

Plaintiff Cher ("Plaintiff") alleges:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

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	1.	The Court has jurisdiction of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331
and 1.	338(a),	insofar as it arises under the Copyright Act of 1976, 17 U.S.C. §§ 101 e
seq., i	includi	ng by requiring the interpretation of the Copyright Act and the scope
neani	ing, and	d effect of the statutory termination provisions of 17 U.S.C. § 304(c), and
oecau	se fede	eral principles should control the claim.

- 2. Alternatively, the Court has jurisdiction of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) insofar as it is between citizens of different States and the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs.
- 3. The Court has supplemental jurisdiction of the State law claim pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a) insofar as it is so related to the federal claim in this action that it forms part of the case or controversy under Article III of the United States Constitution.
- 4. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1400(a), insofar as defendants or their agents, including, without limitation, Wixen Music Publishing, Inc. ("Wixen"), reside or may be found here, or, alternatively, under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1), insofar as at least one defendant resides in this District and all defendants are residents of the State of California, or, alternatively, under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2), insofar as a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this District, or, alternatively, under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(3), insofar as at least one defendant is subject to the Court's personal jurisdiction here.

THE PARTIES

5. Plaintiff is an individual domiciled in Los Angeles County, California, and the Trustee of The Veritas Trust, a California trust formerly known as The Inshallah Trust.

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6. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and upon that basis alleges, that defendant Mary Bono is an individual domiciled in Colorado and the Trustee of the Bono Collection Trust.

7. Plaintiff is presently unaware of the true names and/or the involvement of the defendants sued herein by the fictitious designations Does 1-10 and for that reason sues them by those designations. Plaintiff will seek leave of Court to amend this pleading to identify those defendants when their true names and involvement in the infringements hereinafter described are known.

BACKGROUND FACTS

Plaintiff and the Music that

She and Sonny Bono Made Famous

- 8. Plaintiff is a world-renowned Grammy, Oscar, Emmy, and Golden Globe award-winning singer, recording artist, and actor.
- 9. In or about 1964, Plaintiff and the late Salvatore ("Sonny") Bono began performing together as the musical group, Sonny and Cher. They married in 1967 and during their marriage they achieved unparalleled success as a musical duo and television personalities. Among other things, they publicly performed and recorded multiple hit musical compositions including musical compositions written, cowritten, or acquired by Sonny during their marriage and starred in their own television series. They performed and recorded numerous classic popular musical compositions during their marriage, including, by way of example only, *I Got You Babe, The Beat Goes On, Baby Don't Go, Little Man*, and *Bang Bang*.
- 10. When they divorced, Plaintiff and Sonny agreed to an equal division of their community property and, to that end, in 1978 Sonny irrevocably assigned to Plaintiff, as her sole and separate property throughout the world and in perpetuity, fifty percent of their rights in musical composition royalties, record royalties, and other assets. Since 1978, Plaintiff has been the unchallenged owner of her fifty percent

entitled by reason of their collaboration and marriage, including fifty percent of all royalties that Sonny, his businesses, and his successors, receive from those musical compositions and recordings.

11. This action has become necessary because now, more than forty years after Plaintiff received her fifty percent ownership of her and Sonny's community property, Sonny's fourth wife and widow, defendant Mary Bono, claims that a wholly inapplicable statutory termination provision of the Copyright Act of 1976, 17 U.S.C. §§ 101 *et seq.*, has undone Plaintiff's ownership of her royalties from the songs and recordings that she and Sonny made famous during their marriage, and deprived Plaintiff of other long-established rights under the 1978 agreement.

Plaintiff and Sonny's 1978

Marriage Settlement Agreement

- 12. On or about February 1, 1974, Plaintiff and Sonny separated and in 1975 their marriage was dissolved by the California Superior Court in an action for marital dissolution, subject to the disposition of Plaintiff and Sonny's community property.
- 13. On or about August 10, 1978, Plaintiff and Sonny entered into a written Marriage Settlement Agreement, which is expressly governed by California law and was subsequently approved by the California Superior Court in their marital dissolution action.
- 14. In paragraphs (9) and (10) of their Marriage Settlement Agreement, they agreed to the equal division of their community property. To accomplish that equal division, in paragraph (10) of their Marriage Settlement Agreement Sonny assigned to Plaintiff, as her sole and separate property, an undivided fifty percent interest in various community properties they owned as of their February 1, 1974, separation.
- 15. In paragraphs (10)(a), (b), and (c) of their Marriage Settlement Agreement, Sonny assigned to Plaintiff an undivided fifty percent of all contingent receipts from record companies after July 14, 1978, with respect to recordings released

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(the "Record Royalties"), and Sonny also agreed that Plaintiff has the right to elect to have her fifty percent of Record Royalties paid directly to her.

- Further, in paragraph (10)(d) of their Marriage Settlement Agreement 16. Sonny assigned to Plaintiff, as her sole and separate property, an undivided fifty percent interest in, among other things, all of Sonny's right, title, and interest, individually or through any business, corporation, firm, or entity in which he had an interest (referred to as his "other business" or "other businesses"), the contingent receipts that he and his other business received after July 14, 1978, "from all sources perpetually and throughout the world" (the "Composition Royalties"), from musical compositions and interests in musical compositions that he wrote in whole or part and/or acquired prior to their February 1, 1974, separation (collectively, the "Musical Compositions").
- 17. Sonny also agreed to account, or to cause others to account, directly to Plaintiff for her fifty percent of share of the Composition Royalties, after deduction of a ten percent administration fee paid to a worldwide administrator or administrators chosen by Sonny. In addition, Sonny agreed that Plaintiff has the right to approve all other agreements with third parties respecting the Musical Compositions and Composition Royalties that are the subject of paragraph (10)(d), with her approval not to be unreasonably withheld.
- The Marriage Settlement Agreement expressly binds the two parties' 18. respective heirs and assigns. Also, Sonny specifically agreed in paragraph (10)(d) that his successors in interest, his assigns, and all third parties with whom he or any of his other businesses contract, are subject to Plaintiff's rights as set forth in that paragraph (10)(d).
- In the years following Plaintiff's and Sonny's 1978 Marriage Settlement Agreement, Plaintiff received sums that Sonny or his designees represented were Plaintiff's fifty percent of all Record Royalties and Composition Royalties Martinaly, the "Davidtice" that Conny on his other hysinasses massived

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