# **EXHIBIT 2**

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#### UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

PALO ALTO NETWORKS, INC., Petitioner,

v.

FINJAN, INC., Patent Owner

Case IPR2015-02000 Patent 7,418,731

Before THOMAS L. GIANNETTI, MIRIAM L. QUINN, and PATRICK M. BOUCHER, *Administrative Patent Judges*.

GIANNETTI, Administrative Patent Judge.

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DECISION Denying Institution of *Inter Partes* Review 37 C.F.R. § 42.108 Case IPR2015-02000 Patent 7,418,731

Palo Alto Networks, Inc. ("Petitioner") filed a Petition pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §§ 311–319 to institute an *inter partes* review of claims 1–22 (all claims) of U.S. Patent No 7,418,731 (Ex. 1001, "the '731 patent"). Paper 1 ("Pet."). Finjan, Inc. ("Patent Owner") filed a Preliminary Response. Paper 6 ("Prelim. Resp."). Applying the standard set forth in 35 U.S.C. § 314(a), which requires demonstration of a reasonable likelihood that Petitioner would prevail with respect to at least one challenged claim, we deny Petitioner's request and deny institution of an *inter partes* review of all challenged claims.

### I. BACKGROUND

A. The '731 Patent (Ex. 1001)

The '731 patent is titled "Method and System for Caching at Secure

Gateways." Petitioner summarizes the patent as follows:

The '731 patent is directed at preventing the spread of viruses in and among computer networks. The '731 patent discloses gateways and methods of operating gateways that scan incoming or outgoing files for viruses and store the scanned files in a file cache. The gateways also store security profiles, which are lists of the operations that the scanned files are programmed to perform, and, in some cases, security policies for the intranet computers connected to the gateway.

Pet. 1.

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The invention is illustrated by Figure 1 of the patent, reproduced here:

Case IPR2015-02000 Patent 7,418,731

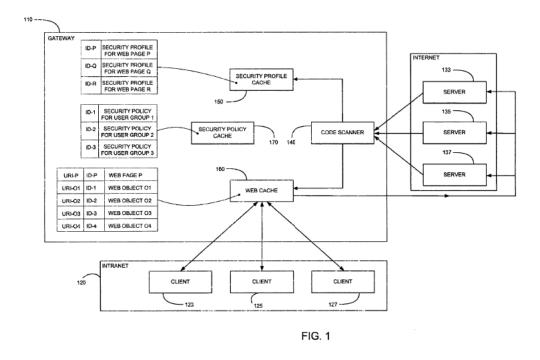


Figure 1 is a simplified block diagram of a network gateway in accordance with the '731 patent. Ex. 1001, col. 5, ll. 22–24. Shown in Figure 1 is network gateway computer 110, which serves as a proxy between an intranet and the Internet. Specifically, gateway computer 110 intervenes between requests for web pages originating from intranet 120 of clients 123, 125, and 127, and responses originating from Internet servers 133, 135 and 137. *Id.* at col. 5, ll. 24–30.

The gateway computer includes code scanner 140 for scanning incoming web pages and web objects in order to detect the presence of malicious executable scripts or active code. When gateway 110 receives a web page, it also retrieves the web objects referenced by the web page, and scanner 140 scans the web page and the web objects that may be malicious. *Id.* at col. 5, 1. 63–col. 6, 1. 2. Scanner 140 analyzes each file it scans to determine the nature of computer operations that the file is programmed to

3

Case IPR2015-02000 Patent 7,418,731

perform, and derives a security profile therefor, summarizing potentially malicious computer operations. *Id.* at col. 6, ll. 17–21. Web page security profiles are stored in a security profile cache 150, and the web page and the web objects that the page references are stored in web cache 160. *Id.* at col. 6, ll. 56–58.

Use of a hash ID for web pages and web objects serves to identify web content duplicates, and to determine if web content on the Internet has changed since it was earlier cached within web content cache 160. *Id.* at col. 7, 11. 18–20.

When a client computer requests a web page, P, from a server computer, the request is first transmitted to gateway computer 110, which checks whether or not the web page is already resident within web cache 160. If not, then the computer gateway forwards the request to the server computer, which in turn sends the requested web page to gateway computer 110. *Id.* at col. 7, ll. 28–35.

Upon receipt of the requested web page P, gateway computer 110 fetches the web objects referenced by the page, determines which files to scan, determines security profiles for the scanned files, caches the security profiles for the web page in security profile cache 150, and caches web page P and web objects in web cache 160. *Id.* at col. 7, 11. 35–42.

After the gateway computer has stored web page P in the web cache, and has stored its corresponding security profile in the security profile cache, it determines whether or not to send the web page to the client computer that requested it. If web page P may perform malicious operations to the client computer, then the gateway computer may not transmit this web page to the

4

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