

**CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND
RESEARCH**

APPLICATION NUMBER:

022272Orig1s027

OTHER REVIEW(S)

PMR/PMC Development Template

This template should be completed by the PMR/PMC Development Coordinator and included for *each* PMR/PMC in the Action Package.

NDA/BLA # NDA 22272/S-027

Product Name: OxyContin

PMR/PMC Description: 2923-1: Postmarket Adverse Event and Medication Error Reporting

To assess the serious risks of respiratory depression, accidental injury, overdose, misuse, accidental exposure, and medication errors associated with the use of OxyContin in opioid-tolerant pediatric patients aged 11-17, and to assess the serious risks of respiratory depression, accidental injury, overdose, misuse, accidental exposure, and medication errors associated with the use of the product in children who are either younger than the approved age range or who do not meet the labeled criteria for opioid tolerance, provide reports of all postmarket adverse events occurring in children aged 17 and younger related to respiratory depression, accidental injury, overdose, misuse, accidental exposure, and all medication errors, regardless of outcome. After three years of submitting reports, submit a comprehensive analysis of these adverse event and medication errors reports, and provide an explanation of how you have addressed them.

PMR/PMC Schedule Milestones:

Final Protocol Submission:	08/2015
Interim Report Submission:	12/2015
Interim Report Submission:	12/2016
Interim Report Submission:	12/2017
Interim Report Submission:	12/2018
Final Report Submission:	04/2019

1. During application review, explain why this issue is appropriate for a PMR/PMC instead of a pre-approval requirement. Check type below and describe.

- Unmet need
- Life-threatening condition
- Long-term data needed
- Only feasible to conduct post-approval
- Prior clinical experience indicates safety
- Small subpopulation affected
- Theoretical concern
- Other

OxyContin has been marketed for nearly 20 years.

2. Describe the particular review issue and the goal of the study/clinical trial. If the study/clinical trial is a FDAAA PMR, describe the risk. If the FDAAA PMR is created post-approval, describe the “new safety information.”

OxyContin has been studied in opioid-tolerant pediatric patients, mostly in the 11-17 year old age range. Additional safety data is needed in younger patients and those who are not opioid tolerant.

3. If the study/clinical trial is a **PMR**, check the applicable regulation.

If not a PMR, skip to 4.

– **Which regulation?**

- Accelerated Approval (subpart H/E)
 Animal Efficacy Rule
 Pediatric Research Equity Act
 FDAAA required safety study/clinical trial

– **If the PMR is a FDAAA safety study/clinical trial, does it: (check all that apply)**

- Assess a known serious risk related to the use of the drug?
 Assess signals of serious risk related to the use of the drug?
 Identify an unexpected serious risk when available data indicate the potential for a serious risk?

– **If the PMR is a FDAAA safety study/clinical trial, will it be conducted as:**

- Analysis of spontaneous postmarketing adverse events?
Do not select the above study/clinical trial type if: such an analysis will not be sufficient to assess or identify a serious risk
- Analysis using pharmacovigilance system?
Do not select the above study/clinical trial type if: the new pharmacovigilance system that the FDA is required to establish under section 505(k)(3) has not yet been established and is thus not sufficient to assess this known serious risk, or has been established but is nevertheless not sufficient to assess or identify a serious risk
- Study: all other investigations, such as investigations in humans that are not clinical trials as defined below (e.g., observational epidemiologic studies), animal studies, and laboratory experiments?
Do not select the above study type if: a study will not be sufficient to identify or assess a serious risk

Clinical trial: any prospective investigation in which the sponsor or investigator determines the method of assigning investigational product or other interventions to one or more human subjects?

4. What type of study or clinical trial is required or agreed upon (describe and check type below)? If the study or trial will be performed in a subpopulation, list here.

Expedited reporting of adverse events related to respiratory depression, accidental injury, overdose, misuse, accidental exposure, and medication errors.

Required

- Observational pharmacoepidemiologic study
- Registry studies
- Primary safety study or clinical trial
- Pharmacogenetic or pharmacogenomic study or clinical trial if required to further assess safety
- Thorough Q-T clinical trial
- Nonclinical (animal) safety study (e.g., carcinogenicity, reproductive toxicology)
- Nonclinical study (laboratory resistance, receptor affinity, quality study related to safety)
- Pharmacokinetic studies or clinical trials
- Drug interaction or bioavailability studies or clinical trials
- Dosing trials

Continuation of Question 4

Additional data or analysis required for a previously submitted or expected study/clinical trial (provide explanation)

Meta-analysis or pooled analysis of previous studies/clinical trials

Immunogenicity as a marker of safety

Other (provide explanation)

Expedited pharmacovigilance reporting

Agreed upon:

Quality study without a safety endpoint (e.g., manufacturing, stability)

Pharmacoepidemiologic study not related to safe drug use (e.g., natural history of disease, background rates of adverse events)

Clinical trials primarily designed to further define efficacy (e.g., in another condition, different disease severity, or subgroup) that are NOT required under Subpart H/E

Dose-response study or clinical trial performed for effectiveness

Nonclinical study, not safety-related (specify)

Other

5. Is the PMR/PMC clear, feasible, and appropriate?

Does the study/clinical trial meet criteria for PMRs or PMCs?

Are the objectives clear from the description of the PMR/PMC?

Has the applicant adequately justified the choice of schedule milestone dates?

Has the applicant had sufficient time to review the PMRs/PMCs, ask questions, determine feasibility, and contribute to the development process?

Check if this form describes a FDAAA PMR that is a randomized controlled clinical trial

If so, does the clinical trial meet the following criteria?

- There is a significant question about the public health risks of an approved drug
- There is not enough existing information to assess these risks
- Information cannot be gained through a different kind of investigation
- The trial will be appropriately designed to answer question about a drug's efficacy and safety, and
- The trial will emphasize risk minimization for participants as the protocol is developed

PMR/PMC Development Coordinator:

This PMR/PMC has been reviewed for clarity and consistency, and is necessary to further refine the safety, efficacy, or optimal use of a drug, or to ensure consistency and reliability of drug quality.

(signature line for BLAs)

Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

Real-Time Litigation Alerts



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

Advanced Docket Research



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

Analytics At Your Fingertips



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.