

**CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND
RESEARCH**

APPLICATION NUMBER:

203441Orig1s000

OTHER REVIEW(S)

PMR/PMC Development Template

This template should be completed by the PMR/PMC Development Coordinator and included for *each* PMR/PMC in the Action Package.

NDA/BLA # 203441
Product Name: GATTEX (teduglutide [rDNA origin]) for injection,

PMR Description: A prospective, multi-center, long-term, observational, registry study, of short bowel syndrome patients treated with teduglutide in a routine clinical setting, to assess the long-term safety of teduglutide. Design the study around a testable hypothesis to rule out a clinically meaningful increase in colorectal cancer risk above an estimated background risk in a suitable comparator. Select and justify the choice of appropriate comparator population(s) and corresponding background rate(s) relative to teduglutide-exposed patients. Provide sample sizes and effect sizes that can be ruled out under various enrollment target scenarios and loss to follow-up assumptions. The study's primary outcome should be colorectal cancer, and secondary outcomes should include other malignancies, colorectal polyps, bowel obstruction, pancreatic and biliary disease, heart failure, and long-term effectiveness. Patients should be enrolled over an initial 5-year period and then followed for a period of at least 10 years from the time of enrollment. Progress updates of registry patient accrual and a demographic summary should be provided annually. Registry safety data should be provided in periodic safety reports.

PMR Schedule Milestones:	Final Protocol Submission:	<u>09/30/2013</u>
	Study/Trial Completion:	<u>12/30/2029</u>
	Final Report Submission:	<u>06/30/2031</u>
	Other:	<u>MM/DD/YYYY</u>

1. During application review, explain why this issue is appropriate for a PMR/PMC instead of a pre-approval requirement. Check type below and describe.

- Unmet need
- Life-threatening condition
- Long-term data needed
- Only feasible to conduct post-approval
- Prior clinical experience indicates safety
- Small subpopulation affected
- Theoretical concern
- Other

2. Describe the particular review issue and the goal of the study/clinical trial. If the study/clinical trial is a FDAAA PMR, describe the risk. If the FDAAA PMR is created post-approval, describe the “new safety information.”

Based on the pharmacologic activity and findings in animals, GATTEX has the potential to cause hyperplastic changes including neoplasia.

Colorectal polyps were identified during the clinical trials.

Based on benign tumor findings in the rat carcinogenicity study, patients should be monitored clinically for small bowel neoplasia.

3. If the study/clinical trial is a **PMR**, check the applicable regulation.
If not a PMR, skip to 4.

- **Which regulation?**

- Accelerated Approval (subpart H/E)
 Animal Efficacy Rule
 Pediatric Research Equity Act
 FDAAA required safety study/clinical trial

- **If the PMR is a FDAAA safety study/clinical trial, does it: (check all that apply)**

- Assess a known serious risk related to the use of the drug?
 Assess signals of serious risk related to the use of the drug?
 Identify an unexpected serious risk when available data indicate the potential for a serious risk?

- **If the PMR is a FDAAA safety study/clinical trial, will it be conducted as:**

- Analysis of spontaneous postmarketing adverse events?
Do not select the above study/clinical trial type if: such an analysis will not be sufficient to assess or identify a serious risk
- Analysis using pharmacovigilance system?
Do not select the above study/clinical trial type if: the new pharmacovigilance system that the FDA is required to establish under section 505(k)(3) has not yet been established and is thus not sufficient to assess this known serious risk, or has been established but is nevertheless not sufficient to assess or identify a serious risk
- Study: all other investigations, such as investigations in humans that are not clinical trials as defined below (e.g., observational epidemiologic studies), animal studies, and laboratory experiments?
Do not select the above study type if: a study will not be sufficient to identify or assess a serious risk

X Clinical trial: any prospective investigation in which the sponsor or investigator determines the method of assigning investigational product or other interventions to one or more human subjects?

4. What type of study or clinical trial is required or agreed upon (describe and check type below)? If the study or trial will be performed in a subpopulation, list here.

A prospective, multi-center, long-term, observational, registry study, of short bowel syndrome patients treated with teduglutide in a routine clinical setting, to assess the long-term safety of teduglutide.

Required

- Observational pharmacoepidemiologic study
X Registry studies
X Primary safety study or clinical trial
 Pharmacogenetic or pharmacogenomic study or clinical trial if required to further assess safety
 Thorough Q-T clinical trial
 Nonclinical (animal) safety study (e.g., carcinogenicity, reproductive toxicology)

Continuation of Question 4

- Nonclinical study (laboratory resistance, receptor affinity, quality study related to safety)
 Pharmacokinetic studies or clinical trials
 Drug interaction or bioavailability studies or clinical trials
 Dosing trials
 Additional data or analysis required for a previously submitted or expected study/clinical trial (provide explanation)

 Meta-analysis or pooled analysis of previous studies/clinical trials
 Immunogenicity as a marker of safety
 Other (provide explanation)

Agreed upon:

- Quality study without a safety endpoint (e.g., manufacturing, stability)
 Pharmacoepidemiologic study not related to safe drug use (e.g., natural history of disease, background rates of adverse events)
 Clinical trials primarily designed to further define efficacy (e.g., in another condition, different disease severity, or subgroup) that are NOT required under Subpart H/E
 Dose-response study or clinical trial performed for effectiveness
 Nonclinical study, not safety-related (specify)

- Other

5. Is the PMR/PMC clear, feasible, and appropriate?

Y Does the study/clinical trial meet criteria for PMRs or PMCs? Yes
Y Are the objectives clear from the description of the PMR/PMC? Yes

- Y Has the applicant adequately justified the choice of schedule milestone dates? Yes
- Y Has the applicant had sufficient time to review the PMRs/PMCs, ask questions, determine feasibility, and contribute to the development process? Yes
-

PMR/PMC Development Coordinator:

X This PMR/PMC has been reviewed for clarity and consistency, and is necessary to further refine the safety, efficacy, or optimal use of a drug, or to ensure consistency and reliability of drug quality.

(signature line for BLAs)

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