with I guess it's with Ritter, but it sounds like he thought it was oral conversations. Was his memory just mistaken about that? Because, I mean, I think that these emails look like a thing he didn't recall doing.

MR. GLUCOFT: Correct. I think his memory was unfortunately mistaken at that time. But actually if you look at Exhibit 2, which is Finjan's -- Finjan's brief, which are excerpts of the Coonan testimony, the exchange starting -- this is on the



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