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6 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
7 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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10 FINJAN, INC., No. C 17-05659 WHA	
11 Plaintiff, ORDER ON ADMINISTR	
12 V. MOTIONS TO FILE UNI SEAL	JER
13 JUNIPER NETWORKS, INC.,	
14/ Defendant/	
15 Dethaider in this natural infine second entire have filed a deviation discussion of	61.
Both sides in this patent infringement action have filed administrative motions to) file
under seal in connection with plaintiff Finjan, Inc.'s motion to set aside the verdict and	441)
18 defendant Juniper Networks, Inc.'s motion for sanctions (Dkt. Nos. 411, 431, 434, 439,	
In this circuit, courts start with a "strong presumption in favor of access" when d	C
whether to seal records. <i>Kamakana v. City & Cty. of Honolulu</i> , 447 F.3d 1172, 1178 (90 2006) (siting Falters, State Farm Mut. Auto, June Co., 221 F.2d 1122, 1125 (0th Cir. 200	
21 2006) (citing <i>Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.</i> , 331 F.3d 1122, 1135 (9th Cir. 200 Particle cocking to cool indicial records relating to motions that are "more than tongential	
Parties seeking to seal judicial records relating to motions that are "more than tangential related" to the merits — as here, where Finjan moves to set aside a jury verdict and order	•
23 denying its motion for judgment as a matter of law — bear the burden of overcoming the	
prosumption with "compalling reasons" that outwaigh the general history of access and	
23 public policies fouring disclosure. Ctr. for Auto Safety v. Chrysler Crn. 800 E 3d 100	
 public policies favoring disclosure. <i>Ctr. for Auto Safety v. Chrysler Grp.</i>, 809 F.3d 1092 (9th Cir. 2016). Since Juniper's motion for sanctions bore no relation to the merits, how 	
21 only "good couse" is required to justify seeling. See Ctr. for Auto Safety v. Chrysler Cr.	
 28 only good cause is required to justify searing. See Cir. for Auto Safety V. Chryster Gr 809 F.3d 1092, 1101 (9th Cir. 2016); Kamakana v. City & Cty. of Honolulu, 447 F.3d 11 	<i>)., LL</i> C,

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United States District Court For the Northern District of California

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1179-80 (9th Cir. 2006). Furthermore, Civil Local Rule 79-5(b) requires administrative motions to file under seal to "be narrowly tailored to seek sealing only of sealable material."

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1. FINJAN'S MOTION TO SET ASIDE THE VERDICT.

Juniper moves to seal portions of its opposition brief and various exhibits based on third-party Joe Security LLC's confidentiality designations (Dkt. No. 434). Juniper served the unredacted versions of those documents on Joe Security (Dkt. No. 436), who has not filed any declaration in support of sealing as required by Civil Local Rule 79-5(e). Accordingly, Juniper's motion to seal is **DENIED**.

9 Finjan moves to seal portions of its opening and reply briefs, declarations, and various 10 exhibits (Dkt. Nos. 411, 441). Finjan's former motion to seal is based on Juniper's confidentiality designations (Dkt. No. 411) and its latter motion to seal is based on both Juniper 12 and Joe Security's confidentiality designations (Dkt. No. 441).

13 With respect to Finjan's former motion to seal (Dkt. No. 411), Juniper filed a declaration 14 in support of sealing Exhibit 7 (in its entirety) and Exhibit 13 (pages 1–2) only (Dkt. No. 418 \P 15 3). Juniper declares that Exhibit 7, which consists of a confidential license agreement, 16 constitutes a trade secret (id. ¶ 10). See In re Elec. Arts, Inc., 298 F. App'x 568, 569 (9th Cir. 17 2008). Juniper also declares that the portions of Exhibit 13 it seeks to seal contain confidential 18 source code and that disclosure of said source code "would materially impair Juniper's 19 intellectual property rights and business positioning" (id. $\P\P$ 6–8). It further declares that 20 disclosure of the source code would also present a security risk (id. ¶ 9). Compelling reasons 21 having been shown, Finjan's motion to seal Exhibit 7 in its entirety and portions of Exhibit 13 22 (page 1 (JNPRFNJN 29040 01462103); page 2 (JNPRFNJN 29040 01462104)) in connection 23 with its motion to set aside the verdict (Dkt. No. 411) is **GRANTED**. The motion is otherwise 24 **DENIED**.

With respect to Finjan's latter motion to seal (Dkt. No. 441), no relevant party has filed a declaration in support of sealing. Moreover, to the extent Joe Security's confidentiality interests are at play (as it does not appear that Finjan served Joe Security its motion), those

interests are rendered moot in light of the unsealing of Juniper's filings as ruled above. Accordingly, Finjan's motion is **DENIED**.

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JUNIPER'S MOTION FOR SANCTIONS.

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Finjan moves to seal portions of its opposition brief and various exhibits based on Juniper's confidentiality designations (Dkt. No. 431). Juniper moves to seal portions of its reply brief and various exhibits based on Joe Security's confidentiality designations and a prior order currently filed under seal by the Court pending Finjan's appeal of that sealing order (Dkt. No. 439). Neither Juniper nor Joe Security (on whom Juniper served the unredacted versions of the relevant documents (Dkt. No. 444)) has filed a declaration in support of sealing. Moreover, as to the portion Juniper seeks to seal due to the current sealed status of a prior order from which that portion quotes (page 3:11–15 of the reply brief), that portion relates to information already made public (*see* Dkt. No. 335 at 8:4–25). Accordingly, both motions are **DENIED**.

Each movant shall file unredacted versions of their documents on the public docket in comport with this order by **MAY 30 AT NOON**.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 22, 2019.

WILLIAM ALSUP UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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