# CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND RESEARCH

**APPLICATION NUMBER:** 

203567Orig1s000

**PHARMACOLOGY REVIEW(S)** 



### Memorandum

**To:** NDA 203567

**From:** Linda S. Pellicore, Ph.D., Pharmacology/Toxicology Reviewer **Through:** Barbara A. Hill, Ph.D., Pharmacology/Toxicology Supervisor

Re:

**Submission date:** 12/20/2013, 1/16/2014 and 2/4/2014

**SDN**: 21, 22 and 23

**Submission type:** Resubmission Class 2

**Drug:** JUBLIA (efinaconazole) Topical Solution, 10%

Drug class: Azole antifungal Indication: Onychomycosis

Route: Topical

**Sponsor:** Dow Pharmaceutical Sciences

### **Background:**

Efinaconazole is a new molecular entity (NME) and an azole antifungal drug. The applicant is seeking an indication for once daily topical treatment of onychomycosis in adults with JUBLIA (efinaconazole) topical solution, 10%. The original NDA was submitted on July 26, 2012 and this submission received a complete response due to Chemistry Manufacturing and Control (CMC) deficiencies on May 13, 2013 (see communication in DARRTS).

The nonclinical information submitted with the original application was found acceptable, provided the applicant adequately addressed the labeling comments (see Primary Nonclinical Review dated March 5, 2013, in DARRTS).

On December 20, 2013 the applicant re-submitted their NDA to address the CMC deficiencies. The applicant changed the container closure system. No new nonclinical information was submitted.

The sponsor resubmitted draft labeling information to the NDA on January 16, 2014. This nonclinical review pertains only to the sponsor's resubmitted draft labeling.

### Review of proposed labeling:

Nonclinical detailed labeling recommendations were provided in the original NDA Primary Nonclinical Review (see review dated March 5, 2013 in DARRTS). In this cycle, the sponsor's proprietary name, JUBLIA, was found acceptable (see Proprietary Name Review dated March 26, 2014, in DARRTS). Other than adding the proprietary name to the sponsor's proposed label, no additional edits were made to the resubmitted draft labeling. Nonclinical labeling edits that are being proposed in this review cycle are provided below.



#### Conclusion:

It is recommended that the <u>underlined</u> wording be inserted into and the <u>strikeout</u> wording be deleted from the JUBLIA (efinaconazole) Topical Solution 10% label reproduced below. The pharmacologic class designation for efinaconazole for the treatment onychomycosis is azole antifungal.

### HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

JUBLIA (b) (4) azole antifungal (b) (4) indicated for the topical treatment of onychomycosis of the toenails due to *Trichophyton mentagrophytes* and *Trichophyton rubrum* (1)

### 8.1 Pregnancy

Pregnancy Category C

There are no adequate and well-controlled studies with JUBLIA topical solution in pregnant women
[b) (4). JUBLIA topical solution should be used during pregnancy only if the potential benefit justifies the potential risk to the fetus.

Systemic embryofetal development studies were conducted in rats and rabbits.

Subcutaneous doses of 2, 10 and 50 mg/kg/day efinaconazole were administered during the period of organogenesis (gestational days 6-16) to pregnant female rats. In the presence of maternal toxicity, embryofetal toxicity (increased embryofetal deaths, decreased number of live fetuses, and placental effects) was noted at 50 mg/kg/day [559 times the Maximum Recommended Human Dose (MRHD) based on Area Under the Curve (AUC) comparisons]. No embryofetal toxicity was noted at 10 mg/kg/day (112 times the MRHD based on AUC comparisons). No malformations were observed at 50 mg/kg/day (559 times the MRHD based on AUC comparisons).

Subcutaneous doses of 1, 5, and 10 mg/kg/day efinaconazole were administered during the period of organogenesis (gestational days 6-19) to pregnant female rabbits. In the presence of maternal toxicity, there was no embryofetal toxicity or malformations at 10 mg/kg/day (154 times the MRHD based on AUC comparisons).

In a pre- and post-natal development study in rats, subcutaneous doses of 1, 5 and 25 mg/kg/day efinaconazole were administered from the beginning of organogenesis (gestation day 6) through the end of lactation (lactation day 20). In the presence of maternal toxicity, embryofetal toxicity (increased prenatal pup mortality, reduced live litter sizes and increased postnatal pup mortality) was noted at 25 mg/kg/day. No embryofetal toxicity was noted at 5 mg/kg/day (17 times the MRHD based on AUC comparisons). No effects on postnatal development were noted at 25 mg/kg/day (89 times the MRHD based on AUC comparisons).

(b) (4)



(b)	(4)
<b>12.1 Mechanism of Action</b> JUBLIA topical solution is an azole antifungal [See Clinical Pharmacology (12.4)].	
13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility  (b) (4) A 2 year dermal carcinogenicity study in mice, was conducted with daily topical administration of 3%, 10% and 30% efinaconazole solution. Severe irritation was noted at the treatment site in all dose groups, which was attributed to the vehicle and confounded interpretation of skin effects by efinaconazole. The high dose group was terminated at week 34 due to severe skin reactions. No drug-related neoplasms were noted at doses up to 10% efinaconazole solution (248 times the MRHD based on AUC comparisons)	
Efinaconazole revealed no evidence of mutagenic or clastogenic potential based on the results of two in vitro genotoxicity tests (Ames assay and Chinese hamster lung cell chromosome aberration assay) and one in vivo genotoxicity test (mouse peripheral reticulocyte micronucleus assay)	<u>e</u>
(b) (4)	

No effects on fertility were observed in male and female rats that were administered subcutaenous doses up to 25 mg/kg/day efinaconzole (279 times the MRHD based on AUC comparisions) prior to and during early pregnancy. Efinaconazole delayed the estrous cycle in females at 25 mg/kg/day but not at 5 mg/kg/day (56 times MRHD based on AUC comparisons).



This is a representation of an electronic record that was signed electronically and this page is the manifestation of the electronic signature.	-
/s/	-
LINDA S PELLICORE 05/09/2014	
BARBARA A HILL 05/09/2014	



# DOCKET

# Explore Litigation Insights



Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

# **Real-Time Litigation Alerts**



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time** alerts and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

## **Advanced Docket Research**



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

## **Analytics At Your Fingertips**



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

### API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

#### **LAW FIRMS**

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

#### **FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS**

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

## **E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS**

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.

