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APPLICATION NUMBER:

205834Orig1s000

LABELING

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HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use HARVONI[™] safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for HARVONI.

HARVONI[™] (ledipasvir and sofosbuvir) tablets, for oral use Initial U.S. Approval: 2014

-----DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION----

- Recommended dosage: One tablet (90 mg of ledipasvir and 400 mg of sofosbuvir) taken orally once daily with or without food (2.1)
- Recommended treatment duration (2.1):
 - Treatment-naïve with or without cirrhosis: 12 weeks
 - Treatment-experienced without cirrhosis: 12 weeks
 - Treatment-experienced with cirrhosis: 24 weeks
- A dose recommendation cannot be made for patients with severe renal impairment or end stage renal disease (2.2)

-----DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS-------Tablets: 90 mg ledipasvir and 400 mg sofosbuvir. (3)

-----CONTRAINDICATIONS------

None

FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION: CONTENTS*

1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE

2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

- 2.1 Recommended Dosage in Adults
- 2.2 Severe Renal Impairment and End Stage Renal Disease
- **3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS**

4 CONTRAINDICATIONS

5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- 5.1 Risk of Reduced Therapeutic Effect Due to P-gp Inducers
- 5.2 Related Products Not Recommended
- **6 ADVERSE REACTIONS**
 - 6.1 Clinical Trials Experience

7 DRUG INTERACTIONS

- 7.1 Potential for Drug Interaction
- 7.2 Established and Potentially Significant Drug Interactions
- 7.3 Drugs without Clinically Significant Interactions with
- HARVONI

8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

- 8.1 Pregnancy
- 8.3 Nursing Mothers
- 8.4 Pediatric Use
- 8.5 Geriatric Use
- 8.6 Renal Impairment
- 8.7 Hepatic Impairment

-----WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS-

Use with other drugs containing sofosbuvir, including SOVALDI, is not recommended (5.2)

-----ADVERSE REACTIONS-----

The most common adverse reactions (incidence greater than or equal to 10%, all grades) observed with treatment with HARVONI for 8, 12, or 24 weeks are fatigue and headache (6.1)

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Gilead Sciences, Inc. at 1-800-GILEAD-5 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

-----DRUG INTERACTIONS------

- P-gp inducers (e.g., rifampin, St. John's wort): May alter concentrations of ledipasvir and sofosbuvir. Use of HARVONI with P-gp inducers is not recommended (5.1, 7, 12.3)
- Consult the full prescr bing information prior to use for potential drug interactions (5.1, 7, 12.3)

See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION and FDA-approved patient labeling.

Revised: 10/2014

10 OVERDOSAGE

11 DESCRIPTION

12 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

- 12.1 Mechanism of Action
- 12.2 Pharmacodynamics
- 12.3 Pharmacokinetics
- 12.4 Microbiology
- 13 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY
 - 13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis,
 - Impairment of Fertility
 - 13.2 Animal Toxicology and/or Pharmacology
- 14 CLINICAL STUDIES
 - 14.1 Overview of Clinical Trials
 - 14.2 Clinical Trials in Treatment-Naïve Subjects
 - 14.3 Clinical Trials in Subjects Who Failed Prior Therapy

16 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

* Sections or subsections omitted from the full prescribing information are not listed.

FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE

HARVONI is indicated for the treatment of chronic hepatitis C (CHC) genotype 1 infection in adults.

2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

2.1 Recommended Dosage in Adults

HARVONI is a two-drug fixed-dose combination product that contains 90 mg of ledipasvir and 400 mg of sofosbuvir in a single tablet. The recommended dosage of HARVONI is one tablet taken orally once daily with or without food [see Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)].

Duration of Treatment

Relapse rates are affected by baseline host and viral factors and differ between treatment durations for certain subgroups [see Clinical Studies (14)]. Table 1 below provides the recommended HARVONI treatment durations for treatment-naïve and treatment-experienced patients and those with and without cirrhosis [see Clinical Studies (14)].

Table 1 Recommended Treatment Duration for HARVONI in Patients with CHC Genotype 1

Patient Population	Recommended Treatment Duration	
Treatment-naïve with or without cirrhosis	12 weeks [*]	
Treatment-experienced** without cirrhosis	12 weeks	
Treatment-experienced ^{**} with cirrhosis	24 weeks	

* HARVONI for 8 weeks can be considered in treatment-naïve patients without cirrhosis who have pretreatment HCV RNA less than 6 million IU/mL [see Clinical Studies (14)].

**Treatment-experienced patients who have failed treatment with either peginterferon alfa + ribavirin or an HCV protease inhibitor + peginterferon alfa + ribavirin.

2.2 Severe Renal Impairment and End Stage Renal Disease

No dose recommendation can be given for patients with severe renal impairment (estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate [eGFR] <30 mL/min/1.73m²) or with end stage renal disease (ESRD) due to higher exposures (up to 20-fold) of the predominant sofosbuvir metabolite [see Use in Specific Populations (8.6) and Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)].

3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

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HARVONI is available as an orange colored, diamond shaped, film-coated tablet debossed with "GSI" on one side and "7985" on the other side of the tablet. Each tablet contains 90 mg ledipasvir and 400 mg sofosbuvir.

4 CONTRAINDICATIONS

None

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5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

5.1 Risk of Reduced Therapeutic Effect Due to P-gp Inducers

The concomitant use of HARVONI and P-gp inducers (e.g., rifampin, St. John's wort) may significantly decrease ledipasvir and sofosbuvir plasma concentrations and may lead to a reduced therapeutic effect of HARVONI. Therefore, the use of HARVONI with P-gp inducers (e.g., rifampin or St. John's wort) is not recommended [see Drug Interactions (7.2)].

5.2 Related Products Not Recommended

The use of HARVONI with other products containing sofosbuvir (SOVALDI[®]) is not recommended.

6 ADVERSE REACTIONS

6.1 Clinical Trials Experience

Because clinical trials are conducted under widely varying conditions, adverse reaction rates observed in the clinical trials of a drug cannot be directly compared to rates in the clinical trials of another drug and may not reflect the rates observed in practice.

The safety assessment of HARVONI was based on pooled data from three Phase 3 clinical trials of subjects with genotype 1 chronic hepatitis C (CHC) with compensated liver disease (with and without cirrhosis) including 215, 539, and 326 subjects who received HARVONI for 8, 12 and 24 weeks, respectively [see Clinical Studies (14)].

The proportion of subjects who permanently discontinued treatment due to adverse events was 0%, <1%, and 1% for subjects receiving HARVONI for 8, 12, and 24 weeks, respectively.

The most common adverse reactions (≥10%) were fatigue and headache in subjects treated with 8, 12, or 24 weeks of HARVONI.

Table 2 lists adverse reactions (adverse events assessed as causally related by the investigator, all grades) observed in \geq 5% of subjects receiving 8, 12, or 24 weeks treatment with HARVONI in clinical trials. The majority of adverse reactions presented in Table 2 occurred at severity of grade 1. The side-by-side tabulation is to simplify presentation; direct comparison across trials should not be made due to differing trial designs.

F	Receiving 8, 12, or 24 Weeks of Treatment with HARVONI			
	HARVONI 8 weeks	HARVONI 12 weeks	HARVONI 24 weeks	
	N=215	N=539	N=326	
Fatigue	16%	13%	18%	
Headache	11%	14%	17%	
Nausea	6%	7%	9%	
Diarrhea	4%	3%	7%	
Insomnia	3%	5%	6%	

Table 2Adverse Reactions (All Grades) Reported in ≥5% of Subjects
Receiving 8, 12, or 24 Weeks of Treatment with HARVONI

Laboratory Abnormalities

Bilirubin Elevations: Bilirubin elevations of greater than 1.5xULN were observed in 3%, <1%, and 2% of subjects treated with HARVONI for 8, 12, and 24 weeks, respectively.

Lipase Elevations: Transient, asymptomatic lipase elevations of greater than 3xULN were observed in <1%, 2%, and 3% of subjects treated with HARVONI for 8, 12, and 24 weeks, respectively.

Creatine Kinase: Creatine kinase was not assessed in Phase 3 trials of HARVONI. Isolated, asymptomatic creatine kinase elevations (Grade 3 or 4) have been previously reported in subjects treated with sofosbuvir in combination with ribavirin or peginterferon/ribavirin in other clinical trials.

7 DRUG INTERACTIONS

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7.1 Potential for Drug Interaction

As HARVONI contains ledipasvir and sofosbuvir, any interactions that have been identified with these agents individually may occur with HARVONI.

After oral administration of HARVONI, sofosbuvir is rapidly absorbed and subject to extensive first-pass hepatic extraction. In clinical pharmacology studies, both sofosbuvir and the inactive metabolite GS-331007 were monitored for purposes of pharmacokinetic analyses.

Ledipasvir is an inhibitor of the drug transporters P-gp and breast cancer resistance protein (BCRP) and may increase intestinal absorption of coadministered substrates for these transporters.

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