HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION These highlights do not include all the information needed to use PREZISTA safely and effectively. See Full Prescribing Information for PREZISTA.

PREZISTA (darunavir) Tablet, Film Coated for Oral use

Initial U.S. Approval - 2006

RECENT MAJOR CHANGES			
•	Dosage and Administration		
	• Adult Patients (2.1)	12/2010	
•	Contraindications (4)	04/2010	
•	Warnings and Precautions		
	• Severe Skin Reactions (5.3)	01/2010	

-----DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION-----

- Treatment-naïve adult patients and treatment-experienced adult patients with no darunavir resistance associated substitutions: 800 mg (two 400 mg tablets) taken with ritonavir 100 mg once daily and with food. (2.1)
- Treatment-experienced adult patients with at least one darunavir resistance associated substitution: 600 mg (one 600 mg tablet) taken with ritonavir 100 mg twice daily and with food. (2.1)
- Pediatric patients (6 to less than 18 years of age and weighing at least 44 lbs (20 kg)): dosage of PREZISTA and ritonavir is based on body weight and should not exceed the treatmentexperienced adult dose. Do not use once daily dosing in pediatric patients. PREZISTA tablets should be taken with ritonavir twice daily and with food. (2.2)
- PREZISTA/ritonavir is not recommended for use in patients with severe hepatic impairment. (2.3)

-----DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS------75 mg tablets, 150 mg tablets, 400 mg tablets, and 600 mg tablets (3)

• Due to the need for co-administration of PREZISTA with 100 mg of ritonavir, please refer to ritonavir prescribing information for a description of ritonavir contraindications.

DOCKE.

#### -----WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS------

- Drug-induced hepatitis (e.g., acute hepatitis, cytolytic hepatitis) has been reported with PREZISTA/ritonavir. Monitor liver function before and during therapy, especially in patients with underlying chronic hepatitis, cirrhosis, or in patients who have pre-treatment elevations of transaminases. Postmarketing cases of liver injury, including some fatalities, have been reported. (5.2, 6)
- Skin reactions ranging from mild to severe, including Stevens-Johnson Syndrome and toxic epidermal necrolysis, have been reported. Discontinue treatment if severe reaction develops. (5.3, 6)
- Use with caution in patients with a known sulfonamide allergy. (5.4)
- Patients may develop new onset diabetes mellitus or hyperglycemia. Initiation or dose adjustments of insulin or oral hypoglycemic agents may be required. (5.6)
- Patients may develop redistribution/accumulation of body fat (5.7) or immune reconstitution syndrome. (5.8)
- Patients with hemophilia may develop increased bleeding events. (5.9)
- PREZISTA/ritonavir should not be used in pediatric patients below 3 years of age in view of toxicity and mortality observed in juvenile rats dosed with darunavir up to days 23 to 26 of age The safety and efficacy of PREZISTA/ritonavir in pediatric patients 3 to < 6 years of age have not been established. (5.11)

#### -----ADVERSE REACTIONS------

 The most common clinical adverse drug reactions to PREZISTA/ritonavir (incidence ≥ 5%) of at least moderate intensity (≥ Grade 2) were diarrhea, nausea, rash, headache, abdominal pain and vomiting. (6)

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Tibotec Therapeutics at 1-877-REACH-TT or 1-877-732-2488 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or <u>www.fda.gov/medwatch</u>.

#### -----DRUG INTERACTIONS------

• Co-administration of PREZISTA/ritonavir with other drugs can alter the concentration of other drugs and other drugs may alter the concentrations of darunavir. The potential drug-drug concentrations must be considered prior to and during therapy. (4, 5.5, 7, 12.3).

#### ------USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS------

- Use during pregnancy only if the potential benefit justifies the potential risk. (8.1)
  - An Antiviral Pregnancy Registry has been established. Register patients by calling 1-800-258-4263.
- Mothers should be instructed not to breastfeed due to the potential for HIV transmission and the potential for serious adverse reactions in nursing infants. (8.3)

See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION and FDA approved patient labeling.

Revised: 12/2010

FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION: CONTENTS*		7	<b>DRUG I</b> 7.1	NTERACTIONS Potential for	
EUL D	DESCRIPT	NCINFORMATION			PREZISTA/ritonavir to
		NG INFORMATION			Affect Other Drugs
1		FIONS AND USAGE		7.2	Potential for Other Drugs to
	1.1	Adult Patients		7.2	Affect Darunavir
•	1.2	Pediatric Patients		7.3	Established and Other
2		E AND ADMINISTRATION		7.5	Potentially Significant Drug
	2.1	Adult Patients			Interactions
	2.2	Pediatric Patients (age 6 to	8	USE IN	SPECIFIC POPULATIONS
	• •	< 18 years)	0	8.1	Pregnancy
	2.3	Patients with Hepatic		8.3	Nursing Mothers
		Impairment		8.3	Pediatric Use
3		E FORMS AND STRENGTHS		8.4 8.5	Geriatric Use
	3.1	PREZISTA 75 mg Tablets		8.5 8.6	
	3.2	PREZISTA 150 mg Tablets			Hepatic Impairment
	3.3	PREZISTA 400 mg Tablets	10	8.7	Renal Impairment
	3.4	PREZISTA 600 mg Tablets	10	OVERD	
4		AINDICATIONS	11	DESCRI	
5		IGS AND PRECAUTIONS	12		AL PHARMACOLOGY
	5.1	General		12.1	Mechanism of Action
	5.2	Hepatotoxicity		12.2	Pharmacodynamics
	5.3	Severe Skin Reactions		12.3	Pharmacokinetics
	5.4	Sulfa Allergy		12.4	Microbiology
	5.5	Drug Interactions	13		INICAL TOXICOLOGY
	5.6	Diabetes Mellitus/		13.1	Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis,
		Hyperglycemia			and Impairment of Fertility
	5.7	Fat Redistribution		13.2	Animal Toxicology and/or
	5.8	Immune Reconstitution			Pharmacology
		Syndrome	14		AL STUDIES
	5.9	Hemophilia		14.1	Description of Adult Clinical
	5.10	Resistance / Cross-Resistance			Studies
	5.11	Pediatric Patients		14.2	Treatment-Naïve Adult
6	ADVERS	E REACTIONS			Subjects
	6.1	Clinical Trials Experience:		14.3	Treatment-Experienced Adult
		Treatment-Naïve Adults			Subjects
	6.2	Clinical Trials Experience:		14.4	Pediatric Patients
		Treatment-Experienced Adults	16	HOW SU	UPPLIED/STORAGE AND
	6.3	Serious ADRs		HANDL	ING
	6.4	Additional ADRs to	17		T COUNSELING
		PREZISTA/ritonavir		INFORM	ATION
		identified in adult subjects in		17.1	General
		other clinical trials		17.2	Instructions for Use
	6.5	Patients co-infected with		17.3	Hepatotoxicity
		hepatitis B and/or hepatitis C		17.4	Severe Skin Reactions
		virus		17.5	Drug Interactions
	6.6	Clinical Trials Experience:		17.6	Fat Redistribution
	5.0	Pediatric Patients			
	6.7	Postmarketing Experience		[*Sections of	r subsections omitted from the Full Prescribing
				-	e e
_				mormation	are not listed]

DOCKET A L A R M

Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com.

#### FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

#### 1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE

#### 1.1 Adult Patients

PREZISTA<sup>®</sup>, co-administered with ritonavir (PREZISTA/ritonavir), and with other antiretroviral agents, is indicated for the treatment of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV-1) infection.

This indication is based on analyses of plasma HIV-1 RNA levels and CD4+ cell counts from 2 controlled Phase 3 trials of 48 weeks duration in antiretroviral treatment-naïve and treatment-experienced patients and 2 controlled Phase 2 trials of 96 weeks duration in clinically advanced, treatment-experienced adult patients.

#### **1.2** Pediatric Patients

PREZISTA, co-administered with ritonavir (PREZISTA/ritonavir), and with other antiretroviral agents, is indicated for the treatment of HIV-1 infection in pediatric patients 6 years of age and older [*see Use in Specific Populations* (8.4)].

This indication is based on 24-week analyses of plasma HIV-1 RNA levels and CD4+ cell counts from an openlabel Phase 2 trial in antiretroviral treatment-experienced pediatric patients 6 to < 18 years of age.

In treatment-experienced adult and pediatric patients, the following points should be considered when initiating therapy with PREZISTA/ritonavir:

- Treatment history and, when available, genotypic or phenotypic testing should guide the use of PREZISTA/ritonavir [see Clinical Pharmacology (12.4)].
- The use of other active agents with PREZISTA/ritonavir is associated with a greater likelihood of treatment response [*see Clinical Pharmacology (12.4) and Clinical Studies (14.3)*].

#### 2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

#### 2.1 Adult Patients

DOCKE

PREZISTA must be co-administered with ritonavir to exert its therapeutic effect. Failure to correctly co-administer PREZISTA with ritonavir will result in plasma levels of darunavir that will be insufficient to achieve the desired antiviral effect and will alter some drug interactions.

#### Treatment-Naïve Adult Patients

The recommended oral dose of PREZISTA tablets is 800 mg (two 400 mg tablets) taken with ritonavir 100 mg once daily and with food.

Treatment-Experienced Adult Patients

Treatment-Experienced Adult Patients		
With no darunavir resistance associated substitutions*	With at least one darunavir	
	resistance associated	
	substitution*	
800 mg PREZISTA once daily with ritonavir 100 mg once daily	600 mg PREZISTA twice daily	
and with food	taken with ritonavir 100 mg	
	twice daily and with food	

V11I, V32I, L33F, I47V, I50V, I54L, I54M, T74P, L76V, I84V and L89V

For antiretroviral treatment-experienced patients genotypic testing is recommended. However, when genotypic testing is not feasible, PREZISTA/ritonavir 600/100 mg twice daily dosing is recommended.

Find authenticated court documents without watermarks at docketalarm.com.

#### 2.2 Pediatric Patients (age 6 to less than 18 years)

Do not use once daily dosing in pediatric patients.

Healthcare professionals should pay special attention to accurate dose selection of PREZISTA, transcription of the medication order, dispensing information and dosing instruction to minimize risk for medication errors, overdose, and underdose.

Prescribers should select the appropriate dose of PREZISTA/ritonavir for each individual child based on body weight (kg) and should not exceed the recommended dose for treatment-experienced adults.

Before prescribing PREZISTA, children should be assessed for the ability to swallow tablets. If a child is unable to reliably swallow a tablet, the use of PREZISTA tablets may not be appropriate.

The recommended dose of PREZISTA/ritonavir for pediatric patients (6 to less than 18 years of age and weighing at least 44 lbs (20 kg)) is based on body weight (see Table 1) and should not exceed the recommended treatment-experienced adult dose (PREZISTA/ritonavir 600/100 mg b.i.d.). PREZISTA tablets should be taken with ritonavir twice daily and with food.

 Table 1: Recommended Dose for Pediatric Patients (6 to less than 18 years of age) for PREZISTA Tablets

 with ritonavir

Body Weight		Dose			
(kg)	(lbs)				
Greater than or equal to	Greater than or equal	375 mg PREZISTA/50 mg ritonavir twice daily			
20 kg – less than 30 kg	to 44 lbs – less				
	than 66 lbs				
Greater than or equal	Greater than or equal	450 mg PREZISTA/60 mg ritonavir twice daily			
to 30 kg – less than 40 kg	to 66 lbs – less				
	than 88 lbs				
Greater than or equal	Greater than or equal	600 mg PREZISTA/100 mg ritonavir twice daily			
to 40 kg	to 88 lbs				

The safety and efficacy of PREZISTA/ritonavir in pediatric patients 3 to less than 6 years of age have not been established.

Do not use PREZISTA/ritonavir in pediatric patients below 3 years of age [see Warnings and Precautions (5.11) and Nonclinical Toxicology (13.2)].

#### 2.3 Patients with Hepatic Impairment

No dose adjustment is required in patients with mild or moderate hepatic impairment. No data are available regarding the use of PREZISTA/ritonavir when co-administered to subjects with severe hepatic impairment; therefore, PREZISTA/ritonavir is not recommended for use in patients with severe hepatic impairment [*see Use in Specific Populations (8.6) and Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)*].

#### **3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS**

#### 3.1 PREZISTA 75 mg Tablets

PREZISTA (darunavir) 75 mg tablets are supplied as white, caplet-shaped, film-coated tablets containing darunavir ethanolate equivalent to 75 mg of darunavir per tablet. Each tablet is debossed with "75" on one side and "TMC" on the other side.

#### 3.2 PREZISTA 150 mg Tablets

DOCKE.

PREZISTA (darunavir) 150 mg tablets are supplied as white, oval-shaped, film-coated tablets containing darunavir ethanolate equivalent to 150 mg of darunavir per tablet. Each tablet is debossed with "150" on one side and "TMC" on the other side.

#### 3.3 PREZISTA 400 mg Tablets

PREZISTA (darunavir) 400 mg tablets are supplied as light orange, oval-shaped, film-coated tablets containing darunavir ethanolate equivalent to 400 mg of darunavir per tablet. Each tablet is debossed with "400" on one side and "TMC" on the other side.

#### 3.4 PREZISTA 600 mg Tablets

PREZISTA (darunavir) 600 mg tablets are supplied as orange, oval-shaped, film-coated tablets containing darunavir ethanolate equivalent to 600 mg of darunavir per tablet. Each tablet is debossed with "600" on one side and "TMC" on the other side.

#### 4 CONTRAINDICATIONS

DOCKE.

Co-administration of PREZISTA/ritonavir is contraindicated with drugs that are highly dependent on CYP3A for clearance and for which elevated plasma concentrations are associated with serious and/or life-threatening events (narrow therapeutic index). These drugs and other contraindicated drugs (which may lead to reduced efficacy of darunavir) are listed in Table 2 [*also see Drug Interactions (7.3)*, Table 7].

Table 2: Drugs That Are Contraindicated With PREZISTA/ritonavir				
Drug Class	Drugs Within Class That Are Contraindicated With PREZISTA/ritonavir	Clinical Comment		
Alpha 1- adrenoreceptor antagonist	Alfuzosin	Potential for serious and/or life-threatening reactions such as hypotension.		
Ergot Derivatives	Dihydroergotamine, Ergonovine, Ergotamine, Methylergonovine	Potential for serious and/or life-threatening events such as acute ergot toxicity characterized by peripheral vasospasm and ischemia of the extremities and other tissues.		
GI Motility Agent	Cisapride	Potential for serious and/or life-threatening reactions such as cardiac arrhythmias.		
Neuroleptic	Pimozide	Potential for serious and/or life-threatening reactions such as cardiac arrhythmias.		
Sedative/hypnotics	Orally administered Midazolam, Triazolam	Triazolam and orally administered midazolam are extensively metabolized by CYP3A. Co-administration of triazolam or orally administered midazolam with PREZISTA/ritonavir may cause large increases in the concentrations of these benzodiazepines. Potential for serious and/or life-threatening events such as prolonged or increased sedation or respiratory depression.		
Herbal Products	St. John's Wort (Hypericum perforatum)	Patients taking PREZISTA/ritonavir should not use products containing St. John's wort because co-administration may result in reduced plasma concentrations of darunavir. This may result in loss of therapeutic effect and development of resistance.		

## DOCKET A L A R M



# Explore Litigation Insights

Docket Alarm provides insights to develop a more informed litigation strategy and the peace of mind of knowing you're on top of things.

## **Real-Time Litigation Alerts**



Keep your litigation team up-to-date with **real-time alerts** and advanced team management tools built for the enterprise, all while greatly reducing PACER spend.

Our comprehensive service means we can handle Federal, State, and Administrative courts across the country.

## **Advanced Docket Research**



With over 230 million records, Docket Alarm's cloud-native docket research platform finds what other services can't. Coverage includes Federal, State, plus PTAB, TTAB, ITC and NLRB decisions, all in one place.

Identify arguments that have been successful in the past with full text, pinpoint searching. Link to case law cited within any court document via Fastcase.

## **Analytics At Your Fingertips**



Learn what happened the last time a particular judge, opposing counsel or company faced cases similar to yours.

Advanced out-of-the-box PTAB and TTAB analytics are always at your fingertips.

## API

Docket Alarm offers a powerful API (application programming interface) to developers that want to integrate case filings into their apps.

#### LAW FIRMS

Build custom dashboards for your attorneys and clients with live data direct from the court.

Automate many repetitive legal tasks like conflict checks, document management, and marketing.

#### FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Litigation and bankruptcy checks for companies and debtors.

### E-DISCOVERY AND LEGAL VENDORS

Sync your system to PACER to automate legal marketing.